West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation Implementation Plan Summary

Prepared for:

West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation and Texas Water Development Board

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Background

Rapid growth in the Houston area has resulted in significant growth in West Harris County. According to estimates by the year 2030 West Harris County will require 124 million gallons per day (MGD) of surface water to meet the Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District Plan (HGCSD). The HGCSD's plan formulated in 1985 requires that portions of West Harris County have projects on line to allow 80% conversion to surface water by as early as 1995. Major surface water conversion projects require a development program of eight years or more and as a result project planning and development should begin as soon as possible.

As a result of the urgency associated with surface water conversion, the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation (WHCSWSC) was formed. The WHCSWSC is a non-profit water supply corporation created by the Coastal Water Authority under Article 1434a, Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes.



Plan Objective

The WHCSWSC plan objective is to accurately define the most practical and economical facilities needed to provide surface water to West Harris County in accordance with the Houston Water Master Plan (HWMP) and the HGCSD's plan.



Plan Objective (Cont'd)

The plan is being accomplished in five appendices as shown below:

Appendix I:	Water Conversion Plan
Appendix II:	Water Demand and Supply
Appendix III:	Supplement to Water Demand
Appendix IV:	Definition and Evaluation of
	Alternatives
Appendix V:	Detailed Evaluation of Selected
	Alternatives

These five technical appendices are the foundation of the WHCSWSC Implementation Plan.



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Subsidence

The WHCSWSC plan objective to bring surface water to West Harris County directly addresses one of the most pressing issues in the West Harris County area, SUBSIDENCE. Due to increased groundwater withdrawal, up to 9.0 feet of subsidence has occurred in the Baytown area since 1973. This subsidence has resulted in permanent flooding of certain inland areas. As a result an agressive surface water conversion plan in Southeast Harris County began resulting in a drastic reduction in the rate of subsidence in that part of the County. However, due to the explosive growth in West Harris County subsidence has continued to increase at an alarming rate. Presently no surface water supply system exists in West Harris County and according to recent studies if the HGCSD's plan is not implemented certain areas of West Harris County will experience 9.0 feet of subsidence by the year 2030.



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Subsidence (Con't)

However, if surface water supplies are made available and surface water conversion is implemented in West Harris County by as early as 1995, then the projected rate of subsidence would be drastically minimized.



As shown above if conversion follows the HGCSD Plan, the subsidence will be reduced in certain areas by as much as 7.0 feet.

Facilities Plan

General

WHCSWSC's selected plan consists of developing a major southwest surface water supply system with an ultimate (2030) capacity of 150 MGD to serve the entire WHCSWSC's planning area with provisions to serve a portion of the City of Houston west of Fondren-Blalock as well as portions of Fort Bend County. The raw water supply source would be the Brazos River Basin utilizing both the Galveston County Water Authority (GCWA) canal and the Brazos River System proper.



Selected Alternative

Facilities Plan (Con't)

Projected Surface Water Demand

		Surface Water Demand (MGD)	
		With	Without
Year	Phase	Conservation	Conservation
1995	Ι	36.8	38.0
2000	II	59.4	61.5
2005	III	64.5	66.9
2010	IV	92.9	97.0
2030	V	124.5	132.8

Projected Surface Water Supply

The surface water supply is projected to be supplied from a combination of Brazos River water from the GCWA canals and the Brazos River System proper.



Facilities Plan (Cont'd)

Plan Development Cost

The following development costs represent the total costs associated with the development of the facilities plan including raw water cost; capital costs and operational and maintenance cost. The annual cost per thousand gallons shown includes all costs associated with plan financing.

			Annual	
		Maximum Net		Maximum
		Debt Service		Cost per
		Cost	O & M Cost	1000 Gallons
Phase 199	Period	(\$1,000,000)	<u>(\$1,000,000)</u> (1)	to Customers
Ι	1990-1995	6.4	1.2	(2)
II	1996-2000	10.7	5.2	1.26
III	2001-2005	12.3	8.6	1.26
IVA	2006-2010	19.2	10.5	1.26
IVB	2011-2012	32.8	10.5	1.26
v	2013-2030	37.8	16.4 (3)	1.45 (4)

⁽¹⁾ Raw water cost included in O & M.

- (2) The first year in which treated water is expected to be purchased by a customer of WHCSWSC is 1996. Costs incurred prior to that time are assumed to be passed through to the sole customer for Phase I service, the City of Houston. Total annual costs between 1990 and 1995 vary from \$1.7MM to \$7.6MM
- (3) \$23.4mm from 2031-2055
- (4) Varies between \$1.55 and \$0.85 with a peak of \$1.55/1000 gallons in 2013 through 2019.

Financing Method

Funds to finance the construction of WHCSWSC facilities will be obtained through the sale of tax exempt revenue bonds backed by water supply contracts with wholesale water suppliers in the planning area. It is noted that a distinct difference exists between Phases I and II and the balance of the phases. Phase I has as its sole customer the City of Houston, and the City of Houston is the principal customer for Phase II service. Phases III through V have as customers a mix of small municipalities other than the City of Houston and a large number of municipal utility districs. Since the City of Houston is the sole customer for Phase I service, it is assumed that all costs associated with Phase I are a straight pass-through to the City of Houston. It is also assumed that Phase I bonds will be sold to the Texas Water Development Board or some other State agency.



Phase I Plan - 1995

WHCSWSC's Phase I facilities plan is projected to be operational by late 1995 consisting of the development of surface water supply facilities with a capacity of 37.5 MGD.

PHASE I DEVELOPMENT COST

PHASE I (Through 1995)

o	First Delivery Year:	1996
o	Annualized Cost (1996):	*
o	Available Capacity: (Average Daily)	37.5 MGD
0	Projected Demands: (Average Daily)	36.8 MGD

* The first year in which treated water is expected to be purchased by a customer of WHCSWSC is 1996 at a cost \$1.26/1000 gallons. Costs incurred prior to that time are assumed to be passed through to the sole customer for Phase I service, the City of Houston.



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Phase II Plan - 2000

WHCSWSC's Phase II facilities plan is projected to be operational by late 2000 increasing the capacity to 62.5 MGD.

PHASE II DEVELOPMENT COST

PHASE II (Through 2000)

o	First Delivery Year:	2001
o	Annualized Cost (2001):	\$1.26/1000 Gallons
o	Available Capacity: (Average Daily)	62.5 MGD
o	Projected Demands: (Average Daily)	59.4 MGD



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Phase III Plan - 2005

WHCSWSC's Phase III facilities plan is projected to be operational by late 2005 increasing the capacity to 75.0 MGD.

PHASE III DEVELOPMENT COST

PHASE III (Through 2005)

0	First Delivery Year:	2006
0	Annualized Cost (2006):	\$1.26/1000 Gallons
o	Available Capacity: (Average Daily)	75.0 MGD
0	Projected Demands: (Average Daily)	64.5 MGD



Phase IVA Plan - 2010

WHCSWSC's Phase IVA facilities plan is projected to be operational by late 2010 increasing the capacity to 100.0 MGD.

PHASE IVA DEVELOPMENT COST

PHASE IVA (Through 2010)

o	First Delivery Year:	2011
o	Annualized Cost (2011):	\$1.45/1000 Gallons
o	Available Capacity: (Average Daily)	100.0 MGD
o	Projected Demands: (Average Daily)	92.8 MGD

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Phase IVA - 2010

Phase IVB Plan - 2012

WHCSWSC's Phase IVB facilities plan is projected to be operational by late 2012 increasing the capacity to 100.0 MGD.

PHASE IVB DEVELOPMENT COST

PHASE IVB (Through 2012)

o	First Delivery Year:	2013
o	Annualized Cost (2013):	\$1.55/1000 Gallons
o	Available Capacity: (Average Daily)	100.0 MGD
o	Projected Demands: (Average Daily)	98.0 MGD



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Phase V Plan - 2030

WHCSWSC's Phase V facilities plan is projected to be operational by late 2030 increasing the capacity to 150.0 MGD.

PHASE V DEVELOPMENT COST

PHASE V (Through 2030)

٥	First Delivery Year:	2031
o	Annualized Cost (2031):	*\$1.37/1000 Gallons
o	Available Capacity: (Average Daily)	150.0 MGD
0	Projected Demands: (Average Daily)	124.5 MGD

*Varies between \$1.55 and \$1.37 with a peak of \$1.55/1000 gallons in 2013 through 2019. In the year 2034, the cost reduces to \$1.01/1000 gallons, and in the year 2040, it reduces further to \$0.89/1000 gallons.



WHCSWSC

Acknowledgements

The success of surface water conversion for West Harris County is a very important issue and will require the cooperation of the general public as well as all agencies affected. As a result, the development of this plan has included the staff members and managers of many agencies. We would like to express our appreciation to the following agencies for their support and assistance throughout the planning period for without your support this plan could not have been successfully developed.

> Association of Water Board Directors Brazos River Authority City of Houston Coastal Water Authority Corps of Engineers Galveston County Water Authority

Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District Memorial Villages Water Authority San Jacinto River Authority Texas Water Commission Texas Water Development Board West Houston Association

Participants

(Through Monetary Participation Fee)

Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District Rolling Fork P.U.D. Harris County MUD No. 188 Westpark MUD Horsepen Bayou MUD Harris County MUD No. 175 Spenser Road PUD **Emerald Forest UD** Chelford ONE MUD Mission Bend MUD No. 2 Cimmaron MUD Harris County MUD No. 158 Harris County MUD No. 170 Harris County MUD No. 81 Jack Rabbit Road P.U.D. Renn Road MUD Harris County MUD No. 23 Weston MUD Morton Road MUD

Harris County MUD No. 69 City of Jersey Village Harris County MUD No. 149 Windfern Forest UD Harris County MUD No. 144 Harris County MUD No. 61 Fort Bend County MUD NO. 30 Harris County MUD No. 90 Harris County MUD No. 186 Harris County MUD No. 254 Memorial Village Water Authority Green Trails MUD Harris County MUD No. 286 Harris County MUD No. 223 West Harris County MUD No.7 Harris County MUD No. 163 Harris County MUD No. 162 Harris County MUD No. 183 Westlake MUD

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Acknowledgements

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SUMMARY OF MAJOR PROJECT DEVELOPMENT CRITERIA FOR EACH APPENDIX

A successful long range water resource plan has to be flexible to react with changing conditions and criteria. In developing this plan the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation and its consultants have had to react to many new developments. These new developments have created changing criteria throughout the development of Appendices I through V. The following is a summary of the major criteria utilized to develop each appendix.

APPENDIX I - WATER CONSERVATION PLAN

- o Develop a water conservation/water shortage contingency plan in accordance with Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) guidelines.
- o Develop strategy to require contract customers to follow plan.
- o Report possible reduction in water demands if plan is followed.
- o Report possible delays in capital projects if plan is followed.

APPENDIX II - WATER DEMAND AND SUPPLY

Water Demands

- o Historic and projected water demands within the planning area were determined and evaluated utilizing results from the City of Houston Water Master Plan (HWMP) as of February, 1988.
- Historic and projected surface water 0 demand requirements were determined and evaluated as needed to meet the conversion requirements in the Harris Galveston Coastal Subsidence District (HGCSD) plan developed in 1985.
- o Projected water demands were determined utilizing the modified growth projections by the HWMP which assumes no growth between 1985 through 1990.

- o Area 8 of the HGCSD's plan is assumed to convert to 80% surface water in the year 2030.
- o Utilize maximum daily projections for water demand requirements in accordance with the HWMP.
- o The effects of water conservation were not included in the demand projections to be consistent with the HWMP.

Surface Water Supply

- o Determine and evaluate surface water supplies available from the northeast surface water supply system (Houston Northeast Treatment Plant) and the Southwest Surface Water Supply System (Brazos River Basin).
- o Utilize average daily projections for surface water supply requirements to meet the projected surface water demands.
- o Southwest Surface Water Supply System consists of surface water available from the Brazos Basin and/or the Brazos Canal System both presently controlled by the Brazos River Authority (BRA).

<u>APPENDIX III - SUPPLEMENT TO WATER SUPPLY -</u> <u>NORTH SYSTEM</u>

- o Determine and evaluate surface water supplies available from the north system equivalent to the HWMP's western alternative, surface water in the Trinity/Brazos/San Jacinto River Basins.
- o All other criteria previously mentioned under Appendix II were, also, utilized in this Appendix.

<u>APPENDIX IV - DEFINITION AND EVALUATION OF</u> <u>SELECTED ALTERNATIVE SYSTEMS</u>

- o Develop and evaluate various alternates using either or both of the Southwest and Northeast Supply Systems.
- o The North System was eliminated from further evaluation by the WHCSWSC Board to be consistent with the HWMP.
- o The surface water source for the Northeast Supply System will be supplied from the proposed City of Houston Northeast Water Treatment Plant.
- o The surface water source for the Southwest Supply System will be supplied from the Brazos Basin presently controlled by the Brazos River Authority including the Brazos River Canal System.
- o After evaluation, the results of Appendix IV were based on a Southwest Water Supply being supplied from the Brazos Basin System outlined in the BRA offer to WHCSWSC dated January 11, 1988.
- o The BRA canal water rights were not considered in the final alternates. These rights were reserved by WHCSWSC for users in Fort Bend County.
- o Maximum daily demands were used to size treatment plants, conveyance systems and transmission systems.
- o Raw water sources were evaluated based on average daily demands.
- o The final alternates were evaluated and selected utilizing conveyance and transmission facilities that were sized for maximum daily demands.

APPENDIX V - DETAILED EVALUATION OF SELECTED ALTERNATIVES

- A detailed evaluation was performed utilizing Service Area Alternate No. 7 (Appendix IV) which maximizes the Southwest Supply System providing southwest water to the entire service area.
- o The water demands should be revised to include only average daily demands and these demands should be reduced by water conservation measures.
- o The transmission system should maintain the flexibility to serve areas from FM 149 south to I-10 from the northeast supply system in future phases.
- o Individual southwest water treatment plant sites were located, evaluated and ranked in the area west of the Grand Parkway/FM 1093 intersection west to the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir site.
- o The southwest plant sites should be sized and evaluated at a capacity large enough to serve the entire WHCSWSC service area and possible outside areas.
- The conveyance and transmission systems 0 including treatment plant should be sized and evaluated utilizing average daily demands including water conservation measures with the ability to treat and convey the maximum daily demands through increased storage. increased and/or pumping velocity requirements.
- o The final conveyance system should be evaluated assuming the Southwest Supply System will utilize either the BRA System, the GCWA Canal System recently purchased from the BRA or a combination of both.
- o The Southwest Conveyance System should utilize temporary onsite termination storage with ultimately the termination storage requirements being met or partially met by the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir.



WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

APPENDIX I

CONSERVATION AND WATER SHORTAGE PLAN

SEPTEMBER 1988

DANNENBAUM ENGINEERING CORPORATION CONSULTING ENGINEERS 3100 WEST ALABAMA HOUSTON, TEXAS 77098 (713) 622-8011

TABLE OF CONTENTS

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	Page
Title Page	i
Table of Contents	ii
List of Tables	111
List of Acknowledgements	24
1.0 INTRODUCTION	
Purpose and Planning	1 - 2
2.0 CONSERVATION PLAN	
Supply Management	3 - 7
Demand Management	7 - 11
Recommended Conservation Plan	12 - 13
Implementation of Conservation Plan	13
3.0 WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN	
Constraints on Supply and Distribution System	15 - 16
Levels of Water Shortage	16 - 17
Water Shortage Response	17 - 20
Implementation of Water Shortage Contingency Plan	20
4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	23

LIST OF TABLES

_

	Page
TABLE 1 - Proposed Conservation Plan	14
TABLE 2 - Proposed Water Shortage Contingency Plan	22

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Planning

This report addresses the issues of water conservation and water shortages for the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation (WHCSWSC). The water conservation and water shortage contingency plan has been prepared as Phase I of an implementation plan for a proposed surface water supply system to serve western Harris County. Formulation of the plan is required by the Texas Water Development Board and adoption of such a plan is needed prior to the sale of bonds backed by the State of Texas.

Though related, the issues of water conservation and water shortage are Water conservation is a continual program whose goal is to not identical. reduce water usage in day to day residential and commercial activities. Α water shortage is usually short term and demands stricter conservation This report describes typical water conservation and water shortage measures. response plans with reference to expected conditions within the WHCSWSC service details area. the proposed plan, and outlines implementation It must be noted that at present the water supply system to be procedures. constructed is known only in its general form; therefore, this conservation and water shortage plan is largely conceptual. As the supply system details are finalized, the plan will be tailored to fit the needs of the WHCSWSC and its customers.

I-1
The water demands used in the following appendices of this implementation study have been reduced to account for the water conservation measures that will be enacted in the WHCSWSC service area. The reduction which will be outlined later in this Appendix translates into an approximate 7% reduction in water demands over the course of the study. WHCSWSC does not have authority to enact water conservation measures except through water supply contracts with users within the service area. Therefore, the reduction of water consumption through conservation will have to be on a voluntary basis or regulated through future water supply contracts. The following reduction in water demands are expected if the water conservation plan outlined in this Appendix is followed by the WHCSWSC customer base.

Year	Average Daily Projected Demand				
	With Conservation	Without Conservation			
1995	36.8 MGD	38.0 MGD			
2000	59.4 MGD	61.5 MGD			
2005	64.5 MGD	66.9 MGD			
2010	92.9 MGD	97.0 MGD			
2012	98.0 MGD	103.6 MGD			
2030	124.5 MGD	132.8 MGD			

The 7% reduction in water demand due to water conservation is not expected to significantly affect the phasing of facility expansion. However, the economic benefits to WHCSWSC's customer base is expected to be realized by significant reduction in operating cost (power cost) due to the reduction in peak demands. Another advantage would be the increased water pressure experienced during peak demands that would be realized without increasing the pumping cost.

2.0 CONSERVATION PLAN

2.0 CONSERVATION PLAN

A water conservation plan is an ongoing program designed to reduce water use and wastage. Reductions in water use ranging from 5% to 15% have been achieved in communities which have implemented conservation methods. If WHCSWSC becomes the implementing agency, then the Corporation will set a goal to try to reduce the Corporation's overall water consumption by 10% through enacting certain water conservation measures, however, it is expected that the real reduction will only amount to approximately 7%. The City of Houston Water Master Plan estimates a savings of approximately 7%.

Water conservation options fall into two categories: supply management and demand management. Supply management is concerned with improving efficiency and reducing waste in the treatment and distribution process upstream of the customer's meter. Demand management seeks to reduce water usage by the consumer through providing education and incentives. Several strategies in each category are described below.

Supply Management

Supply management attempts to increase the efficiency of the treatment and distribution system by reducing losses. Losses from the system can be attributed to leaks, street washing, flushing of water mains, and unauthorized or unmetered water use. Appendix C of the Houston Water Master Plan found that unaccounted-for water in the City of Houston ranged as high as 30% during

1980 to 1985, and concluded that 15% to 20% losses could be expected in the system in future years. Billed versus pumped data is available for 86 of the approximately 200 utility districts within the WHCSWSC service area. Of these districts, 14 had losses of more than 30% during 1986, with the average losses being about 17%.

Possible areas of emphasis for supply management, including water reuse and lowered pressure as well as loss reduction, are discussed in the following paragraphs:

- Leak Detection and Repair

While major leaks are usually spotted immediately and repaired, smaller ones can escape notice for some time, causing substantial water losses. To find these leaks, a continuous program should be followed which includes visual and electronic sonic checks as well as annual water accounting and audits. Sources of unaccounted-for water, once located, should be corrected immediately. Leak detection may have high labor costs but leads to significantly lower operating costs.

The WHCSWSC proposes to construct a major water supply and distribution system to serve West Harris County. A leak detection and repair program will be enacted providing each customer with leak detection and water audit material and if practical provide sonic leak detection equipment or other appropriate equipment for loan. The program will,

also, require each customer to conduct annual water audits determining levels of unaccounted water. Each customer served by WHCSWSC will handle leak detection and repair within their local boundaries. If WHCSWSC becomes the implementing agency, then the Corporation will recommend that each customer within their boundaries enact an aggressive leak detection program and if practical WHCSWSC will assist individual customers in performing local water audits.

- Universal Metering and Repair of Meters

When all water uses are not metered, an annual water audit can never be accurate, making identification of losses more difficult. The water source as well as all of the customers of a utility should be metered, and all meters should be regularly tested and replaced.

Proposed full metering of the water used in the WHCSWSC service area should begin at the surface water source. Sales of water to the customers served should be metered as well. The wells currently used for water supply are metered to comply with the regulations of the Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District (HGCSD). It is not known what proportion of water used in the service area is presently being metered; however, metering of 100% of the water used should be accomplished as soon as possible. If WHCSWSC becomes the implementing agency, then the Corporation will commit to forming a program to assure

that all master meters under WHCSWSC's jurisdiction be tested for accuracy on a regular basis. WHCSWSC will, also, require all customers to practice universal metering.

- Pressure Reduction

Water pressure is sometimes reduced to decrease losses resulting from leakage and line breaks within a system. Sufficient pressures and flows must be maintained if this option is used. System pressures of 60 to 65 psi are usual in recently developed areas, while the Texas Department of Health requires 20 psi as a minimum.

The transmission lines proposed by WHCSWSC will have pressures ranging from 45 to 90 psi. Each wholesale customer will be required to pressurize its own distribution system to the retail customer base it serves.

- Recycling and Reuse of Water

Water recycling and reuse can take many forms, not all of which will apply to any given area. For industrial applications, cooling water is commonly recycled or reused. Treated effluent is often used for irrigation of parks and golf courses. The costs of small scale recycling and reuse programs prohibit their implementation except when there is significant need to reduce water use.

This report does not present specific opportunities for effective water recycling or reuse. However, the water districts and cities which will be served by the WHCSWSC should investigate this option. A conservation plan should encourage recycling and reuse of any industrial or municipal water which could replace an existing use of potable water from the supply system.

Demand Management

Demand management is aimed at the consumers of water. Water demand is reduced through education, promotion of less wasteful water use practices and installation of water-saving devices. Reduced water usage can result in savings to the consumers in water and energy costs as well as savings to the district in wastewater treatment costs. However, one result of demand management is that water revenues tend to decrease, often offsetting treatment and distribution savings.

The following options are available to reduce water use through demand management practices:

- Education of Consumers

Numerous ways to decrease water consumption in and around the home or office exist. Typically, indoor water use accounts for 65% of the total residential demand. By not running faucets when standing water will do, washing only full loads of clothes and dishes, testing for leaking

toilets, faucets and pipes and similar practices, household water use can be reduced. Outdoors, water can be conserved by watering landscaping and lawns less frequently and at cooler times of the day.

New water use habits must be created for effective water conservation. The more the public is informed and educated regarding the importance of conservation and ways to achieve it, the more likely such habits are to be formed. Possible means of information and education include television and radio public service announcements, newspaper articles, pamphlets included with water bills, talks to civic groups and poster campaigns. The Texas Water Development Board, the American Water Works Association and the American Public Works Association provide publications and materials for information and education programs.

An education and information program is essential to a successful demand management strategy. No conservation plan can ignore the benefits of public support. It should be noted that interest tends to wane as time passes, and water use habits tend to revert to wasteful ones. Therefore, the education process must be considered a continual one. Direct communications with the water users should foster the greatest cooperation with the proposed conservation plan. If WHCSWSC becomes the implementing agency, then the Corporation will commit to instituting an educational program that at a minimum will include providing individual utility districts with water conservation information packets obtained from the Texas Water Development Board. The Corporation will, also,

commit to maintaining an ample supply of conservation literature that can be referenced by the individual districts.

- Water-Saving Fixtures in New Construction

Several types of water-saving plumbing fixtures exist. The ones usually installed cost no more than standard fixtures. If a plumbing code requiring the installation of water-saving fixtures is adopted, a large reduction in water usage can result over the years as they are used in a greater percentage of structures. Enforcement of such a regulation will affect the level of conservation achieved.

It is not known whether the districts in the WHCSWSC service area currently require water-saving fixtures. Since much of the area is not yet developed, plumbing codes that call for these fixtures could have a greater effect on the total water demand than in an established area. The major obstacle to a uniform plumbing code in the service area is the large number of political subdivisions that would need to adopt it.

The WHCSWSC has no authority to enforce an amendment to the established building codes for use thru-out the Corporation's service area. Also, a portion of the entities providing water are private water supply corporations who have no jurisdiction in the enforcement of building code requirements. As a result, WHCSWSC can not require users within the Corporation's service area to adopt building code amendments.

However, the Corporation will require through water supply contracts that its customer cities of 5,000 population or more to amend their individual plumbing code to include Texas Water Development Board's water conservation provisions for all types of fixtures.

- Retrofit Programs for Existing Consumers

To reduce water demand immediately, a program to install watersaving devices in existing residences may be used. These devices include lowflow shower heads and toilet dams to reduce the volume of water in the tank. Since showers and toilets make up the largest portion of typical residential usage, a retrofit program can be highly effective. Savings of about 13 gpcd for each home installing retrofit devices were predicted by the City's Water Master Plan. The extent of the program can include supplying the public with information about the need for and sources of the devices, making retrofit kits with instructions available to the public, or installing the devices in homes.

Since portions of the WHCSWSC service area are undeveloped, the need for retrofitting is somewhat reduced. In most areas, supplying information and making a kit available for purchase would probably be the greatest expense that the resulting water savings would justify.

- Water Rate Structures to Encourage Conservation

There are several water rate structures designed to promote water

conservation. The most common is the increasing block structure, but seasonal rates, excess use charges and other rate structures may also be used. Separate rate structures may be used for residential, commercial and industrial customers.

Water rate information on approximately 100 water districts within the WHCSWSC service area is available. Of these, 19% currently increase the charge per 1000 gallons as water use increases. Another 25% of the districts have a high minimum charge followed by lower but increasing costs per 1000 gallons for larger users. Both of these rate structure types will promote water conservation. The other 56% of the districts have flat rates or ones which decrease with increased water use. If WHCSWSC becomes the implementing agent, then the Corporation will attempt to require through water sales contracts or by other means as available, that no customer utility use declining block or similar non-conservation oriented water rate structures.

- Reducing Water Use in Landscaping

The highest water demand days in Houston are frequently hot, dry periods in the summer when landscaping and lawn watering reach a peak. The City of Houston Water Master Plan suggests a plan of sprinkling reduction from May through September. In it, lawn sprinkling would not occur between 7:00 a.m. and 7:00 p.m., and only 20% of homes and businesses would water each day. The Master Plan estimates that if these guidelines were voluntary, a reduction in maximum day pumpage of 1% to 2%

could be expected, while a 9% to 10% reduction would result from mandatory restrictions. Further, it states that no plants would be permanently injured by this program, although drought-sensitive ones such as azaleas, roses and nandinas might wilt. The success of such a program could be enhanced by encouraging the use of landscape plants requiring little water.

Recommended Conservation Plan

The conservation approach for the WHCSWSC service area must take into account the need to address the concerns of as many as two hundred separate entities. While the WHCSWSC will probably assume a coordinating role in the execution of the plan, it will have no direct contact with the end users of the water. This contact will be possible only through the districts and cities supplied by WHCSWSC. For this reason, supply management alternatives are stressed somewhat in the suggested conservation plan described below and summarized in Table 1.

If WHCSWSC becomes the implementing agency, then aggressive leak detection, repair, and educational programs will be instituted in the WHCSWSC service area. Universal metering will make water accounting easier and aid in identifying sources of lost water. Water reuse and recycling will be considered where applicable. Several demand management options will be used, including education of consumers. Also, a conservation information packet, including recommendations for retrofit devices, will be prepared and provided

to the customers by the districts buying water from the WHCSWSC. This will be followed periodically with additional reminders. Other methods of reaching the public, such as the media, will be given consideration. A plumbing code requiring water-saving fixtures seems to be a dependable demand management The Corporation will recommend that all entities adopt and enforce a method. water conservation plumbing code amendment consistent with the T.W.D.B. guidelines, however, the WHCSWSC does not have the authority to enforce building code requirements. WHCSWSC will also recommend and require that all customer utilities utilize conservation oriented water rate structures. Extensive retrofit programs and sprinkling regulations will be investigated by each water district where applicable.

Implementation of Conservation Plan

The WHCSWSC will most likely assume the task of coordinating water conservation efforts within its service area. This will be complicated by the large number of political subdivisions involved and the City of Houston's annexation policies. All water districts and cities will be urged to adopt this conservation plan or a similar one. The plan should include a water-saving plumbing code and conservation-oriented rate structure. Costs of administering this plan will be passed on to the districts.

TABLE 1

PROPOSED CONSERVATION PLAN

CONSERVATION OPTION LEVEL OF EMPHASIS

SUPPLY MANAGEMENT

Leak Detection &	Strong
Repair	(Aggressive program throughout service area)
Universal Metering	Strong
	(Regular testing and repair of all meters)
Pressure Reduction	Minimal
	(As feasible)
Recycling & Reuse	Moderate
	(Investigate all possible applications)

DEMAND MANAGEMENT

Education of Consumers	Strong (Provide packets to customers, regular updates)				
Water-Saving Fixture Codes	Strong (Adoption and enforcement by all WHCSWSC customers)				
Retrofit Programs	Moderate (Provide information and make kits available)				
Water Rate Structures	Strong (All WHCSWSC customers use conservation structure)				
Sprinkling Restrictions	Minimal (At discretion of water districts and cities)				

3.0 WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN

3.0 WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN

During a water shortage, the water available for distribution is nearly equal to or less than the amount needed to meet normal demands and required fire flows. A situation of this kind is most often the result of drought conditions, but it may also be brought on by failure of a water treatment and distribution system or a natural disaster. When water demand meets or exceeds supply, an effective means of controlling water use is needed to ensure that essential activities are not interrupted. Some criteria must be established to determine when action should be taken. These are dependent on the characteristics of the supply and distribution system and the magnitude of the shortage.

Constraints on Supply and Distribution System

The limitations and constraints on the water supply systems are affected by concerns over ground subsidence. The Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District (HGCSD) has developed a plan of groundwater usage control for western Harris County. About three-quarters of the political subdivisions in the WHCSWSC service area will be required to use at least 80% surface water by the years 2000 - 2010. Thereafter, they will not be permitted to decrease surface water use. In this water shortage contingency plan, it is assumed that WHCSWSC will supply the average daily water demand to its customers. Higher demands will be met with available groundwater. Average daily demands with

the ability to meet maximum daily demands will be used to size WHCSWSC treatment facilities, major transmission lines, pumping equipment and storage facilities.

Groundwater currently makes up the entire water supply for the water districts and cities within the WHCSWSC service area. When surface water becomes available to the districts, the HGCSD is expected to reduce the amount of permitted groundwater withdrawal. However, the districts will retain the existing groundwater pumping capability. Short term interruptions in the surface water supply may be met with groundwater withdrawals, so long as the annual permitted amount is not exceeded. Surface water supply failures of longer duration would necessitate conservation measures and permission from the HGCSD to exceed permitted withdrawals. If surface water supply is not reduced, a district should be able to meet temporary increases in demand by increased pumping, provided its distribution system is adequate.

Levels of Water Shortage

Depending on how close water demand is to the total supply, a water shortage may be classified as mild, moderate, severe or critical. Each district will have to determine when a reduction in surface water supply or an increase in water demand constitutes a shortage. The method described here provides guidelines for how this may be accomplished. The level of water shortage in a district is computed as follows:

DEMAND =Three-Day Average Water Demand (mgd)

G.W.S. = Groundwater Supply Available to the District (mgd)

%SWS	= Percent of Usual Surface Water Supply Available
S.W.S. =	Usual Surface Water Supply (mgd)
PERM	=Permitted Groundwater Withdrawal (mgd)
PUMP	=Annual Amount of Groundwater Pumped to Date (mgd)
T.S. =	Total Water Supply Available to the District
T.S. =	S.W.S. $x $ %SWS + G.W.S.

LEVEL OF <u>SHORTAGE</u>	DEFINITION	
Mild	DEMAND = 0.80 x T.S.	
Moderate	DEMAND = 0.90 x T.S.	and/or PUMP = 0.90 x PERM
Severe	DEMAND = T.S.	and/or PUMP = PERM
Critical	DEMAND PERM	and/or PUMP PERM

Further study may reveal a need for some districts to vary the proportion of total supply which demand must reach to define a shortage level. Note that the danger of a district exceeding its permitted amount of groundwater withdrawal is classified as a shortage.

The WHCSWSC will, also, have to specify trigger conditions that will be required when WHCSWSC's surface water supply has been reduced by the City of Houston to a point where the supply has fallen below the demands requested by the entities within the Corporation's service area. If this happens, the WHCSWSC may have the authority under contract with receiving entities to enact emergency rationing measures as deemed necessary.

Water Shortage Response

Once some level of water shortage has been determined to exist, steps should be taken to reduce water use or increase supply to prevent worsening of the situation. Many water shortages may be limited to a few districts, in which case additional water supplies might be available through either WHCSWSC or nearby districts. If not, conservation measures will be needed. Responses to the shortage will be more drastic as the level of water shortage increases. Each level is discussed here and the conclusions are summarized in Table 2.

- Mild Water Shortage

Voluntary use reductions will be employed to lower water demand. Residential customers should be informed of the situation and of possible ways to cut down on excessive water use. During the summer, this would include sprinkling only 20% of the lawns on any given day as discussed in the conservation plan. Insulating pipes rather than running water to keep pipes from freezing would be suggested in the winter. Major commercial customers should be contacted individually and asked to restrict water use. All customers should check for dripping faucets, running toilets and hidden leaks.

- Moderate Water Shortage

For a moderate water shortage, all actions taken for a mild shortage

would apply with the exception that sprinkling restrictions would be mandatory rather than voluntary. In addition, some nonessential outdoor water uses would be limited or forbidden. Public outdoor water uses which would be restricted include street washing, flushing fire hydrants, watering parks and filling pools. Targeted private outdoor activities would be the washing of cars, windows or pavement. A careful check should be kept on whether groundwater withdrawals are nearing the amount permitted by the HGCSD.

- Severe Water Shortage

When a severe level of shortage is reached, the same household and commercial restrictions mentioned for lesser shortages would be requested. Additionally, all outdoor water use would be prohibited, and penalties would be imposed, if possible, on any customer using excess water. If the total groundwater pumpage reaches the amount permitted by the HGCSD, the subsidence district should be contacted for permission to exceed the permitted amount.

- Critical Water Shortage

In a critical shortage, water demand exceeds the total water supply. It is important to maintain adequate water supply and pressure for essential activities. To ensure this, water would be rationed or cut off to selected users, if possible. Industrial and institutional users would have lowest priority, followed by commercial users, then residential

users, and finally by public health and safety facilities. In addition to these drastic measures, substantial emphasis would be placed on voluntary indoor reductions, and outdoor water use would be prohibited. Again, if the allowable groundwater withdrawal has been exceeded, the HGCSD would be notified and petitioned for appropriate increases in allowable groundwater withdrawal.

Implementation of Water Shortage Contingency Plan

With the numerous political subdivisions in the WHCSWSC service area, it will be virtually impossible to determine solely from the water demand on the WHCSWSC system whether an isolated shortage exists within the service area. Due to differences in pumping capacities, groundwater supply availabilities, and what portion of the daily water requirements are purchased from WHCSWSC, each district or city will have a unique situation. Each entity will need to use the foregoing suggestions to decide when a given level of shortage exists. The WHCSWSC will attempt to handle shortages in a fair manner among its customers by increasing water supplies, if possible, to those who have the highest level of shortage.

It will be the responsibility of each district or city to enforce any water use restrictions placed on its residents. The WHCSWSC will have the power to impose surcharges on any customer which withdraws excess water from the distribution system, creating water shortages for other customers.

WHCSWSC will be responsible for determining when the water supply received from the City of Houston is insufficient to meet the demands due to a reduction in WHCSWSC's supply allocations. The Corporation will develop its own contingency plan and notify each utility of the Corporation's procedures for handling shortages caused by a reduction in water supply from the City of Houston.

TABLE 2

PROPOSED WATER SHORTAGE CONTINGENCY PLAN

LEVEL OF <u>SHORTAGE</u>	DEFINITION	RESPONSE
Mild	DEMAND = 0.80 x T.S.	Voluntary indoor and outdoor use reductions
Moderate	DEMAND = 0.90 x T.S. and/or PUMP = 0.90 x PERM	Voluntary indoor reductions, mandatory outdoor restrictions
Severe	DEMAND = T.S. and/or PUMP = PERM	Voluntary indoor reductions, no outdoor use, penalty for excess use
Critical	DEMAND T.S. and/or PUMP PERM	Voluntary indoor reductions, no outdoor use, ration or cut off use

Note:

DEMAND = Three-Day Average Water Demand

T.S. = Total Water Supply Available to the District

PUMP = Annual Amount of Groundwater Pumped to Date

PERM = Permitted Groundwater Withdrawal

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A tentative plan for water conservation and water shortage response has been outlined in this report. While details of the operation of the WHCSWSC are not yet final, the plan seems to be workable. It is clear that the greatest obstacle to a single plan for the entire WHCSWSC service area is the large number of political subdivisions which would need to agree to it. For this reason, the plan which has been recommended in this report is broad in nature. Items which are considered to be most important will be stressed for adoption by all WHCSWSC customers, while others will be left to the discretion of the utility districts and cities themselves.

5.0 ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:

Prior reports and studies dealing with the City of Houston and surrounding counties were utilized as needed in preparing this study. Reports and studies reviewed during the course of this appendix are as follows:

1. <u>Houston Water Master Plan</u>, Appendices A thru M, August 1985 to March 1987, by Metcalf and Eddy.

WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

APPENDIX II

WATER DEMAND AND SUPPLY

OCTOBER 1987

DANNENBAUM ENGINEERING CORPORATION CONSULTING ENGINEERS 3100 WEST ALABAMA HOUSTON, TEXAS 77098 (713) 622-8011

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this study, undertaken by the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation (WHCSWSC), is to produce an implementation program that will provide a reliable, long-term surface water supply to west Harris County. This implementation program is an extension of the Houston Water Master Plan (HWMP) which is a comprehensive look at water supplies and demands for the Houston region through the year 2030. The results of this Appendix has been modified to include the February, 1988 revisions to the City of Houston Water Master Plan.

The scope of work for this phase of the implementation plan deals with water supplies and demands for the WHCSWSC study area. Current demand information for municipal and public utility districts, cities and private industries will be used to supplement the information provided in the HWMP to arrive at present and future water requirements for the area. Three potential surface water supply sources, the Northeast System, the North System and the Southwest System will be evaluated and service areas will be defined.

Study Area

The WHCSWSC study area encompasses the majority of western Harris County. Approximate boundaries are Spring Creek on the north, the Harris County line on the west and south, the City of Houston city limits on the east and F.M. 149 on the northeast.

Background

Area growth has resulted in a substantial increase in groundwater withdrawal which, in turn, has caused a decline in the area water table, partial or complete capacity loss of a number of wells, intrusion of contaminates and land subsidence.

Efforts to reduce subsidence have called for shifts from groundwater use to surface water. The Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District was created in 1975 to regulate groundwater pumpage and has developed a plan to address the subsidence problem in eight regulatory areas. The HGCSD has the power to amend or revoke well permits and require conservation measures be taken.

Population growth and associated increases in water demand are expected to occur in the WHCSWSC study area between the present and 2030. Much of this study area falls within one of the HGCSD regulatory areas requiring conversion to surface water. Currently, there are no surface water supplies available to serve the demands of the area. An implementation program defining timing and costs to develop a surface water source, treatment facilities, and transmission networks is therefore needed.

WATER DEMANDS

Data Sources and Collection

Data was collected from the HWMP and the HGCSD to determine historic and future water demands within the WHCSWSC study area. The study area was divided into six municipal demand areas (MDAs) comprised of a number of contiguous census tracts with similar land use characteristics. Historic and future water demands were determined for each MDA to establish a total demand required by the WHCSWSC study area. Data relative to the overall Houston area was derived from the HWMP while data on the individual users within the WHCSWSC was obtained from the HGCSD and the users themselves. The data used in this appendix is consistent with the February, 1988 revisions to the HWMP. Water conservation was not included in the water demands evaluation in the Appendix.

The existing water users within the WHCSWSC study area consist primarily of conservation and reclamation districts such as municipal utility districts, water control and improvement districts and fresh water supply districts, and a few small cities. These users presently rely on groundwater as their sole source of water supply.

Existing Water Use

The WHCSWSC study area is divided into six MDAs similar to those used in the HWMP. The WHCSWSC study area contains all of MDAs 31 and 32 and portions of MDAs 24, 25, 26 and 33. The four partial MDAs, which will be called MDAs 24W, 25W, 26W and 33W, consist of portions of the HWMP MDAs which fall inside the WHCSWSC planning boundaries.

Groundwater pumpage records were obtained for each municipal utility district, city and industry for a seven year period from 1980 to 1986. This data was compiled to determine water pumpage for each of the six WHCSWSC MDAs. Table ES-1 presents this historical data.

TABLE ES-1

AVERAGE DAILY WATER PUMPAGE IN WHCSWSC PLANNING AREA, 1980 - 1986

						- /	
	1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986
MDA 24W	1.77	2.56	4.15	4.32	5.53	5.97	6.12
MDA 25W	1.70	2.02	2.91	3.18	3.87	4.57	4.29
MDA 26W	3.30	3.7 6	5.08	5.08	6.17	6.79	6.66
MDA 31	5.51	6.19	8.46	8.88	10.28	11.32	10.39
MDA 32	2.03	2.33	2.99	3.19	3.91	4.20	4.25
MDA 33W	1.83	1.84	2.61	2.82	3.30	<u>3.49</u>	4.09
TOTAL WHCS	WSC 16.14	18.70	26.20	27.47	33 .06	36.34	35.80

AVERAGE DAILY PUMPAGE (MGD)

Projected Water Demands

Projected water demands were computed in the HWMP by determining gallons per capita (or per employee) per day use criteria, assigning these demand criteria to each MDA, and multiplying them by the projected population and employment figures for each MDA. An econometric model developed by Rice Center was selected in the HWMP to project future growth.

Maximum day demands were used to determine required treated water supply systems and were computed by multiplying the average daily demands by a peak day factor which ranged from 1.6 to 2.0. Table ES-3 presents projected maximum daily demands within the WHCSWSC study area.

TABLE ES-2

PROJECTED MAXIMUM DAILY WATER USAGE BY MDA

		GE (MGD)	iD)			
<u>MDA</u>	<u>1985</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2030</u>
24W	7.52	7.52	11.82	15.60	16.90	16.73
25W	10.52	10.52	15 37	20.16	24.19	27.58
23 11	10.22	10.52	19.97	20.10	29.17	21.30
26W	12.48	12.57	18.18	24.80	29.55	33.31
31	16.05	16.05	28.77	46.88	64.96	79.70
32	8.34	8.34	14.41	21.96	30.09	38.18
33W	6.12	6.12	9.51	14.25	<u>18.03</u>	<u>20.33</u>
TOTAL WHCSWSC	61.03	61.03	98.06	143.65	183.72	215.83

SURFACE WATER SUPPLY

Area River Basins

A number of surface water sources are available for use by the WHCSWSC. The WHCSWSC planning area is located in the San Jacinto River Basin, however, major rivers and reservoirs within the adjacent Trinity and Brazos River Basins were also considered as potential sources.

Northeast Supply System

The Northeast Supply System consists of raw water from the San Jacinto River Basin supplemented by water from the Trinity and Sabine River Basins as outlined in the HWMP. The City of Houston has indicated that they propose to build a Northeast Water Purification Plant near Lake Houston. Preliminary sizing of this plant ranges from 425 MGD to 625 MGD ultimate maximum daily capacity (year 2030).

Southwest Supply System

The Southwest Supply System consists of raw water taken from the Brazos River Basin. The Brazos River and/or Canals A and B would supply a proposed Southwest Purification Plant located south of F.M. 1093 and north of the Brazos River. Preliminary sizing of this plant indicates approximately 100 MGD ultimate maximum daily capacity (year 2030). Allen's Creek Reservoir, originally proposed by Houston Lighting and Power Company to supply cooling water for a proposed power plant, is also a potential source of surface water. The BRA has offered the WHCSWSC a permanent average daily supply of water up to 133 MGD (226 MGD - maximum daily) is available upon construction of this reservoir and recapturing water previously committed to HL&P by the Brazos River Authority.

North Supply System

The North Supply System consists of surface water from the Trinity, Brazos and San Jacinto River Basins. Development of Lake Millican and Bedias Reservoir and raw water conveyance systems to Lake Conroe would be part of this supply system. The proposed location of a Northwest Water Purification Plant would be south of Lake Conroe with an ultimate maximum daily capacity of 350 MGD (year 2030).

ALTERNATE SERVICE AREAS

Approach and Methods

Five alternate service areas were investigated to determine surface water supply versus demand relationships and also availability to meet the conversion dates outlined in the HGCSD Plan. The alternate service areas were divided as follows:

Alternate No. 1	-	Southwest System Service South of Highway 290 Northeast System Service North of Highway 290	
Alternate No. 2	-	Southwest System Service South of F.M. 529 Northeast System Service North of F.M. 529	
Alternate No. 3	-	Southwest System Service South of Clay Road Northeast System Service North of Clay Road	
Alternate No. 4	-	Southwest System Service South of I.H. 10 Northeast System Service North of I.H. 10	
Alternate No. 5	-	Southwest System Service South of Clay Road North System Service North of Clay Road	

Table ES-3 presents a summary of surface water requirements for each alternate from 1985 to 2030. For purposes of computing surface water requirements in 2030, it was assumed that HGCSD regulatory area eight will be given a conversion requirement of 80% in that year. All surface water demands are in terms of maximum daily demands while all surface water supplies are in terms of average daily flows.

TABLE ES-3

SUMMARY OF SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS BY ALTERNATE (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)

	CITY OF								
	HOUSTON	WHCSWSC	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL				
	SOUTHWEST	SOUTHWEST	SOUTHWEST	NORTHEAST*	ALL AREAS				
YEAR	(MGD)	(MGD)	(MGD)	(MGD)	(MGD)				
<u>ALTERNATE 1 - BOUNDARY AT U.S. 290</u>									
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27				
2000	89.82	16.14	105.96	0.00	105.96				
2005	89.82	16.14	105.96	9.66	115.62				
2010	89.82	44.76	134.58	36.18	170.76				
2012	101.17	44.76	145.93	36.18	182.11				
2020	101.17	44.76	145.93	36.18	182.11				
2030**	101.17	86.25	187.42	43.85	231.27				
<u>ALTERN</u>	ATE 2 - BOUN	DARY AT F.M.	529						
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27				
2000	89.82	16.14	105.96	0.00	105.96				
2005	89.82	16.14	105.96	9.66	115.62				
2010	89.82	39.25	129.07	41.69	170.76				
2012	101.17	39.25	140.42	41.69	182.11				
2020	101.17	39.25	140.42	41.69	182.11				
2030**	101.17	76.29	177.46	53.80	231.26				
		DOUNDADY A							
ALIEKN	AIE 3 UK 3 -	BUUNDARI A	1 CLAI RUAD	0.00	0.00				
1905	65 27	0.00	65 27	0.00	0.00				
2000	03.27	15 74	105.54	0.00	03.27				
2000	07.02	15.74	105.50	0.41	105.97				
2003	07.02 80.85	15.74	105.50	10.00	115.02				
2010	07.02	15./4	105.50	65.21	1/0.//				
2012	101.17	15.74	110.91	03.21	182.12				
2020	101.17	15.74	110.91	03.21	182.12				
2030**	101.17	38.79	139.90	91.30	231.26				
ALTERN	ATE 4 - BOUN	NDARY AT I.H.	10						
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27				
2000	89.82	12.49	102.31	3.66	105.97				
2005	89.82	12.49	102.31	13.31	115.62				
2010	89.82	12.49	102.31	68.46	170.77				
2012	101.17	12.49	113.66	68.46	182.12				
2020	101.17	12.49	113.66	68.46	182.12				
2030**	101.17	19.79	120.96	110.30	231.26				

*In Alternate 5, the Northeast System is replaced by the North System.

**Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District plan for surface water use ends at 2020. Required surface water for 2030 was estimated assuming that Area 8 will be required to convert to 80% surface water in that year.

Comparison of Alternates

Considerations of supply adequacy were based on the minimum surface water required to meet the HGCSD conversion plan. The minimum requirements climb in a stair-step fashion rather than linearly, however, the minimum requirements for the City of Houston Southwest Supply System and the total for the WHCSWSC supply area do not vary between alternates.

The total average daily supply available from the SWWPP is assumed to be 133 MGD (226 maximum daily) which is adequate to supply the projected Southwest Service Areas in all alternates.

Some consideration must be given to the timing of the availability of the surface water. In the Southwest service area, the first conversion requires 65 MGD in 1995. This is the same for all alternates. It may be estimated that the SWWPP will take around six years to bring on-line from design to completion which if started by 1989 will allow the first phase of the Southwest plant to produce water in time to meet the 1995 HGCSD conversion date.

Timing issues are more complex in the North and Northeast service areas. Alternates 1 and 2 both require about 10 MGD at 2005. Alternates 3 and 5 call for 0.5 MGD in 2000, and Alternate 4 requires 4 MGD in 2000. The quantities of surface water needed in 2000 or 2005 for any alternate are small and it is likely that this area would be supplied from the Southwest Supply System until 2005 or 2010, when most of the northern area will then convert to surface water. The WHCSWSC has been asked to provide the City with an amount of surface water needed from the NEWPP so that it can be designed for the additional capacity. The amount of maximum daily surface water demand required from the proposed plant for Alternative 1 and 2 would be approximately 36 MGD and 41 MGD respectively by the year 2010. For Alternative No. 3 and 4 in the year 2010 the amount would be 65 MGD and 68 MGD respectively.

For Alternate 5, the North Supply System must be considered. The NWWPP is proposed to have a capacity of 350 MGD in 2030. However, the majority of the surface water for this plant is to originate in two proposed reservoirs, Lake Millican and Bedias Reservoir. Construction of these sources would probably take about thirty years, yielding a completion date of 2018. Using this alternate, it would be unlikely to meet the HGCSD conversion dates for regulatory areas six and seven. The areas could be temporarily supplied from the Southwest System.

CONCLUSIONS

The Southwest Supply System will be adequate to meet the projected Southwest Service Area surface water demands in all of the alternatives. As a result, the available surface water will not be the deciding factor in determination of service area boundaries. However, the phasing of the service areas during interim conditions will influence the decision of service area boundaries. The remaining major factor in service area boundary determination will be the cost analysis all of which will be evaluated and reported later in Appendix IV.
TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page
Title	e Page	i
Exe	cutive Summary	ii - ix
Tab	le of Contents	x - xi
List	of Tables	xii
List	of Figures	xiii
List	of Attachments	xiv
1.0	INTRODUCTION	
	Purpose and Scope	1 - 2
	Study Area	3 - 7
	Background	8 - 17
	Authorization	18
2.0	WATER DEMANDS	
	Approach and Methods	19
	Data Sources and Collection	
	Data from the Houston Water Master Plan	20 - 21
	Data on Specific whoswsc water Users	22 - 20
	Existing Water Use	
	Groundwater Pumpage in the WHCSWSC Study Area	27 - 39
	water Usage in the City of Houston and CWA	39 - 42
	Projected Water Demands	43 - 58
3.0	SURFACE WATER SUPPLY	
	Area River Basins	
	San Jacinto River Basin	59 - 62
	Trinity River Basin	62 - 65
	Brazos River Basin	00

		Page
SURFACE WATER S	SUPPLY (Cont'd)	
Northeast Supply Sy Northeast Water	stem Purification Plant	67
Southwest Supply Sy Brazos River Brazos River Aut Allen's Creek Res Southwest Water	ystem hority Canals servoir Purification Plant	68 68 - 69 69 - 70 70
North Supply System Trinity/Brazos/S Northwest Water	a an Jacinto River Supply Purification Plant	71 71
ALTERNATE SERV	ICE AREAS	
Approach and Me	ethods	72 - 74
Alternate No.1:	Southwest System Service South of Highway 290 Northeast System Service North of Highway 290	75 - 77
Alternate No.2:	Southwest System Service South of F.M. 529 Northeast System Service North of F.M. 529	77 - 79
Alternate No.3:	Southwest System Service South of Clay Road Northeast System Service North of Clay Road	79 - 81
Alternate No.4:	Southwest System Service South of I.H. 10 Northeast System Service North of I.H. 10	81 - 82
Alternate No.5:	Southwest System Service South of Clay Road North System Service North of Clay Road	82 - 89
Comparison of A Total Maximur Total Available Feasibility of !	lternates n Daily Demands e Surface Water Supply Meeting HGCSD Plan	90 - 91 92 - 93 93 - 96

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

3.0

4.0

Conclusions

97

LIST OF TABLES

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE 1 - Planning Area Conservation and Reclamation Districts	5 - 7
TABLE 2 - Summary of HGCSD Plan Requirements by Sub-Area	12 - 13
TABLE 3 - Industrial and Commercial Water Users	24
TABLE 4 - Comparison of 1980 Census Tracts to MunicipalDemand Areas	31
TABLE 5 - Average Daily Water Pumpage in WHCSWSCPlanning Area, 1980 - 1986	32
TABLE 6 - Average Daily Water Usage in Houston, 1980 - 1984	40
TABLE 7 - Demand Criteria Used in WHCSWSC Planning Area	44
TABLE 8 - Historic and Projected Average DailyWater Usage by MDA	46
TABLE 9 - Comparison of Historic to Projected Water Use,1985 - 1986	53
TABLE 10 - Computation of Average Daily per Capita Demands	56
TABLE 11- Projected Maximum Daily Water Usage by MDA	57
TABLE 12 - San Jacinto River Basin Water Rights andAvailable Water	63
TABLE 13 - Trinity River Basin Water Rights and Available Water	65
TABLE 14 - Maximum Daily Water Usage by Alternate	86
TABLE 15 - Surface Water Requirements per HGCSD Plan	87 - 88
TABLE 16 - Surface Water Requirements by Alternate	89
TABLE 17 - Comparison of Alternates	91
TABLE 18 - System Surface Water Requirements	94

LIST OF FIGURES

		Page
FIGURE 1 -	West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation Planning Area	4
FIGURE 2 -	HGCSD Regulatory Areas	11
FIGURE 3 -	Extent of Houston Urbanized Area	15
FIGURE 4 -	Population Change, 1985-2030	16
FIGURE 5 -	Political Subdivisions in the WHCSWSC Planning Area Boundary	23
FIGURE 6 -	Average Daily WHCSWSC Groundwater Pumpage	28
FIGURE 7 -	West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation Municipal Demand Areas	30
FIGURE 8 -	Groundwater Pumpage by Municipal Demand Area	33 - 38
FIGURE 9 -	Average Daily City of Houston Water Usage	41
FIGURE 10 -	Estimated Historic and Projected Water Usage by Municipal Demand Area	47 - 52
FIGURE 11 -	Planning Area River Basins	60
FIGURE 12 -	Planning Area Rivers and Reservoirs	61
FIGURE 13 -	Alternate 1 Service Areas	76
FIGURE 14 -	Alternate 2 Service Areas	78
FIGURE 15 -	Alternate 3 Service Areas	80
FIGURE 16 -	Alternate 4 Service Areas	83
FIGURE 17 -	Alternate 5 Service Areas	85

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LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

 ATTACHMENT 1 - Acknowledgements
 ATTACHMENT 2 - Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District Proposed District Plan
 ATTACHMENT 3 - Summary of Data Base
 ATTACHMENT 4 - Brazos River Authority Offer to WHCSWSC for Water Supply from Brazos River Basin.

1.0 INTRODUCTION

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

The purpose of this study is to produce an implementation program that will provide a reliable, long-term surface water supply to West Harris This proposed implementation program is an extension of the Houston County. Water Master Plan (the "HWMP") which has been three years in the making. The Houston Water Master Plan is a comprehensive study of water demands and supplies for the region through the year 2030 and provides a realistic look at the limits of groundwater availability and a conceptual plan for conversion to surface water. In order to bring this plan to reality, careful consideration must be given to specific details of a workable implementation program. То this extent, the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation (the "WHCSWSC") intends to refine the HWMP for its specified study area and provide the details necessary for implementation.

The project scope of work for this phase of the implementation program deals with water demands and supplies. Evaluation of water demands for West Harris County will entail identifying current demands for municipal and public utility districts, incorporated municipalities, and private industries. This demand information will be used to supplement the information provided in the HWMP and its February 1988 revisions, which will be the primary planning documents for this effort. All demands and projections presented in the HWMP

will be compared with historic data for the WHCSWSC study area for general agreement. Water conservation reductions were not included in this Appendix to be consistent with the HWMP as formulated in February, 1988.

Evaluation of water supplies for West Harris County will involve investigation of three potential sources of surface water. The first is purchasing water from a future City of Houston Northeast Water Purification Plant (the "Northeast System"). The second is from the Brazos River out of a future Southwest Water Purification Plant (the "Southwest System"). The third is from a Trinity/Brazos/San Jacinto System as described in the western alternative of the HWMP (the "North System"). The evaluation of the North Water Supply System will be accomplished under Phase III of this study, which will allow the City of Houston time to decide if a western alternative is to be selected for the HWMP.

Several alternate service areas will be defined and evaluated based on water demands and timing for each of the supply systems. The service areas will be investigated with regard to the long-term conversion plans as designated by the Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District (the "HGCSD").

<u>Study Area</u>

The geographical area for the WHCSWSC implementation program consists of a large portion of West Harris County. The approximate boundaries are Spring Creek on the north, Harris County boundary line on the west and south, the City of Houston current City limits on the east and F.M. 149 on the northeast, as shown on Figure 1. Approximately 443 square miles (283,500 acres) comprise the planning area with the majority located within the City of Houston's jurisdiction. extraterritorial Smaller portions of the planning area the City limits or a portion of encompass either the extraterritorial Approximately jurisdiction of Jersey Village, Waller and Katy. 200 conservation and reclamation districts fall within the planning area. These are listed on Table I. The planning boundaries were selected to allow regional surface water planning to be accomplished on a large scale, which will help to reduce the cost to individual users.

The planning boundaries to the north and northeast were located to eliminate overlaps with studies presently being done by the North Harris County Water Supply Corporation and to minimize any overlap with the San Jacinto River Authority. The boundaries on the south and southeast were located to coincide with the City of Houston city limits, therefore eliminating any duplication of studies being done within the city limits of Houston.



TABLE 1

PLANNING AREA CONSERVATION AND RECLAMATION DISTRICTS

No. Name of District

- I. Addicks U.D.
- 2. Barker-Cypress MUD
- 3. Beechnut MUD
- 4. Bissonet MUD
- 5. Braes U.D.
- 6. Camfield MUD
- 7. Castlewood MUD
- 8. Chelford City MUD
- 9. Chelford One MUD
- 10. Chimney Hill MUD
- 11. Cimarron MUD
- 12. Cinco MUD 3
- 13. Cinco MUD 5
- 14. Cinco MUD 6
- 15. Cinco MUD 9
- 16. Clay Road MUD
- 17. Cornerstone MUD
- 18. Cypress Creek U.D.
- 19. Cypress Hill MUD 1
- 20. Cypress Hill MUD 2
- 21. Emerald Forest U.D.
- 22. Faulkey Gully MUD
- 23. Fry Road MUD
- 24. Grant Road PUD
- 25. Green Trails MUD
- 26. Harris County FWSD 61
- 27. Harris County MUD 6
- 28. Harris County MUD 18
- 29. Harris County MUD 23
- 30. Harris County MUD 25
- 31. Harris County MUD 29
- 32. Harris County MUD 52
- 33. Harris County MUD 61
- 34. Harris County MUD 62
- 35. Harris County MUD 63
- 36. Harris County MUD 64
- 37. Harris County MUD 65
- 38. Harris County MUD 69
- 39. Harris County MUD 70
- 40. Harris County MUD 71
- 41. Harris County MUD 81

No. Name of District

42.	Harris County MUD 90
43.	Harris County MUD 102
44.	Harris County MUD 105
45.	Harris County MUD 107
46.	Harris County MUD 118
47.	Harris County MUD 119
48.	Harris County MUD 120
49.	Harris County MUD 127
50.	Harris County MUD 130
51.	Harris County MUD 136
52.	Harris County MUD 137
53.	Harris County MUD 144
54.	Harris County MUD 147
55.	Harris County MUD 149
56.	Harris County MUD 155
57.	Harris County MUD 156
58.	Harris County MUD 157
59.	Harris County MUD 158
60.	Harris County MUD 162
61.	Harris County MUD 163
62.	Harris County MUD 165
63.	Harris County MUD 166
64.	Harris County MUD 167
65.	Harris County MUD 168
66.	Harris County MUD 170
67.	Harris County MUD 172
68.	Harris County MUD 173
69.	Harris County MUD 175
70.	Harris County MUD 177
71.	Harris County MUD 179
72.	Harris County MUD 183
73.	Harris County MUD 185
74.	Harris County MUD 186
75.	Harris County MUD 188
76.	Harris County MUD 190
77.	Harris County MUD 194
78.	Harris County MUD 195
7 9 .	Harris County MUD 196
80.	Harris County MUD 197
81.	Harris County MUD 199
82.	Harris County MUD 208

TABLE 1 (Cont'd)

PLANNING AREA CONSERVATION AND RECLAMATION DISTRICTS

No. Name of District

83. Harris County MUD 216 Harris County MUD 222 84. 85. Harris County MUD 223 Harris County MUD 225 86. 87. Harris County MUD 229 88. Harris County MUD 230 89. Harris County MUD 237 90. Harris County MUD 238 91. Harris County MUD 239 92. Harris County MUD 240 93. Harris County MUD 243 94. Harris County MUD 246 Harris County MUD 247 95. 96. Harris County MUD 248 Harris County MUD 250 97. 98. Harris County MUD 252 99. Harris County MUD 255 100. Harris County MUD 256 101. Harris County MUD 257 102. Harris County MUD 259 103. Harris County MUD 261 104. Harris County MUD 263 105. Harris County MUD 264 106. Harris County MUD 268 107. Harris County MUD 272 108. Harris County MUD 273 109. Harris County MUD 276 110. Harris County MUD 277 111. Harris County MUD 280 112. Harris County MUD 281 113. Harris County MUD 282 114. Harris County MUD 283 115. Harris County MUD 284 116. Harris County MUD 286 117. Harris County MUD 287 118. Harris County MUD 288 119. Harris County MUD 289 120. Harris County MUD 306 121. Harris County MUD 317 122. Harris County MUD 318 123. Harris County MUD 319 124. Harris County MUD 325

No. Name of District

- 125. Harris County U.D. 6 126. Harris County WCID 113 127. Harris County WCID 133 128. Harris-Ft. Bend MUD 1 129. Harris-Ft. Bend MUD 3 130. Harris-Ft. Bend MUD 4 131. Harris-Ft. Bend MUD 5 132. Horsepen Bayou MUD 133. Interstate MUD 134. Jackrabbit Road PUD 135. Kingsbridge MUD 136. Lake Forest U.D. 137. Langham Creek U.D. 138. Longhorn Town U.D. 139. Malcomson Road U.D. 140. Mason Creek U.D. 141. Mayde Creek MUD 142. Memorial MUD 143. Mills Road MUD 144. Mission Bend MUD 1 145. Mission Bend MUD 2 146. Morton Road MUD 147. Northwest Freeway MUD 148. NW Harris County MUD 5 149. NW Harris County MUD 9 150. NW Harris County MUD 10 151. NW Harris County MUD 12 152. NW Harris County MUD 15 153. NW Harris County MUD 16 154. NW Harris County MUD 25 155. NW Harris County MUD 27 156. NW Harris County MUD 29 157. Northwest Park MUD 158. Nottingham Country MUD 159. Park Ten MUD 160. Pecan Park MUD 161. Reid Road MUD 1 162. Reid Road MUD 2 163. Remington MUD 1 164. Remington MUD 2 165. Remington MUD 3 166. Renn Road MUD

TABLE 1 (Cont'd)

PLANNING AREA CONSERVATION AND RECLAMATION DISTRICTS

No. Name of District

- 167. Ricewood MUD
- 168. Rolling Creek U.D.
- 169. Rolling Fork PUD
- 170. Spencer Road PUD
- 171. Timberlake I.D.
- West Harris County MUD 1
 West Harris County MUD 2
- 174. West Harris County MUD 4
- 175. West Harris County MUD 5
- 176. West Harris County MUD 6
- 177. West Harris County MUD 7
- West Harris County MUD 8
 West Harris County MUD 9
- 180. West Harris County MUD 10
- 181. West Harris County MUD 11
- 182. West Harris County MUD 14
- 183. West Harris County MUD 15
- 184. West Harris County MUD 16
- 185. West Harris County MUD 17
- 186. West Harris County MUD 20
- 187. West Memorial MUD
- 188. Westlake MUD 1
- 189. Weston MUD
- 190. Westpark MUD
- 191. Westway U.D.
- 192. White Oak Bend MUD
- 193. White Oak/1960 MUD
- 194. Willow Chase MUD
- 195. Windfern Forest U.D.

Background

Development of surface water supply sources to supplement groundwater supplies has been an ongoing process by the City of Houston since 1966 when Phase I of a three-phase Water Master Plan was completed. Since that time, numerous revisions and updates to this plan have been initiated with the latest effort being the comprehensive Houston Water Master Plan (HWMP) by Metcalf and Eddy. The HWMP represents a detailed study of water demands and supplies for the entire eight county region surrounding the City of Houston. The HWMP also provides a realistic look at the limits of groundwater availability in the region and addresses a conceptual plan for conversion to surface water. The HWMP has been recently revised (February, 1988) to account for the economic slow down in the Greater Houston Area. The population projections and water demands were revised to assume no growth between 1985 After 1990 the growth pattern was assumed to resume as through 1990. previously projected. However, at the time of the development of this Appendix, water conservation reductions were not included in the HWMP projections.

The existing users within the WHCSWSC planning area consist primarily of conservation and reclamation districts, such as municipal utility districts, water control and improvement districts and fresh water supply districts, and a few small incorporated cities. These users presently rely on ground water as their sole source of water supply. Water supply for municipal use has been facilitated in the past by the abundance and excellent quality of regional groundwater. Wells yielding quality water requiring only chlorination could

be easily drilled virtually anywhere at fairly low cost. For this reason, the municipal water system has developed as a series of wells and distribution pump stations with each individual well and distribution system supplying a specific subdivision or area of a city.

As a result of heavy groundwater withdrawal, the area water table has substantially declined over the last several years, causing partial or complete capacity loss in a number of wells. A portion of the wells in operation have experienced a serious intrusion of natural gas causing increased treatment costs. Contamination from radiation and other trace elements presently regulated by the State Department of Health has occurred in a smaller portion of the existing wells. Continued increased pumpage will likely lower the water table further and increase the chances of well contamination, eventually producing a shortage of potable water in the planning area.

Land subsidence, caused by the pumping of groundwater, has also been a problem in the Houston area. By 1975, land subsidence had reached a critical state with nearly nine feet of elevation lost in southeast Houston and over one foot lost in the majority of Harris and Galveston Counties. Efforts to reduce or eliminate subsidence have called for shifts by municipal and industrial users from groundwater to surface water. The dramatic decreases in subsidence realized in southeast Houston are the direct result of reducing groundwater withdrawal. Recently a shift in the location of greatest subsidence has occurred from the eastern coastal region to west and southwest Houston where between 1978 and 1983 over one foot of elevation was lost.

Projections have indicated the possibility of up to 12 feet of elevation loss between now and 2020 if a surface water source is not developed in southwest Houston.

With the creation of the Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District in 1975, the reality of conversion to surface water has come into focus. As a result of growth and increased groundwater withdrawal, the HGCSD has developed an eight regulatory area plan to address subsidence through 2020 (see Attachment 2). Figure 2 shows the boundary lines of the eight regulatory areas as determined by the HGCSD. Regulatory areas which overlap with the WHCSWSC study planning boundaries are Areas 3, 4, 6, 7 and 8. Table 2 lists a summary of the HGCSD plan requirements. Basically, Areas 3 thru 7 will be limited by the HGCSD to using not more than 20% groundwater at certain The conversion dates fall between the years 1995 to 2010, conversion years. and increases in groundwater use above 20% will be permitted thereafter only as long as surface water use does not decrease. In Area 8 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted through 2020, however, supplying areas outside of the boundaries of Area 8 would be prohibited. For the purpose of this study, Area 8 was assumed to have a conversion date of 2030, when not more than 20% groundwater withdrawal will be permitted. The HGCSD has the power to amend or revoke permits as well as requiring conservation measures as a condition on certain well permits.

Population is expected to grow in all eight surrounding counties of the Houston region between the present and 2030. The highest growth is forecast for Harris County, with a net change of approximately 2,300,000 persons.



TABLE 2 (Cont'd)

SUMMARY OF HGCSD PLAN REQUIREMENTS BY SUB-AREA

REQUIREMENTS AND YEAR IN WHICH THEY TAKE EFFECT

<u>SUB-AREA</u>	<u>CURRENT-1990</u>	<u>1990-2000</u>	2000-2010	<u>2010-2020</u>
Eight	Increases in groundwater permitted; Groundwater withdrawn in this area may not be supplied to areas outside boundaries.	Same as prior period.	Same as prior period.	Same as prior period.

Previous studies have indicated that within Harris County itself, the western portions of the county will experience the majority of the projected municipal growth. Figures 3 and 4 are reproduced directly from Appendix D of the HWMP and graphically show the extent of future Houston urbanization and population change between 1985 and 2030.

Along with this expected future growth will come a steady increase in water demand. For the WHCSWSC planning area, the maximum daily water demand is projected to remain at 61 MGD from 1985 through 1990. After 1990 it is projected to increase to 216 MGD by the year 2030. At present virtually 100% of the water demands of the area are supplied by groundwater.

As previously presented, much of the WHCSWSC planning area falls within one of the HGCSD regulatory areas requiring conversion to surface water. Subsidence monitors located in southwest Houston and Addicks indicate a continuing land subsidence of approximately one and a half inches per year. To reduce this loss of elevation will require reduction in groundwater pumpage and the delivery of surface water to the area. Currently, there are no existing surface water supplies available in West Harris County to serve the present or future demands of the area. The majority of alternative surface water supplies mentioned in prior studies for the City of Houston are located to the northeast of the City. This will result in a substantial long-term cost of transporting water across the City to areas in West Harris County where the greatest future municipal demand is expected. Clearly, a surface water source, treatment facilities, and transmission networks are needed to serve the West Harris County area and comply with the existing HGCSD regulations.





Lead time and revenue are necessary to provide new surface water supplies and the associated treatment and transmission facilities. An implementation program accurately defining timing and costs of a new surface water supply is therefore a necessity. Authorization:

This implementation plan was authorized by contract between the Texas Water Development Board and the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation dated July 29, 1987.

Fifty percent of the costs associated with the implementation plan will be funded by Texas Water Development Board Planning and Research Grant funds with the remaining fifty percent being funded by the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation.

2.0 WATER DEMANDS

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2.0 WATER DEMANDS

Approach and Methods

It is the goal of the WHCSWSC to provide surface water for West Harris County in a timely and efficient manner. Existing and future water demands are the most important pieces of information needed to formulate a plan to accomplish this goal. While historic water use data is fairly easy to obtain, projections of future water use are affected by numerous factors which make estimating difficult. Economic growth is the driving force behind these factors. The City of Houston Water Master Plan examined three projections of economic growth for Houston and the surrounding areas, covering the years 1985 to 2030. Of the three, an econometeric model developed by Rice Center was selected to form projections of population, employment and water demands. The projections were revised to include the areas recent economic downturn. The revised HWMP projections were used to compute future water demands for the service area of WHCSWSC. Water demand reductions due to water conservation measures were not included to be consistent with the HWMP as reported in February, 1988. To better understand the potential customers of the WHCSWSC and to confirm the projections in the HWMP, detailed knowledge of the types of water use currently in the study area was gathered. This data was compiled into a Lotus 1-2-3 database for easy reference and handling.

Data Sources and Collection

Data was collected from a variety of sources to build a complete picture of historical and future water use in the proposed study area of the WHCSWSC. This data falls into two broad categories: information relative to large areas derived from the HWMP, and information obtained on the individual water users in the WHCSWSC study area. The following paragraphs explains the sources of data used to formulate water demand projections and the types of data obtained.

Data from the Houston Water Master Plan

The City of Houston Water Master Plan thoroughly addresses the question of projected water demand in three appendices. They are Appendix C, "Current Water Uses," Appendix D, "Population and Growth Projections," and Appendix H, "Water Demands."

Appendix C provides an inventory of current water uses during the period from 1980 to 1984. This is limited to the City of Houston and to the Coastal Water Authority. Water use is not broken down by location, but trends of water demand by user category are examined for the five years.

Population and growth projections from the Rice Center econometric model of Houston's economic growth are the topic of Appendix D of the For a breakdown of the projected variables by location, census HWMP. tracts were used. The tracts were grouped into 46 Municipal Demand Areas (MDAs) within Harris County and 19 in the seven surrounding counties. Each MDA is contiguous and has fairly similar land use characteristics. Projections for population, employment, housing and land use were prepared for each census tract in the HWMP study area, and the data was presented in the appendix for each MDA. The Rice Center econometric model yielded consistently higher forecasts than did other projection scenarios thereby producing a prudent basis for water demand projections. These projections were revised by the City of Houston's Master Plan Consultant in February The revisions were made to account for the Greater Houston's of 1988. Area economic slow down between the years 1985 through 1990. The projections were assumed flat through these five years. After 1990 it was assumed the growth would continue as projected by the Rice Center econometric model. These revised projections were used in developing this report.

Appendix H of the HWMP and its revisions combined the information amassed in Appendix D and its revisions with a one year record of water billing in the City of Houston to calculate per capita and per employee water demands throughout the City. These numbers were used to project water demand during the time period of the study. As in Appendix D, computations were performed on a census tract level and reported by MDA.

All water demand projections in the HWMP are for consumer use only and do not include unaccounted-for water in the system. Predictions of water needs in the WHCSWSC study area were taken from Appendix H and its revisions. For greater accuracy when dealing with partial MDAs, a listing of water demands by census tract was obtained from Metcalf and Eddy, the consultant for the HWMP.

Data on Specific WHCSWSC Water Users

To aid in the deeper understanding of water needs, a list of the water users in the WHCSWSC study area was compiled. These users are principally municipal utility districts and the cities of Jersey Village, Katy and Waller, although there are some commercial and industrial users An alphabetical listing of the municipal districts within the present. study area was previously presented in Table 1. This list of utility districts has two sources. The names of districts in the study area were taken from a municipal utility district map published by the Houston City Planning Commission in 1984, updated to December 30, 1986. In addition, a complete listing of active utility districts within Harris County, as of January 1987, was obtained from the Texas Water Commission. This list was used eliminate districts which had been dissolved, consolidated, to annexed, or become inactive; and to add districts which had been created recently. Districts within the WHCSWSC planning area boundary are shown on Figure 5. All deleted districts have been removed from the figure and all but five new districts have been added. No boundary map could be obtained for the omitted districts; however, none of these had begun pumping water by 1986.

WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION

 $(X) = r \hat{X}$



TABLE 3

INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL WATER USERS HAVING WELL PERMITS

<u>NO</u> .	NAME OF INDUSTRY
1.	Baker Service Tools
2.	Baker Tubular Services
3.	Bear Creek Golf World
4.	Britmore Utility Company
5.	Cameron Iron Works
6.	Enchanted Valley Water Supply
7.	Gifford-Hill & Company
8.	Hearthstone Country Club
9.	National Steel Products
10.	Northwest Water Systems, Inc.
11.	Peek Road Utilities
12.	Tall Pines Utility
13.	Texas Instruments
14.	Tower Oak Bend Water Supply
15.	Treeline Golf Club, Inc.
16.	Trumix Concrete Company
17.	Trunkline Gas Company

Industrial and commercial water users having their own wells with yearly consumptions greater than approximately three million gallons are listed in Table 3. This list was compiled using well permit data available from the HGCSD. The list of industrial users is not intended to be a complete list of all significant industries in the area, since many industries and businesses buv their water from cities and water It was compiled to account for additional water use in the districts. study area.

The most important information needed to evaluate projected water demands is the historic demand of all users. A time frame from 1980 to 1986 was chosen to overlap the time frame in Appendix C of the HWMP, 1980 Since no surface water is currently used in western Harris to 1984. County, groundwater pumpage reports form a nearly complete record of water use within the service area. The HGCSD proved to be the most convenient source of pumping data. Each owner of a well six inches or greater in diameter is required to submit to HGCSD a yearly report indicating groundwater pumpage by month. Copies of these reports were obtained for each utility district in the study area having a well permit. An annual summary of these reports was provided for each city and business of Only the annual pumpage totals were included in the water user interest. database. The pumpage includes water billed as well as unaccounted-for water.

In a few instances, water for a district is purchased from another district, the City of Houston, or imported from Fort Bend County, where

the HGCSD has no authority. In these cases, the operators of the water plants for the districts in question were asked to provide pumpage records for the period of study. Where one district supplies water for another, the water use was divided among them when the split could be determined, especially if the water was consumed in different MDAs.

Additional data for many characteristics of the utility districts in the study area was sought from the district operators in the WHCSWSC study area. Each operator was asked to supply information on current number of connections, amounts of ground and elevated storage, primary and booster pumping capacities, water rates, billed versus pumped percentages, well permits and water analysis reports. Not all districts have operators, and not all of this information was readily available to each operator, but much of it was received and tabulated in database form. Of the 195 districts, some or all the information was available on approximately 132 districts. This data was useful not only in evaluating water demands but also in providing insights into the types of water users in the WHCSWSC study area.

To gather information on future development, the local office of the Texas Water Commission was visited in order to make copies of portions of bond issue and creation reports containing projected types of development and build-out schedules. These reports were available for 136 of the districts in the WHCSWSC study area. This general information was helpful in resolving questions of water sources for the districts as well as describing likely development trends.

Existing Water Use

Two sources of data on existing water usage were available for this study. The first, groundwater pumpage information collected from the HGCSD, provides the most useful evidence of water consumption trends in the study area. Water demand can be broken out by location to better understand growth patterns. The second source, Appendix C of the HWMP, is concerned only with City of Houston billed water use. This information is not directly applicable to the WHCSWSC study area; however, general trends found in the City will be compared to those in western Harris County. This section examines the data from both sources, compares them, and makes conclusions about current water uses.

Groundwater Pumpage in the WHCSWSC Study Area

Groundwater pumpage records for each municipal utility district, city and industry were obtained for the period from 1980 to 1986. In order to determine the daily water supply needed, the annual pumpage of each water user was divided by 365 to yield an average daily demand. These demands were added to give the total average daily demand for each MDA. Since small wells are not required to have permits, the total computed is slightly smaller than the actual groundwater used. The total groundwater pumpage during the 1980 to 1986 period is plotted on Figure 6.

FIGURE 6



YEAR

The WHCSWSC study area contains all of MDAs 31 and 32, and portions of MDAs 24, 25, 26 and 33. The four partial MDAs, hereinafter called MDAs 24W, 25W, 26W and 33W are not identical to those in the HWMP, but consist of the portions of the HWMP MDAs which fall inside the WHCSWSC planning area. Figure 7 shows the WHCSWSC MDAs. Table 4 lists the census tracts which make up the WHCSWSC MDAs. When the planning area boundary did not coincide with a census tract boundary, the percentage of land within the WHCSWSC study area was computed.

Historic water pumpages in the WHCSWSC study area have been calculated for each of the six WHCSWSC MDAs. Table 5 shows a breakdown per year of average daily pumpage and Figure 8 graphically presents these results. Examination of the data reveals pumpage trends for each MDA. Note that all six MDAs experienced rapid growth during the seven year period. Water pumpage in MDA 24W more than tripled while water pumpage in the other areas at least doubled. In general, groundwater pumpage grew steadily except during 1983, when it slowed somewhat in all MDAs, and in 1986, when MDAs 25W, 26W and 31W actually recorded drops in water usage. The leveling off or reduction from 1985 through 1990 reinforces the revisions to the Rice econometric model and to the HWMP performed in February of 1988. The leveling off was projected through 1990 where the growth was projected to increase as previously mentioned.

Groundwater pumpage records were obtained in monthly and annual form. Therefore, no analysis of maximum daily or peak hourly demands could be performed. It was also impossible to break down the pumpage reported for a city or district into user categories such as commercial or single-family residential, since no billing records were obtained.


COMPARISON OF 1980 CENSUS TRACTS TO MUNICIPAL DEMAND AREAS

MD/	A 24 W	MDA	25 W	MDA	26 W
CENSUS TRACT	PERCENT INCLUDED	CENSUS TRACT	PERCENT INCLUDED	CENSUS TRACT	PERCENT INCLUDED
437.01	100%	542.01	100%	530.01	100%
437.02	66%	542.02	88%	530.02	5%
438.01	39%	543.00	100%	530.03	50%
438.06	31%			540.01	80%
448.00	100%			540.02	64%
				541.00	100%

31	MDA	32	MDA	33 W
PERCENT	CENSUS	PERCENT	CENSUS	PERCENT
INCLUDED	TRACT	INCLUDED	<u>TRACT</u>	INCLUDED
100%	544.00	100%	550.00	100%
100%	545.01	100%	551.01	100%
100%	545.02	100%	551.02	100%
100%	546.00	100%	552.00	100%
100%	547.00	100%		
100%	548.00	100%		
	549.00	100%		
	A 31 PERCENT INCLUDED 100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	MOM MDA PERCENT CENSUS INCLUDED TRACT 100% 544.00 100% 545.01 100% 545.02 100% 546.00 100% 547.00 100% 548.00 549.00 549.00	MDA 32 MDA 32 PERCENT CENSUS PERCENT INCLUDED TRACT INCLUDED 100% 544.00 100% 100% 545.01 100% 100% 545.02 100% 100% 546.00 100% 100% 546.00 100% 100% 547.00 100% 100% 548.00 100% 549.00 100% 549.00	MDA 32 MDA 32 MDA 32 PERCENT CENSUS PERCENT CENSUS INCLUDED TRACT INCLUDED TRACT 100% 544.00 100% 550.00 100% 545.01 100% 551.01 100% 545.02 100% 551.02 100% 546.00 100% 552.00 100% 548.00 100% 549.00

AVERAGE DAILY WATER PUMPAGE IN WHCSWSC PLANNING AREA, 1980 - 1986

	AVERAGE DAILY PUMPAGE (MGD)						
	<u> 1980 </u>	<u>1981</u>	<u> 1982 </u>	1983	<u> 1984 </u>	1985	<u>1986</u>
MDA 24W	1.77	2.56	4.15	4.32	5.53	5.97	6.12
MDA 25W	1.70	2.02	2.91	3.18	3.87	4.57	4.29
MDA 26W	3.30	3.76	5.08	5.08	6.17	6.79	6.66
MDA 31	5.51	6.19	8.46	8.88	10.28	11.32	10.39
MDA 32	2.03	2.33	2.99	3.19	3.91	4.20	4.25
MDA 33W	<u> 1.83 </u>	1.84	2.61	<u> 2.82</u>	<u>_3.30</u>	3.49	4.09
TOTAL WHO	CSWSC 16.14	18.70	26.20	27.47	33.06	36.34	35.80
WHCSWSC			0.75	A / 7			
Industry*	0.61	0.81	0.75	0.67	0.74	0.80	0.66

*Available total for industrial and commercial consumers.

FIGURE 8

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HISTORIC GROUNDWATER PUMPAGE



YEAR



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YEAR



YEAR

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1986 1985 FIGURE 8 (CONT) HISTORIC GROUNDWATER PUMPAGE IN MDA 31 1984 YEAR 1983 1982 1981 1980 l 12 0 ω თ 0 7 ഗ 4 Э 2 -AVERAGE DAILY PUMPAGE (MGD)



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YEAR



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YEAR

A complete list of industrial and commercial water users within the WHCSWSC service area cannot be compiled, but a list exists of 17 users that have well permits but are neither municipal utility districts nor Of these, six are utilities providing municipal water supply. cities. If eliminated, eleven industries and commercial users remain. these are Water pumpage trends in this group are shown on previously presented Table Pumpage increased from 1980 to 1981, then fell until 1983. In 1984. 5. water pumpage began to increase, and this continued through 1985. In 1986, water use dropped nearly to 1980 levels.

Water Usage in the City of Houston and CWA

City of Houston serves mainly residential The and commercial customers, while CWA supplies raw water to the City of Houston for supplying raw water to the industries along the Ship Channel. Table 6 shows the average daily water demands for the City of Houston and CWA and Figure 9 graphs the total demands of the two entities. During the time frame of Appendix C of the HWMP, 1980 to 1984, the total water billed by the City of Houston and by CWA varied by only 7%, so water demand was fairly steady. Combined demands peaked at 490 MGD in 1982, followed in 1983 by the low value of 453 MGD. Demand began to rise by 1984. When only the City of Houston is considered, the same pattern of increase and decrease is noted as for the combined Houston and CWA usage. However, the decline in demand in 1983 is not so severe. When CWA water demands are examined, a different sequence is observed. Beginning in 1982, demand for CWA declined, leveling off somewhat by 1984.

AVERAGE DAILY WATER USAGE IN HOUSTON, 1980 - 1984

	AVERAGE DAILY USAGE (MGD)						
	1980	<u> 1981 </u>	1982	1983	<u> 1984 </u>		
Houston CWA	271.31 <u>189.96</u>	285.08 202.88	302.96 	287.36 <u>165.68</u>	303.24 164.48		
TOTAL HOUSTON	461.27	487.96	490.30	453.04	467.72		



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It is interesting to compare water demands in the City of Houston with those in the WHCSWSC study area. Since West Harris County has little heavy industry compared to the total Houston system, it might be expected that historic usage in the WHCSWSC area would more closely resemble that of Houston without CWA. A comparison of Figures 6 and 9 and of Tables 5 and 6 shows this to be true. The City of Houston use showed growth in all years except 1983. In the western region, no demand reductions occurred Instead, the WHCSWSC study area shows decreased between 1980 and 1984. demand growth in 1983. With two additional years of data for the WHCSWSC service area, it is seen that in 1986 demand actually decreased by 1.5%. However, over the seven year period, the water demand in the WHCSWSC service area increased an average of 17% annually. The City demand without CWA increased about 2.4% annually, while during the same period total City use increased by only 1% over five years.

From Appendix C of the HWMP it is evident that industrial water use suffered larger declines and experienced less growth than other uses. Although the historical WHCSWSC data on industrial and commercial users is limited, the figures on Table 5 may be compared to the CWA totals on Table 6. It is seen that years of growth and decline coincide until 1984 when CWA use held steady while WHCSWSC demands increased. From these comparisons it is clear that while WHCSWSC water use trends mirror those in Houston to a degree, municipal growth in the western portions of the county is faster and steadier than in the City.

Projected Water Demands

Appendix H of the HWMP and its revisions gives average daily, maximum daily and peak hour water demands for each MDA at ten year intervals from 1990 to 2030. The following describes the process used to calculate projected water demands and compare them to historic data to evaluate their accuracy.

To compute projected demands, the HWMP required three separate steps. First, demand criteria in gallons per capita (or per employee) per day were Inside the City of Houston, billing records for September 1984 determined. through August 1985 were used along with 1985 populations to compute these categories, including single-family residential, criteria for several user multi-family residential. commercial and light industrial, and heavy These demand criteria are not consistent, but vary in each MDA. industrial. Next, demand criteria were assigned to the MDAs outside the city limits based Table 7 summarizes the criteria used for the on similarity of land usage. WHCSWSC MDA's. Finally, the population and employment figures from Appendix D and its revisions were used as the basis of projecting total average daily water demands for each MDA. Maximum daily and peak hour demands were computed by multiplying the average daily demands by the appropriate factors.

In the MDAs outside the city limits, the accuracy of the HWMP projections depends on the assignment of correct demand criteria. Since the WHCSWSC service area is entirely outside of the City of Houston, with the exception of Addicks and Barker Reservoirs, this is an important consideration. The HWMP

DEMAND CRITERIA USED IN WHCSWSC PLANNING AREA

<u>MDA</u>	Single-Family Residential (GPCD)	Multi-Family Residential (GPCD)	Commercial and Light Industrial (GPED)	Heavy Industrial <u>(GPED)</u>
24	105	80	70	3500
25	100	75	70-140*	3500
26	95	75	70-140*	3500
31	105	80	70-140*	3500
32	105	80	70-140*	3500
33	105	80	70	3500

*70 GPCD in 1985, increasing linearly to 140 GPCD in 2030. Reproduced from Appendix H, Table 3-1 of the HWMP. made no comparisons with existing water use for the outer MDAs. Therefore, groundwater pumpage records from 1980 to 1986 were checked against the HWMP projections in this study. Direct comparison of the average daily water demand projections developed in Appendix H of the HWMP with groundwater pumpage records in the WHCSWSC service area is not possible for two reasons. First, four of the MDAs used in the HWMP did not fall completely within the planning boundaries of the WHCSWSC; namely, MDAs 24, 25, 26 and 33. Second, the water useage projections used in the HWMP did not include losses (unaccounted-for water).

Both data inconsistencies were addressed so that the accuracy of the HWMP projections could be checked. In order to apply the water demand projections in Appendix H of the HWMP to the partial MDAs, the total demand for a given MDA was split based on the census tracts shown on previously presented Table 4. For each WHCSWSC MDA, the water demands for the included census tracts were multiplied by the percentage of the tract area in the MDA and added to yield a total MDA water demand. Adjustments were made to the WHCSWSC pumpage data in order to estimate water usage. Billed versus pumped information in 1986 for 79 utility districts in the planning area was obtained from district water plant operators. Average losses of 17% were computed from this data. Groundwater pumpages for the entire study period were reduced by 17% for comparison to the HWMP water usages. Table 8 gives the historic and projected data, while Figure 10 shows it graphically. The historic and projected data overlapped in 1985 and 1986. Table 9 compares the historic usage to the projected for these years. Note that the estimated historic water use is lower than the projected water use in half of the MDAs. This is to be

REVISED DEMANDS HISTORIC AND PROJECTED AVERAGE DAILY WATER USAGE BY MDA

	MDA	24	MDA :	25	MDA 2	26
	HISTORIC	C PROJECTED	HISTORIC	PROJECTED	HISTORIC	PROJECTED
	USAGE	USAGE	USAGE	USAGE	USAGE	USAGE
<u>YEAR</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>
1980	1.47		1.41		2.74	
1981	2.12		1.68		3.12	
1982	3.44		2.42		4.22	
1983	3.59		2.64		4.22	
1984	4.59		3.21		5.12	
1985	4.96	4.38	3.79	5.48	5.64	6.95
1986	5.08	4.38	3.56	5.48	5.53	6.95
1990		4.38		5.48		6.95
1995		5.39		6.52		8.11
2000		6.87		8.00		10.11
2010		9.06		10.85		14.17
2020		9.82		13.37		17.25
2030		9.73		15.24		19.46

	MDA	31	MDA	32	MDA_	33
	HISTORIO	C PROJECTED	HISTORIC	PROJECTED	HISTORIC	PROJECTED
	USAGE	USAGE	USAGE	USAGE	USAGE	USAGE
<u>YEAR</u>	(MGD)	<u>(MGD)</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	(MGD)	(MGD)	<u>(MGD)</u>
1980	4.57		1.68		1.52	
1981	5.14		1.93		1.53	
1982	7.02		2.48		2.17	
1983	7.37		2.65		2.34	
1984	8.53		3.25		2.74	
1985	9.40	8.37	3.49	4.09	2.90	2.99
1986	8.62	8.37	3.53	4.09	3.39	2.99
1990		8.37		4.09		2.99
1995		11.32		5.64		3.61
2000		16.43		7.51		4.84
2010		27.26		11.84		7.41
2020		37.77		16.61		9.68
2030		48.22		21.70		11.22

NOTE: 1. Historic water usages computed based on average 1986 losses. 1986 projected usages determined by straight-line interpolation.

2. Projected water usages computed were based on the HWMP's February 1988 revisions.

FIGURE IO AVERAGE WATER USAGE IN MDA 24W HISTORIC AND PROJECTED



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AVERAGE DAILY USAGE (MGD)

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COMPARISON OF HISTORIC TO PROJECTED WATER USE, 1985 - 1986 (AVERAGE DAILY USAGE)

I	ACTUA HISTORIC US	L DIFFEREN SE FROM PRO	CE IN DJECTED USE	PERCE HISTORIC	NT DIFFERE	NCE IN OJECTED USE
<u>MDA</u>	1985	(MGD) <u>1986</u>	AVG	<u>1985</u>	1986	AVG
24W	0.58	0.70	0.64	13.1	16.0	14.5
25W	-1.69	-1.92	-1.80	-30.8	-35.0	-32.9
26W	-1.31	-1.42	-1.36	-18.9	-20.4	-19.65
31	1.03	0.25	0.64	12.3	3.0	7.6
32	-0.60	-0.56	-0.58	-14.8	-13.7	-14.3
33W	-0.09	0.40	0.16	-3.1	13.4	5.2

(-) Negative number indicates historic usage less than projected usage.

expected, considering that pumpage from wells smaller than six inches in diameter, agricultural wells, and commercial wells with annual pumpage less than three million gallons was excluded. Three MDAs have estimated water usage greater than projected, but the differences are small, 0.1 to 0.5 mgd, on the average. Examination of the graphs in Figure 10 reveals that the HWMP projections appear to be reasonable extensions of the historic water use. It should be mentioned that a best-fit line passed through the plot of historic data would fall above the HWMP projections for all MDAs except MDA 32 and 33W. In other words, the HWMP predicts rates of water demand growth slower than the historic rates for MDAs 24W, 25W, 26W, and 31. However, the estimated historic water usage data supports the HWMP projections overall and justifies the use of the higher growth scenario as presented in Appendix D of the HWMP and its revisions. This also indicates that demand criteria were accurately assigned to the six WHCSWSC MDAs and that the supply system for the area may safely be planned using the HWMP water demand projections and its recent February 1988 revisions.

Using computed demands for residential, commercial and industrial user categories, the HWMP presents per capita average daily demands. These were obtained by dividing total demand for a category by total population in the eight county study area. Although they were not used by the HWMP to calculate total demands, it is interesting to consider them. For residential and commercial demands combined, per capita demands of 140-146 GPCD were reported. When industrial water demands were included, per capita figures rose to 243-254 GPCD. However, these amounts apply to a large region, not specifically to any area.

Per capita figures were computed for each of the six MDAs overlapping the WHCSWSC study area throughout the study period. This was accomplished by dividing the total MDA average daily demand by its projected population. The results are given on Table 10. Note that since the HWMP does not provide a breakdown of total demand by user categories, only the total per capita demand could be computed. These average 121-145 GPCD, lower than the total per capita demands computed by the HWMP and somewhat lower than even the combined residential and commercial per capita demands given by the HWMP. Since there is not a great deal of heavy industry in the WHCSWSC supply area, the per capita values would not be expected to be as high as the totals including industrial for the entire eight county region.

The HWMP used maximum day demands to size required water treatment and transmission systems and average daily demand for water supply systems. The WHCSWSC study will use the same criterion. Projected maximum daily demands for the study period are found in Table 11. The maximum demands for the four partial MDAs were computed by adding the maximum daily demands of the included census tracts. The HWMP computed the maximum daily demands for each tract by multiplying the average daily demand for each census tract by a peak day factor. This factor was constant for each individual MDA and varied between MDAs depending on the amount of the average daily demand for the entire MDA. The source of the peak day factor was a regression curve based on data from numerous cities and utility districts, which showed that the peak day factor decreases with increasing average daily demand. In the WHCSWSC study area, this factor ranges from about 1.6 to 2.0, decreasing through time. For

COMPUTATION OF AVERAGE DAILY PER CAPITA DEMANDS

	<u>MDA 24</u>	<u>MDA 25</u>	<u>MDA 26</u>	<u>MDA 31</u>	<u>MDA 32</u>	<u>MDA 33</u>	TOTAL
1985							
Avg. Daily Use	24	5.8	11	8	4	3	56.4
Population	190693	25292	93899	68466	32630	30096	441076
Per Capita Use	123	228	120	122	125	110	128
1990							
Avg. Daily Use	27	6.9	13	11	6	4	68.1
Population	240618	36843	114334	86863	44183	38741	561582
Per Capita Use	113	186	112	130	127	104	121
2000							
Avg. Daily Use	32	8.4	15	16	8	5	84.8
Population	273521	49179	138493	125432	58261	51811	696697
Per Capita Use	115	171	111	130	128	104	122
2010							
Avg. Daily Use	38	11.4	21	27	12	8	117.7
Population	325229	71697	185084	204426	89031	79448	954915
Per Capita Use	117	158	110	133	132	105	123
2020							
Avg. Daily Use	42	14.0	24	38	17	11	145.4
Population	348213	88955	216103	274051	118540	104148	1150010
Per Capita Use	119	157	112	137	140	105	126
2030							
Avg. Daily Use	43	16.0	27	48	22	13	168 3
Population	348653	97753	233035	331963	145193	121519	1278116
Per Capita Use	122	164	115	145	149	106	132
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<u>TABLE 11</u>

PROJECTED MAXIMUM DAILY WATER USAGE BY MDA

<u>MDA</u>	<u>1985</u>	<u>1990</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2030</u>
24W	7.52	7.52	11.82	15.60	16.90	16.73
25W	10.52	10.52	15.37	20.16	24.19	27.58
26W	12.48	12.48	18.18	24.80	29.55	33.31
31	16.05	16.05	2 8 .77	46.88	64.96	79.70
32	8.34	8.34	14.41	21.96	30.09	38.18
33W	_6.12	6.12	<u>9.51</u>	<u>14.25</u>	<u>18.03</u>	<u>20.33</u>
TOTAL WHCSWSC	61.03	61.03	98.06	143.65	183.72	215.83

MAXIMUM DAILY USAGE (MGD)

instance, in MDA 24W, the average daily demands computed remain relatively steady throughout the study period, and the peak day factor stays about 1.7. In MDA 31, where explosive growth was predicted, the peak day factor decreases from 1.9 to 1.6 from 1985 to 2030. It is important to observe that even the lowest peak day factor results in a maximum day water supply that is more than adequate to meet average daily demands plus estimated losses of 15% to 20%.

Overall, the estimated historic water usage data supports the HWMP projections and its revisions. Therefore, planning for the WHCSWSC supply system utilized the HWMP projections of maximum daily water usage.

3.0 SURFACE WATER SUPPLY

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3.0 SURFACE WATER SUPPLY

Area River Basins

Numerous surface water supply sources are potentially available for use by the WHCSWSC. Three river basins: namely, the Brazos River Basin, the Trinity River Basin and the San Jacinto River Basin; along with two coastal basins, the Trinity-San Jacinto Coastal Basin and the San Jacinto-Brazos Coastal Basin, are in close proximity to the planning area as shown on Figure 11. The WHCSWSC planning area is located within the San Jacinto River Basin which is situated in the upper Gulf Coast region. The San Jacinto River Basin is bounded on the north and northeast by the Trinity River Basin and on the southeast by the Trinity-San Jacinto Coastal Basin. The San Jacinto-Brazos Coastal Basin borders the basin on the south, and on the west it is bordered by the Brazos River Basin. The major rivers and reservoirs within these basins are shown on Figure 12.

San Jacinto River Basin

The San Jacinto River Basin is approximately 85 miles long with an average width of 50 miles. In Harris County, the east and west forks of the river converge to form Lake Houston. The San Jacinto River discharges into the upstream end of the Houston Ship Channel. The total drainage area of the San Jacinto River Basin is approximately 5600 square miles.



FIGURE 12



Physical and chemical quality of the water within the basin is quite good based on water quality characteristics of the two existing reservoirs, Lake Conroe and Lake Houston. As the San Jacinto River flows downward to the Ship Channel, the water quality is poorer due to industrial and sewage treatment plant discharges. The San Jacinto River Authority (SJRA) is a co-owner of Lake Conroe along with the City of Houston and the Texas Water Development Board. The SJRA also owns water rights in Lake Houston equal to the low flow yield of the San Jacinto River at the Lake Houston dam site prior to its construction in 1952. The City of Houston owns and operates Lake Houston. The two existing reservoirs, Lake Conroe and Lake Houston, have an available yield of 100,600 acre-feet (90 MGD) and 199,300 acre-feet (178 MGD) respectively. Table 12 is a summary of water rights and available water in the San Jacinto River Basin. One additional smaller reservoir, Lake Creek, is proposed south of Lake Conroe with an estimated safe yield of approximately 55,100 acre-feet per year (48 MGD).

Trinity River Basin

The Trinity River Basin covers all or parts of 37 counties including the Dallas-Fort Worth area. The total drainage area of the basin is approximately 18,000 square miles. Bedias Creek and the Trinity River converge to form Lake Livingston, approximately 50 miles north of the City of Houston. The general overall quality of water in the Trinity River Basin is good. The quality of water in Lake Livingston has been a concern in the past because of the effluent dominated upstream watercourses; however,

SAN JACINTO RIVER BASIN WATER RIGHTS AND AVAILABLE WATER

	TOTAL PERMITS <u>(MGD)</u>	ALLOCATED _(MGD)_	UNCOMMITT	AVAILAB ED YIELD (MGD)_	LE
Lake Conroe	90				
City of Houston		59	0	59	00
SJRA		22	9	31	90
Lake Houston	199				
City of Houston		150	0	129*	170
SJRA		49	0	49	1/8
				268 MC	5D

*Estimated safe yield.

measures are underway to improve the river basin quality through improvements to area wastewater treatment plants. The southern portion of the Trinity River Basin is affected by salt water intrusion from the Gulf of Mexico during periods of low flow. Flushing water is periodically released from Lake Livingston to minimize this problem. The Trinity River Authority (TRA) owns 30% of the water rights in Lake Livingston with the City of Houston owning the remaining 70%.

Lake Livingston total storage capacity is 1,750,000 acre-feet (1563 MGD) with a safe yield of approximately 1,538,000 acre-feet (1374 MGD). The actual available yield for municipal use is complicated due to fixed downstream water rights obtained prior to construction of the reservoir in 1968 and the need to release water to control upstream salt water intrusion during periods when water is being withdrawn from the reservoir for irrigation. Table 13 is a summary of water rights and available water in the Trinity River Basin. Two smaller reservoirs are proposed in the area - Bedias Reservoir with an estimated yield of 109,758 acre-feet (98 MGD) and Wallisville Reservoir with an estimated yield of up to 320 MGD.

<u>TABLE 13</u>

TRINITY RIVER BASIN WATER RIGHTS AND AVAILABLE WATER

	TOTAL PERMITS <u>(MGD)</u>	ALLOCATED _(MGD)_	SALTWATE INTRUSIO CONTROL (MGD)	ER N UNCOMMITTI _(MGD)_	AVAILABLE ED YIELD _(MGD)_
Lake Livingston	1,374				
City of Houston		806	-126	0	680 *
TRA		314	-54	0	260 *
Downstream Commit	ments				
Dayton Canal Compa	iny	35	0	0	35
Chambers-Liberty Co Navigation District).	127	0	0	127
Denvers Canal System	m	52	0	0	52
Barbers Hill Canal		40	0	0	_40_
					1194

*A combined total of 180 MGD is required to control saltwater intrusion.
Brazos River Basin

The Brazos River Basin is the second largest river basin in the state with a total drainage area of 45,573 square miles. The basin is over 600 miles long and varies in width from 110 miles around Waco to only about 1 mile at its mouth at the Gulf of Mexico. The quality of water in the Brazos River Basin varies considerably along the extent of the basin. Currently. there are no existing reservoirs adjacent to the WHCSWSC study area. Future plans call for a proposed reservoir on the Navasota River, Lake Safe yield of Lake Millican has been estimated to be 252,000 Millican. acre-feet (225 MGD). Allen's Creek Reservoir, originally proposed by HL&P as a cooling water supply, is also planned on the Brazos River. This smaller reservoir will have an estimated safe yield of 75,000 acre-feet (67 MGD). The Brazos River Authority (BRA) has permits for the diversion of 236,936 acre-feet (212 MGD) from the Brazos River through two canals called Canal A and Canal B. Municipal, industrial and irrigation commitments total 164 MGD, leaving 48 MGD presently uncommitted.

The BRA has recently made a offer to the WHCSWSC for a permanent average daily supply of water from the Brazos River Basin totaling approximately 133 MGD by the year 2030. The BRA offer consists of the complete yield from the proposed Allen's Creek Reservoir, uncommitted water presently existing in the Brazos River Basin, recaptured water from H.L. & P. and partial yield from the proposed South Bend Reservoir. Refer to Attachment 4 for details on the mentioned BRA offer.

WHCSWSC's Northeast Supply System

Northeast Water Purification Plant

The City of Houston has indicated that their intentions are to build a Northeast Water Purification Plant. The proposed location for the plant will be adjacent to existing Lake Houston near the proposed Beltway 8. Raw water supply for this plant will be from Lake Houston, supplemented by water from the Trinity and Sabine River Basins as outlined in the HWMP. The HWMP presents two "eastern water" and one "western water" alternative to be considered for development of a future water supply for the City of Houston. In these alternatives, the ultimate capacity of a Northeast Water Treatment Plant ranges from 625 MGD maximum day capacity (eastern alternative) to 425 MGD maximum day capacity (western alternative). The WHCSWSC will present its surface water demand to the City of Houston which if appropriate may size the Northeast Water Purification Plant to accommodate this requirement.

WHCSWSC's Southwest Supply System

Brazos River

The headwaters of the Brazos River originate in New Mexico at an elevation of approximately 4,700 feet above mean sea level. From there, the river travels approximately 800 miles in a southeast direction to empty into the Gulf of Mexico near Freeport. The Brazos River is the only existing surface water source in close proximity to the WHCSWSC study area. Advantages of utilizing this source is that major conveyance systems can be eliminated and pumping across the City from east side treatment plants can be reduced.

Brazos River Authority Canals

The Brazos River Authority (BRA) owns and operates a dual canal system which flows southeast through Fort Bend County to Galveston and Brazoria Counties. Canal A draws water from the Brazos River near Fulshear through a 353 MGD capacity pumping station. From there, water flows through Jones and Oyster Creeks to just south of River Bend where it is pumped into the System A canal. Canal B draws water from the Brazos River six miles west of Arcola through a 302 MGD capacity pump station. Water then flows southeast along Highway 6. Canals A and B are interconnected at two locations, the first near Manvel and the second west of Santa Fe. Canal B presently supplies the Galveston County Water Authority's reservoir and 16 MGD treatment plant. The

BRA has permits for the diversion of 212 MGD from the Brazos River into these canals. Municipal, industrial and irrigation commitments total 164 MGD leaving 48 MGD available for use. The Galveston County Water Authority is in the process of purchasing Canals A and B from the BRA. Acquisition of these canals should be complete in 1-1/2 to 2 years.

Allen's Creek Reservoir

Allen's Creek is a reservoir originally proposed by Houston Lighting and Power to supply cooling water for a proposed power plant. The proposed location of the reservoir is approximately 25 miles west of Houston with an estimated yield of 70,000 acre-feet (63 MGD). Water rights and property for the reservoir have been purchased by HL&P; however, a re-evaluation of future power needs in the service area has postponed indefinitely the project and enabled this proposed reservoir to become a potential surface water source.

Under contracts which have been in place for several years, the Brazos River Authority has committed a substantial amount of water to HL&P that can be diverted from the Brazos River at any desired location downstream of the mouth of the Navasota River. Much of this water was to be used as make-up water for the planned Allen's Creek Reservoir. HL&P, after re-evaluation of area power needs, has recently offered the BRA a proposal including both the Allen's Creek Reservoir site along with the opportunity to recapture up to 87,400 acre-feet (78 MGD) of water presently contracted to HL&P from Lake Limestone. The opportunity to recapture this water now committed to HL&P and

to acquire the Allen's Creek reservoir site, places the BRA in a position to offer a permanent average daily raw water supply of Brazos River water up to an estimated 150,000 acre-feet (133 MGD). Of the estimated 150,000 acre-feet (133 MGD), approximately 75,000 acre-feet (67 MGD) is available for immediate diversion from the Brazos River; 45,000 acre-feet (40 MGD) available upon completion of the Allen's Creek Reservoir and 30,000 acre-feet (27 MGD) available upon construction of South Bend Reservoir. This offer by BRA will provide an ample supply of water for the Southwest System for all of the service area alternatives that will be investigated later in this appendix.

Southwest Water Purification Plant

The HWMP includes a proposed location of a Southwest Water Purification Plant would be in the vicinity of Highway 6 and U.S. Highway 90A near the Fort Bend-Harris County line. This plant would treat raw water taken from the Brazos River and/or the BRA canal system. The HWMP gives an estimated ultimate capacity of the plant as 100 MGD. Fin2l ultimate capacity of the plant could be as much as 200 MGD depending on negotiations with the Brazos River Authority and/or the Galveston County Water Authority. Early indications from the WHCSWSC study shows that the southwest plant should be located south of F.M. 1093 and north of the Brazos River.

North Supply System

Trinity/Brazos/San Jacinto River Supply

This supply system consists of surface water from the Trinity, Brazos and San Jacinto River Basins. The development of two water supply sources, Lake Millican and Bedias Reservoir, would be a vital part of this supply system along with conveyance systems from these sources to Lake Conroe. Present available uncommitted water at the Lake Conroe is 9 MGD. Evaluation of the North Water Supply System will be accomplished under Phase III of this study which will allow the City of Houston time to decide if a western alternative is to be selected for the HWMP.

Northwest Water Purification Plant

Upon selection of a western alternative and development of Lake Millican and Bedias Reservoir and conveyance systems to Lake Conroe, the City of Houston proposes construction of a Northwest Water Purification Plant. The proposed location of this plant would be just south of Lake Conroe from which it will get its raw water supply. Preliminary sizing of this plant as presented in the HWMP is 350 MGD at ultimate capacity.

4.0 ALTERNATE SERVICE AREAS

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4.0 ALTERNATE SERVICE AREAS

Approach and Methods

This section examines the possibilities for supplying the WHCSWSC study area with surface water from the sources discussed in Section 3.0. Several alternative service areas are proposed, and each is evaluated in terms of water demand versus supply and the possibility of meeting the conversion schedule as outlined in the HGCSD Plan. The alternates will be further tested for economic feasibility in Appendix IV of this study.

All three water supply scenarios considered by the HWMP include the Northeast Water Purification Plant (NEWPP) at Lake Houston and the Southwest Water Purification Plant (SWWPP) near the Brazos River. Only one, the western alternative, proposes a water treatment facility at Lake Conroe, the Northwest Water Purification Plant (NWWPP). Since the SWWPP and the NEWPP are included in all scenarios of the HWMP, they are used in four of the five alternates addressed in this study. The North Supply System can only be used if Houston elects to bring water from the west, and is included in only one alternate.

Evaluation of the adequacy of surface water supplies is based on the minimum surface water required to meet the HGCSD conversion goals, not the full maximum daily requirements. It is unlikely that surface water conversion will take place before the HGCSD target dates unless water production problems

The surface water required by the HGCSD conversion plan was calculated as First, the total service area demands were broken out by HGCSD follows. regulatory area by adding census tract demands as described above. Since only extremely small portions of regulatory areas three and six are included in the study area, they were lumped with areas four and seven, respectively. Next, for each regulatory area, the amount needed at the conversion date, 80% of the total average daily demand, was computed. Next 80% of the total average daily water demand was multiplied by the appropriate peak day factor ranging from 1.6 to 1.7 to determine maximum daily demands. The regulatory areas will not be required to increase surface water usage unless another conversion date is reached, so the previously calculated amount was maintained until that time or the end of the study in year 2030. When the totals for all regulatory areas in a service area were added at each conversion date, a stair-step pattern was Note that at no time does the required surface water total 80% of revealed. the total for a service area, since regulatory areas do not have the same conversion dates.

The HGCSD plan ends at 2020, with the latest conversion date at 2015, while the WHCSWSC investigated conditions to 2030. It is probable that as subsidence trends become better known, the HGCSD will extend its surface water conversion plan, adding conversion dates beyond 2015. The only regulatory area currently not required to utilize surface water is area eight. For purposes of computing surface water requirements in 2030, it was assumed in this study that area eight will be given a conversion requirement of 80% in that year.

Alternate Service Areas

Five alternate service areas are detailed below. Two criteria are applied First, the supply is compared to the HGCSD surface water to each. Second, consideration is given to requirements at each conversion date. whether the water sources will be available in time to meet the conversion Three tables are provided for reference in this section. Table 14 dates. gives total maximum daily usage for both systems in each alternate. Table 15 details the calculation of surface water requirements described above, and Table 16 summarizes this information. It should be noted that both the water supply available and the water demands projected have been shown in maximum daily units for consistency. This should not be interpreted to mean the water supplies needed will be based on maximum daily demands.

Alternate No. 1

In Alternate 1, the portion of the WHCSWSC planning area south of U.S. 290 would be served by the Southwest Supply System, while the remainder of the planning area would be supplied from the Northeast Supply System. Figure 13 shows the service area boundaries for this alternate.

The HGCSD minimum maximum daily surface water requirements on Table 16 reveals that the City of Houston will require 65 MGD from the Southwest System in 1995. WHCSWSC has no mandate in 1995. In the year 2000, the Southwest System will require a total of 106 MGD, or 90 MGD for Houston and 16 MGD for the WHCSWSC. In the year 2030, the Southwest System will



require a total of 187 MGD, or 101 MGD for Houston and 86 MGD for the WHCSWSC. The BRA offer made to the WHCSWSC of 133 MGD of average daily supply (226 MGD maximum daily) is adequate to supply the needs for Alternate No. 1 throughout the planning period (2030).

The Northeast Supply System has three conversion dates for this alternate: 2005, 2010 and 2030. At the first conversion date of 2005, 10 MGD will be required. Beginning in 2010, 36 MGD will be needed, remaining constant until 2030. At that time it is considered that HGCSD regulatory area eight will require conversion to surface water, increasing the Northeast System requirements to 44 MGD.

Alternate No. 2

In Alternate 2, the portion of the WHCSWSC planning area south of F.M. 529 from the western boundary of Harris County to Highway 6, then northeast along Highway 6 to U.S. 290 would be served by the Southwest Supply System, while the remainder of the planning area would be supplied from the Northeast Supply System. Figure 14 shows the service area boundaries for this alternate.

The HGCSD minimum maximum daily surface water requirements on Table 16 reveals that the City of Houston will require 65 MGD from the Southwest System in 1995.

WHCSWSC has no mandate in 1995. In the year 2000, the Southwest System will require a total of 106 MGD, or 90 MGD for Houston and 16 MGD for the WHCSWSC. In the year 2030, the Southwest System will require a total of 187 MGD, or 101 MGD for Houston and 86 MGD for the WHCSWSC. As in Alternate No. 1, the BRA offer will be sufficient to meet the 2030 demands.

The Northeast Supply System has three conversion dates for this alternate: 2005, 2010 and 2030. At the first conversion date of 2005, 10 MGD will be required. Beginning in 2010, 42 MGD will be needed, remaining constant until 2030. At that time it is considered that HGCSD regulatory area eight will require conversion to surface water, increasing the Northeast System requirements to 54 MGD.

Alternate No. 3

In Alternate 3, the portion of the WHCSWSC planning area south of Clay Road would be served by the Southwest Supply System, while the remainder of the planning area would be supplied from the Northeast Supply System. Figure 15 shows the service area boundaries for this alternate.



The HGCSD minimum surface water requirements on Table 16 reveals that the City of Houston will require 65 MGD from the Southwest System in 1995. WHCSWSC has no mandate in 1995. In the year 2000, the Southwest System will require a total of 106 MGD, or 90 MGD for Houston and 16 MGD for the WHCSWSC. The Southwest System average daily yield of 133 MGD (226 MGD maximum daily) would be adequate throughout the planning period (2030), when 177 MGD of maximum daily surface water would be required. Of this total, 101 MGD would be used by the City of Houston, while WHCSWSC would need 76 MGD. As in previous alternatives, the BRA proposal is sufficient to meet the Southwest System demands.

The Northeast Supply System has four conversion dates for this alternate: 2000, 2005, 2010 and 2030. The earliest conversion date is 2000, when 0.4 MGD would be necessary for a portion of HGCSD regulatory area four. At the next conversion date of 2005, 10 MGD would be required. Beginning in 2010, 65 MGD would be needed, remaining constant until 2030. At that time it is considered that HGCSD regulatory area eight will require conversion to surface water, increasing the Northeast System requirements to 91 MGD.

<u>Alternate No. 4</u>

In Alternate 4, the portion of the WHCSWSC planning area south of I.H. 10 would be served by the Southwest Supply System, while the remainder of the planning area would be supplied from the Northeast Supply System.





of the planning area would be supplied from the North Supply System. Figure 17 shows the service area boundaries for this alternate. Using these boundaries, 30% of the total WHCSWSC maximum daily demand is located in the Southwest Service area throughout the study period.

The HGCSD minimum surface water requirements on Table 16 reveals that the City of Houston will require 65 MGD from the Southwest System in 1995. WHCSWSC has no mandate in 1995. In the year 2000, the Southwest System will require a total of 106 MGD, or 90 MGD for Houston and 16 MGD for the WHCSWSC. The Southwest System average daily yield of 133 MGD (226 MGD maximum daily) would be adequate through 2030, when 141 MGD of surface water would be required. Of this total, 101 MGD would be used by the City of Houston, while WHCSWSC would need 40 MGD. As in the previous alternatives, the BRA offer is sufficient to meet the Southwest System needs.

The North Supply System has four conversion dates for this alternate: 2000, 2005, 2010 and 2030. The earliest conversion date is 2000, when 0.4 MGD would be necessary for a portion of HGCSD regulatory area four. At the next conversion date of 2005, 10 MGD would be required. Beginning in 2010, 65 MGD would be needed, remaining constant until 2030. At that time it is considered that HGCSD regulatory area eight will require conversion to surface water, increasing the North System requirements to 91 MGD.

TABLE 14

MAXIMUM DAILY WATER DEMANDS BY ALTERNATE

	CITY OF						
	HOUSTON	WHCSWSC	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL		
	SOUTHWEST	SOUTHWEST	SOUTHWEST	NORTHEAST*	ALL AREAS		
<u>YEAR</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	<u>(MGD)</u>	(MGD)	<u>(MGD)</u>		
ALTERN	ATE 1 - BOUN	NDARY AT U.S	. 290				
1985	99.59	35.96	135.55	25.10	160.65		
1990	99.59	35.96	135.55	25.10	160.65		
1995	108.36	45.83	154.19	29.18	183.37		
2000	117.37	61.25	178.62	36.81	215.42		
2005	126.38	76.66	203.04	44.43	247.47		
2010	131.37	91.82	223.19	51.78	274.96		
2012	133.37	97.88	231.25	54.71	285.96		
2020	139.17	119.97	259.14	63.97	323.11		
2030	144.18	142.83	287.01	72.93	359.94		
ALTERNATE 2 - BOUNDARY AT F.M. 529							
1985	99.59	34.10	133.69	26.96	160.65		
1990	99.59	34.10	133.69	26.96	160.65		
1995	108.36	42.28	150.64	32.74	183.38		
2000	117.37	55.96	173.33	42.10	215.43		
2005	126.38	69.64	196.02	51.45	247.47		
2010	131.37	82.63	214.00	60.97	274.97		
2012	133.37	87.83	221.20	64.77	285.97		
2020	139.17	106.04	245.21	77.60	322.81		
2030	144.18	124.01	268.19	91.74	359.93		
ALTERN	ATE 3 OR 5 -	BOUNDARY A	AT CLAY ROA	D			
1985	99.59	17.95	117.54	43.10	160.64		
1990	99.59	17.95	117.54	43.10	160.64		
1995	108.36	22.37	130.73	55.66	183.39		
2000	117.37	29.64	147.01	68.43	215.43		
2005	126.38	36.90	163.28	84.19	247.47		
2010	131.37	44.12	175.49	99.48	274.97		
2012	133.37	47.01	180.38	105.59	285.97		
2020	139.17	56.56	195.73	127.08	322.81		
2030	144.18	65.61	209.79	150.15	359.94		
ALTERNATE 4 - BOUNDARY AT THE 10							
1985	99.59	12.33	111.92	48.73	160.65		
1990	99.59	12.33	111.92	48.73	160.65		
1995	108.36	14.73	123.09	60.30	183.39		
2000	117.37	19.21	136.58	78.85	215.43		
2005	126.38	23.69	150.07	97.40	247.47		
2010	131.37	27.34	156.71	116.25	274.96		
2012	133.37	28.80	162.17	123.79	285.96		
2020	139.17	32.94	172.11	150.70	322.81		
2030	144.18	35.45	179.63	180.30	359.93		

*In Alternate 5, the Northeast System is replaced by the North System.

TABLE 15 (Cont'd)

SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS PER HGCSD PLAN TOTAL WHCSWSC (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)

Pequiatory		ALTERN	ALTERNATE 3 OR 5 - SUPPLY TO CLAY ROAD				
Area	<u>1985</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2030</u>		
SOUTHWEST SYST	ЕМ						
4	0.00	15.74	15.74	15.74	15.74		
8	<u>0.00</u>	0.00	0.00	0.00	<u>23.06</u>		
SOUTHWEST TOTA	AL 0.00	15.74	15.74	15.74	38.79		
NORTHEAST SYST	Ъ						
4	0.00	0.41	0.41	0.41	0.41		
6	0.00	0.00	9.66	9.66	9.66		
7	0.00	0.00	0.00	55.14	55.14		
8	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	<u>26.09</u>		
NORTHEAST TOTAL0.00		0.41	10.06	65.21	91.30		
	—						
ALT. No. 3 OR 5 TOTAL	0.00	16.14	25.80	80.94	130.09		
		ALTERN	ATE 4 - SUPP	LY TO I.H. 10			
Regulatory		Surf	face Water (MG	D)			
Area	<u>1985</u>	<u>2000</u>	2005	2010	<u>2030</u>		
SOUTHWEST SYST	ΈM						
4	0.00	12.49	12.49	12.49	12.49		
8	<u>0.00</u>	0.00	0.00	0.00	<u>7.30</u>		
SOUTHWEST TOTA	AL 0.00	12.49	12.49	12.49	19.79		
NORTHEAST SYST	TEM						
4	0.00	3.66	3.66	3.66	3.66		
6	0.00	0.00	9.66	9.66	9.66		
7	0.00	0.00	0.00	55.14	55.14		
8	<u>0.00</u>	0.00	0.00	0.00	<u>47.12</u>		
NORTHEAST TOT	AL0.00	3.66	13.31	68.46	110.30		
ALT. No. 4 TOTAL	0.00	16.14	<u> </u>	80 94	130.09		

TABLE 16

(MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)						
	CITY OF					
	HOUSTON	WHCSWSC	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL	
<u>YEAR</u>	<u>Southwest</u>	<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	<u>SOUTHWEST</u>	NORTHEAST*	<u>ALL AREAS</u>	
ALTER!	NATE 1 - BOU	NDARY AT U.S	<u>. 290</u>			
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27	
2000	89.82	16.14	105.96	0.00	105.96	
2005	89.82	16.14	105.96	9.66	115.62	
2010	89.82	44.76	134.58	36.18	170.76	
2012	101.17	44.76	145.93	36.18	182.11	
2020	101.17	44.76	145.93	36.18	182.11	
2030**	101.17	86.25	187.42	43.85	231.27	
ALTERNATE 2 - BOUNDARY AT EM 529						
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27	
2000	89.82	16.14	105.96	0.00	105.96	
2005	89.82	16.14	105.96	9.66	115.62	
2010	89.82	39.25	129.07	41.69	170,76	
2012	101.17	39.25	140.42	41.69	182.11	
2020	101.17	39.25	140.42	41.69	182.11	
2030**	101.17	76.29	177.46	53.80	231.26	
ALTERNATE 3 OR 5 - BOUNDARY AT CLAY ROAD						
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1 9 95	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27	
2000	89.82	15.74	105.56	0.41	105.97	
2005	89.82	15.74	105.56	10.06	115.62	
2010	89.82	15.74	105.56	65.21	170.77	
2012	101.17	15.74	116.91	65.21	182.12	
2020	101.17	15.74	116.91	65.21	182.12	
2030**	101.17	38.79	139.96	91.30	231.26	
ALTER	NATE 4 - BOU	NDARY AT I.H.	10			
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27	
2000	89.82	12.49	102.31	3.66	105.97	
2005	89.82	12.49	102.31	13.31	115.62	
2010	89.82	12.49	102.31	68.46	170.77	
2012	101.17	12.49	113.66	68.46	182.12	
2020	101.17	12.49	113.66	68.46	182.12	
2030**	101.17	19.79	120.96	110.30	231.26	

SUMMARY OF SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS BY ALTERNATE PER HGCSD REQUIREMENTS (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)

*In Alternate 5, the Northeast System is replaced by the North System.

******Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District plan for surface water use ends at 2020. Required surface water for 2030 was estimated assuming that Area 8 will be required to convert to 80% surface water in that year.

Comparison of Alternates

In this section, the five alternates will be compared on the basis of the previous discussion. No alternates will be eliminated, since only the questions of supply versus required surface water and timing of water availability have been considered. However, general conclusions can be made after this preliminary investigation.

Total Maximum Daily Demands

An examination of the total maximum daily water demands on Table 14 Three factors remain constant for each reveals several things. alternate. First, the City of Houston Southwest service area total demand increases from about 100 MGD in 1985 to 146 MGD in 2030. Second, the total WHCSWSC demand grows from 61 MGD to 230 MGD during the study Third, for all areas combined, the total demand is 161 MGD in period. 1985 and 377 MGD in 2030. The variable figures are the WHCSWSC portion of the Southwest System and the Northeast or North maximum daily water demands, which depend on the placement of the service area boundaries. For Alternate 1, the Southwest service area contains most of the total WHCSWSC demand, and the percentage increases throughout the study period. The reverse is true of Alternate 4, in which the Northeast service area holds an increasing majority of the total demand. For Alternates 2, 3 and 5, the demand split remains fairly constant during the period of interest. A summary of the demand proportions is found in Table 17.

<u>TABLE 17</u>

COMPARISON OF ALTERNATES

	ALTERNATE					
	1	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	
Southwest Demand (% of Total WHCSWSC)	59-66*	57	30	20-16*	30	
Northeast or North Demand (% of Total WHCSWSC)	41-34*	43	70	80-84*	70	
Year Southwest Supply** Deficit Begins	2012	2030	None	None	None	
Southwest Supply Surplus (Deficit) Year 2030 (MGD)	39	49	86	105	86	
Year of First Southwest Conversion	1995	1995	1995	1995	1995	
Amount of First Southwest Conversion (MGD)	65	65	65	65	65	
Year of First Northeast or North Conversion	2005	2005	2000	2000	2000	
Amount of First Northeast or North Conversion (MGD)	10	10	0.4	4	0.4	

*1985 Percentage Increasing or Decreasing to 2030 Percentage.

**Based on an Available Southwest Supply of 133 MGD (Average Daily Demand) (226 MGD Maximum Daily Demand)

All Demands are Based on Maximum Daily Requirements.

Total Available Surface Water Supply

All considerations of supply adequacy were based on the minimum surface water required to meet the HGCSD conversion plan, previously shown on Table 15. As opposed to the total maximum daily demands, the minimum requirements climb in a stair-step fashion rather than linearly. However, the minimum requirements for the City of Houston Southwest Supply System, the total for the WHCSWSC supply area and the overall totals do not vary by alternate.

The total maximum daily treated surface water supply available from the SWWPP is assumed to be 226 MGD. This is based on an maximum average daily supply of 133 MGD of raw water supply from the BRA offer. As shown above, the Southwest Supply System is sufficient to meet the ultimate (2030) surface water demands as projected in all five of the alternatives. As a result, the available Southwest surface water supply will not be the controlling factor in determining which service area alternate is chosen.

Feasibility of Meeting HGCSD Plan

Some consideration must be given to the timing of the availability of the surface water and whether it would be possible to meet the HGCSD conversion plan with the five alternatives. In the Southwest service area, the first conversion requires 65 MGD in 1995. This is the same for all alternates since the area which is required to convert to surface water is in HGCSD regulatory area three in the City of Houston. It may be estimated that the SWWPP will take around six years to bring on-line from design to completion; therefore it is possible to meet the first Southwest conversion date of 1995.

Timing issues are more complex in the North and Northeast service areas. The first conversion date is either 2000 or 2005. Alternates 1 and 2 both require about 10 MGD at 2005. Alternates 3 and 5 call for 0.4 MGD in 2000, and Alternate 4 requires 4 MGD at the same date. The quantities of surface water needed in 2000 or 2005 for any alternate are small. In addition, the regulatory area using surface water at these dates is area four, which is in the most southern part of the service area. It is likely that this regulatory area would be supplied from the Southwest Supply System until 2005 or 2010, when most of the northern area will then convert to surface water. If the NEWPP is completed in six years, it seems certain that water could be provided by either 2000 or 2005, so the early conversion dates could be met from either system. The WHCSWSC has

been asked to provide the City with an amount of surface water needed from the NEWPP so that it can be designed for the additional capacity. As shown in Table 16, the amount of surface water required from the proposed Northeast Plant would be approximately 35 MGD to 40 MGD by 2010 if Alternate 1 or Alternate 2 is chosen, and 65 to 70 MGD if one of the other alternates is considered. While the NEWPP can be completed in time to provide these substantial water requirements, it is not clear whether the City of Houston will have sufficient water availability from Lake Houston. The HWMP appendices currently available do not address the subject of construction phasing.

The preceding discussion has dealt with the Northeast Supply System. For Alternate 5, the North Supply System must be considered. As mentioned in the description of Alternate 5, the NWWPP is proposed to have a capacity of 350 MGD in 2030, easily enough to supply the needs of the North Supply System and the surrounding areas. However, the majority of the surface water for this plant is to originate in two proposed reservoirs, Lake Millican and Bedias Reservoir. Construction of these sources would probably take about thirty years, yielding a completion date of 2018. Using this alternate, it would be unlikely to meet the HGCSD conversion dates for regulatory areas six and seven. The areas could be temporarily supplied from the Southwest System, since the total average daily demand does not exceed 133 MGD beginning in 2010.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

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5.0 CONCLUSIONS

Several conclusions may be drawn from the previous comparisons. The most apparent is that all of the service area alternatives are feasible when considering the available raw water supply in the southwest from the Brazos River Basin. In fact, if the northeast water supply becomes delayed, the southwest supply would be adequate to serve all of WHCSWSC's service area. However, it is readily apparent that the transmission cost savings is non-existent when pushing southwest water north of Highway 290. The main objective to any alternative raised is that water from the North System in Alternate 5 may not be available in time to meet HGCSD target dates. A cost analysis of the major sources and transmission systems will be necessary before any alternate can be eliminated. This will be described later in Appendix IV.

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ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT 1

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Prior reports and studies dealing with water demands and supplies in the City of Houston and surrounding areas were utilized as needed in preparing this study. Materials reviewed during the course of this project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Houston Water Master Plan</u>, Appendices A through M, August 1985 to March 1987, by Metcalf and Eddy, Inc.
- 2. <u>District Plan</u>, Adopted November 1985, by Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.
- 3. <u>Subsidence</u> '87, February 1987 by Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.
- 4. Utility District Listing, Creation and Bond Issue Reports, Texas Water Commission Records, January 1987.
- 5. Yearly Groundwater Pumpage Records, Harris Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.

ATTACHMENT 2

HARRIS-GALVESTON COASTAL SUBSIDENCE DISTRICT PROPOSED DISTRICT PLAN JULY 16, 1985

Area One

a. Through 1989, as a general rule, increases in groundwater withdrawal will not be permitted.

b. Beginning in 1990 groundwater withdrawal must be reduced so that no more than 10% of the total water use is from groundwater.

Area Two

a. Through 1989, as a general rule, increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not reduced.

b. In 1990 groundwater withdrawal must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

c. Thereafter through 1998 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased. Then in 1999 groundwater withdrawal again must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

d. Thereafter through 2006 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased. Then in 2007 groundwater withdrawal again must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

e. Thereafter through 2014 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface water use is not decreased. Then in 2015 groundwater withdrawal again must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

f. Thereafter through 2020 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased.

Area Three

a. Through 1994, as a general rule, increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted.

b. In 1995 groundwater withdrawal must be reduced so that no more than 20% of total water use is from groundwater.

c. Thereafter through 2011 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased. Then in 2012 groundwater withdrawal again must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

d. Thereafter through 2020 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased.

Area Four

a. Through 1999, as a general rule, increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted.

b. In 2000 groundwater withdrawal must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

c. Thereafter through 2020 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased.

Area Five

a. Through 1999, as a general rule, increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted.

b. In 2000 groundwater withdrawal must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

c. Thereafter through 2020 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased.

Area Six

a. Through 2004, as a general rule, increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted.

b. In 2005 groundwater withdrawal must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

c. Thereafter through 2020 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased.

Area Seven

a. Through 2009, as a general rule, increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted.

b. In 2010 groundwater withdrawal must be reduced so that no more than 20% of the total water use is from groundwater.

c. Thereafter through 2020 increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted so long as surface-water use is not decreased.

Area Eight

a. As a general rule, increases in groundwater withdrawal may be permitted.

b. Groundwater withdrawal in this area shall not be supplied to areas outside of the boundaries of Area Eight except for compelling reasons as determined by the District. ATTACHMENT 3
ANNUAL GROUNDWATER PUMPAGE IN MILLIONS OF GALLONS

			1980	1981	1982	1983	1964	1985	1986	MAXTHUM	1986
NO.	NAME OF DISTRICT	NDA	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	FUMPAGE	FUNPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUNPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	LOSSES
1	ADDICKS UD	31	20.681	25.B19	37.393	38.614	45.373	46.000	46.643	46.643	11.07
2	BARKER-CYPRESS NUD	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	40.469	55,544	55.544	3.0%
<u>ک</u>	BEECHNUT MUD	24	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.718	27.600	35.500	44.266	44.266	>30%
4	BISSONET MUD	24	65.033	78.110	101.646	104.155	125.903	142.857	169.407	169.407	(302
5	BRAES UD	24	0.517	24.041	54.833	49.524	36.906	69.274	52.204	69.274	(30%
6	CAMFIELD HUD	25	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
1	CASTLEWOOD NUD	31	0 .0 00	0.272	9.344	27.045	52.182	37.701	27.229	52.182	6.3%
8	CHELFORD CITY MUD	24	250.000	275.000	300.000	352.827	302.443	409.807	316.620	409.807	
9	CHELFORD ONE MUD	24	52.900	112.192	84.633	129.958	226.438	227.221	208.721	227.221	
10	CHINNEY HILL MUD	25	57.562	90.851_	121.274	136.824	141.802	114.891	115.128	141.802	
11	CIMARRON MUD	31	0.000	0.000	84.242	105.789	75.405	76.158	86.047	105.787	16.9%
12	CINCO MUD 3	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
13	CINCO MUD 5	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
14	CINCD MUD 6	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
15	CINCO MUD 9	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
16	CLAY ROAD MUD	31	11.650	29.252	67.566	77.396	88.871	88.161	85.573	88.871	4.6%
17	CORNERSTONE MUD	31	0.120	28.496	59.602	59.339	55.050	85.186	62.740	85.186	23.0%
18	CYPRESS CREEK UD	33	144.033	137.625	156.773	98.173	158.337	141.707	218.686	218.686	
19	CYPRESS HILL MUD 1	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.119	13.156	14.651	14.651	
20	CYPRESS HILL MUD 2	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
21	ENERALD FOREST UD	23	86.346	114 .4 9B	189.837	155.768	165.870	180.431	179.764	189.837	18.5%
22	FAULKEY GULLY MUD	22	18.046	28.378	46.215	57.967	82.39B	97.549	102.975	102.975	
23	FRY ROAD HUD	31	0.015	29.000	58.326	80.035	100.755	91.832	12B.977	128.977	39.5%
24	GRANT RD. PUD	22	0.000	0,000	0.000	9.375	22.913	21.825	23.814	23.814	
25	GREEN TRAILS MUD	31	1.500	5.171	28.098	41.633	46.017	53.657	59.330	59.330	16.0%
26	HARRIS CO. FWSD 61	32	376.250	386.411	431.494	296.644	296.514	335.310	313.717	431.494	
27	HARRIS CO. MUD 006	26	145.594	163.987	184.445	171.540	169.982	152.636	185.852	185.852	< 30%
28	HARRIS CO. MUD 018	33	71,436	58.338	110.000	142.461	195.970	192.551	205.639	205.639	
29	HARRIS CD. MUD 023	26	63.624	76.057	107.059	119.665	141.195	149.292	136.097	149.292	
30	HARRIS CD. MUD 025	26	28.541	33.249	58.396	46.B12	44.895	41.599	37.267	58.396	18.9%
31	HARRIS CO. MUD 029	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
32	HARRIS CO. MUD 052	33	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
33	HARRIS CO. MUD 061	31	62.761	118.162	141.930	156.232	196.105	199.580	199.654	199.654	3.8%
34	HARRIS CD. NUD 062	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0. 0 %
35	HARRIS CO. MUD 063	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
36	HARRIS CO. NUD 064	31	82.509	59.156	107.555	72.294	75.001	61,188	57,779	107.555	15.4%
-37	HARRIS CO. MUD 065	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.02
- 38	HARRIS CD. NUD 069	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	134.033	151.286	152.189	146,927	162.189	
39	HARRIS CO. MUD 070	32	11.218	10.16B	18.093	38.631	37.667	57.248	33.374	57.248	13.5%
40	HARRIS CD. NUD 071	31	3.735	7.603	14.782	26.198	30.232	41.061	41.194	41.194	30.6%
41	HARRIS CO. MUD 081	31	307.784	374.258	379.076	315.529	454.059	480.434	441.234	460.434	10.1%
42	HARRIS CD. MUD 090	24	1.845	14.275	122.330	131.453	137.465	125.723	127.069	157.465	3.5%
43	HARRIS CO. MUD 102	25	41.498	50.267	114.338	129.204	143.733	174.234	167.450	174.234	
44	HARRIS CD. MUD 105	31	28.672	19.089	20.462	28.258	44.306	38.075	32.722	44.306	
45	HARRIS CO. MUD 107	24	64.863	60.375	101.018	41.496	86.799	84.209	76.570	101.018	26.32
46	HARRIS CO. MUD 118	26	0.000	0.000	0.000	156.141	188.737	176.172	174.250	188.737	27.17
47	HARRIS CO. NUD 119	26	120.268	174.722	229.32R	165.573	132.980	177.639	171.246	229.328	5.4%
48	HARRIS CO. MUD 120	24	67.144	111.306	221.690	168.544	129.239	158.353	249.553	249.553	15.47
49	HARRIS CO. NUD 127		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	14.415	29.370	28.411	29.370	13.07
50	HARRIS CO. MUD 130	25	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	22.091	39.610	31.465	39.610	4.82

ANNUAL GROUNDWATER PUMPAGE IN MILLIONS OF GALLONS

			1980	1981	1 9 82	1983	1984	1985	1986	NAXIMUM	1986
ND.	NAME DF DISTRICT	T MD	A PUNPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUNPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	LOSSES
51		174 7	1 05 745	0 # 101	15/ 000	170 017	117 785	100 000	16/ 055	121 845	
52	HARRIS CO. HOD 1	130 3	1 75.545	77.070 0.000	130.000	107.717	113.343	122.080	106.939	136.008	3.27
57	HARAIS CU. HUD I HARDIC CD. HUD I	137 J 188 T	1 15 445	0.000 01.011	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.02
54	UNDOIC CO. HUN 1	144 J	I IJ.907	20,210	20.800	24.16V DA 0/7	33.979	38.045	28.303	38.046	0.07
55	HARAID CO. HUU I HARRID CO. HUU I	147 L 140 7	1 Ji.JD	39.072 50 400	111./1Z	80.96/ 167 (E/	87.14/	/4.242	67.572	111./12	10.31
11	HARIS CO. HUD I	147 J	2 40.071	JT.970 6 000	7/.306	10/.636	104.218	142.927	131.562	142.927	13.37
JD 57	HARIS CO. HUD I DADDIC PR. WUR H	100 0 191 7	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.549	18.156	18.156	22.7%
37 50	HARTS CO. HUD I HARDIC PR. WHR 1	1JO J 157 7	1 7 4 7	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
50	- HARAIS CO. HUD 1 - UNCOTE CO. HUD 1	ij/ j 150 5	1 3.403 1 5.000	7.107	10./3/	40.766	45.982	36.138	54.601	46.982	26.52
76	HARTIS CO. HUD I	130 Z	4 3.000 9 8/544	17.134	27.002	26.960	61,000	66.392	75.356	/3.356	12.67
20	HARAID CD. HUD I	10Z J	Z 40.044	OV.070	128.812	134.087	196.099	140.551	83.861	195.099	45.87
10	HARAID CU. RUD I	153 J	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	190.330	190.330	7.6%
02	MARKIS CO. MUD 1	155 3	2 0.000	0,000	0.000	3.500	15./10	31.423	24.354	31.423	0.5%
63	HARRIS LU. MUU I	166 3	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
64	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	15/ J	1 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.120	6.630	6.630	70.6%
60	HARRIS CO. MUD I	168 2	6 7.836	10.459	62.193	104.894	193.662	234.326	213.074	234.326	4.4%
66	HARRIS CO. MUD I	170 2	6 0.000	B.000	47.605	59.154	42.869	48.745	56.623	59.154	8.02
6/	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	1/2 3	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
- 68	HARRIS CU. MUD 1	173 3	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.02
69	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	175 2	4 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	8.586	19.118	27.787	27.787	15.1%
70	HARRIS CD. MUD 1	177 2	4 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
71	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	179 2	5 0.000	0.000	6.538	92.956	48.237	71.717	67.424	92.956	16.6%
72	HARRIS CD. MUD 1	183 3	1 0. 000	0.000	0.000	14.274	69.481	72.527	69.888	72.527	15.27
73	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	185 2	5 1.5 50	14.000	49.830	44.583	74.983	96.573	100.384	100.384	
74	HARRIS CD. MUD 1	186 2	5 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	138.356	155.410	147.242	155.410	64.3%
75	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	188 3	2 0.000	0.000	1.283	53.200	71.185	80.733	72.666	B0.733	9.2%
76	HARRIS CD. MUD 1	190 3	1 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
77	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	194 3	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
78	HARRIS CD. MUD 1	195 3	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.735	0.735	
79	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	196 3	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	5.400	3.000	1.840	5.400	
80	HARRIS CD. MUD 1	197 2	5 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
81	HARRIS CO. MUD 1	199 2	6 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	10.0%
62	HARRIS CO. MUD 2	208 3	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
83	HARRIS CD. MUD 2	216 3	1 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0. 0 00	0.000	0.000	0.07.
84	HARRIS CO. NUD 2	222 3	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
85	HARRIS CD. MUD 2	223 2	4 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	9.261	29.138	39.272	39.272	13.07
86	HARRIS CO. MUD 2	225 3	2 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
87	HARRIS CO. HUD 2	229 2		0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.009	0.000	0.07
88	HARRIS CD. MUD 2	230 3	3 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
89	HARRIS CD. MUD 2	237 2	6 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.830	1.576	1.576	A1 87
90	HARRIS CO. MUD 7	238 3	1 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.348	11.858	12.348	A1 A7
91	HARRIS CO. MUD 2	739 3	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0 000	77 75
92	HARRIS CD. MUD 2	240 3	1 0.000	0.000	0 000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
97	HARRIS CO. NUD 2	743 2	12 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.00	0.000	0.0% 0.0%
94	HARRIG CO. HUN 2	246 D	4 0.000	0.000	0.000 A AAA	0 000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000 0 060	ላ እን ስ እን
25	HARRIS COL MUS 2	ביים בי 10 ל 2	ι υτννν Κ Δ.ΔΑΔ	0.000	0.000 0.000	0.000	0.000	6.000	10 270	10.000	V. V.
10	- HARRIS CO, HOU 2 HARRIS FO, MUD 5	2π) 2 540 7	0 0,000 7 6 660	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.001	10.210	17171V A AAA	۸ ۵۷
70	- UADDIG PO MUR "	10 UF1 150 0	Σ 0.000)5 Δ.ΔΔΔ	0.000	0.000 A AAA	0.000 6 666	0.000	0.000	17 AF7	17 517	V.V. 75 59
- 77 - 55	- HACETE LO, HUL 1 - HACETE LO, HUL 1	10V 2 959 7	U V.VVV	0.000	0.000 A AAA	0.000 0.000	1.//V 0.000	7,007 A AAA	0 000 10.013	V VV V 701010	10.04 A A
00	- DADDIC PA MUR 1	೭೮೭ ರೆ ೧೯೯ ೧		0.000 A AAA	0.00.0	0.000 A AAA	0.000	V. UUU 0. 000	0.000	0.000	V.VA A AM
77 404	- NHRRIJ LU, NUU / - UABDIC PA - MHR M	200 Z 151 7	UVVIU U.	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	V. UUU A AAA	0.000	0.04
100	HARRID LD. MUU 2	trio j	0.001 0	V.V90	0.000	0.000	V.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07

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ANNUAL GROUNDWATER PUMPAGE IN HILLIONS OF GALLONS

			1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1984	MAXTNIM	1986
NO.	NAME OF DISTRICT	MDA	PUNPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUNPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUHPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	LOSSES
101	HARRIS CO. NUD 257	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.02
102	HARRIS CO. MUD 259	25	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
103	HARRIS CO. NUD 261	26	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
104	HARRIS CO. MUD 263	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.02
105	HARRIS CD. MUD 264	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	35.964	35.964	10.3%
106	HARRIS CD. NUD 268	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
107	HARRIS CO. MUD 272	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
108	HARRIS CD. NUD 273	33	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
109	HARRIS CO. NUD 276	- 31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
110	HARRIS CO. NUD 277	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	- 0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0. 0 %
111	HARRIS CD. NUD 280	33	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
112	HARRIS CO. MUD 281	33	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
113	HARRIS CO. MUD 282	33	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
114	HARRIS CD. MUD 283	33	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
115	5 HARRIS CO. MUD 284	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
116	HARRIS CD. MUD 286	33	0.000	0,000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
117	HARRIS CD. MUD 287	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
119	HARRIS CO. NUD 288	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
119	HARRIS CO. NUD 289	33	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
120	HARRIS CD. MUD 306	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
121	HARRIS CO. MUD 317	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
122	HARRIS CD. MUD 318	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0,0%
123	HARRIS CD. MUD 319	32	0.000	0,000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0. 0 00	0.000	0.0%
124	HARRIS CO. NUD 325	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0. 0 00	0.000	0.000	0.0%
125	HARRIS CD. UD 6	25	255.584	243.110	323.494	332.844	362.402	453.849	448.946	453.849	15.8%
126	HARRIS CO. WOID 113	32	35,560	35.346	39.759	35.002	40.899	40.034	35,712	40.899	
127	HARRIS CD. WCID 133	26	257.409	209.398	254.884	187,730	207.783	215.430	231.920	257.409	
128	HARRIS-FT. BEND MUD 1	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.728	5,970	5.970	8.07
125	HARRIS-FT. BEND MUD 3	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
130	HARRIS-FT. BEND MUD 4	31	0,000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
131	HARRIS-FT. BEND MUD 5	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
132	HORSEPEN BAYOU MUD	25	0.000	3.932	24,826	39.610	70.873	89.698	103.B11	103.811	
133	INTERSTATE MUD	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	2.713	44.032	42,405	44.032	22.9%
134	JACKRABBIT ROAD PUD	31	350.548	339,197	407.277	396.467	416.830	419.323	376.378	419.323	
135	S KINGSBRIDGE HUD	24	0.000	0.000	0.000	17.908	116.791	146.220	135.880	146.220	12.2%
136	LAKE FOREST UD	33	61.492	67.310	75.395	85,292	96.545	116.830	121.095	121.095	
137	' LANGHAM CREEK UD	31	27.078	59.347	147.946	149.324	160.827	160.049	150.004	160.827	10.6%
138	LONGHORN TOWN UD	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	1.867	15,500	30.975	30.975	12.0%
139	MALCOMSON ROAD UD	33	143.482	137.056	175.921	199.014	225.270	272.603	292.556	282.556	
140	MASON CREEK UD	31	200.843	211.474	261.051	304.784	395.372	418.282	349.537	418.282	
141	MAYDE CREEK MUD	31	1.501	7.165	31.106	48,271	82.999	59.093	27.590	82.999	
142	HEMORIAL MUD	31	0.030	7,124	14.900	14.835	13.763	17.037	15.685	17.037	23.07
143	MILLS ROAD MUD	33	75.092	37.774	107.202	164.464	119.101	95.598	132.183	164.464	
144	MISSION BEND MUD 1	24	1.928	91.324	101.044	92.519	232.264	148.333	148.253	232.264	
145	MISSION BEND MUD 2	24	29.059	50.800	127.132	107.589	209.043	216.673	258.338	258.338	
146	MORTON ROAD HUD	31	8.933	24.489	50.133	59,974	66.627	62.423	50.314	66.627	0.62
147	NORTHWEST FREEWAY MUD	32	34.476	34.151	66.584	70.440	80.083	71.374	56.272	80.083	0.0%
148	NORTHWEST PARK MUD	26	162.405	168.157	227.170	128.683	278.609	296.660	286.120	296.660	
145	NOTTINSHAM COUNTRY MUD	31	0.000	0.000	Q.000	0.000	0.000	13.129	35.158	35,158	27.52
150	NW HARRIS CO. NUD 05	33	31.021	30,000	33.8B1	35.676	36.290	33,485	32,768	36.290	3.0%

ANNUAL GROUNDWATER PUNPAGE IN MILLIONS OF GALLONS

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			1980	1981	1982	1983	1984	1985	1986	HAXIMUM	1986
ND.	NAME OF DISTRICT	MDA	PUNPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUNPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	PUMPAGE	LOSSES
151	NW HARRIS CO. MUD 09	32	17.545	18.642	33.629	45.648	126.095	145.448	105.889	145.448	10.5%
152	NW HARRIS CD. MUD 10	32	0.000	19.191	19.000	19.000	19.852	20.068	20.664	20.664	37.8%
153	NW HARRIS CO. MUD 12	31	0.534	3.263	9.632	16.382	24.722	38.728	20.285	38.728	
154	NW HARRIS CO. MUD 15	33	4.554	5.760	5.921	14.791	28.972	40.777	31.155	40.777	11.67
155	NW HARRIS CO. MUD 16	31	15.392	18.572	23.151	22.074	29.910	31.009	27.808	31.009	14.8%
156	NW HARRIS CO. MUD 25	25	0.000	0.000	4.730	0.026	3.275	6.500	10.875	10.875	
157	NW HARRIS CO. MUD 27	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
158	NW HARRIS CD. MUD 29	26	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	31.653	39.370	39.370	93.17
159	PARK TEN MUD	31	99.117	107.559	135.311	146.278	206.517	219.476	230.855	230.855	11.2%
160	PECAN PARK NUD	25	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	D.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
161	REID ROAD MUD 1	26	0.000	96.013	103.606	125.000	146.178	191.501	209.091	209.091	11.07
162	REID ROAD MUD 2	26	0.000	0.000	0.000	3.773	51.663	40.282	35.939	51.663	5.07
163	REMINGTON MUD 1	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
164	REMINGTON MUD 2	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0,000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.07
165	REMINGTON MUD 3	32	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
166	RENN ROAD MUD	24	0.000	2.085	76.127	121.218	64.222	A4.148	62.776	121.218	7 57
167	RICEWOOD MUD	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	64.647	70 970	70 970	7.0%
168	ROLLING CREEK HD	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	11 679	5 443	11 479	20.0%
169	ROLLING FORK PUD	26	91.681	72.940	82.851	75.926	87,150	113.675	85 219	113 675	17 77
170	SPENCER ROAD PUD	25	118,165	118,492	177.058	147.677	142.474	170 009	144 242	177 659	14.75
171	TIMBERLAKE ID	32	84.044	88.645	109.857	98.248	121.379	129.632	132 520	172 526	
172	WEST HARRIS CD. MUD 01	26	78.541	33.249	58, 394	46.812	44.895	41 588	132.313	52.310	
173	WEST HARRIS CD. MUD 02	31	0.000	0 000	0 000	0.000	0 000	0 000	0,1207	00,070 0 000	0.07
174	WEST NARRIS CO. MUD AA	24	0.000	0.000	7 200	44 140	70 010	27 000	0.000 770 70	AL 140	15 74
175	WEST HARRIS CO. MUD 05	71	0.000 0.000	0.000	0.000	0,140 0.000	21,100	47.VVV 0.000	43,711 0.000	0.140	13134
176	WEST HARRIS FR. MUD AL	24	18 914	28 748		57 044	40.750	77 511	0.000 75 007	V.000	עיע על תמ
177	WEST HARRIS CO. NUB 67	71	0.000	A AAA	0.077 00.0	0 000	D 000	71.200	13.07/	71 097	20.7%
179	WEGT DADDIE OF MUS AD	27	0.000 0.000	0.000	0.000	V.VVV A 660	0.000	0.000	100,007	31.023	A 5.4
179	WEST HAPPIS OF WHIN AD	70 91	0.000	3 644	40 D10	75 794	107 007	50 155	0.000	0.000 107 007	V.V.
100	HEET HADDIE PO MUN IA	10 91	0.000	0.044 0.000	40.017	/J./24 A AAA	103.007 E EAD	JZ.1JZ	37.320	103.08/	2.81
101	MEET BASSIE OD MHS 11	70 71	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	J.JVD A AAA	77.113	88.102	97.913	5.4%
101	WEDI AMARID UU, AUD II WCCT UADDID DA MUR (A	20 70	0,000	0.000	0.000	V.UUV A 690	0.000	0.000	0.000	V.000	0.07
102	WEDI NHARID CU, NUU 14 WEDI UNDDIE OD WUR 15	32 70	0.000	0.000	4.037 A AAA	0.000	0.000	0.000 70.450	0.000	4.00Y	
100	WEDI MHAAID LU, MUD IU HEET HADDIE ED, MUD IV	37 24	0.000	0.000	0.000	ZJ.Z37 A AAA	28.300	32.430	27.897	32.430	23.5%
104	WEST MARRIS CO. MUD 15	<u>7</u> 4	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
183	WEST MARKIS LU. MUD 17	31	0.000	0.000	0.000	4.028	15.360	15.328	16.650	16.650	34.9%
150	WEST HARKIS CU. MUD ZU	32 74	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.0%
18/	NEST MEMORIAL MUD	51	226,257	170.010	214./66	1/1./05	217.654	216.423	184.018	226.257	8.4%
168	WESTLAKE MUD 1	31	88.274	114.324	161.501	132.830	150.432	134.070	164.431	164,431	16.3%
189	NESTON MUD	31	57.134	52.442	67.948	66.094	58.923	98.505	42.225	98.505	6.8%
190	WESTPARK MUD	31	0.000	0.418	5.785	23.000	42.608	90.454	43.432	90.454	8.0%
191	WESTWAY UD	25	33.970	55.375	92.670	97.499	113.171	126.389	104.567	126.389	
192	WHITE OAK BEND MUD	26	25.217	31.993	47.987	57.895	64.653	62.793	58.773	64.653	3.0%
193	WHITE DAK/1960 MUD	26	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
194	WILLOW CHASE MUD	33	0.000	0.487	7.340	25.398	26.958	27.495	47.833	47.833	
195	WINDFERN FOREST UD	26	40.454	52.675	77.123	75.997	85.969	86.851	56.071	86.851	10.6%
196	JERSEY VILLAGE	26	218.7	224.4	262.B	244.6	250.6	247.7	249.1	262.8	
197	KATY, CITY OF	31	301.9	307.3	346.8	427.8	311.8	304.3	258.6	427.6	
198	BAKER SERVICE TOOLS	26	13.4	15.8	11.1	6.9	8.0	10.9	11.9	15.8	
199	BAKER TUBULAR SERVICS	25	7.8	9.2	11.2	7.1	5.0	6.9	7.8	11.2	
200	BEAR CREEK GOLF WORLD	24	39.2	16.0	25.4	44.9	41.3	59.0	72.1	72.1	

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ANNUAL GROUNDWATER PUMPAGE IN MILLIONS OF GALLONS

ND. NAME OF DISTRICT	MDA	1980 Punpage	1981 Pukpage	1982 Pumpage	1983 Pumpage	1984 Pumpage	1985 Pumpage	1986 Punpage	MAXIMUM Pumpage	1986 Losses
201 BRITMORE UTILITY CO	25	33.1	35.1	40.9	50.9	62.3	58,1	56.9	62.3	
202 CAMERON IRON WORKS	32	45.7	85.6	73.2	57.4	59.7	40.1	35.5	85.6	
203 ENCHANTED VALLEY W/S	33	10.3	9.2	15.1	11.0	8.8	14.4	75.9	75.9	
204 BIFFORD-HILL & CO	25	17.2	13.5	20.6	9.8	11.9	12.4	22.2	22.2	
205 HEARTHSTONE COUNTRYCLUB	25	34.9	75.6	57.2	57.2	63.6	76.8	17.8	76.8	
206 NATIONAL STEEL PRODUCTS	25	20.1	26.3	18.5	14.4	6.4	5.7	5.3	26.3	
207 N.W. WATER SYSTEMS, INC	33	17.2	15.8	18.8	17.1	17.2	15.8	15.3	18.8	
208 PEEK ROAD UTILITIES	31	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.4	8.8	8.9	6.7	8.9	
209 TALL PINES UTILITY	33	6.4	8.5	10.5	8.9	9.6	9.2	9.2	10.5	
210 TEXAS INSTRUMENTS	32	24.0	35.6	30.1	26.7	43.9	'50.B	38.3	50.8	
211 TOWER DAK BEND WAT.SUP.	32	0.1	0.0	0.0	2.0	7.0	12.1	11.6	12.1	
212 TREELINE GOLF CLUB, INC	33	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.0	12.0	14.0	15.8	15.8	
213 TRUMIX CONCRETE COMPANY	32	3.3	2.5	5.5	4.8	2.1	0.8	0.5	5.5	
214 TRUNKLINE GAS COMPANY	32	16.2	14.8	20.5	12.5	15.3	12.8	15.3	20.5	

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WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

APPENDIX III

SUPPLEMENT TO WATER SUPPLY NORTH SUPPLY SYSTEM

October 1987

DANNENBAUM ENGINEERING CORPORATION CONSULTING ENGINEERS 3100 West Alabama Houston, Texas 77098 (713) 622-8011

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Purpose and Scope

This phase of the implementation plan deals with evaluation of a north surface water supply system from the Trinity/Brazos/San Jacinto River Basins and is intended to be a supplement to Appendix II. This supply system is described in the western alternative of the Houston Water Master Plan (HWMP).

Water Demands

Existing and Projected Water Demands

Existing and projected water demands used in this Appendix are based on data previously presented in Appendix II, Water Demand and Supply. Maximum daily demands were used to determine required treated water supply systems.

Surface Water Supply

Northeast and Southwest Supply Systems

The Northeast and Southwest Supply Systems used in this Appendix are discussed in detail in Appendix II, Water Demand and Supply.

North Supply System

This supply system consists of surface water from the Trinity, Brazos and San Jacinto River Basins as outlined in the western alternative of the HWMP. Development of Lake Millican, Bedias Reservoir and possibly Lake Creek would be necessary along with major conveyance systems from these sources. The HWMP western water alternative calls for two proposed treatment plants, a 150 MGD ultimate capacity Northwest Water Purification Plant and a 200 MGD ultimate capacity Waller Water Purification Plant. If Lake Creek were developed the ultimate capacity of the Northwest Water Purification Plant could be increased to 200 MGD.

Alternate Service Areas

Approach and Methods

Alternate service areas were investigated to determine surface water supply versus demand relationship and also availability to meet the conversion dates outlined in the HGCSD plan. In addition to the five alternate service areas presented in Appendix II, the following alternate was investigated: Alternate No. 6 - Southwest System Service South of Clay Road Northeast System Service East of Barker-Cypress North System Service West of Barker-Cypress

Table ES-1 presents a summary of surface water requirements for Alternate 6 from 1985 to 2030. For purposes of computing surface water requirements in 2030, it was assumed that HGCSD regulatory area eight will be given a conversion requirement of 80% in that year. All surface water requirements are in terms of maximum day demands.

TABLE ES-1

SUMMARY OF SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS BY ALTERNATE (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)

<u>YEAR</u>	CITY OF HOUSTON SOUTHWEST (MGD)	WHCSWSC Southwest (MGD)	TOTAL SOUTHWEST (MGD)	TOTAL NORTHEAST (<u>MGD)</u>	TOTAL NORTH (MGD)	TOTAL ALL AREAS (MGD)
ALTER	<u>RNATE 6 - S.W. B</u>	OUNDARY AT	CLAY ROAD:	<u>N.E. BOUNDAR</u>	<u>Y AT BARK</u>	<u>ER-CYPRES</u> S
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	0.00	65.27
2000	89.82	15.74	105.96	0.28	0.14	105.98
2005	89.82	15.74	105.96	9.94	0.14	115.64
2010	89.82	15.74	105.96	60.88	4.33	170.77
2012	101.17	15.74	116.91	60.88	4.33	182.12
2020	101.17	15.74	116.91	60.88	4.33	182.12
2030	101.17	38.79	139.96	60.88	30.42	231.26

Comparison of Alternate No. 6

Considerations of supply adequacy were based on the minimum surface water required to meet the HGCSD conversion plan. The minimum requirements climb in a stair-step fashion rather than linearly, however, the minimum requirements for the City of Houston Southwest and total WHCSWSC supply areas do not vary between alternates. The total maximum daily treated water supply available from the Southwest Water Purification Plant (SWWPP) is assumed to be 226 MGD which is based on a average daily raw water supply of 133 MGD from the BRA. The total available ultimate supplies from the Northeast, Northwest and Waller treatment plants as proposed in the HWMP would be adequate to meet the Alternate 6 service area needs.

Some consideration must be given to the timing of the availability of the surface water and whether it would be possible to meet the HGCSD conversion plan. In the Southwest service area, the first conversion requires 65 MGD in 1995. If an estimate of six years is used to bring the SWWPP on-line, then it can be reasonably assumed that the first southwest conversion date of 1995 is feasible.

Timing issues are more complex in the North and Northeast service areas. The quantities of surface water for these areas in 2000 or 2005 are small for Alternate 6 and it is likely that they will be supplied from the Southwest Supply System until 2010 when most of the northern area will then convert to surface water. The amount of water required from the Northeast Water Purification Plant (NEWPP) for Alternate 6 would be 61 MGD by 2010. The City has stated that the initial design of the plant could accommodate this additional requirement.

The North Supply System proposes two water plants, the Northwest Water Purification Plant (NWWPP) and the Waller Water Purification Plant (WWPP), both with ultimate capacities adequate to meet the needs of the service area. However, the majority of raw surface water for these plants originates in proposed reservoirs which may not be completed in time to meet the HGCSD conversion dates. These northern areas could be temporarily supplied from a Southwest System with the North System providing treated water by the year 2030.

Conclusions

In Alternate No. 6, the Southwest Supply System will be adequate to meet the projected Southwest Service Area. However, it is very likely that the water from the North Supply System may not be available in time to meet HGCSD target dates. A cost analysis of the major sources and transmission systems will be necessary before any service area alternate can be eliminated. This will be described later in Appendix IV.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

i

			Page			
Title	Page		i			
Exec	utive Summary		ii-iv			
Table	e of Contents		v-vi			
List	of Tables		vii			
List	of Figures		vii			
List	of Attachments		vii			
1.0	INTRODUCTION					
	Purpose and Scope		1			
2.0	WATER DEMAND	S				
	Existing and Proje	ected Water Demands	2			
3.0	SURFACE WATER SUPPLY					
	Northeast and Southwest Supply Systems					
	North Supply Syst	em				
	Trinity/Brazo	s/San Jacinto River Supply	3 - 4			
	Excluding Lal	(e Creek s/San Jaainta Divas Supply	5			
	Including Lak	e Creek	3			
	Northwest Wa	ter Purification Plant	5			
	Waller Water	Purification Plant	6			
4.0	ALTERNATE SEF	VICE AREAS				
	Approach and Met	hods	7 - 8			
	Alternate No. 6:	Southwest System Service South of Clay Road Northeast System Service East of Barker-Cypress North System Service West of Barker-Cypress	8 - 13			

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TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont'd)

		Page
	Comparison of Alternate No. 6	
	Total Maximum Daily Demands	14
	Total Available Surface Water Supply	15
	Feasibility of Meeting HGCSD Plan	15-18
5.0	CONCLUSIONS	
	Conclusions	19

LIST OF TABLES

Page

TABLE 1 -	Maximum Daily Water Demands by Alternate	11
TABLE 2 -	Surface Water Requirements per HGCSD Plan	12
TABLE 3 -	Summary of Surface Water Requirements by Alternate	13
TABLE 4 -	System Surface Water Requirements per HGCSD Plan	16

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE 1 - HWMP Western Water Alternative	4
FIGURE 2 - Alternate 6 Service Areas	10

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT 1 - Acknowledgements

1.0 INTRODUCTION

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

The project scope of work for this phase of the implementation program deals with evaluation of a North Surface Water Supply System from the Trinity/Brazos/San Jacinto river basins (the "North System"). This supply system is described in the western alternative of the Houston Water Master Plan (HWMP). This appendix is intended to be a supplement to Appendix II which dealt with water supplies and demands.

Evaluation of water supplies for West Harris County involves investigation of three potential sources of surface water. The first two, purchasing water from a future City of Houston Northeast Water Purification Plant (the "Northeast System") and from the Brazos River out of a future Southwest Water Purification Plant (the "Southwest System") were addressed previously in Appendix II, Water Demand and Supply. The third potential source from the Trinity/Brazos/San Jacinto river basins (the North System) is the topic of this Appendix.

2.0 WATER DEMANDS

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2.0 WATER DEMANDS

Existing and Projected Water Demands

The alternate service area water demands formulated in this Appendix are based on the existing and projected water demands as previously defined in Appendix II, Water Demand and Supply. Existing water demands were obtained from groundwater pumpage records for each municipal utility district, city and industry within the defined alternate service area. Projected water demands, as presented in the HWMP, were determined by assigning demand criteria to population and employment projections developed by Rice Center for each census tract and MDA within the alternate service area. Maximum daily demands were used to determine required water treatment and transmission facilities. All raw water supply facilities will be based on average daily demands.

3.0 SURFACE WATER SUPPLY

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3.0 SURFACE WATER SUPPLY

Northeast and Southwest Supply Systems

The Northeast and Southwest suface water supplies used in formulating alternate service areas in this Appendix are discussed in Appendix II, Water Demand and Supply.

North Supply System

Trinity/Brazos/San Jacinto River Supply Excluding Lake Creek

This supply system consists of surface water from the Trinity, Brazos and San Jacinto River Basins as outlined in the western water alternative of the HWMP. The development of two water supply sources, Lake Millican and Bedias Reservoir, would be a vital part of this supply system along with conveyance systems from these sources. Figure 1, reproduced directly from Appendix M of the HWMP, presents the most recent preliminary supply schematic for the western water alternative of the HWMP. This latest refinement of the HWMP western water alternative calls for a reduction in capacity of the Northwest Water Purification Plant south of Lake Conroe from 350 MGD to 150 MGD and the addition of a 200 MGD water purification plant near Waller. A raw water conveyance system from proposed Lake Millican would be routed to this plant at Waller rather than to Lake Conroe as previously mentioned in Appendix II.



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Trinity/Brazos/San Jacinto River Supply Including Lake Creek

This supply system is identical to the system described above except for requiring the development of three rather than two water supply sources, namely Lake Millican, Bedias Reservoir and Lake Creek Reservoir. A recently released planning report and draft environmental statement, prepared by the Bureau of Reclamation and sponsored by the SJRA presents alternative plans to develop additional surface water supplies within the San Jacinto River Basin. The recommended alternative selected was the Lower Lake Creek site located on Lake Creek in Montgomery County about 5 miles south of Lake Conroe. The development of Lake Creek Reservoir would make available an additional 56 MGD which could be treated by the proposed Northwest Water Purification Plant.

Northwest Water Purification Plant

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Upon selection of a western alternative and the development of Bedias Reservoir and a conveyance system to Lake Conroe, the City of Houston proposes construction of a Northwest Water Purification Plant. The proposed location of this plant would be just south of Lake Conroe from which it will get its raw water supply. Preliminary sizing of this plant as presented in the HWMP is 150 MGD at ultimate capacity (year 2030). If Lake Creek Reservoir were also developed, the Northwest Water Purification Plant could possibly be increased in size to 200 MGD ultimate capacity (year 2030).

Waller Water Purification Plant

Upon selection of a western alternative and the development of Lake Millican, the City of Houston proposes to construct a Waller Water Purification Plant in northwest Harris County near the Waller County line. A conveyance system from Lake Millican to the Waller treatment plant is also proposed. Preliminary sizing of this plant as presented in the HWMP is 200 MGD at ultimate capacity (year 2030).

4.0 ALTERNATE SERVICE AREAS

Approach and Methods

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This section is a supplement to Section 4.0 of Appendix II and examines supplying the WHCSWSC study area with surface water from sources from the North, Northeast and Southwest. Each alternate service area is evaluated in terms of water demand versus supply and the possibility of meeting the conversion schedule as outlined in the HGCSD Plan. The alternates presented in this Appendix as well as Appendix II will be further tested for economic feasibility in Appendix IV of this study.

All water supply scenarios considered by the HWMP include the Northeast Water Purification Plant (NEWPP) at Lake Houston and the Southwest Water Purification Plant (SWWPP) near the Brazos River. The North System (HWMP western alternative), proposes a water treatment facility at Lake Conroe, the Northwest Water Purification Plant (NWWPP) and a water treatment facility in northwest Harris County, the Waller Water Purification Plant (WWPP). The North Supply System can only be used if the City of Houston elects to bring water from the west.

Evaluation of the adequacy of surface water supplies is based on the minimum surface water required to meet the HGCSD conversion goals, not the full maximum daily requirements.

The following alternate consists of three sources of supply: The Southwest System combined with a Northeast and North System. The Southwest System will supply surface water to portions of the City of Houston as well as the WHCSWSC service area as far north as Clay Road. The City of Houston's portion of the Southwest System is bounded by Fondren and Blalock Roads on the east, Clay Road on the north, the Houston City Limits on the west and the Harris County boundary on the south.

For the following alternate, the boundaries of the service area and the projected water demands were defined as mentioned in Appendix II, Section 4.0.

Alternate No. 6

Two criteria are applied to Alternate No. 6 described below. First, the supply is compared to the HGCSD surface water requirements at each conversion date and second, consideration is given to whether the water sources will be available in time to meet the HGCSD conversion dates. Table 1 gives total maximum daily usage for each system in Alternate 6. Table 2 details the calculation of surface water requirements per HGCSD requirements, and Table 3 is a summary of this information.

In Alternate 6, the portion of the WHCSWSC planning area south of Clay Road would be served by the Southwest Supply System, while the remainder of the planning area would be supplied from a combination of the Northeast Supply System and the North Supply System. The boundary line between the Northeast

and North Supply Systems runs north along Barker-Cypress Road from Clay Road to U.S. 290 then northwest along U.S. 290 to Spring-Cypress Road then northeast along Spring-Cypress Road to F.M. 149. Figure 2 shows the service area boundaries for this alternate.

The HGCSD surface water requirements on Table 3 reveal that the City of Houston will require 65 MGD from the Southwest System in 1995. The WHCSWSC has no mandate in 1995. In the year 2000, the Southwest System will require a total of 106 MGD, or 100 MGD for the City of Houston and 16 MGD for the WHCSWSC. The Southwest System average daily yield of 133 MGD (226 MGD maximum daily) would be adequate throughout the planning period.

The Northeast Supply System has three conversion dates for this alternate: 2000, 2005, and 2010. The earliest conversion date is 2000, when 0.3 MGD would be needed for a portion of HGCSD regulatory area four. At the next conversion date of 2005, 10 MGD will be required. Beginning in 2010, 61 MGD will be needed, remaining constant until 2030.

The North Supply System also has three conversion dates for Alternate 6: 2000, 2010 and 2030. At the first conversion date of 2000, 0.2 MGD will be required. At the next conversion date of 2010, 4 MGD will be needed. In 2030 it is assumed that HGCSD regulatory area eight will require conversion to surface water, increasing the North Supply System requirements to 30 MGD.



TABLE 1

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TOTAL WATER DEMANDS BY ALTERNATE (MAXIMUM DAILY)

<u>YEAR</u>	CITY OF HOUSTON SOUTHWEST (MGD)	WHCSWSC Southwest (MgD)	TOTAL Southwest (<u>MGD)</u>	TOTAL NORTHEAST (<u>MGD)</u>	TOTAL NORTH (<u>MGD)</u>	TOTAL ALL AREAS (MGD)
<u>ALTER</u>	<u>NATE 6 - S.W. B</u>	OUNDARY AT	CLAY ROAD: 1	<u>N.E. BOUNDARY</u>	<u>AT BARKI</u>	<u>ER-CYPRES</u> S
1985	99.59	17.95	117.54	36.45	6.66	160.64
1990	99.59	17.95	117.54	36.45	6.66	160.64
1995	108.36	22.37	130.73	43.68	8.97	183.39
2000	117.37	29.64	147.01	55.48	12.94	215.43
2005	126.38	36.90	163.28	67.27	16.91	247.47
2010	131.37	44.12	175.49	77.55	21.93	274.97
2012	133.37	47.01	180.38	81.65	23.93	285.97
2020	139.17	56.56	195.73	95.18	31.91	322.81
2030	144.18	65.61	209.79	107.90	42.25	359.94

TABLE 2

SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS PER HGCSD PLAN TOTAL WHCSWSC ONLY (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)

Regulatory		ALT Surf	ERNATE 6 ace Water (MGI)	
Area	<u>1985</u>	<u>2000</u>	<u>2005</u>	2010	<u>2030</u>
SOUTHWEST SYSTE	СM				
4 8	0.00 <u>0.00</u>	15.74 <u>0.00</u>	15.74 _0.00	15.74 <u>0.00</u>	15.74 <u>23.06</u>
SOUTHWEST TOTA	L 0.00	15.74	15.74	15.74	38.79
NORTHEAST SYST	EM				
4	0.00	0.28	0.28	0.28	0.28
6	0.00	0.00	9.66	9.66	9.66
/	0.00	0.00	0.00	<u>50.94</u>	<u>50.94</u>
NORTHEAST TOTA	L0.00	0.28	9.94	60.88	60.88
NORTH SYSTEM					
4	0.00	0.14	0.14	0.14	0.14
7	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.19	4.19
8	<u>0.00</u>	0.00	0.00	0.00	<u>26.09</u>
NORTH TOTAL	0.00	0.14	0.14	4.33	30.42
	<u></u>				
ALT. No. 6 TOTAL	0.00	16.16	25.82	80.95	130.09

TABLE 3

SUMMARY OF SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS BY ALTERNATE (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)

YEAR	CITY OF HOUSTON SOUTHWEST (MGD)	WHCSWSC Southwest (MGD)	TOTAL Southwest (MGD)	TOTAL NORTHEAST (MGD)	TOTAL NORTH (MGD)	TOTAL ALL AREAS MGD)
ALTER	<u>NATE 6 - S.W.</u>	BOUNDARY A	T CLAY ROAL	<u>): N.E. BOUNI</u>	DARY AT B	ARKER-CYPRESS
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	0.00	65.27
2000	89.82	15.74	105.96	0.28	0.14	105.98
2005	89.82	15.74	105.96	9.94	0.14	115.64
2010	89.82	15.74	105.96	60.88	4.33	170.77
2012	101.17	15.74	116.91	60.88	4.33	182.12
2020	101.17	15.74	116.91	60.88	4.33	182.12
2030**	101.17	38.79	139.96	60.88	30.42	231.26

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**Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District plan for surface water use ends at 2020. Required surface water for 2030 was estimated assuming that Area 8 will be required to convert to 80% surface water in that year.

Comparison of Alternate No. 6

In this section, Alternate 6 will be compared on the basis of supply versus required surface water and timing of water availability in a similar manner to the five alternates previously presented in Appendix II. No alternates will be eliminated at this time, however, some general conclusions can be made.

Total Maximum Daily Water Demands

Three factors remain constant for each alternate previously presented in Appendix II along with Alternate 6 presented herein. First, the City of Houston Southwest service area total demand increases from about 100 MGD in 1985 to 144 MGD in 2030. Second, the total WHCSWSC demand grows from 61 MGD to 216 MGD during the study period. Third, for all areas combined, the total demand is 161 MGD in 1985 and 360 MGD in 2030. The variable figures are the WHCSWSC portion of the Southwest System and the Northeast and North maximum daily water demands, which depend on the placement of the service area boundaries. Examination of Table 1 shows that for Alternate 6, the total Southwest System maximum daily water demand increases from 118 MGD in 1985 to 210 MGD in 2030, while during the same period the total Northeast System maximum daily water demand increases from 36 MGD to 108 MGD and the North System increases from 7 MGD to 42 MGD.

Total Available Surface Water Supply

All considerations of supply adequacy were based on the minimum surface water required to meet the HGCSD conversion plan, previously shown on Table 2 and Table 3. As opposed to the total maximum daily demands, the HGCSD conversion requirements climb in a stair-step fashion rather than linearly.

The total maximum daily treated water supply available from the SWWPP is assumed to be 226 MGD based on an available 133 MGD of average daily raw water supply from the Brazos River Basin.

Although the SWWPP has sufficient capacity to serve the entire WHCSWSC service area, it has been assumed that due to the added transmission cost the Southwest Service Area's northern boundary will be Clay Road. Please refer to Table 3 for a detailed breakdown of water demands between the three service areas.

Feasibility of Meeting HGCSD Plan

Some consideration must be given to the timing of the availability of surface water and whether it would be possible to meet the HGCSD conversion plan. In the Southwest service area, the first conversion requires 65 MGD in 1995. This is the same for the alternates previously presented in Appendix II along with Alternate 6 presented herein. The

above mentioned area which is required to convert in 1995 to surface water is in HGCSD regulatory area three in the City of Houston. If an estimate of six years is used to bring the SWWPP on-line, then meeting the first southwest conversion date of 1995 is possible through development of the SWWPP.

Timing issues are more complex in the North and Northeast service areas. The first conversion date is 2000 for Alternate 6 when the Northeast service area would require .3 MGD and the North service area would require .2 MGD. The next conversion date would be 2005 when 10 MGD is required by the Northeast service area and .2 MGD is required by the North service area. The quantities of surface water needed in 2000 or 2005 for Alternate 6 are small. The regulatory area using surface water at these dates is area four, which is in the most southern part of the service area. This regulatory area most likely would be supplied from the Southwest Supply System until 2005 or 2010, when most of the northern area will then convert to surface water.

The WHCSWSC has been asked to provide the City with an amount of surface water needed from the NEWPP so that it can be designed for the additional capacity. It appears from Table 3 that the amount of surface water required from the proposed Northeast Plant for Alternate No. 6 would be approximately 61 MGD by 2010.

As mentioned in the description of the North Supply System a NWWPP is proposed near Lake Conroe with an ultimate capacity of 150 MGD. The WWPP is proposed near Waller with an ultimate capacity of 200 MGD. Although the ultimate capacities of these plants are adequate to easily meet the needs of the area, the majority of the raw surface water supply originates in three proposed reservoirs, Lake Millican, Lake Creek and Bedias Reservoir. Construction of these sources could take up to 30 years, yielding completion dates past the required HGCSD conversion dates.

5.0 CONCLUSIONS

Several conclusions may be drawn from the previous comparisons. The most apparent is that all of the service area alternatives as mentioned in Appendix II and III are feasible when considering the available raw water supply in the Southwest from the Brazos River Basin. In fact, if the North or Northeast Water Supply becomes delayed, the Southwest Supply would be adequate to serve all of WHCSWSC's service area. However, it is readily apparent that the transmission cost savings is non-existent when pushing Southwest water north The main objective to any alternative raised is that water of Highway 290. from the North System in Alternate No. 5 and 6 may not be available in time to meet HGCSD target dates. A cost analysis of the major sources and transmission systems will be necessary before any alternate can be eliminated. This will be described later in Appendix IV.

ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT 1

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Prior reports and studies dealing with water demands and supplies in the City of Houston and surrounding areas were utilized as needed in preparing this study. Materials reviewed during the course of this project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Houston Water Master Plan</u>, Appendices A through M, August 1985 to March 1987, by Metcalf and Eddy, Inc. (Including February 1988 Revisions)
- 2. <u>District Plan</u>, Adopted November 1985, by Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.
- 3. <u>Subsidence '87</u>, February 1987 by Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.
- 4. Utility District Listing, Creation and Bond Issue Reports, Texas Water Commission Records, January 1987.
- 5. Yearly Groundwater Pumpage Records, Harris Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.
- 6. <u>Planning Report/Draft Environmental Statement</u>, September 1987, by United States Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation.
- 7. <u>West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation Implementation Plan</u>, Appendix II - Water Demand and Supply, October 1987, by Dannenbaum Engineering Corporation. (Revised February 1988)
WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

APPENDIX IV

DEFINITION AND EVALUATION OF ALTERNATIVE SYSTEMS

MARCH 1988

DANNENBAUM ENGINEERING CORPORATION CONSULTING ENGINEERS 3100 WEST ALABAMA HOUSTON, TEXAS 77098 (713) 622-8011

Treatment Processes

Northeast System

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According to the City of Houston's Water Quality Section, the treatment process needed for the Northeast Plant will be very similar to the process presently used by the City in the East and Southeast Treatment Plants. As a result, operations cost for the proposed Northeast Plant should approximate the operations cost at the City's existing treatment plants.

Southwest System

Raw water from the Brazos River System has been successfully treated in the past by industry and municipalities. The Galveston County Water Authority (GCWA) began treatment of Brazos River water in 1983 and is currently producing approximately 12 MGD of finished water. According to operation reports from GCWA, the costs of operation and treatment is expected to approximate the operation and treatment costs at the City's existing treatment plants.

Conveyance Systems

o Raw Water Conveyance

Raw water conveyance lines are those facilities required to pump and transfer raw water from the source to the treatment plant site.

o Termination Storage/Pumping

The termination storage required at each of the alternate Southwest Treatment Plant general locations was based on a desired water quality which would limit chloride concentrations in the raw water to less than 240 mg/l. Assuming a usable depth of 16.0 feet, the volume of termination storage varied from 658 acres to 424 acres for Alternate Service Areas No. 1 to No. 4, respectively and was sized at 808 acres for Alternate Service Area No. 7.

o **Treatment Facilities**

Northeast System

This study utilized the City of Houston proposed Northeast Treatment Plant. The WHCSWSC will present its surface water demand to the City of Houston which, if practical, will size the Northeast Treatment Plant to accommodate this requirement.

<u>Year</u>	<u>Demand</u>
1995	65.27
2000	105.97
2005	115.62
2010	170.77
2030	231.26

Surface Water Sources

Northeast Supply System

The assumed surface water source for the Northeast System is Lake Houston which is comprised of existing raw water from the San Jacinto and Trinity River System and future developed raw water from the Sabine River System. For the purposes of this study, it is assumed that the HWMP Alternate 4 will be developed.

Southwest Supply System

The assumed surface water source for the Southwest System is the Brazos River, the proposed Allen's Creek Reservoir and/or the Brazos River Canal System. The WHCSWSC will be required to obtain permission to transfer Brazos River Basin water to the San Jacinto River Basin which presently encompasses the entire WHCSWSC service area. Both the Brazos River and San Jacinto River Authorities have agreed in principal to the mentioned transfer, therefore, this requirement is not perceived to affect the viability of this implementation plan.

Raw Water Characteristics

The raw water from the Brazos River System which would be used to supply the WHCSWSC service area compares favorably with other regional water sources such as Lake Conroe or the Trinity River.

Raw water quality conditions of the Brazos River itself have been monitored over the past 20 years by the USGS at its gauging station near Richmond, Texas. Of importance with respect to raw water supply and treatment are the amount of dissolved solids, chlorides and sulfates monitored in the raw water. In 95% of the samples taken the total dissolved solids were less than or equal to 730.0 milligrams per liter (mg/l), chlorides were equal to or less than 240.0 mg/l and sulfates were equal to or less than 130.5 mg/l.

Southwest Conveyance Systems

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The components of the Southwest Conveyance System consist of a raw water pump station drawing from the Brazos River System, a raw water conveyance line from the source to the plant site, termination storage facilities for the raw water, a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant, ground storage and distribution pumping capabilities, and a treated water conveyance line to transport treated water from the plant site to the WHCSWSC boundary. Α specific site for a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant will be recommended and further detailed in Phase V. However, this Appendix does evaluate and recommend a siting area for the Plant. In this Appendix, the following five different locations resulting in six different alternatives have been identified and evaluated.

- Site 1. Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford Conveyance System
- Site 2. Brazos River/Highway 6 Conveyance System
- Site 3. Oyster Creek/Highway 6 Conveyance System
- Site 4A. Jones Creek/Grand Parkway Conveyance System
- Site 4B. Allens Creek/Grand Parkway Conveyance System
- Site 5. Allens Creek/F.M. 1093 Conveyance System

The above Sites 1, 2, 3 and 4A require termination storage facilities. Sites 4B and 5 do not require termination storage and utilize the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir.

Transmission Systems

The transmission system for the WHCSWSC study area was analysed using the following alternate service areas defined previously in Appendix II, "Water Demand and Supply":

- o Alternate No. 1 Boundary at Highway 290
- o Alternate No. 2 Boundary at F.M. 529
- o Alternate No. 3 Boundary at Clay Road
- o Alternate No. 4 Boundary at I.H. 10
- o Alternate No. 7 Entire Service Area Served by Southwest Supply System

Phasing of these Alternate Service Area Transmission Systems was accomplished in accordance with the time frame and regulatory areas as outlined by the HGCSD surface water conversion plan.

Figures 3 through 6A show the specific details of the Alternate Service Area Transmission Systems.

Southwest System

The Southwest Treatment Plant will be located within one of five general locations presented later in this report. The raw water supply for this plant would be from the Brazos River Basin as mentioned previously. The estimated ultimate capacity of the Southwest Treatment Plant will be from 150 MGD to 250 MGD (maximum daily capacity); however, if the Fort Bend County area agrees to participate the ultimate capacity could increase to 300 MGD.

o Treated Water Storage/Pumping

Treated water storage and pumping facilities are those facilities located at the treatment plant used to store the treated water and distribute it into the conveyance system.

o Treated Water Conveyance

Treated water conveyance lines are those facilities required to transport water from the treatment plant to the boundary of the WHCSWSC study area. All treated water conveyance lines were sized to handle the maximum daily demands of their respective service areas.

Transmission Systems

The Transmission System for the WHCSWSC study area will be a delivery system which will supply wholesale treated surface water in the vicinity of groups of political subdivisions within the study area. The individual political subdivisions will be responsible for organizing and constructing the facilities needed to transport treated surface water from WHCSWSC transmission system to each individual political subdivision existing ground facility resulting little storage in or no disruptions during implementation.

Northeast Conveyance Systems

The Northeast Conveyance System, as referred to in this implementation plan, is comprised of the following components: a shared portion of the proposed City of Houston Northeast Treatment Plant, a shared portion of distribution pumping capacity capable of delivering treated water into a proposed WHCSWSC ground storage facility and pump station, and the WHCSWSC shared portion of the treated water conveyance line from the treatment plant to the ground storage facilities located at the WHCSWSC boundary line.

This study evaluated the following Northeast Conveyance Systems:

- o Beltway 8 Route
- o NHCWSC Route
- o F.M. 1960 Route

Capital Cost Estimates

Northeast Conveyance System

The Northeast Conveyance System capital costs varied from \$96,578,000 to \$232,048,000 depending on the route and service area alternate investigated.

Southwest Conveyance System

Capital costs for the Southwest Conveyance System varied from \$285,408,000 to \$355,253,000 depending on the route and service area investigated.

Service Area Alternate Transmission System

The total capital costs associated with the Service Area Alternate Transmission Systems varied from \$353,684,000 to \$380,662,000 depending on the service area alternates investigated.

Annualized Cost Analysis

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The annualized cost for each alternate was determined by adding capital cost amortized at 8% over 30 years with the associated annual operation and maintenance cost. The annual cost was further refined into annual cost per thousand gallons of water delivered by dividing the annual cost by the maximum daily water delivered for each phase of conversion. This final refinement will place the alternates on a comparable basis independent of the amount of water delivered by the phased developments.

Annualized costs for the Northeast Conveyance System ranged from \$1.31/1000 gallons to \$6.21/1000 gallons.

Annualized costs for the Southwest Conveyance System ranged from \$1.24/1000 gallons to \$1.58/1000 gallons.

Annualized costs for the Service Area Alternates including Conveyance and Transmission Systems varied from \$1.54/1000 gallons to \$1.77/1000 gallons at the end of the study (Year 2030).

Present Worth Analysis

The present worth analysis presented in this study was calculated assuming the following assumptions:

- o Project capital cost have a 30 year life and are amortized at 8%.
- o Time period beginning 1988 and ending in 2030 (Study Period).

Cost Analysis

Considerations and Assumptions

o Northeast raw water supply costs are based on the following:

Year	Raw Water Cost
1990-2009	\$0.25/1000 Gallons
2010-2029	\$0.38/1000 Gallons
2030-After	\$0.32/1000 Gallons

- o Southwest raw water supply costs are based on the BRA offer consisting of \$0.37/1000 gallons with additional capital costs resulting in an additional \$0.09/1000 gallons.
- o Raw water pumping/conveyance costs are based on \$0.05/kilowatt-hour using an 85% efficiency factor.
- o Termination storage costs for each site was based on water quality criteria aimed at limiting chlorides to 240 mg/l. Capital costs associated with termination storage include the construction cost to build such a facility plus the cost of the land required.
- o All treatment plant capital cost estimates were based on current construction costs for similar facilities in the Houston area and include land costs, engineering and contingencies.
- The Northeast Treatment Plant capital cost used in this study was 0 approximately \$0.80 per gallon which increased to \$1.08/gallon when adding land cost and site development cost. The Southwest Treatment Plant capital cost was based on \$0.80 per gallon for actual treatment facilities. This figure was increased depending site alternate to include land on the plant cost and site development.
- o The costs of operations and treatment at the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant are estimated to be in the range of \$0.40 to \$0.50 per 1000 gallons. A figure of \$0.40 per 1000 gallons was used for this study.
- o Operations and treatment costs at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant are estimated to be \$0.42 per 1000 gallons based on data received from the GCWA.
- o Treated water pumping/conveyance and transmission capital costs were based on current construction costs for similar facilities constructed in the Houston area and the associated operating costs were based on \$0.05/kilowatt-hour with maintenance costs estimated at \$0.04/1000 gallons.

Ranking of Alternates

Methodology

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Previous Appendices along with the previous sections of this Appendix have identified three Northeast Conveyance System Alternates, six Southwest Conveyance System Alternates and seven Service Area Alternates. At the request of the WHCSWSC Board, Service Area Alternates No. 5 and No. 6 were consideration before beginning deleted from further Appendix IV. Alternates 5 and 6 were deleted because of the lack of interest on the part of the city of Houston in developing the HWMP's "Western Alternative" which includes the WHCSWSC's North Supply System.

Since the majority of alternatives have both advantages and disadvantages when compared to one another, a systematic method of identifying the most feasible alternate must be developed. The method chosen to rank alternates in this Appendix will address the following general categories:

- o Technical
- o Environmental
- o Community/Social
- o Phasing
- o Financial

Each set of Alternate Systems was evaluated and ranked in varying levels of detail within each of the general categories mentioned above.

Northeast Conveyance System Alternates

After detailed evaluation within the five general categories, it has been determined that the Beltway 8 Route is superior in all categories for the following reasons:

Technical

- o Superior hydraulic characteristics producing a maximum of 16 psi more residual pressure at the WHCSWSC boundary than the other two routes.
- o Reduced line lengths; 9 miles and 4 miles shorter than the F.M. 1960 and NHCWSC routes, respectively.
- o Reduced possibility of needed land acquisitions outside existing street rights-of-way.
- o Reduced possibility of problems during construction due to large rights-of-way, decreasing the construction time.

- o All present worth cost in 1988 dollars.
- o Operation and maintenance cost (O & M) are considered annually throughout study period.
- 0 O & M Costs are inflated at 10% per year.
- o The normalized present worth analysis was used for the Conveyance System Alternates by dividing the present worth by the million gallons per day (MGD) of maximum daily water delivered.
- o The actual present worth amounts were used when comparing Service Area Alternates (Through Year 2030) because the ultimate water delivered (231 MGD) was consistent for all Service Area Alternates.
- o Capital cost for each component was calculated as previously mentioned.

Normalized present worth for the Northeast Conveyance System ranged from \$7.53/MGD to \$8.99/MGD. For further details see Table 12 on Page 103.

Normalized present worth for the Southwest Conveyance System ranged from \$10.46/MGD to \$15.51/MGD. For further details see Table 13 on Page 104.

The normalized present worth for each Northeast or Southwest Conveyance System must be compared only within each Service Area Alternate. Comparing conveyance routes between Service Area Alternates or between the Northeast and the Southwest would not be valid due to the fact that all three components - Northeast Conveyance, Southwest Conveyance and Transmission System are needed in combination to serve the WHCSWSC demands.

The present worth in total dollars for the Service Area Alternates is shown below. The present worth analysis of the Service Area Alternates did not need normalizing since all of the alternates would ultimately deliver the same amount of treated water (231 MGD).

PRESENT WORTH SERVICE AREA ALTERNATES (Total Dollars)

SITE 4B	<u>SITE 5</u>
\$2,980,823,000	\$2,869,244,000
2,984,829,000	2,875,663,000
2,962,650,000	2,888,405,000
2,965,835,000	2,898,512,000
2,952,546,000	2,818,814,000
	<u>SITE 4B</u> \$2,980,823,000 2,984,829,000 2,962,650,000 2,965,835,000 2,952,546,000

If the present worth costs were normalized using 231 MGD, then costs would range between \$12.20/MGD in Service Area Alternate 7 to \$12.90 in Service Area Alternate 4.

Ranking of Alternates

Methodology

Previous Appendices along with the previous sections of this Appendix have identified three Northeast Conveyance System Alternates, six Southwest Conveyance System Alternates and seven Service Area Alternates. At the request of the WHCSWSC Board, Service Area Alternates No. 5 and No. 6 were deleted from further consideration before beginning Appendix IV. Alternates 5 and 6 were deleted because of the lack of interest on the part of the city of Houston in developing the HWMP's "Western Alternative" which includes the WHCSWSC's North Supply System.

Since the majority of alternatives have both advantages and disadvantages when compared to one another, a systematic method of identifying the most feasible alternate must be developed. The method chosen to rank alternates in this Appendix will address the following general categories:

- o Technical
- o Environmental
- o Community/Social
- o Phasing
- o Financial

Each set of Alternate Systems was evaluated and ranked in varying levels of detail within each of the general categories mentioned above.

Northeast Conveyance System Alternates

After detailed evaluation within the five general categories, it has been determined that the Beltway 8 Route is superior in all categories for the following reasons:

Technical

- o Superior hydraulic characteristics producing a maximum of 16 psi more residual pressure at the WHCSWSC boundary than the other two routes.
- o Reduced line lengths; 9 miles and 4 miles shorter than the F.M. 1960 and NHCWSC routes, respectively.
- o Reduced possibility of needed land acquisitions outside existing street rights-of-way.
- o Reduced possibility of problems during construction due to large rights-of-way, decreasing the construction time.

After initial review and because of the importance attached to the selection of a Southwest Conveyance System, a very detailed ranking criteria and methodology has been developed within the confines of the previously mentioned five general ranking categories. Each of the general ranking categories were evaluated based on the sub-categories outlined in the Individual Ranking Form located in Attachment 1 of Appendix IV.

The final conveyance system rankings for individual raters; the final average ranking between raters and the final overall ranking of each system can be viewed in the chart below:

RANKING		<u>southw</u>	EST CONVEY	ANCE ALTER	NATES	
COMMITTEE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE
MEMBER	<u>_1</u>	_2	_3	<u>4A</u>	<u>4B</u>	_5
RATER NO. 1	6	4	5	3	1	2
RATER NO. 2	6	4	5	2	1	3
RATER NO. 3	6	5	4	3	1	2
RATER NO. 4	6	4	5	2	1	3
RATER NO. 5	6	4	5	2	2	1
RATER NO. 6	6	4	5	3	2	1
RATER NO. 7	6	_5_	4	3	_2_	1
FINAL AVERAGE						
RATING	6	4.3	4.7	2.6	1.4	1.9
FINAL RANKING	(6)	(4)	(5)	(3)	(1)	(2)

FINAL RANKING OF ALTERNATES SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

From the final ranking chart it can be concluded that Site 4B, the Allens Creek/Grand Parkway Alternate is the ranking committee's preferred Southwest Conveyance System alternate. Site 5, the Allens Creek/F.M. 1093 system was very close with Site 4A, the Jones Creek/Grand Parkway, a distant third. It can be concluded that Site 1 (Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford); Site 2 (Brazos River/Highway 6); and Site 3 (Oyster Creek/Highway 6) are the least preferred.

It was concluded after reviewing the sensitivity of each of the five general ranking categories that the elimination of any one category would not affect the conclusion recommending Site 4B as the preferred Southwest Conveyance alternate.

Service Area Alternates

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The Service Area Alternates considered for evaluation and ranking are described as follows:

Alternate No. 1 - Boundary at Highway 290
Alternate No. 2 - Boundary at F.M. 529
Alternate No. 3 - Boundary at Clay Road
Alternate No. 4 - Boundary at I.H.10
Alternate No. 7 - Entire Service Area Served by Southwest Supply System

It is apparent that the Service Area Alternate that follows the HGCSD Conversion Plan would be preferable. The HGCSD's earliest conversion dates of 1995 and 2000 are located in the southwest and the remaining conversion dates of 2005, 2010 and the assumed 2030 are located in the north and far northwest of the WHCSWSC study area. As a result, the Service Area Alternate that has its first phases in the southwest will be less expensive from a phasing standpoint. Service Area Alternate 7 which proposes to serve the study area from south to north produces the least cost from both an annualized and present worth analysis.

As a result of the above analogy, we recommend Alternate No. 7 as the preferred Service Area Alternate. However, this recommendation could be changed in future updates to this study without appreciable affecting the final ultimate cost of the entire transmission system.

Conclusions and Recommendations

Appendix IV concludes with the following recommendations:

- o The Northeast Conveyance System should follow the Beltway 8 Route eliminating the NHCWSC and F.M. 1960 Routes from further study.
- o Eliminate the Southwest Conveyance System Alternates 1, 2, 3 and 4A from further study.
- o The Southwest Conveyance System Alternates No. 4B (Allens Creek/Grand Parkway) and No. 5 (Allens Creek/F.M. 1093) should be considered for further study.
- o Phase V should study in detail the possibility of locating a plant along F.M. 1093, in the area of the Grand Parkway/F.M. 1093 intersection, west to the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir site.
- o The Southwest Conveyance System plant site should be located to allow future development of an alternate and/or additional raw water source utilizing the available water rights in the BRA Canal System. This would enhance the possibility of surface water regionalization with entities in Fort Bend County.

- o The Southwest Conveyance System should obtain its raw water supply directly from Allens Creek Reservoir which will result in a higher quality water supply.
- o Phase V should further study the Allens Creek Reservoir operational procedures required to limit chloride concentrations to 150 mg/l.
- o The Southwest Conveyance System plant site should contain sufficient acreage to develop an ultimate plant capacity of approximately 300 MGD allowing the flexibility to meet demands due to possible Service Area modifications. This capacity is based on Service Area Alternate No. 7's ultimate capacity of 231 MGD, maximizing the water supply offer by the BRA, and the possibility of treating the available water rights of approximately 60 MGD from the BRA Canal System for possible wholesale to entities in Fort Bend County.
- o Phase V should further study the ultimate transmission system utilizing the demands developed from either Service Area Alternate No. 7 or No. 4. This would maintain the flexibility required to meet future Service Area modifications at a increased cost of less than 5 percent of the total ultimate transmission system cost.
- o WHCSWSC should request the BRA to upgrade its recent proposal based on the conclusions and recommendations outlined in this Appendix. The BRA proposal should include the construction of Allens Creek Reservoir by 1995.
- o WHCSWSC should authorize the Engineer to begin Phase V The Detail Evaluation of Selected Alternatives, as soon as possible.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
Title	e Page	i
Exec	cutive Summary	ii-xiv
Tab	e of Contents	xv-xvii
List	of Tables	xviii
List	of Exhibits	xix
List	of Figures	xx
List	of Attachments	xxi
1.0	INTRODUCTION	
	Purpose and Scope	1-3
2.0	DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS	
	Projected Water Demands	4-9
	Surface Water Sources	10-13
	Raw Water Characteristics	14-20
	Treatment Processes	21-23
	Conveyance Systems Raw Water Pumping/Conveyance Termination Storage/Pumping Treatment Facilities Treated Water Storage/Pumping Treated Water Conveyance	24 24 25-29 30 30
	Transmission System Transmission Pipeline Ground Storage/Booster Pump Stations	31 32-33
	Computer Model	34-35

Ì

ł

ļ

ł

3.0	CONVEYA	NCE S	SYSTEMS
0.0	CONTRACTOR		

Northeast Conveyance Systems	
Beltway 8 Route	36
NHCWSC Route	37
F.M. 1960 Route	38
Comparison of Conveyance Systems	38-41
Southwest Conveyance Systems	
	40 - 0

Site 1 - Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford Route	42-50
Site 2 - Brazos River/Highway 6 Route	51-53
Site 3 - Oyster Creek/Highway 6 Route	54-56
Site 4A - Jones Creek/Grand Parkway Route	57-59
Site 4B - Allens Creek/Grand Parkway Route	60-61
Site 5 - Allens Creek/FM 1093 Route	62-64
Comparison of Alternate Conveyance Systems	65-68

4.0 TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

Alternate 1 Service Area Transmission System	69-70
Alternate 2 Service Area Transmission System	71-72
Alternate 3 Service Area Transmission System	73-74
Alternate 4 Service Area Transmission System	75-76
Alternate 7 Service Area Transmission System	77-78
Comparison of Service Area Alternates	79-81

5.0 COSTS ANALYSIS

Considerations and Assumptions	
Raw Water Costs	82-84
Raw Water Pumping/Conveyance Costs	85
Termination Storage Costs	85-86
Treatment Costs	87-88
Treated Water Pumping/Conveyance Costs	88-89
Transmission System Costs	89-90

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont'd)

		Page
	Capital Cost Estimates	
	General	91
	Northeast Conveyance System Alternates	91
	Southwest Conveyance System Alternates	92
	Transmission System Service Area Alternates	93-94
	Cost Comparisons	
	General	95
	Annualized Cost Analysis	
	Northeast Conveyance	95-98
	Southwest Conveyance	99-1 00
	Service Area Alternates	101
	Present Worth Analysis	
	Northeast Conveyance	102-103
	Southwest Conveyance	104
	Service Area Alternates	105-106
6.0	RANKING OF ALTERNATES	
	Methodology	107-108
	Northeast Conveyance System Alternates	108-110
	Southwest Conveyance System Alternates	110-115
	Service Area Alternatives	115-119
7.0	CONCLUSIONS AND BECOMMENDATIONS	
/.0	CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
	Conclusions	120-126
	Recommendations	127-129

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LIST OF TABLES

		Page
TABLE 1 -	Summary of Surface Water Demands By Alternate	6-7
TABLE 2 -	WHCSWSC Southwest System Allocations	13
TABLE 3 -	Comparison of Regional Surface Water Quality	15
TABLE 4 -	Statistical Summary of Selected Water Quality Data	19-20
TABLE 5 -	WHCSWSC Supply Designation Schedule	84
TABLE 6 -	Northeast Conveyance System Capital Cost	91
TABLE 7 -	Southwest Conveyance System Capital Cost	92
TABLE 8 -	Transmission System Capital Cost	94
TABLE 9 -	Northeast Conveyance System Annualized Cost Per 1000 Gallons	98
TABLE 10 -	Southwest Conveyance System Annualized Cost Per 1000 Gallons	99 -100
TABLE 11 -	Service Area Alternates Annualized Cost per 1000 Gallons	101
TABLE 12 -	Northeast Conveyance System Normalized Present Worth per MGD	103
TABLE 13 -	Southwest Conveyance System Normalized Present Worth per MGD	104
TABLE 14 -	Service Area Alternates Present Worth	105

IV-xviii

LIST OF EXHIBITS

		<u>Page</u>
EXHIBIT 1 -	Surface Water Requirement (Average Daily Demand)	8
EXHIBIT 2 -	Surface Water Requirement (Maximum Daily Demand)	9
EXHIBIT 3 -	Surface Water Supply, Brazos River Authority (Average Daily Demand)	12
EXHIBIT 4 -	Waste Discharge Survey	18
EXHIBIT 5 -	Water Treatment Plant Flow Diagram	23
EXHIBIT 6 -	Treatment Plant Site Layout Termination Storage	27
EXHIBIT 7 -	Treatment Plant Site Layout Reservoir	28
EXHIBIT 8 -	Treatment Plant Site Layout Raw Waterline	29
EXHIBIT 9 -	Typical Booster Pump Station Site Layout	33
EXHIBIT 10-	100-Year Flood Plain Southwest Conveyance System Alternate	45
EXHIBIT 11-	General Fault Plan Southwest Conveyance System Alternate	46

LIST OF FIGURES

<u>Page</u>

FIGURE 1 - Northeast Conveyance System Alternate Routes	41
FIGURE 2 - Southwest Conveyance System Alternate Routes	44
FIGURE 3 - Alternate 1 Service Area Transmission System	70
FIGURE 4 - Alternate 2 Service Area Transmission System	72
FIGURE 5 - Alternate 3 Service Area Transmission System	74
FIGURE 6 - Alternate 4 Service Area Transmission System	76
FIGURE 6A -Alternate 7 Service Area Transmission System	78
FIGURE 7 - Transmission System Node Map	81

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LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT 1 -Individual Ranking Form ATTACHMENT 2 -Detailed Capital Cost Tables ATTACHMENT 3 -Brazos River Authority Proposal ATTACHMENT 4 -Correspondence ATTACHMENT 5 -GCWA Operating Reports ATTACHMENT 6 -Acknowledgments

IV-xxi

1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

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The purpose of this study undertaken by the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation (WHCSWSC), is to produce an implementation program that will provide a reliable long-term surface water supply to West Harris County. This proposed implementation program is an extension of the Houston Water Master Plan (HWMP) and will refine the HWMP, providing details necessary for implementation within the WHCSWSC study area.

The project scope of work for this phase of the implementation program deals with the definition and evaluation of alternative conveyance and transmission systems to serve the projected water demands of the WHCSWSC study area. The Northeast Conveyance System, as referred to in this implementation plan, is comprised of the following components: a shared portion of the proposed City of Houston Northeast Treatment Plant, a shared portion of distribution pumping capacity capable of delivering treated water into a proposed WHCSWSC ground storage facility and pump station, and the WHCSWSC shared portion of the treated water conveyance line from the treatment plant to the ground storage facilities located at the WHCSWSC boundary line. The Southwest Conveyance System is comprised of raw water pumping and conveyance facilities, termination storage facilities for the raw water, a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant,

treated water ground storage and pumping facilities and treated water conveyance pipeline from the treatment plant to the WHCSWSC boundary line. The Transmission System is defined as the pipeline, ground storage facilities and booster pump stations required to deliver treated water from the conveyance systems to locations throughout the WHCSWSC service area. The demands used in this Appendix are the revised surface water requirements as previously defined in Appendix II, "Water Demand and Supply - Revision One". To satisfy these requirements with regard to the long-term conversion plan as outlined by the Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District (HGCSD), a method of conveying surface water from sources located northeast and southwest of the WHCSWSC study area must be determined.

The northeast raw water supply source will be taken from Lake Houston. Three alternate Northeast Conveyance Systems will be defined and evaluated based on Technical, Environmental, Community/Social, Phasing and Financial criteria.

The southwest raw water supply source will be the Brazos River, the proposed Allen's Creek Reservoir and/or the Brazos River Canal System. Six alternate Southwest Conveyance Systems along with five general geographical areas have been identified and will be evaluated based on the previously mentioned criteria. Included in the evaluation of alternate Southwest Conveyance Systems will be the evaluation of a location for a proposed Southwest Water Treatment Plant.

The Transmission System required to deliver wholesale treated surface water from the previously defined conveyance systems to specific customers within the WHCSWSC study area will also be defined. Alternate Service Areas No. 1 through 4, as previously defined in Appendix II, and No. 7 will be evaluated based on capital and operational costs, and the phased construction of each alternate transmission system to satisfy HGCSD surface water conversion target dates. Alternative conveyance and transmission systems will be compared and rated with respect to each other. The highest rated systems will be further refined in Phase V, "Detailed Evaluation of Selected Alternatives".

2.0 DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

2.0 DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projected Water Demands

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Table 1 presents a summary of alternate service area water requirements which are based on the revised projected water demands previously defined in Appendix II, "Water Supply and Demand - Revision The projected water demands were updated to be consistent with the One". recent revision to the water demands in the City of Houston Water Master Plan (HWMP). These revisions resulted in pushing back the projected water demands by five years after 1990. Also, included in the table is the projected water demands for an alternate that considers serving all of the WHCSWSC service area from the Southwest Supply, hereafter referred to as Alternate No. 7.

Projected water demands were determined by assigning demand criteria to population and employment projections developed by Rice Center for each census tract and Municipal Demand Area within the service area. The surface water supply requirements were based on using average daily water demands. To be consistent with the sizing criteria presented in the HWMP, the WHCSWSC study uses maximum day demands to size treatment plants, conveyance systems and transmission systems. Maximum daily demands were computed by multiplying average daily demands by a peak factor which

ranged from 1.6 to 2.0. Refer to Exhibit 1 for a graphical representation of the WHCSWSC projected average daily demands and Exhibit 2 for the corresponding maximum daily demands.

The surface water required by the HGCSD conversion plan was calculated by using 80% of the total maximum daily demand within each of the HGCSD The regulatory areas will not be required to increase regulatory areas. surface water usage until another conversion date is reached and as a result the surface water requirements increase in a stair step fashion. The HGCSD plan ends in 2020, however, for purposes of computing surface water requirements for this study, it was assumed that HGCSD regulatory area eight will require 80% conversion to surface water in 2030. The HGCSD plan permits increases in groundwater withdrawal so long as surface Therefore, in this study it was assumed that water use is not decreased. the amount of surface water required at each regulatory area conversion date remained constant throughout the duration of the study. Increases in demand due to growth along with peak demands would be satisfied with available groundwater supplies.

The surface water requirements projected in this study have not been reduced to account for the enactment of a future water conservation plan. Any reduction experienced due to water conservation measures will only serve to postpone future phases. As a result for planning purposes the water conservation measures have been neglected to produce a worst case scenario. The water conservation measures will be reviewed when updating this plan for future expansions.

TABLE 1

SUMMARY OF SURFACE WATER DEMANDS BY ALTERNATE TO MEET HGCSD CONVERSION REQUIREMENTS (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)

	CITY OF				
	HOUSTON	WHCSWSC	TOTAL	TOTAL	TOTAL
	SOUTHWEST	SOUTHWEST	SOUTHWEST	NORTHEAST	ALL AREAS
YEAR	(MGD)	(MGD)	(MGD)	(MGD)	(MGD)
		······			
ALTERI	NATE 1 - BOUI	NDARY AT U.S	. 290		
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27
2000	89.82	16.14	105.96	0.00	105.97
2005	89.82	16.14	105.96	9.66	115.62
2010	89.82	44.76	134.58	36.18	170.77
2012	101.17	44.76	145.93	36.18	182.11
2020	101.17	44.76	145.93	36.18	182.12
2030**	101.17	86.25	187.42	43.85	231.26
ALTER	NATE 2 - BOUI	NDARY AT F.N	<u>1. 529</u>		
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27
2000	89.82	16.14	105.96	0.00	105.96
2005	89.82	16.14	105.96	9.66	115.62
2010	89.82	39.25	129.07	41.69	170.76
2012	101.17	39.25	140.42	41.69	182.11
2020	101.17	39.25	140.42	41.69	182 11
2030**	101.17	76.29	177.46	53.80	231.26
ALTER	NATE 3 - BOU	NDARY AT CL	AY ROAD		
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27
2000	89.82	15.74	105.56	0.41	105.97
2005	89.82	15.74	105.56	10.06	115.62
2010	89.82	15.74	105.56	65.21	170.77
2012	101.17	15,74	116.91	65.21	182.12
2020	101.17	15.74	116.91	65.21	182.12
2030**	101.17	38.79	139.96	91.30	231.26

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**Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District Plan for surface water use ends at 2020. Required surface water for 2030 was estimated assuming that Area 8 will be required to convert to 80% surface water in that year.

TABLE 1 (CONT'D)

SUMMARY OF SURFACE WATER DEMANDS BY ALTERNATE TO MEET HGCSD CONVERSION REQUIREMENTS (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMANDS)

<u>YEAR</u>	CITY OF HOUSTON SOUTHWEST (MGD)	WHCSWSC SOUTHWEST (MGD)	TOTAL SOUTHWEST <u>(MGD)</u>	TOTAL NORTHEAST _(MGD)_	TOTAL ALL AREAS (MGD)
ALTER	<u>NATE 4 - BOU</u>	NDARY AT I.H.	. 10		
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27
2000	89.82	12.49	102.31	3.66	105.97
2005	89.82	12.49	102.31	13.31	115.62
2010	89.82	12.49	102.31	68.46	170.77
2012	101.17	12.49	113.66	68.46	182.12
2020	101.17	12.49	113.66	68.46	182.12
2030**	101.17	19.79	120.96	110.30	231.26
ALTER	<u>NATE 7 - ENT</u>	IRE WHCSWSC	AREA SERVED	BY SOUTHWES	<u>t system</u>
1985	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
1995	65.27	0.00	65.27	0.00	65.27
2000	89.82	16.14	105.97	0.00	105.97
2005	89.82	25.80	115.62	0.00	115.62
2010	89.82	80.95	170.77	0.00	170.77
2012	101.17	80.95	182.12	0.00	182.12
2020	101.17	80.95	182.12	0.00	182.12
2030**	101.17	130.09	231.26	0.00	231.26
				VIV V	

******Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District Plan for surface water use ends at 2020. Required surface water for 2030 was estimated assuming that Area 8 will be required to convert to 80% surface water in that year.

EXHIBIT NO. 1 SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENT (AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND)



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EXHIBIT NO. 2 SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENT (MAXIMUM DAILY DEMAND)



Surface Water Sources

The assumed surface water source for the Northeast System is Lake Houston. Lake Houston is located approximately 20 miles east of the eastern boundary of the WHCSWSC study area and impounds San Jacinto River water. Lake Houston is owned and operated by the City of Houston and currently serves as a raw water source for the City. Various projects are underway or currently being investigated to bring additional water to Lake Houston from adjacent river basin systems which will assure a sufficient quantity of water available in Lake Houston to meet future demands.

The assumed surface water source for the Southwest System is the Brazos River, the proposed Allen's Creek Reservoir and/or the Brazos River Canal System which flows in a southeast direction approximately 4 miles southwest of the WHCSWSC study area boundary. The WHCSWSC will be required to obtain permission to transfer Brazos River Basin water to the San Jacinto River Basin which presently encompasses the entire WHCSWSC service area. Both the Brazos River and San Jacinto River Authorities have agreed in principal to the mentioned transfer, therefore, this requirement is not perceived to affect the viability this of implementation plan.

Correspondence received from the Brazos River Authority (BRA) outlines a proposal for an incrementally developed raw water source of up to 134 MGD (average daily supply) with the ability to meet the WHCSWSC maximum

daily demands through operations of the entire Brazos River Basin. The initial increment of supply available immediately from existing sources is 67.0 MGD. The second increment of supply will come from the proposed Allen's Creek reservoir to be developed by the B.R.A. This second increment will increase the available supply of raw water to 107.2 MGD by The third increment is planned to be supplied by the the year 2000. proposed South Bend Reservoir Project. This supply will increase the available raw water supply to 134.0 MGD in 2030. However, the available raw water to WHCSWSC will only be a portion of the total available water which has been defined as current use water in the BRA proposal. The portion offered to WHCSWSC will be as follows:

	Cumulative Water
<u>Year</u>	Offered (MGD)
1995	40
2000	67
2005	72
2010	107
2015	116
2020	116
2025	116
2030	134

Table 2 presents a summary of supply source allocations for the WHCSWSC Southwest System. Exhibit 3 shows a graphical representation of the BRA proposal. Raw water sources were sized to handle the average daily demands of the alternate service areas with the ability to meet maximum daily demands as required. If the Southwest Conveyance System Alternate Site 4B or 5 is chosen, the WHCSWSC would need to request the BRA to construct Allens Creek Reservoir by the year 1995.

EXHIBIT NO. 3 SURFACE WATER SUPPLY BRAZOS RIVER AUTHORITY (AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND)



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TABLE 2

WHCSWSC SOUTHWEST SYSTEM ALLOCATIONS FROM SOUTHWEST SUPPLY SOURCE (BRAZOS RIVER BASIN)

Supply Source	<u>Supr</u> Year <u>Needed</u>	<u>oly</u> Source <u>Amount</u> (AF/YR)	Allocat <u>from Suppl</u> <u>WHCSWSC</u> (AF/YR)	ions [*] <u>v Source</u> <u>Option Grp</u> (AF/YR)	Cumulati <u>Allocated</u> <u>WHCSWSC</u> (AF/YR)	ve Total <u>Supplies</u> <u>Option Grp</u> (AF/YR)
Existing BR. Reservoir System	A 1988	90,000 (80.4) (mgd)	75,000 (67.0) (mgd)	15,000 (13.4) (mgd)	75,000 (67.0) (mgd)	15,000 (13.4) (mgd)
Allen's Creek	2000	70,000 (62.5) (mgd)	45,000 (40.2) (mgd)	25,000 (22.3) (mgd)	120,000 (107.2) (mgd)	40,000 (35.7) (mgd)
South Bend	2010	110,000 (98.2) (mgd)	30,000 (26.8) (mgd)	80,000 (71.5) (mgd)	150,000 (134.0) (mgd)	120,000 (107.2) (mgd)

*Each group would be allocated a total supply up to this amount. Water not designated Current Use Water for immediate use would be designated Future Use Water.

Raw Water Characteristics

The raw water from the Brazos River System which would be used to supply the WHCSWSC service area compares favorably with other regional water sources such as Lake Conroe or the Trinity River. Table 3 gives a summary comparison of Brazos River System water to these other supplies.

The Brazos River System contains the Brazos River and its reservoirs as well as the canal system which is comprised of portions of Jones Creek, Oyster Creek, and the manmade canal south of Missouri City which transfers raw water as far as the Texas City area. The head water flow of Oyster Creek originates as pumpage from the Brazos River at a pump station operated by the Brazos River Authority. From this pump station water flows into Jones Creek, which has been modified to flow into Oyster Creek. A second pump station delivers water out of Oyster Creek into Canal System A which serves Brazoria and Galveston Counties with irrigation and municipal water supply. Overflow of Dam No. 3 downstream of this second pumping station provides the only upstream flow to the lower part of Oyster Creek. The desired water uses for Oyster Creek as determined by the Texas Water Commission are contact recreation, high quality aquatic habitat, and domestic water supply.
TABLE 3

comparison of regional surface water quality $^{{\rm L}\!/}$

Parameter (Units)	<u>Brazos River</u>	Lake Conroe ^{2/} (<u>San Jacinto River)</u>	Benbrook Lake ^{2/} (Trinity River)			
Turbidity (ntu)	16 - 111	N.A. ^{3/}	N.A. ^{<u>3</u>/}			
Alkalinity (mg/l @ CaCO ₃)	78 - 250	39 - 140	110-160			
pH (units)	7.9 - 8.9	6.4 - 8.4	6.9 - 8.6			
Fluoride (mg/l)	0.28 - 0.34	0.1 - 0.2	0.2 - 0.4			
Calcium Hardness (mg/l @ CaCO ₃)	128 - 140	37 - 85	97-155			
Hardness (mg/l @ CaCO ₃)	148 - 180	46 - 100	130-180			
Zinc (mg/l)	N.A. ^{<u>3</u>/}	0.01 - 0.03	N.A. ^{<u>3</u>/}			
Iron (mg/l)	2.7 - 3.8	0.01 - 8.3	0.01 - 0.79			

1/ Source of Data: GCWA Monthly Reports, 1983 - 1985.
2/ Source of Data: U.S.G.S. Water Resources Data 1982.

3/ NA: Not Analyzed.

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> **Reproduced from G.C.W.A. Investigation of Potable Water Complaints in Dickinson, Texas by Malcolm Pirnie, May 1986.

The following numerical criteria have been established for the upper Oyster Creek segment to insure that the water quality will be maintained for the desired uses.

Parameter	Criteria
Dissolved Oxygen	Not less than 5.0 mg/l
pН	Not less than 6.5 nor more than 9.0
Temperature	Not to exceed 95 ⁰ F.
Chloride	Annual average not to exceed 140 mg/l
Sulfate	Annual average not to exceed 75 mg/l
Total Dissolved Solids	Annual average not to exceed 1070 mg/l
Fecal Coliform	30-Day geometric mean not to exceed
	200 per 100 ml.

The Texas Water Commission maintains an active monitoring station of Oyster Creek at U.S. Highway 90A in Sugar Land. A draft report dealing with the wasteload evaluation for Upper Oyster Creek was published June 20, 1985. This document reports that data gathered over 4 years from the period of January 1, 1981 through December 31, 1984 indicate that water quality at this location is not meeting the state criteria for the following parameters: dissolved oxygen, temperature and pH. The average dissolved oxygen concentration for the period is 4.4 mg/l which is below the minimum allowable concentration of 5.0 mg/l. Maximum temperatures have been recorded up to $99^{\circ}F$, which exceed the maximum allowable of

95^oF. The minimum pH observed was 6.1 which is less than the minimum criteria of 6.5. Recorded values for chlorides, sulfates, total dissolved solids and fecal coliform bacteria have been within the allowable criteria. Exhibit 4 shows the approximate locations of effluent discharge points into the Canal A system including Jones and Oyster Creeks.

Raw water quality conditions of the Brazos River itself have been monitored over the past 20 years by the USGS at its gauging station near Richmond, Texas. Table 4, taken from data prepared by the USGS, gives a description of water quality conditions in the Brazos River along with statistical and recurrence intervals for each criteria. Of importance with respect to raw water supply and treatment are the amount of dissolved solids, chlorides and sulfates monitored in the raw water. In 95% of the samples taken the total dissolved solids were less than or equal to 730.0 milligrams per liter (mg/l), chlorides were equal to or less than 240.0 mg/l and sulfates were equal to or less than 130.5 mg/l. Other criteria related to water quality of the Brazos River can also be seen in this table.

Raw water taken from the Brazos River System is characteristically high in color, with variable turbidity, high organic content, high iron and seasonally high algae content. The high algae and organic content of the raw water results in the potential for taste and odor problems to develop during treatment and distribution.



TREATMENT PLANT AREA

SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM STUDY AREA (WASTE DISCHARGE SURVEY)

EXHIBIT NO. 4

WASTE DISCHARGE LOCATION

TABLE 4

STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF SELECTED WATER-JUALITY DATA

STATION NUMBER: 08114000 STATION NAME: BRAZOS RIVER AT RICHMOND, TEX.

LATITUJE: 293456 LONGITUDE: 0954327 COUNTY: FORT BENO DRAINAGE AREA; 45007.00 SQUARE MILES

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SUMMARY OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY DATA COLLECTED AT PERIODIC INTERVALS FROM OCT. 1957 TO AUG. 1936

	DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS				PERCENT OF SAMPLES IN WHICH VALUES Were less than or equal to those shown				
					NEDIAN				
WATER-DUALITY CONSTITUENT	SIZE	MAXIMUM	MINIMUM	MEAN	95	75	ΰċ	23	5

	7.20	7.7 - 7.3	7 60	20 15	30 50	25.01	20.00	15.00	3.00
TEMPERATURE (DEG C)	200	UC.CC 51-52-52	120 00	10511 12	44979.96	12250.03	4959.20	1777.53	742.33
STREAMFLOW, INSTANTANEOUS (CFS)	244		120.00	111 27	556.0.1	203.00	74.50	20.05	2.54
TURBIDITY (FTU)	.1	120 20	5 3.3	45 71	153-03	55.53	25.22	10.00	5.00
COLOR (PLATINUMCOBALT UNITS)	31	100.00	הה רכי	751 52	1293.00	935.00	725.00	512.00	304.40
SPECIFIC CONDUCTANCE (UNHOS)	212	1700.00	220.00	77 6	11.47	9.10	8.30	7.50	5.73
OXYGEN, DISSOLVED (MG/L)	120	14.50	2.40	2,17	119 00	174.00	97.33	91.00	75.33
CXYGEN, DISSOLVED (PERCENT SATURATION)	114	127-07	00.00	73.11	117200	2 3 3 3	2.11	1.4.)	0.55
OXYGEN DEMAND, BIJCHEMICAL, 5 DAY (MG/L)	117	0.10	0.10	17 +7	4.00 / 4.00	1 4 7 5	15.53	11.25	7.31
OXYSEN DEMANO/ CHEMICAL (LOW LEVEL) (MG/	12	43.00	7.00	7 7:	45.00	3.00	7.23	7.50	7.13
Pr (UMITS)	352	2.00	0.25	1111	10.00	155 51	1.5.31	115.01	69.00
ALKALINITY FIELD (NG/L AS CACO3)	295	243.00	73.00	122.63	190.00	0.00	6 13	1.00	5.01
CARBONATE FETHFLD (MG/L AS COS)	251	9.33	0.00	0.03	4-14-52	532 50	146 57	41 25	27.15
SOLIDS/ RESIDUE AT 105 DEG. C/ SUSPENDED	62	2250.00	15.00	3041(+	1030.00	107.53	50.00	15.53	0.10
SOLIDS/ VOLATILE/ SUSPENDED (MG/L)	57	2220.00	0.00	103.07	332.43	1 10	L 75	.0.20	0.13
NITROGEN, ORGANIC TOTAL (MG/L AS W)	94	7.23	-0-03	0.33	1.72	1+14	0.75	0.42	3.37
NITROGEN, ORGANIC DISSOLVED (MG/L AS N)	12	1.20	0.37	0.70	1.20	5.37	0.05	0.01	7.07
NITROGEN, AMMONIA DISSOLVED (MG/L AS N)	42	0.13	0.30	0.35	0.14	0.33	0.00	0.03	1 1
NITROGEN, ANNONIA TOTAL (MJ/L AS N)	103	1.10	0.00	0.03	0.24	دل.v	0.03	3.32	1.00
NITROGEN, NITRITE DISSOLVED (MG/L AS N)	0	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.03	1.1	1.0	0.00	2.33
NITROJEVA NITRIJE TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	33	0.25	0.00	0.02	0.15	ک ز. زا	0.51	ر د. د	
NITROGEN, NITRATE DISSOLVED (MG/L AS N)	2	0.74	0.44					0.33	
NTROGEN, NITRATE TOTAL (MG/L AS N)	172	2.20	0.00	0.5.	1.34	u° - 3 U	7.27	0.23	
NTTROSEN, AMMONIA + ORGANIC DIS. (MG/L AS	12	1.30	0.43	0.77	1.33	0.75	3.75	1.51	0.40
NITEOGES-AMMONTL + ORGANIC TOTAL (MG/L A	75	7.30	0.01	1.09	1.93	1.20	0.75	9.72	9.43
NTTODIEN NOZANOS TOTAL (MG/L AS N)		1.5J	0.00	0.40	1.10	3.52	ū.41	0.02	1.00
NITEOCEN NOZENS DISSOLVES (MG/) AS N)		1.30	0.00	0.43	1.13	0.72	J.45	0.00	1.11
NITRUGENZ NOZATUS SISSCEVES (MORE HS AV		0.95	0.03	0. 24	0.60	ŭ.31	0.19	J.11	/[از
PHOSPHORUSE DISION VED (MS/L AS P)	42	0.25	0.00	0.10	0.13	J.13	Ū.03	5.07	0.05
PHORECONFE TOTAL (MG(: AS E)		44.30	2.70	9.04	13.50	12.00	9.25	5.32	3.1.)
(13304) 0334410 10140 (1076 43 0)	4	25.00	4.20						
CARBON, ORGANIC SUSPENDED TOTAL (MG/L AS	4	1.50	0.40						
HISSAR SKARAL SUSPENDED IDIAL COUPLERS	207	473.33	33.00	203.01	293.00	240.30	250.00	1:0.00	113.53
HIPONESS (HOVE AS CACOS)	203	\$00.00	0.00	07.23	143.30	91.JU	59.00	33.50	16.7ú
HARDNESSY NUNCAREDINATE (NOVE CACODY	290	110.00	23.00	51.73	86.ÛÛ	72.30	62.JJ	50.00	30.33
CALCIUM DISSOLVED (MG/L AS CA)	220	71.00	3.20	11.57	20.00	15.25	12.00	7.77	4 - 4 5
MAGNESIUMA DISSULVED (MOVE AS MOV	143	240.00	9.50	77.54	109.00	113.00	69.53	40.00	15.05
SJOINAN DISSELVED (MOVE AS NAV	720	23.00	0.50	2.31	4.00	3.00	2.00	1.25	0.73
SDDIUM ADSORPTION RATIO		7.50	1.30	4.57	5.89	5.10	4.50	4.10	3.40
POTASSIUM, DISSOLVEJ (MG/L AS K)		370 0.3	11.00	111.01	240.00	150.00	98.00	53.00	22.00
CHLORIDE, DISSOLVED (MG/L AS CL)		220.00	13.00	71.40	130.50	92.00	67.00	46.00	21.50
SULFATE DISSOLVED (MG/L AS 504)		0.40	0.00	0.25	0.50	0.30	0.30	0.20	3.15
FLUORIDE, DISSOLVED (MG/L AS F)		40.00	0.30	3.19	11.00	9.57	3.43	6.97	3.03
SILICAN DISSCLVED (MG/L AS SID2)	274	יי ור:ד	23.30	1107.90	3714.75	1175.00	5,00	137.50	41.30
COLIFDAM, FECAL, J.7 UM-HF (COLS./TOU ML	+4	122200	20.00				-		



STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF SELECTED WATER-QUALITY DATA IN THE UPPER TRINITY RIVER BASING TEXAS

STATION NUMBER: 08114000 STATION NAME: GRAZOS RIVER AT RICHMOND, TEX.

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LATITUDE: 293456 LONGITUDE: 0954527 COUNTY: FORT BEND DRAINAGE AREA; 45007.00 SQUARE MILES

SUMMARY OF SELECTED WATER QUALITY DATA COLLECTED AT PERIODIC INTERVALS FROM OCT 1967 TO AUG 1935

	DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS				PERCENT OF SAMPLES IN WHICH VALJES Were less than or e-Jal to those shown				
WATER-QUALITY CONSTITUENT	SA:4PL5 SIZE	MAXIMUM	MINIMUS	MEAN	95	75	MEDIAN 50	25	ş
STREPTOCOCCI FECAL, KF AGAR (COLS. PER 1	42	9100.00	20.00	1374.35	8149.97	1100.00	240.00	130.00	32.60
PHENOLS (UG/L)	12	21.00	0.JJ	2.92	21.00	2.75	0.00	3.00	0.00
METHYLENE BLUE ACTIVE SUBSTANCE (MG/L)	1 ó	0.05	J.JO	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.00	0.00	دن.د
SCLIDS, RESIDUE AT 180 DEG. C DISSOLVED	÷2	215.00	135.00	495.50	÷J6.95	574.25	456.00	314.75	159.75
SOLIDS, SUM OF CONSTITUENTS, DISSOLVED (230	1100.00	123.00	424.95	730.00	\$50.00	408.50	239.73	170.00
SED. SUSP. SIEVE DIAM. % FINER THAN .062	155	100.00	13.00	33.71	97.CJ	97.00	91.JJ	34.30	69.30
SEDIMENT, SUSPENDED (MG/L)	15?	7300.00	12.00	1333.20	4320.00	1030.00	350.00	173.00	23.00
SEDIMENT/ DISCHARGE/ SUSPENDED (T/DAY)	159	500000.00	23.00	90910.31	495979.91	63400.00	12500.00	2013.00	55.30

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Treatment Processes

Northeast Supply (San Jacinto/Trinity/Sabine River Water)

The northeast raw water supply will originate from Lake Houston and will eventually be a mixture of San Jacinto, Trinity and Sabine River water. According to the City of Houston's Water Quality Section, the treatment process needed for the Northeast Plant will be very similar to the process presently used by the City in the East and Southeast Treatment Plants. As a result, operations cost for the proposed Northeast Plant should approximate the operations cost at the City's existing treatment plants.

Southwest Supply (Brazos River Water)

Raw water from the Brazos River System has been successfully treated in the past by industry and municipalities. The Galveston County Water Authority (GCWA) began treatment of Brazos River water in 1983 and is currently producing approximately 12 MGD of finished water. At the GCWA plant, low lift pumps raise the water from the inlet channel to a pair of reactor clarifiers. Cationic polymer is added as a coagulant which causes the particles suspended in the water to clump together and settle out, clearing the water. Chlorine dioxide is added to destroy algae, taste and odor. Lime is added for pH adjustment and water softening. Reactor clarifiers are used to clarify the raw water with flocculation, clarification and softening taking place in the same unit. Filter aid, chlorine and carbon

dioxide are added prior to filtration. The filters consist of two feet of crushed anthracite coal, nine inches of sand and one foot of gravel. A clearwell holds the filtered water where post disinfection with chlorine dioxide takes place. Water from the clearwell also serves as backwash water for the filters. Transfer pumps, supply treated water to the ground storage facilities. Exhibit 5 shows a typical flow diagram for this treatment process using reactor clarifiers similar to the GCWA plant.





Convevance Systems

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Raw Water Conveyance

Raw water conveyance lines are those facilities required to pump and transfer raw water from the source to the treatment plant site. At sites requiring termination storage, raw water conveyance lines will pump and transfer water from the source into a termination storage facility and then into the treatment facility. Raw water conveyance lines were sized to handle the maximum daily demands of the alternate service areas. Maximum design velocities in the raw water conveyance systems were held to less than 7 feet per second (fps).

Termination Storage/Pumping

The termination storage required at each of the alternate Southwest Treatment Plant general locations was based on a desired water quality which would limit chloride concentrations in the raw water to less than 240 mg/l which is below the EPA recommended level of 250 mg/l. Historic water quality data previously presented in Table 4 shows that this is possible 95% of the time. Under this assumption raw water would need to be pumped from a termination storage facility rather than directly from the Brazos River System 5% of the time during the year. Termination storage facilities were sized for each alternate service area by using the maximum daily demand multiplied by the number of days required to satisfy the 5% limit. Assuming a usable depth of 16.0 feet, the volume of termination storage varied from 658 acres to 424 acres for Alternate Service Areas No. 1 to No. 4, respectively and was sized at 808 acres for Alternate Service Area No. 7.

Treatment Facilities

The City of Houston is currently proceeding with design and has purchased the site for a proposed Northeast Treatment Plant. The proposed plant would be located adjacent to Lake Houston near Beltway 8. The raw water supply for this plant would be Lake Houston. Correspondence recently received from the City of Houston indicates that initially the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant will have a nominal peak production capacity of 35 to 50 MGD and could be in operation as early as 1991. No firm schedule for future plant expansions currently exists, however, planning projections call for the ultimate capacity of the Northeast Treatment Plant to be up to 600 MGD.

Although, the final design of the Northeast Treatment Plant must be completed to establish the exact discharge pressures and pump operations, it is anticipated that the design will be similar to the existing Southeast Treatment Plant. The WHCSWSC will present its surface water demand to the City of Houston which, if practical, will size the Northeast Treatment Plant to accommodate this requirement.

The Southwest Treatment Plant will be located within one of five general locations presented later in this report. The raw water supply for this plant would be from the Brazos River Basin as mentioned previously. The estimated ultimate capacity of the Southwest Treatment Plant will be from 150 MGD to 250 MGD (maximum daily capacity); however, if the Fort Bend County area agrees to participate the ultimate capacity could increase to 300 MGD. Exhibits 6, 7 and 8 show three different water treatment plant site layouts which may occur depending on whether raw water is taken from a termination storage facility, directly out of the Allen's Creek Reservoir or from a raw water conveyance line. These exhibits are laid out using the City of Houston's present requirement of treatment trains instead of individual reactor clarifiers as previously presented. This configuration is usually more economical in larger plants because of the reduction in land needed for the plant site.

Treatment plants were sized to accommodate the maximum daily demands of their respective service areas. A discharge pressure of approximately 95 PSI was assumed for the alternatives examined, which is consistent with present discharge pressures for existing City of Houston treatment plants.





Treated Water Storage/Pumping

Treated water storage and pumping facilities are those facilities located at the treatment plant used to store the treated water and distribute it into the conveyance system. Ground storage tanks were sized to provide 6 hour maximum daily demands for the alternate service areas. Distribution pumping capacity was also sized to handle the maximum daily demands of the alternate service areas.

Treated Water Conveyance

Treated water conveyance lines are those facilities required to transport water from the treatment plant to the boundary of the WHCSWSC study area. All treated water conveyance lines were sized to handle the maximum daily demands of their respective service areas. A minimum delivery pressure of 20 PSI was assumed for the Northeast Conveyance System which would be adequate to fill a ground storage tank at a booster pump station located at the WHCSWSC study area boundary. This requirement was set for estimating the WHCSWSC pro rata cost of the Northeast Conveyance System. It is understood that this conveyance system would be ultimately sized by the City of Houston and operate similar to the transmission systems to be discussed later.

The treated water conveyance lines in the Southwest Conveyance System will be designed based on the same criteria as outlined in the transmission systems discussed later in this appendix. The lines will be designed for maximum daily demands at a maximum velocity of 7 feet per second (fps).

Transmission System

Transmission Pipeline

The Transmission System for the WHCSWSC study area will be a delivery system which will supply wholesale treated surface water in the vicinity of groups of political subdivisions within the study area. The individual political subdivisions will be responsible for organizing and constructing the facilities needed to transport treated surface water from WHCSWSC transmission system to each individual political subdivisions existing ground storage facility. Each subdivision will then utilize its existing water distribution system for distributing the treated water to retail Under this assumption each political subdivision will be able customers. to use its existing groundwater wells to supplement the surface water supply during peak hour periods or as an emergency supply back-up. As a result it is expected that little or no disruption in service will occur upon implementation of this plan.

The WHCSWSC Transmission System was sized to handle maximum daily demands with additional peak hour or fire flow demands being met by groundwater and/or stored water from each individual political subdivisions water system. A minimum pressure of 45 PSI was maintained throughout the system which will be adequate to deliver surface water to the various district ground storage tanks located within the study area. Maximum design velocities in the transmission system were held to less The transmission system lines have been sized to allow than 7 fps.

comparisons of the alternatives and should not be construed as final. The recommended transmission system will be further evaluated in Phase V at which time a detailed plan will be recommended.

Ground Storage and Booster Pump Stations

Booster pump stations were located strategically within the WHCSWSC transmission system to supply the flow and boost pressures the required amount to serve the alternate service area demands. A typical booster pump station site layout is presented on Exhibit 9. Ground storage at each site will supplement each political subdivisions ground storage facilities and serve as a back-up supply source in the event of a temporary disruption in the surface water supply from the treatment facility.



Computer Model

The hydraulic network analysis for the various conveyance and transmission systems was accomplished through the use of computer modeling using a program called KYPIPE "Steady State Pipe Network Analysis" by the University of Kentucky. The program is based on the Hazen-Williams formula and provides pressure information, hydraulic grade line, head losses, pump heads, flow rates, velocities and system inflow and demand summaries for a variety of system configurations and components.

The various treated water conveyance and transmission systems were modeled as a series of junction nodes and pipe elements. User demands were taken out of the system at appropriate node locations. The system was supplied at a fixed grade node with a pump described by the useful horsepower needed to supply the demands of the system. A typical system contained approximately 100 pipes, 75 junction nodes and 2 fixed grade Treated water conveyance and transmission lines were located on nodes. base maps and were routed within existing street right-of-ways. Elevations of junction and fixed grade nodes were taken from USGS topographic quad maps, adjusted for depth of bury of lines, and input into the computer model. Demands were divided among junction nodes within each demand area to approximate service area water usage.

Network design criteria used in the various system models were as follows:

- a. Design flow is maximum daily demand.
- b. System pressures will not drop below 45 psi.
- c. Velocities will not exceed 7 fps under maximum daily flow.
- d. "C" Values when new will be 110 for line sizes up to 30" and 120 for line sizes 30" and larger.

Treated water conveyance and transmission systems were analyzed for various flow rate and pressure conditions which represent the water demands for a particular alternate or system routing. Output data was analyzed and compared to the established system operating criteria, improvements were made to the model as needed and the model was rerun. This procedure was repeated until all components of the system conformed to the established criteria.

In addition to the hydraulic analysis performed the computer model simulation allowed for checking of each system for disconnected lines, redundant lines, agreement of supply versus demand, and general physical layout. Line lengths and sizes determined using the computer model were taken directly from the output for use in preparing construction cost estimates.

3.0 CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS

3.0 CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS

Northeast Conveyance System

General

The Northeast Conveyance System is defined as the WHCSWSC shared portion of the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant with pumping capacity and conveyance lines sized to deliver treated water at minimum pressure to a ground storage and booster pump station located at the WHCSWSC boundary line. Figure 1 presents the alternative routes investigated for the Northeast Conveyance System.

Beltway 8 Route

The Beltway 8 Route for the Northeast Conveyance System begins at the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant Site adjacent to Lake Houston and Beltway 8. From that point the proposed conveyance line runs westward along the alignment of the Beltway approximately 19 miles to the northeast boundary of the WHCSWSC study area. The elevation at Lake Houston is approximately 50.0 feet MSL while the northeastern boundary of the study area is around 113.0 feet MSL. Because of the considerable difference in elevation and length of this conveyance line, it is assumed that a pump station will be located at the WHCSWSC study area northeast boundary to repressurize and distribute the water within the WHCSWSC service area. This allows the Northeast Conveyance line and Northeast Treatment Plant pumps to be sized to supply only the required amounts of treated water at a minimum pressure of around 20 psi. This will save WHCSWSC considerable money in both pipeline and pumping costs from the proposed Northeast Water Treatment Plant. However, as previously mentioned, it is understood that the City of Houston will probably operate this line similar to the City's transmission system.

NHCWSC Route

WHCSWSC's alternate route referred to as the NHCWSC Route for the Northeast Conveyance System would also begin at the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant site. This routing runs westward along Beltway 8 to Vickery Drive where it turns north to Greens Road. The route then proceeds west again along Greens Road to Aline Westfield Road where it again turns north until it intersects Rankin Road. The line continues west along Rankin and Spears Road until it intersects Richey Road where it turns southwest to intersect the WHCSWSC study area The total length of conveyance line for this routing is boundary. approximately 23 miles. Elevations at the beginning and end of this route are similar to those of the Beltway 8 route, with an approximately 63.0 feet of difference in elevation from Lake Houston to the WHCSWSC boundary line. As previously mentioned a pump station and ground storage facility are proposed at the northeast boundary of the WHCSWSC study area to repressurize and distribute water from the conveyance line. Routing for this alternate is consistent with the route proposed by the North Harris County Water Supply Corporation (NHCWSC) for a conveyance line to serve the NHCWSC service area.

FM 1960 Route

The FM 1960 Route for the Northeast Conveyance System also originates at the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant near Lake Houston. From that point it runs north along Iron Ore Road and Timber Forest Trail until it intersects FM 1960, where it turns west to follow the alignment of FM 1960 until it reaches the northeast boundary of the WHCSWSC study area. The approximate length of this route is 28 miles. A 68.0 feet elevation difference exists with Lake Houston elevation at approximately 50.0 feet MSL and the WHCSWSC boundary elevation being 118.0 feet MSL. Again, as previously assumed, a pump station will be located at the WHCSWSC study area boundary to repressurize the water prior to entering the WHCSWSC study area.

Comparison of Alternate Conveyance Systems

The alternate routings for the Northeast Conveyance System were evaluated on the basis of Technical, Environmental, Community/Social, Phasing and Financial criteria. Treated water conveyance line sizes varied from 66" to 90" to convey the required amounts of treated water which varied from 43.85 MGD to 110.30 MGD maximum daily demand (Year 2030), depending on the alternate service area investigated. For Alternate Service Area 7, the Northeast Supply was not used.

As part of the Northeast Conveyance System technical evaluation, the hydraulics of each system were investigated. To compare the three alternate treated water conveyance routes from a hydraulic standpoint, identical horsepowers were used to pump water from the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant site to the WHCSWSC northeast boundary through conveyance lines sized according to the previously presented system design criteria. Four different amounts of water were pumped through the treated water conveyance system relating to alternate service area 1 through 4 demands. Output from the computer model consistently showed that the Beltway 8 Route was hydraulically superior over the NHCWSC Route. The FM 1960 Route was consistently the worst route from a hydraulic standpoint. Delivery pressures at the WHCSWSC boundary for the Beltway 8 Route were approximately 6 psi higher than the NHCWSC Route and approximately 16 psi higher than the FM 1960 Route for the four alternate service area demands investigated. Both hydrostatic and frictional head losses increase as line lengths, elevation differences, and number of bends in the line Although the sizes of the treated water conveyance lines were increase. similar between the three alternate routes, the lengths of the routes differed somewhat. The Beltway 8 Route is the shortest route. approximately 4 miles shorter than the NHCWSC Route and 9 miles shorter than the FM 1960 Route. The Beltway 8 Route will provide substantial savings in materials compared to the other routes. Ease of construction. interferences existing with utilities and structures, and community disruption was also considered as part of the Environmental and

Community/Social evaluation. Congested areas with limited right-of-way and high numbers of existing utilities will cause difficulties in constructing the conveyance system.

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NORTHEAST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM ALTERNATE ROUTES

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. FIGURE NO. 1

Southwest Conveyance System

The Southwest Conveyance System consists of raw water pumping and conveyance facilities needed to deliver raw water from the supply source to either the treatment plant facilities in Alternate Nos. 4B and 5 or to a termination storage facility in Alternate Nos. 1, 2, 3 and 4A. The termination also consist of storage facilities as required. system treatment plant facilities, treated water storage and pumping facilities and treated water conveyance lines to transport the treated water to the WHCSWSC service area.

Numerous geographical areas exist south and southwest of the WHCSWSC study area which could serve as possible locations for a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant. After a preliminary evaluation, it was determined that this entire area could be narrowed down to five general The five general areas considered for further study are the Oyster areas. Creek/Dairy Ashford Area, Brazos River/Highway 6 Агеа. Oyster Creek/Highway 6 Area, F.M. 1093/Grand Parkway/Jones Creek Area and the Allens Creek/F.M. 1093 Area. After further evaluation of the five general areas, it was determined that six alternate conveyance systems should be considered which are listed below:

- Site 1. Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford Conveyance System
- Site 2. Brazos River/Highway 6 Conveyance System
- Site 3. Oyster Creek/Highway 6 Conveyance System
- Site 4A. Jones Creek/Grand Parkway Conveyance System
- Site 4B. Allens Creek/Grand Parkway Conveyance System
- Site 5. Allens Creek/F.M. 1093 Conveyance System

Alternate Sites 4A and 4B have similar treatment plant site locations as well as similar treated water conveyance systems. However, they differ in that 4A contains a termination storage facility and obtains raw water from the BRA Canal System while 4B has no termination storage, but does contain a raw water conveyance line from Allens Creek Reservoir.

Figure 2 shows the alternate sites and conveyance line routings investigated for the alternate Southwest Conveyance Systems. Also, refer to Exhibit 10 for 100-year flood plain locations and Exhibit 11 for general surface fault patterns as well as salt dome locations presently existing throughout the Southwest Conveyance System study area.





SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM ALTERNATE ROUTES

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. FIGURE NO. 2



100 YEAR FLOOD PLAIN



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<u>SITE 1:</u> Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford

The first area investigated as a possible site for a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant is in the vicinity of Dulles Road and State Highway 6, south of Stafford. A plant at this location would treat raw water taken from Oyster Creek, which is part of the BRA canal system.

Site I has a sole source of raw water which is Brazos River water pumped and transferred through Oyster Creek within the BRA Canal System. The feasibility and reliability of using raw water from Oyster Creek at this site depends on several factors. Site 1 is located downstream of a number of industries and municipalities who presently dump effluent into Oyster Creek. The quantity and quality of this effluent will directly impact raw water taken from Oyster Creek at any downstream location. Site l is also downstream from the American Water Canal Diversion (a manmade canal) from which Galveston and Brazoria Counties receive their raw water The portion of Oyster Creek downstream of this diversion only supply. receives water which overflows BRA Dam No. 3. Modifications to the present operation of the BRA Canal System would be required to allow water to flow into this lower portion of Oyster Creek. The reliability of the canal system is linked to the reliability of the Brazos River pump station which delivers water from the Brazos River into the canal system. Site 1 is, however, downstream of several retention structures which the BRA maintains for water storage in the event of pump station failure.

Site 1 has approximately 10 percent of its land area within the 100-year flood plain of Oyster Creek as determined from Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) maps for the area. Mitigation of the site to eliminate the hazard of flooding is unlikely. On site drainage of the site would be collected by an internal storm sewer system with an outfall located offsite.

The general terrain for Site 1 is fairly level prairie land with elevations ranging from 65.0 MSL to 70.0 MSL. Two small, shallow lakes are located in the eastern part of the site and several lower, marshy areas exist adjacent to these lakes. Soils in the area of Site 1 are generally clayey and loamy with slow permeability and somewhat poorly drained. A general overview of faulting in the area indicates a large salt dome located directly southwest of Site 1. Numerous ground faults are normally associated with these salt domes which could reduce the amount of land suitable for major treatment plant facilities.

General access to the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant site by automobile, truck and rail is important. Both personnel and material suppliers must have adequate means of reaching the plant site. In general all of the alternate sites have fairly good access from at least one major highway. Site 1 has one major highway, State Highway 6, which runs through it and several arterial roads such as Cartwright and Dulles which connect to major highways.

The Missouri Pacific Railroad Company (MPRR) had a track running parallel to State Highway 6, however, this track has been abandoned. Therefore, direct rail access to Site 1 does not presently exist.

Quadrangle maps published by the U.S. Geological Survey were used as an aid to preliminarily spot existing pipelines and overhead transmission lines running through each of the alternate sites. Site 1 is crossed on the west by overhead H.L. & P transmission lines which run north-south parallel to Oil Field Road. The southeast part of Site 1 is crossed by one pipeline running in a northeast direction.

Preliminary information supplied by H.L. & P. shows both 345 kv and 138 kv transmission lines in the vicinity of Site 1, which could possibly supply the proposed treatment plant.

Raw water taken from Oyster Creek would need to be stored in a termination storage facility. The termination storage facility would supply a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant located nearby. The available land for a large termination storage facility at Site 1 is limited.

The Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford Route for the treated water conveyance line begins at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant Site 1. From that location the proposed conveyance line runs north along Dulles Road to U.S. Highway 90A, where it turns west passing under U.S. Highway 59 to Dairy Ashford. The line then runs north along Dairy Ashford until it intersects the WHCSWSC study area southwestern boundary. The total length of the conveyance system for this route is approximately 6.5 miles. The elevation at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant site is approximately 67.0 feet MSL, while the elevation at the point of tie-in to the transmission system is approximately 78.0 feet MSL, around 11.0 feet higher. There are no booster pump stations proposed along this route of the Southwest Conveyance System.
SITE: 2: Brazos River/Highway 6

The second possible site for a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant is approximately 3 miles west of First Colony between U.S. Highway 59 and U.S. Highway 90A. A plant located here would treat raw water taken directly from the Brazos River and/or the Brazos River Canal System.

Possibilities exist for Site 2 to have a dual source of raw water with the primary source being the Brazos River and the secondary source being Brazos River water transferred through Oyster Creek. Site 2 is located on Ovster Creek upstream from the majority of the industries and municipalities effluent discharge points which should increase the water Site 2 is also located upstream of the American quality over Site 1. Water Canal Diversion of Oyster Creek. Site 2 is located on the Brazos River downstream of the cities of Richmond and Rosenberg. Quantity and quality of effluent dumped into the Brazos River from these cities may affect the raw water downstream at Site 2. Reliability of raw water taken directly from the Brazos River is not dependent on transfer pumping as is raw water taken from Oyster Creek.

Approximately three fourths of the land area of Site 2 is located within the 100-year flood plain of the Brazos River. Mitigation of the site to avoid flooding would most likely be required which would in turn affect the economics of this site.

Site 2 has similar terrain to Site 1 being generally level prairie land with elevations ranging from 75.0 MSL to 80.0 MSL. Soil characteristics are also similar to Site 1. Known faulting in the area of Site 2 is restricted to one fault line passing through the northeast portion of the area.

Site 2 contains two major highways, U.S. Highway 90A as well as U.S. Highway 59 which runs adjacent to the site on the southeast. Smaller roadways such as Sartartia Road and Pecan Road run within the site but most likely would need to be improved somewhat to assure better access.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company (SPRR) has a track which runs east-west along Highway 90A. This track runs through the north half of Site 2 and could provide rail service to a plant located in the area with some modifications. The track presently exists on the north side of Highway 90A. If a treatment plant site were located south of the highway, it would be necessary to cross Highway 90A with the railroad extension.

Site 2 does not appear to have major pipelines running through the area, however, several overhead power lines do cross to the west and south.

Preliminary information provided by H.L.&P. shows 138 kv transmission lines in the vicinity of Site 2 which could possibly supply a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant.

Raw water would be pumped from the Brazos River into a termination storage facility located adjacent to the river at Site 2. A proposed Southwest Treatment Plant would be supplied from this termination storage.

The Brazos River/Highway 6 Route for the treated water conveyance line begins at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant Site 2. From that location the proposed conveyance line runs east to Flannigan Road before heading north on Flannigan Road to State Highway 6. The proposed conveyance line continues north on State Highway 6 until it intersects the WHCSWSC study area boundary. The total length of conveyance system for this route is approximately 8.0 miles. The elevation at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant site is 75.0 feet MSL while the elevation at the point of connection to the transmission system is approximately 18.0 feet higher at 93.0 feet MSL. There are no proposed booster pump stations proposed along this route of the Southwest Conveyance System.

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SITE 3: Oyster Creek/Highway 6

The third possible location for a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant is near the intersection of State Highway 6 and Oyster Creek in the vicinity of Hull Airport. A plant located at this site would treat raw water taken from Oyster Creek, which is part of the Brazos River Canal System.

The sole source of raw water for Site 3 is Brazos River water pumped into and transferred through Oyster Creek within the BRA Canal System. Site 3 is located upstream from the majority of industrial and municipal effluent discharge points and upstream from the American Water Canal Diversion. The reliability of Oyster Creek as a raw water source is dependent on the Brazos River pump station. Site 3 is upstream of the BRA retention facilities which store water for use in event of pump failure.

Site 3 has less than 10 percent of its land area within the 100-year flood plain making the need for extensive site mitigation unlikely. Site drainage would be accomplished by an internal storm sewer system with an outfall located offsite.

Site 3 is fairly flat prairie land with the southeast at elevation 75.0 MSL and the northwest at elevation 90.0 MSL. Several small lakes exist in the middle and southern parts of the area. Soil characteristics of Site 3 are similar to the previously mentioned sites. Known faulting in the area is limited to one fault line which passes directly through the middle of the area.

Site 3 has two major highways, U.S. Highway 90A and State Highway 6 which run through it. Arterial roadways such as Voss Road, West Airport Blvd. and Old Richmond Road also cross the site. The location of Hull Airport may block access from Highway 6 if a plant is located behind the airport but otherwise the site is accessible.

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The same SPRR track that could serve Site 2 also runs along the southern border of Site 3 along Highway 90A. Rail service to Site 3 could be accomplished by extending a track north through the area from this existing SPRR track.

Site 3 contains two pipelines and several power lines which cross in a northwest direction north of Oyster Creek.

Preliminary information from H.L.&P. shows 138 kv transmission lines in the vicinity of Site 3 which could possibly provide electrical service to a proposed treatment plant located in the area.

Raw water would be taken from Oyster Creek and stored in a termination storage facility at Site 3. This termination storage would supply a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant located in the vicinity.

The Oyster Creek/Highway 6 Route for the treated water conveyance line begins at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant Site 3. From that location the proposed conveyance line runs north on State Highway 6 until it reaches the WHCSWSC study area southwestern boundary. The total length of conveyance system for this routing is approximately 3.0 miles. The elevation at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant site is approximately 80.0 feet MSL. At the point of connection to the transmission system the elevation is approximately 13.0 feet higher at 93.0 feet MSL. No booster pump stations are proposed along this route of the Southwest Conveyance System.

SITE 4A: Jones Creek/Grand Parkway

The fourth possible site for a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant is approximately 2 miles southeast of Gaston near the intersection of Peek Road and the proposed Grand Parkway. A plant located here would treat Brazos River water taken from Jones Creek, which is part of the Brazos River Canal System.

Site 4 has one source of raw water which is Brazos River water obtained from Jones Creek. Jones Creek forms the upper part of the Brazos canal system and has been modified to flow into Oyster Creek. Few municipal and industrial effluent discharges exist upstream of this portion of the canal system from which Site 4 would be supplied. The reliability of this source is dependent, however, on the reliability of the Brazos River pump station which delivers water from the Brazos River into the canal system.

Site 4 has less than 20 percent of its land area within the 100-year flood plain making the need for extensive site mitigation unlikely. Drainage of the site would be through an internal storm sewer system with an outfall at offsite.

In general Site 4 is also fairly flat prairie land with the eastern portions at elevation 95.0 MSL and the western portions at 115.0 MSL. The central part of the area adjacent to Jones Creek contains several small

shallow lakes. Similar soils characteristics exist at Site 4 with soil being generally clayey and loamy with slow permeability. An overview of faulting within the area shows the Addicks South fault line passing through the northwest edge of the area and the Clodine fault line passing through the southwest portion of the area.

Site 4 is accessible from the North by F.M. 1093 which runs parallel to the northern boundary of the site. F.M. 723, F.M. 359, and the proposed Grand Parkway also run through the site. Extensions of Bellaire Blvd., Beechnut and Bissonet are also proposed within the area. Other roadways are Peek Road, Harlem Road, Canal Road and Precint Line Road.

The Southern Pacific Railroad Company (SPRR) has a track running east-west along F.M. 1093. Site 4 could easily be served from this track since it is located on the south side of F.M. 1093.

Preliminary information from H.L.&P. shows both 345 kv and 138 kv transmission lines in the vicinity of Site 4 which could possibly serve a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant located in the area.

Raw water taken from Jones Creek would be stored in a termination storage facility at Site 4. This termination storage would supply a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant located in the vicinity.

The Jones Creek/Grand Parkway Route for the treated water conveyance line begins at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant Site 4. The conveyance system branches from that point with one line running east along Bellaire Blvd. to connect to the transmission line running along Dairy Ashford. The other branch of the conveyance system runs north from the plant site along the proposed Grand Parkway to intersect the WHCSWSC study area southwestern boundary. The total length of conveyance system for this routing is approximately 12.0 miles. The elevation of the proposed southwest Treatment Plant site is approximately 105.0 feet MSL. At the point of connection to the transmission system at Dairy Ashford the elevation is approximately 74.0 feet MSL, while at the point of connection transmission system to the at Interstate 10. the elevation is approximately 130.0 feet MSL. No booster pump stations are proposed along either of the two branches of this Southwest Conveyance System route.

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SITE 4B: Allens Creek/Grand Parkway

Site 4B has the same geographical boundaries as Site 4A. The difference between the two sites is the raw water supply source. The raw water supply source for Site 4B would be obtained from the proposed Allen's Creek Reservoir instead of Jones Creek as mentioned in Site 4A. Raw water conveyance lines would be constructed from Allen's Creek Reservoir to Site 4 along F.M. 1093. Allen's Creek would serve as the termination storage facility for the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant located at Site 4. By using Allen's Creek Reservoir as the termination storage facility, the water quality can be increased without additional capital cost. The construction of Allens Creek Reservoir as proposed by the BRA offer would have to be changed from the year 2000 to the year 1995 to be compatible with the development of a Phase I Southwest System.

The termination storage facilities proposed in Sites 1, 2, 3 and 4B were sized assuming a maximum chloride concentration of 240 mg/l, however, by restricting the operations of Allen's Creek Reservoir the maximum chloride concentration could be reduced to around 100 mg/l and the total dissolved solids to 440 mg/l without reducing the reservoirs yield or increasing the capital cost. By reducing the chloride to 100 mg/l the possibility of producing treated water that exceeds the maximum allowable chloride concentration is minimized. This site also offers the flexibility of using two raw water sources, Allens Creek Reservoir and the BRA Canal System. Site 4B also offers the greatest flexibility of plant

expansion to allow treatment of raw water outside of the raw water offered in the BRA proposal. This site would increase the possibility of regionalizing treatment facilities capable of serving WHCSWSC's service area as well as portions of Fort Bend County without sacrificing water quality. The Treatment plant site criteria and Grand Parkway Route for the treated water conveyance line would be the same as previously outlined for Site 4A.

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SITE 5: Allens Creek/F.M. 1093

The final site investigated as a possible location for a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant is approximately 3 miles west of Simonton near the intersection of the Brazos River and Allens Creek. A plant located at this site would treat raw water taken from a proposed reservoir on Allens Creek. The construction time frame of the Allens Creek Reservoir as proposed by the BRA offer would have to be changed as previously mentioned in Site 4B.

Site 5 has two sources of raw water. The primary source would be the proposed Allen's Creek reservoir. In case of the contamination of Allen's Creek Reservoir, the nearby Brazos River could be used as an alternate source of raw water. This differs from the advantages offered in Site 4B in that the second source, the Brazos River, would not provide additional water rights from the BRA Canal System which is considered instrumental in the participation of certain Fort Bend County areas in regional water treatment.

Site 5 has approximately 60 percent of its land area within the 100-year flood plain. Site mitigation may be likely along with the need for a Corp of Engineers permit. On site drainage would be by an internal storm sewer system with an outfall located offsite.

Site 5 has the most drastic variation in topography of any of the previously mentioned sites. The areas adjacent to the Brazos River and to the southwest are at approximately 135.0 MSL. Across the Brazos River to the north and east the elevations are somewhat lower at approximately 105.0 MSL. General soils characteristics at Site 5 are similar to the previously mentioned sites. Faulting within the area is not documented.

Site 5 is accessible from F.M 1093 which runs through the site. F.M. 1458 and Melmar Road also provide access to the site. The Brazos River, which winds its way through the site limits access somewhat to the southwestern portions of the area.

Site 5 could be served from the same SPRR track which runs along F.M. 1093 north of Site 4. At this location the tracks exist on the north side of F.M. 1093 and could be extended to a plant site located in the northern half of the area without crossing over F.M. 1093.

Site 5 has two pipelines which cross over the Brazos River on the southeast side of the area. Preliminary investigations do not indicate any major concentrations of existing utilities.

Preliminary information from H.L.&P. shows 138 kv transmission lines located to the south of Site 5 near Wallis which could possibly serve a plant located in the area.

The proposed reservoir would serve as termination storage and raw water supply for a proposed Southwest Treatment Plant located adjacent to the reservoir. The increase in water quality for this alternate is similar to Site 4B.

The Allens Creek/FM 1093 Route for the treated water conveyance line begins at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant Site 5. From that location the proposed conveyance line runs east along FM 1093 to just east of Fulshear where it splits into two branches. One branch continues eastward along FM 1093 and Alief-Clodine Road until it reaches the WHCSWSC transmission line which runs along Dairy Ashford. The other branch heads northeast from FM 1093 east of Fulshear along Fulshear-Katy Road and Katy-Flewellen Road to intersect the WHCSWSC study area southwestern The total length of conveyance system for this route is boundary. approximately 31.5 miles. The elevation at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant site is approximately 135.0 feet MSL. At the point of connection to the transmission system at Dairy Ashford the approximate elevation is 74.0 feet MSL while at the point of connection to the transmission system at Interstate 10 the elevation is approximately 130.0 feet MSL. As with the other alternate routes, there are no proposed booster pumps along this routing of the Southwest Conveyance System.

Comparison of Alternate Conveyance Systems

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All six of the alternate Southwest Conveyance Systems are feasible, however, each conveyance system has advantages as well as disadvantages that need to be compared before recommending an alternate. As will be explained later in the ranking section of this Appendix, the majority of the advantages and disadvantages can be grouped under five general environmental. community/social, categories: technical. phasing and This section will describe the comparisons between the first financial. four categories listed above. The fifth category, financial, will be discussed in the cost analysis section of this Appendix.

The alternate Southwest Conveyance Systems, as in the Northeast, are dependent upon which WHCSWSC service area alternate is chosen. The Southwest Conveyance System could have an ultimate capacity that ranges from 121 MGD to 231 MGD maximum daily demand (Year 2030), depending on the alternate service area chosen. This ultimate capacity could increase to approximately 300 MGD, if entities in Fort Bend County opted to participate. However, this Appendix does not address demands in Fort Bend The amount of land needed for treatment plant facilities, County. termination storage facilities and sludge disposal facilities is dependent on the plant's ultimate capacity which in turn is dependent on the service area alternate. The amount of land assumed for the mentioned facilities for each alternate is listed below.

ALTERNATE <u>SERVICE AREA</u>	ULTIMATE S.W.PLANT <u>CAPACITY (MGD) (2030)</u>	<u>ULTIMATE LA</u> <u>PLANT</u>	AND REQU SLUDGE	IREMENTS (ACRES) STORAGE
NO. 1	187	100	80	658
NO. 2	177	100	80	623
NO. 3	140	80	60	525
NO. 4	121	70	60	424
NO. 7	231	120	100	808

The decision of choosing an alternate service area as well as alternate conveyance systems including plant sites should be flexible and able to satisfy the changing requirements that may occur 10-15 years after this study has been completed. With this thought in mind, we recommend that the land requirements for the Southwest Conveyance System treatment plant, sludge disposal and termination storage facilities be evaluated using the ultimate capacity that results from the largest alternate service area, Service Area Alternate No. 7. This would give the Southwest Conveyance System the ability to expand without being land locked.

Considering this assumption, the ultimate capacity for the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant is assumed to be 231 MGD excluding Fort Bend County's participation. This ultimate capacity translates into a land requirement of approximately 1028 acres for treatment plant, sludge disposal and termination storage facilities for Site 1, 2, 3 and 4A. For Site 4B and 5, the land requirement is 220 acres which results in the elimination of termination storage. All of the general areas evaluated

have the required available land except Area No. 1. The purchase price of land varies with the land located further west of the WHCSWSC study area being more economical than the property in the vicinity of Highway 59 and Highway 6.

Line sizes for the alternate routings of the Southwest Conveyance System varied from 72" to 120" to convey from 120.96 MGD to 231.27 MGD maximum daily demands (Year 2030) depending on the service area supplied.

Similar amounts of treated water were pumped through each of the alternate treated water conveyance systems. Review of the computer output data revealed that the Allens Creek/FM 1093 Route required the least pump horsepower to pump the required amount of water at the desired pressures while the Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford Route required the greatest pump horsepower. The main reason for this is that the plant site at Allens Creek is at a higher elevation than the plant site at Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford. Ground elevations increase from the southeast to the northwest through the WHCSWSC study area. This allows the treated water conveyance lines routed further northwest to have better hydraulic characteristics than those further southeast. The length of line and the number of bends in its route, also contributed somewhat in that shorter straight runs of line produce less head losses and require less pumping horsepower.

The sizes of treated water conveyance lines used for the alternate routings were fairly consistent, however, the lengths of the different routes varied substantially. The Oyster Creek/Highway 6 Route is the

route, approximately 3.5 miles shorter than the Oyster shortest Creek/Dairy Ashford Route. The longest route by far is the Allens Creek/FM 1093 Route, approximately 28.5 miles longer than the Oyster Creek/Highway 6 Route. A factor that increased the lengths of those routes farthest west was the need to run separate branches eastward to convey water to the southeast portion of the WHCSWSC study area and the City of Houston quadrant which have the earliest HGCSD conversion The Oyster Creek/Highway 6 Route, being the shortest route, requirements. will provide the most savings in materials to construct. Another the consideration in evaluating different routes is the ease of Congested areas with many interferences with existing construction. utilities and structures will make construction of the conveyance line difficult and costly.

The water quality of the raw water supply is a very important factor to consider in selecting a treatment plant site. As mentioned early, Sites 4B and 5 treat raw water obtained directly from the proposed Allen's Creek Reservoir. This allows Sites 4B and 5 to assure a better quality of raw water supply than the other sites evaluated. This should translate into possible lower treatment costs, improved treated water quality and a reduction in the possibility of major future expenditures in plant upgrading due to the changing EPA water quality requirements that are in existence or will be in existence in the future.

4.0 TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS

ALTERNATE 1 SERVICE AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. FIGURE NO. 3



ALTERNATE 1 SERVICE AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

W.H.: FIGU:







ERNATE 2 SERVICE AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. FIGURE NO. 4



Alternate 3 Service Area Transmission System

Figure 5 shows the Alternate 3 Service Area Transmission System. The boundary line for the Alternate 3 service area is Clay Road. Under this Alternate the portion of the WHCSWSC study area south of Clay Road would be served by the Southwest Supply System while the area north of Clay Road would be served by the Northeast Supply System. The Southwest Supply System would serve the City of Houston quadrant.

Phasing of this Alternate would begin in 1995 in the Southwest. The first phase of construction would be completed to serve the portion of the City of Houston located within HGCSD regulatory area 3. In 2000, the Southwest System would be extended to serve areas located within HGCSD regulatory area 4. The first phase of the Northeast System would begin in 2005 with lines being constructed to serve the areas located within HGCSD regulatory area 6. As in previous alternates the Northeast and Southwest Systems would be tied together in 2005. In 2010, no construction would occur in the Southwest while the Northeast System would be expanded to serve areas located within HGCSD regulatory area 7. In 2030, the remaining lines of the WHCSWSC transmission system would be constructed with the majority of the additions being in the Northeast.



ALTERNATE 3 SERVICE AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. FIGURE NO. 5



Alternate 4 Service Area Transmission System

Figure 6 shows the Alternate 4 Service Area Transmission System. The boundary line for the Alternate 4 service area is Interstate 10. Under this Alternate the portion of the WHCSWSC study area south of Interstate 10 would be served by the Southwest Supply System. The area north of Interstate 10 would be served by the Northeast System. The Southwest Supply System would serve the City of Houston quadrant with both systems ultimately being tied together to form a single transmission system.

Phasing of this Alternate would begin in 1995 in the Southwest to serve of the City of Houston quadrant located within HGCSD regulatory area 3. Unlike the previous alternates, Phase I of the Northeast System would have to be constructed in 2000 to serve those areas located within HGCSD regulatory area 4. For this alternate, the Northeast and Southwest Systems would be tied together in 2000. The Northeast System would be expanded in 2005 to serve areas located within HGCSD regulatory area 6. In 2010, the Northeast System would again be expanded to serve the demands located within HGCSD regulatory area 7. In 2030, the transmission system would be completed with the majority of the lines added being in the Northeast System.



ALTERNATE 4 SERVICE AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM



Alternate 7 Service Area Transmission System

Figure 6A shows the Alternate 7 Service Area Transmission System. Under this alternate the entire WHCSWSC service area would be served by the Southwest Supply System.

Phasing of this alternate would begin in 1995 with the construction of Southwest System conveyance and transmission lines to serve the City of Houston quadrant located within HGCSD regulatory area 3. In 2000, the Southwest Transmission System would be extended to serve those areas located within HGCSD regulatory area 4. In 2005, the Southwest Transmission System would again be extended to serve the demands in HGCSD regulatory area 6. In 2010, additional transmission lines would be constructed to serve those areas within HGCSD regulatory area 7. The final additions to the transmission system would be constructed in 2030 to serve the demands within HGCSD regulatory area 8.



ALTERNATE 7 SERVICE AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM



Comparison of Transmission System Alternates

Figure 7 shows the schematic model used to analyze the Alternate Service Area Transmission Systems. In alternates 1 through 4, flows were varied through the conveyance lines from the proposed Northeast and Southwest Treatment Plants to correspond to the alternate service areas being investigated. For Alternate 7 the entire WHCSWSC service area was supplied from the Southwest System. Each alternate service area model was supplied from the five different Southwest Plant site locations. Lines were sized according to the criteria mentioned previously in Section 2 -"Design Considerations and Assumptions" with velocities not exceeding 7.0 fps and pressures throughout the system kept above 45 psi through the use booster of strategically located pump stations. The service area generally slopes in a northwest to southeast direction with those areas in the extreme northwest being approximately 180 feet higher than areas in the extreme southeast. Because of this elevation difference, areas of lowest pressure (approximately 45 psi) occurred in the northwest around Waller for all of the alternatives investigated. The areas of highest pressure were located in the south and southeast near the proposed locations for the Southwest Treatment Plant. Pressures in the range of 90-95 psi occurred in the conveyance line portions of the system and dropped to the 75 psi to 85 psi range upon entering the transmission system pipe network. Pressures required from the Northeast System ranged from 70-75 psi to deliver the required flows for each service area alternate. The five Alternate Service Area Transmission Systems vary only

slightly when compared in their ultimate state when both the Northeast and Southwest Systems are tied together. The varying amounts of treated water supplied from the conveyance systems for the alternate service areas affects line sizes of only those lines of the transmission system closest to the entry point of the conveyance system into the transmission system.

When investigating the Alternate Service Area Transmission System in regard to phasing, however, several observations can be made. The dates investigated for transmission system phasing are 1995, 2000, 2005, 2010 and 2030.

The earliest conversion dates set forth by the HGCSD are located in the southwest. This area can be easily served by the Southwest System as shown in Alternates 1, 2, 3 and 7. In Alternate 4, however, a substantial amount of line would have to be constructed in year 2000 to serve the areas located in HGCSD regulatory area 4 from a Northeast System. This makes Alternative 4 less attractive because of the substantial initial costs involved to serve such a small demand.



TRANSMISSION SYSTEM NODE MAP

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. FIGURE NO. 7


5.0 COST ANALYSIS

5.0 COST ANALYSIS

CONSIDERATIONS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Raw Water Costs

The raw water supply source for the Northeast System will be taken from Lake Houston. Previous reports and studies indicate an estimated raw water cost from Lake Houston to be presently in the range of \$0.22 to \$0.25 per thousand gallons. Correspondence recently received from the City of Houston states that for preliminary cost analysis a figure of \$0.25 per thousand gallons (\$0.25/1000 gal.) would be an appropriate raw water cost from Lake Houston. This cost of \$0.25/1000 gallons is based on the City's cost of developing the raw water sources that presently supply the Lake Houston System. However, the City projects that this cost will increase when additional sources are developed. The HWMP considers the Lake Houston System as part of the City's "Eastern Water Alternatives". These alternatives are referred to in the HWMP as the Toledo Bend Alternative (Alternative No. 4) and the Toledo Bend plus Wallisville Alternative (Alternative No. 9). For this study the HWMP's Toledo Bend Alternative will be used for projecting future raw water costs in the Lake Houston System. After reviewing the HWMP, it was determined that the Toledo Bend Conveyance System is projected to be on line by 2010. According to the HWMP this project will increase the raw water cost in the Lake Houston System to \$0.38/1000 gallons in 2010, and raw water cost will remain at this figure until 2029. In 2030 the cost of raw water will

decrease to \$0.32/1000 gallons. This decrease in cost is due to an increase in demand allowing the City to amortize the cost of the Toledo Bend Water over a larger customer base. For cost purposes this study will use the following raw water cost for the Northeast System:

Year	Raw Water Cost
1990-2009	\$0.25/1000 Gallons
2010-2029	\$0.38/1000 Gallons
2030-After	\$0.32/1000 Gallons

The raw water supply source for the Southwest System will be taken from the Brazos River and/or one of its canals. Correspondence received from the Brazos River Authority (BRA) outlines an incremental schedule of water supply developments tailored to meet the demands of the WHCSWSC service area. Table 5 presents the supply designation schedule for the Southwest System. The price quoted by the BRA for future use water is \$40.00 per acre-foot (\$0.12 per thousand gallons) and the price for current use water is \$120.00 per acre-foot (\$0.37 per thousand gallons). All of the cost tables presented in this study considered the cost for future use water as a capital cost for raw water.

TABLE 5

SUPPLY DESIGNATION SCHEDULE WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION (Based on Average Daily Supply)

Projection Year	Supply Increments	Future L <u>AF/Y</u>	Jse Water R (MGD)	Minim Current U <u>AF/YR</u>	um Ise Water (MGD)
1988	First Increment (1)	75,000	(67.0 MGD)	0	0
1995	First Increment (1)	30,000	(26.8 MGD)	45,000	(40.2 MGD)
2000	Second Increment (2)	40,000	(35.7 MGD)	80,000	(71.5 MGD)
2010	Third Increment (3)	30,000	(26.8 MGD)	120,000	(107.2 MGD)
2015	Third Increment (3)	20,000	(17.9 MGD)	130,000	(116.1 MGD)
2020	Third Increment (3)	20,000	(17.9 MGD)	130,000	(116.1 MGD)
2025	Third Increment (3)	20,000	(17.9 MGD)	130,000	(116.1 MGD)
2030	Third Increment (3)	0	0	150,000	(134.0 MGD)

- (1) To be furnished from existing sources.
- (2) Now expected to be furnished from the Allen's Creek Project.
- (3) Now expected to be furnished from the South Bend Project.

Raw Water Pumping/Conveyance Costs

Cost estimates were prepared to determine the capital and operational costs associated with the transfer of raw water from each alternate raw water supply source to the alternate treatment plant sites.

Capital cost estimates include the construction costs for raw water pump stations at each source plus the construction costs for the necessary raw water conveyance pipelines and appurtenances. All capital cost estimates were based on current construction costs for similar facilities constructed in the Houston area.

Operation costs for raw water conveyance were based on using an estimated power cost of \$0.05/kilowatt-hour and an efficiency factor of 85 percent. Maintenance costs were estimated based on historical data.

Delivery costs associated with raw water taken from the Brazos Canal System were provided to the WHCSWSC from the BRA. This cost was based on utilizing the existing BRA pumps at the Brazos River and minimum improvements to the Canal System. The projected delivery cost provided by the BRA was \$0.06/1000 gallons.

Termination Storage Costs

Termination storage requirements for each site were based on a water quality criteria aimed at limiting chlorides to 240 mg/l. From previously presented historic water quality data for the Brazos River (Station No. 08114000), it can be seen that chlorides are below this level approximately 95% of the time. This would mean that 5% of the time raw water would need to be pumped from storage rather than directly from the Brazos River. Termination storage facilities were sized based on this assumption of pumping maximum daily demands from storage for 5% of the year. The volume of termination storage required is as follows, assuming a usable depth of 16 feet:

	Ultimate Southwest			
	Maximum Daily Demand	Required Storage		
Service Area	(MGD)	(Acres)		
Alternate 1	187	658		
Alternate 2	177	623		
Alternate 3	140	525		
Alternate 4	121	424		
Alternate 7	231	808		

Capital costs associated with termination storage include the construction cost to build such a facility plus the cost of the land required. Construction costs were based on similar construction in the Houston area and land costs were obtained from County Tax Records as well as the present cost of major tracts in the vicinity of the general areas evaluated for a proposed Southwest Plant site.

Treatment Costs

All treatment plant capital cost estimates were based on current construction costs for similar facilities in the Houston area and include land costs, engineering and contingencies.

Facilities related to the Northeast System are the WHCSWSC share of the Northeast Treatment Plant and the large booster pump station connected to the Northeast Conveyance line at the WHCSWSC boundary. Costs for the WHCSWSC share of the Northeast Treatment Plant are based on recent bids for the City of Houston Southeast and East Water Purification Plants. In allocating costs, differentiation must be made between the cost of treatment capacity and the cost of treated water pumping capacity. The transmission of treated water within the WHCSWSC service area will be accomplished from separate pump stations and local pumping facilities as opposed to facilities at the treatment plants.

The Northeast Treatment Plant capital cost used in this study was approximately \$0.80 per gallon which increased to \$1.08/gallon when adding land cost and site development cost. The Southwest Treatment Plant capital cost was based \$0.80 gallon for on per actual treatment facilities. This figure was increased depending on the plant site alternate to include land cost and site development.

Operating and treatment costs associated with the Northeast and Southwest Treatment Plants include costs for power to run the equipment, treatment chemicals, maintenance costs and supplies.

The costs of operations and treatment at the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant are estimated to be in the range of \$0.40 to \$0.50 per thousand gallons based on information provided by the City of Houston. For planning purposes for the WHCSWSC study, a figure of \$0.40 per thousand gallons will be used for operations and treatment costs at the proposed Northeast Treatment Plant.

Operations and treatment costs at the proposed Southwest Treatment Plant are estimated to be \$0.42 per thousand gallons. This figure is based on detailed cost data compiled over the past year by the Galveston County Water Authority (GCWA) who presently treats raw water taken from the Brazos River System using the BRA Canal System for conveyance purposes.

Treated Water Pumping/Conveyance Costs

Conveyance System cost estimates were prepared for each of the three Northeast Conveyance System alternate routes and each of the five Southwest Conveyance System alternate routes. Estimates were based on current construction costs for similar facilities constructed in the Houston area. The majority of the conveyance lines were routed within existing street right-of-ways. Where this was not possible, allowances were included for right-of-way acquisitions. Included in the estimates were costs for crossing waterways and major thoroughfares, valves and appurtenances, corrosion protection, engineering and contingencies.

Operating costs associated with the conveyance systems includes energy costs to run the pumps required to maintain flow and system pressures and the associated maintenance of these facilities. Exact costs for the maintenance of such facilities is not readily available, however, costs for repairs to pumps, line leaks, valve failures and similar repairs were accounted for by using an estimated \$0.04 per thousand gallon cost. A figure of \$0.05 per kilowatt-hour was used to estimate annual pumping costs assuming an 85 percent efficiency factor.

The above costs do not include administrative costs such as record keeping, reporting, billing and system administration.

Transmission System Costs

Transmission System cost estimates were prepared for each of the alternate service areas investigated. Costs were determined for the ultimate 2030) transmission (Year system, as well as phases of construction corresponding to years 1995, 2000, 2005, 2010 and 2030. All

estimates were based on current construction costs for similar facilities constructed in the Houston area and include costs for crossing major thoroughfares and waterways, valves and appurtenances, corrosion protection, engineering and contingencies. An effort was made to route the transmission lines within existing street right-of-ways. Where it was not possible, allowances were included for right-of-way acquisition.

Facilities common to both the Northeast and Southwest Transmission Systems are the three ground storage and booster pump stations required within the transmission system to maintain flow and pressure. Capital costs for these facilities were based on current construction costs for similar facilities constructed in the Houston area. Operation costs for the pumps were based on \$0.05 per kilowatt-hour using an 85% efficiency factor.

CAPITAL COST ESTIMATES

<u>General</u>

NORTHEAST

The capital cost estimates shown in this section are for comparison purposes only. The capital cost used in this study include 10 percent construction cost increase for engineering as well as a 10 percent increase for contingencies. The capital cost shown here are for ultimate conditions from the year 1995 (Phase I) through 2030 (Phase V).

Northeast Conveyance System Alternates

The ultimate capital cost estimates for each of the three alternate Northeast Conveyance Systems are presented on Table 6 shown below. All costs are in 1988 dollars and include engineering and contingency.

TABLE 6

NORTHEAST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST (ULTIMATE SYSTEM - YEAR 2030) (In Thousands)

CONVEYANCE		SERVICE AREA ALTERNATE				
<u>ALTERNATE</u>	<u>NO, 1</u>	<u>NO. 2</u>	<u>NO.3</u>	<u>NO. 4</u>	<u>NO. 7</u>	
Beltway 8 Route	\$96,578	\$114,775	\$173,533	\$205,787	0	
NHCWSC Route	102,382	122,293	185,066	219,107	0	
F.M. 1960 Route	106,957	128,539	195,701	232,048	0	

Southwest Conveyance System Alternates

The ultimate capital cost estimates for each of the six alternate Southwest Conveyance Systems are presented on Table 7 shown below. All costs are in 1988 dollars and include engineering and contingency. The cost shown below are ultimate costs and are not normalized to account for the varying amounts of treated water produced in each Service Area Alternate.

TABLE 7

SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST (ULTIMATE SYSTEM - YEAR 2030) (In Thousands)

SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE	NO I	SERVICE	AREA ALT	ERNATE	NO 7
<u>ILDI DI ILI ILI</u>	<u>1.0.1</u>	<u>1.Q. &</u>	<u>140. J</u>	<u>1.0. 4</u>	<u>190. /</u>
<u>SITE 1</u> Oyster Creek/ Dairy Ashford	\$285,408	\$271,044	\$224,893	\$195,746	\$344,109
<u>SITE 2</u> Brazos River/ Highway 6	282,111	266,734	222,974	195,626	333,221
<u>SITE 3</u> Oyster Creek/ Highway 6	266,023	252,003	208,091	181,742	320,022
<u>SITE 4A</u> Jones Creek/ Grand Parkway	281,883	266,167	221,287	189,808	331,727
<u>SITE 4B</u> Allens Creek/ Grand Parkway	304,076	289,554	248,497	220,566	346,247
<u>SITE 5</u> Allens Creek/ F.M. 1960	313,082	296,029	248,913	220,153	355,253

Transmission System Service Area Alternates

The ultimate transmission system capital cost estimates for the years 1995 through 2030 are shown on Table 8. All costs are in 1988 dollars and include engineering and contingencies costs. As shown in the following table, the transmission system costs for each Service Area Alternate is higher when using the Southwest Conveyance System alternates Site 2 and 3. However, the cost differential is offset by the smaller Southwest Conveyance System capital cost of Site 2 and 3. Refer to Table 7 for details on these Southwest Conveyance System costs.

TABLE 8

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM CAPITAL COST (ULTIMATE SYSTEM - YEAR 2030) (In Thousands)

SERVICE AREA	SOUT	HWEST CON	NVEYANCE	SYSTEM A	ALTERNAT	<u>E</u>
ALTERNATE	<u>SITE 1</u>	<u>SITE 2</u>	<u>SITE 3</u>	<u>SITE 4A</u>	<u>SITE 4B</u>	<u>SITE 5</u>
<u>ALTERNATE I</u> Service Area						
Northeast	\$151,865	\$151,865	\$151,865	\$151,865	\$151,865	\$151,865
Southwest	\$215,312	\$228,797	\$215,287	\$215,287	\$215,287	\$215,698
TOTAL	\$367,177	\$380,622	\$380,662	\$367,152	\$367,152	\$367,563
<u>ALTERNATE 2</u> Service area						
Northeast	\$183,437	\$183,437	\$183,437	\$183,437	\$183,437	\$183,437
Southwest	\$170,247	\$194,126	\$194,126	\$182,112	\$182,112	\$183,786
TOTAL	\$353,684	\$377,563	\$377,563	\$365,549	\$365,549	\$367,223
<u>ALTERNATE 3</u> Service area						
Northeast	\$246,498	\$246,498	\$246,498	\$242,504	\$242,504	\$242,504
Southwest	\$116,357	\$131,026	\$131,026	\$121,425	\$121,425	\$116,386
TOTAL	\$362,855	\$377,524	\$377,524	\$363,929	\$363,929	\$358,890
ALTERNATE 4 SERVICE AREA						
Northeast	\$288.262	\$288 262	\$288 262	\$284 267	\$284 267	\$284 267
Southwest	\$ 69,509	\$ 85,583	\$ 85,583	\$ 76,539	\$ 76,539	\$ 72,248
TOTAL	\$357,771	\$373,845	\$373,845	\$360,806	\$360,806	\$356,515
<u>ALTERNATE 7</u> Service area						
Northeast	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$0
Southwest	\$360,164	\$373,649	\$373,649	\$360,139	\$360,139	\$360,551
TOTAL	\$360,164	\$373,649	\$373,649	\$360,139	\$360,139	\$360,551

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COST COMPARISONS

<u>General</u>

The evaluation of cost between numerous combinations of alternatives is a complicated issue. The information previously presented identifies five service area alternatives. six southwest conveyance system alternatives and three northeast conveyance system alternatives which produces approximately 100 different combinations. This section of the report will only compare in detail five service area alternates in combination with the recommended Northeast Conveyance System Alternate (Beltway 8 Route) and the top two ranked Southwest Conveyance System Alternates as identified and recommended in the following sections of this appendix. The top two ranked Southwest Conveyance System Alternates are Alternate No. 4B (Allens Creek/Grand Parkway) and Alternate No. 5 (Allens Creek/F.M. 1093).

This study has utilized two cost methods when comparing cost between alternatives, total annualized cost analysis and present worth analysis.

Annualized Cost Analysis

The annualized cost for each alternate was determined by adding capital cost amortized at 8% over 30 years with the associated annual operation and maintenance cost. The annual cost was further refined into annual cost per thousand gallons of water delivered by dividing the annual cost by the maximum daily water delivered for each phase of This final refinement will place the alternates on a conversion. comparable basis independent of the amount of water delivered by the Tables 9, 10 and 11 present the cumulative phased developments. annualized cost of each phase for the Southwest Conveyance System Alternates, the Northeast Conveyance System Alternates and the Service Area Alternates. The annualized cost table for the Service Area Alternates includes the recommended alternatives for the Northeast and Southwest Conveyance Systems as previously mentioned.

Table 9 shows that the Beltway 8 Route is the least expensive Northeast Conveyance System route with regards to annualized cost in all alternatives and all phases. Table 10 shows that the Southwest Conveyance System Alternate Site 5 produces a significantly lower annualized cost in the year 2030 than the remaining alternate sites studied. As can be seen Table 11, Service Area Alternate 7 produces the lowest overall in annualized cost in the year 2030 with the remaining Service Area Alternates producing an annualized cost within 5 percent of Service Area Alternate 7. The Service Area Alternate annualized costs for Phases III, IV and V as shown on Table 11 do not reflect the real cost differences between serving an area with Southwest versus Northeast water. When combining the annualized Southwest Conveyance, Northeast Conveyance and Transmission System costs for various Service Area Alternates, the cost differences appear quite small. This cost difference reduction is due to the large difference in annualized cost between serving an area from the

Southwest versus the Northeast. An example of the subsidizing affect by the Southwest System can be explained by evaluating the Southwest System separately from the Northeast System in each phase within each Service Area Alternate. When evaluating annualized cost in Phase III (Year 2005) it was determined that the area under mandate to convert in Phase III would cost approximately \$1.62/1000 gallons if served from the Southwest and approximately \$5.10/1000 gallons when served from the Northeast. Further justification of the advantages in the early phases of using southwest water over northeast water can be found when evaluating Phase II (Year 2000). It was determined that the area between I-10 and Clay Road could be served from the Southwest at a cost of \$1.59/1000 gallons. however, to serve this area from the Northeast it would cost approximately \$7.14/1000 gallons. As a result of the above comparisons, it can be concluded that it is significantly cheaper to serve the areas mandated in the years 1995, 2000 and 2005 from the Southwest System rather than the Northeast System.

TABLE 9

ANNUALIZED COST PER 1,000 GALLONS (CUMULATIVE) NORTHEAST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

NORTHEAST					
CONVEYANCE	* <u>NORT</u>	HEAST CON	VEYANCE SY	STEM (\$/1000	GALLONS)
<u>ALTERNATE</u>	<u>PHASE I</u>	<u>PHASE II</u>	PHASE III	PHASE IV	PHASE V
BELTWAY 8 ROUTE					
Service Area Alt. 1	0	0	2.06	1.43	1.37
Service Area Alt. 2	0	0	2.20	1.44	1.35
Service Area Alt. 3	0	0	2.63	1.40	1.32
Service Area Alt. 4	0	4.81	2.30	1.42	1.31
Service Area Alt. 7	0	0	0	0	0
NHCWSC ROUTE					
Service Area Alt. 1	0	0	2.19	1.47	1.39
Service Area Alt. 2	0	0	2.37	1.48	1.38
Service Area Alt. 3	0	0	2.89	1.44	1.35
Service Area Alt. 4	0	5.52	2.54	1.47	1.34
Service Area Alt. 7	0	0	0	0	0
F.M. 1960_ROUTE					
Service Area Alt. 1	0	0	2.29	1.50	1.42
Service Area Alt. 2	0	0	2.52	1.51	1.41
Service Area Alt. 3	0	0	3.13	1.48	1.38
Service Area Alt. 4	0	6.21	2.77	1.52	1.37
Service Area Alt. 7	0	0	0	0	0

*All costs are compounded from previous phases and annualized at 8% for 30 years.

All costs above are for the Northeast Conveyance System only.

<u>TABLE 10</u>

ANNUALIZED COST PER 1,000 GALLONS (CUMULATIVE) SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

SOUTHWEST					
CONVEYANCE	*SOUTH	WEST CONV	EYANCE SYS	STEM (\$/1000	Gallon)
<u>ALTERNATE</u>	<u>PHASE I</u>	<u>PHASE II</u>	PHASE III	PHASE IV	PHASE V
<u>SITE 1</u>					
Service Area Alt.1	1.58	1.46	1.48	1.44	1.41
Service Area Alt.2	1.56	1.46	1.47	1.44	1.42
Service Area Alt.3	1.53	1.44	1.45	1.47	1.45
Service Area Alt.4	1.50	1.42	1.44	1.46	1.46
Service Area Alt.7	1.58	1.46	1.46	1.40	1.38
SITE 2					
Service Area Alt.1	1.49	1.38	1.40	1.36	1.33
Service Area Alt.2	1.47	1.37	1.39	1.36	1.33
Service Area Alt.3	1.53	1.41	1.42	1.44	1.41
Service Area Alt.4	1.42	1.35	1.37	1.39	1.39
Service Area Alt.7	1.49	1.38	1.38	1.32	1.30
		-			
SITE 3					
Service Area Alt.1	1.48	1.40	1.42	1.39	1.37
Service Area Alt.2	1.47	1.39	1.41	1.39	1.37
Service Area Alt.3	1.45	1.38	1.40	1.42	1.40
Service Area Alt.4	1.43	1.37	1.39	1.41	1.41
Service Area Alt.7	1.48	1.40	1.40	1.36	1.34
SITE 4A					
Service Area Alt.1	1.46	1.38	1.40	1.38	1.39
Service Area Alt.2	1.44	1.38	1.39	1.38	1.40
Service Area Alt.3	1.43	1.37	1.38	1.40	1.44
Service Area Alt.4	1.40	1.35	1.37	1.39	1.45
Service Area Alt.7	1.46	1.38	1.39	1.35	1.36
SITE 4B					
Service Area Alt.1	1.46	1.35	1.37	1.38	1.37
Service Area Alt.2	1.45	1.34	1.36	1.39	1.38
Service Area Alt.3	1.42	1.33	1.35	1.37	1.39
Service Area Alt.4	1.40	1.33	1.34	1.36	1.41
Service Area Alt.7	1.46	1.35	1.35	1.33	1.33

*All costs are compounded from previous phases and annualized at 8% for 30 years.

All costs above are for the Southwest Conveyance System only.

TABLE 10 (CONT'D)

ANNUALIZED COST PER 1,000 GALLONS (CUMULATIVE) SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE	*SOUTH	<u>WEST CONV</u>	EYANCE SY	<u>STEM (\$/1000</u>	Gallon)
ALTERNATE	<u>PHASE I</u>	<u>PHASE II</u>	<u>PHASE III</u>	PHASE IV	PHASE V
<u>SITE 5</u>					
Service Area Alt.1	1.43	1.31	1 33	1.28	1 3 2
Service Area Alt.2	1.41	1.30	1.32	1.20	1.32
Service Area Alt.3	1.38	1.28	1.30	1.32	1 38
Service Area Alt.4	1.37	1.28	1.30	1 32	1.50
Service Area Alt.7	1.43	1.31	1.30	1.24	1.27

*All costs are compounded from previous phases and annualized at 8% for 30 years.

All costs above are for the Southwest Conveyance System only.

TABLE 11

ANNUALIZED COST PER 1,000 GALLONS (CUMULATIVE) SERVICE AREA ALTERNATIVES

SERVICE AREA	SERVICE AREA ALTERNATE (\$/1000 GALLONS)					
<u>ALTERNATE</u>	PHASE I	PHASE II	PHASE III	PHASE IV	PHASE V	
<u>SERVICE AREA ALT. 1</u>						
S.W. Conveyance Site 4B	1.69	1.59	1.71	1.76	1.77	
S.W. Conveyance Site 5	1.64	1.54	1.66	1.67	1.73	
SERVICE AREA ALT. 2						
S.W. Conveyance Site 4B	1.69	1.59	1.71	1.76	1.77	
S.W. Conveyance Site 5	1.64	1.54	1.66	1.68	1.73	
SERVICE AREA ALT. 3						
S.W. Conveyance Site 4B	1.69	1.59	1.74	1.74	1.76	
S.W. Conveyance Site 5	1.64	1.54	1.69	1.71	1.75	
SERVICE AREA ALT. 4						
S.W. Conveyance Site 4B	1.69	1.75	1.75	1.75	1.76	
S.W. Conveyance Site 5	1.64	1.71	1.71	1.72	1.75	
SERVICE AREA ALT. 7						
S.W. Conveyance Site 4B	1.69	1.59	1.63	1.70	1.73	
S.W. Conveyance Site 5	1.64	1.54	1.58	1.60	1.68	

ASSUMPTIONS:

- (1) All costs assume Northeast Conveyance Beltway 8 Route.
- (2) \$/1000 Gallons above include cost of conveyance and transmission systems per Service Area Alternate.
- (3) All costs are compounded from previous phases and annualized at 8% for 30 years.
- (4) Phase I costs for all service area alternates include Southwest System only based on 65 MGD maximum daily capacity.

Present Worth Analysis

The annualized cost analysis presented previously is important in analyzing the cost per unit of water delivered for each phase of a particular alternate. However, this annualized analysis does not consider the timing or (phasing) of projects within a particular alternate. The present worth analysis can be defined as the amount of money required to put in the bank at the beginning of a study period that will meet all capital and operational costs throughout the study period. For example two alternates with similar total cost might have projects that come on line at different times. The alternate with a large project required early would be less preferable than the alternate whose first major project is not required for several years. Furthermore, the present worth analysis must be normalized to compare alternates that produce varying amounts of water.

The present worth analysis presented in this section was calculated assuming the following assumptions:

- o Project capital cost have a 30 year life and are amortized at 8%.
- o Time period beginning 1988 and ending in 2030 (Study Period).
- o All present worth cost in 1988 dollars.
- o Operation and maintenance cost (O & M) are considered annually throughout study period.

- o O & M Costs are inflated at 10% per year.
- o The normalized present worth analysis was used for the Conveyance System Alternates by dividing the present worth by the million gallons per day (MGD) of maximum daily water delivered.
- o The actual present worth amounts were used when comparing Service Area Alternates (Through Year 2030) because the ultimate water delivered (231 MGD) was consistent for all Service Area Alternates.
- o Capital cost for each component was calculated as previously mentioned.

Table 12 presents the normalized present worth of the Northeast Conveyance System Alternates within each Service Area Alternate.

<u>TABLE 12</u>

NORMALIZED PRESENT WORTH PER MGD NORTHEAST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM (\$/MGD)

NORTHEAST CONVEYANCE <u>ALTERNATE</u>	<u>ALT. 1</u>	<u>ALT. 2</u>	<u>ALT. 3</u>	<u>ALT. 4</u>	<u>ALT. 7</u>
BELTWAY 8 ROUTE	8.73	8.22	7.77	7.53	0
NHCWSC ROUTE	8.87	8.37	7.91	7.70	0
F.M. 1960 ROUTE	8.99	8.50	8.04	7.86	0

(The above normalized present worth costs include only the Northeast Conveyance System.)

Within each Service Area Alternate the Beltway 8 Route always produces the least Northeast Conveyance System cost with regard to normalized present worth. The normalized present worth for each Northeast Conveyance System must be compared within each Service Area Alternate. Comparison of conveyance routes between Service Area Alternatives would not be a valid comparison due to the Northeast Conveyance System being only one component out of the total cost to serve the WHCSWSC demands.

Table 13 presents the normalized present worth of the Southwest Conveyance System Alternates for each Service Area Alternate.

TABLE 13

NORMALIZED PRESENT WORTH PER MGD SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM (\$/MGD)

SOUTHWEST						
ALTERNATE	<u>ALT. 1</u>	<u>ALT. 2</u>	<u>ALT. 3</u>	<u>ALT. 4</u>	<u>ALT. 7</u>	
SITE 1	12.42	12.78	14.18	15.51	11.72	
SITE 2	11.59	11.91	13.22	14.46	10.93	
SITE 3	12.11	12.46	13.83	15.14	11.45	
SITE 4A	12.22	12.58	13.98	15.30	11.54	
SITE 4B	11.73	12.08	13.26	14.55	11.04	
SITE 5	11.14	11.47	12.77	14.03	10.46	

(The above normalized present worth costs include only the Southwest Conveyance System.)

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Within each Service Area Alternate the Southwest Conveyance Site 5 always produces the least Southwest Conveyance System cost with regard to normalized present worth. The normalized present worth for each Southwest Conveyance System must be compared within each Service Area Alternate. Comparing conveyance routes between Service Area Alternates would not be a valid comparison due to the Southwest Conveyance System being only one component out of the total cost to serve the WHCSWSC demands.

Table 14 presents the present worth of the Service Area Alternates including the recommended Northeast Conveyance System Alternate (Beltway 8 Route) and the top two recommended Southwest Conveyance System Alternates (4B and 5) as previously described. The present worth analysis of the Service Area Alternates did not need normalizing since all of the Alternates would ultimately deliver the same amount of treated water (231 MGD). If the present worth costs were normalized using 231 MGD, then the normalized present worth would range between \$12.20/MGD in Service Area Alternate No. 7 to \$12.90/MGD in Service Area Alternate 4.

<u>TABLE 14</u>

PRESENT WORTH SERVICE AREA ALTERNATES (Total Dollars)

SERVICE AREA		
<u>ALTERNATES</u>	<u>SITE 4B</u>	<u>SITE 5</u>
SERVICE AREA ALTERNATE I	\$2,980,823,000	\$2,869,244,000
SERVICE AREA ALTERNATE 2	2,984,829,000	2,875,663,000
SERVICE AREA ALTERNATE 3	2,962,650,000	2,888,405,000
SERVICE AREA ALTERNATE 4	2,965,835,000	2,898,512,000
SERVICE AREA ALTERNATE 7	2,952,546,000	2,818,814,000

(The above total present worth costs include the Northeast Conveyance System, Southwest Conveyance System and Transmission System.)

When investigating Table 14, it is apparent that when combining the cost of all three components (the Northeast Conveyance System, the Southwest Conveyance System and the associated Transmission System) that Service Area Alternate No. 7 produces the least total present worth cost from either Southwest Conveyance Site 4B or Site 5.

6.0 RANKING OF ALTERNATES

6.0 RANKING OF ALTERNATES

Methodology

Previous Appendices along with the previous sections of this Appendix have identified three Northeast Conveyance System Alternates, six Southwest Conveyance System Alternates and seven Service Area Alternates. At the request of the WHCSWSC Board, Service Area Alternates No. 5 and No. 6 were deleted from further consideration before beginning Appendix IV. Alternates 5 and 6 were deleted because of the lack of interest on the part of the city of Houston in developing the HWMP's "Western Alternative" which includes the WHCSWSC's North Supply System.

Since the majority of alternatives have both advantages and disadvantages when compared to one another, a systematic method of identifying the most feasible alternate must be developed. The method chosen to rank alternates in this Appendix will address the following general categories:

- o Technical
- o Environmental
- o Community/Social
- o Phasing
- o Financial

Each set of Alternate Systems were evaluated and ranked in varying levels of detail within each of the general categories mentioned above.

Northeast Conveyance System Alternates

After initial comparisons it was found that the Northeast Conveyance System Alternates could be evaluated and ranked independent of the Southwest Conveyance System Alternates. The sizing of facilities within the Northeast Conveyance System Alternates is dependent upon the amount ofwater demand produced in each Service Area Alternate. As a result, the selection of a Service Area Alternate could affect the ranking of the Northeast Conveyance Systems.

After initial review, the Northeast Conveyance System alternates which are the Beltway 8 route; the NHCWSC route; and the F.M. 1960 route, were all determined feasible and consistent with the HWMP. However, after detailed evaluation within the five general categories it has been determined that the Beltway 8 route is superior in all categories for the following reasons:

Technical

o Superior hydraulic characteristics producing a maximum of 16 psi more residual pressure at the WHCSWSC boundary than the other two routes.

- o Reduced line lengths; 9 miles and 4 miles shorter than the F.M. 1960 and NHCWSC routes, respectively.
- o Reduced possibility of needed land acquisitions outside existing street rights-of-way.
- o Reduced possibility of problems during construction due to large rights-of-way, decreasing the construction time.

Environmental and Community/Social

- o Routed through less existing and possible future residential developments than the NHCWSC and F.M. 1960 routes.
- o Minimizes disruptions to traffic flow and utility relocations.
- o **Preferred** route by the City of Houston.

Phasing and Financial

- o Beltway 8 Route results in a shorter route and smaller cost to convey treated water to the WHCSWSC service area within the first conversion date of 2005 as determined by the HGCSD.
- o Utilizes a portion of the NHCWSC proposed routing scheme producing a reduction in cost due to pro rata share with NHCWSC.

o Reduction in present worth cost of approximately \$6,000,000.

o Reduction in operating cost.

As a result of the advantages previously listed, a numerical ranking was not performed when evaluating the Northeast Conveyance System Alternates. This appendix concludes that the Beltway 8 route is the preferred route over the two routes previously discussed. The Beltway 8 route will be used as the recommended Northeast Conveyance System Alternate when evaluating and ranking the Service Area Alternates later in this section.

Southwest Conveyance System Alternates

The Southwest Conveyance System is defined as the facilities required to pump, convey and store raw water from the supply source to the treatment plant. Also, included is treatment facilities and treated water storage and conveyance facilities needed to deliver treated water to the WHCSWSC Service Area. After initial review, the six alternate Southwest Conveyance Systems considered for study are as listed below:

- Site 1: Oyster Creek/Dairy Ashford
- Site 2: Brazos River/Highway 6
- Site 3: Oyster Creek/Highway 6
- Site 4A: Jones Creek/Grand Parkway
- Site 4B: Allens Creek/Grand Parkway
- Site 5: Allens Creek/F.M. 1093

(Refer to Figure 2 Southwest Conveyance System Alternates for a graphical representation of these systems.)

As mentioned previously, the Southwest Conveyance System evaluation and ranking is independent of the Northeast Conveyance System selection, but could be affected by the Service Area Alternate selection. However. it was determined that the Southwest Conveyance System should be evaluated and selected before a detailed evaluation is made of the individual Service Area Alternates. The reasoning behind this decision is that the recommended Service Area Alternates may be altered before future phases are completed; however, after the Southwest Conveyance System treatment plant site is constructed, it is fixed throughout the life of the project. As a result the selection of a treatment plant site within the Southwest Conveyance System is more important than the selection of a final Service Area Alternate. To effectively evaluate treatment plant alternates, the entire conveyance system associated with the treatment plant alternate, must also be evaluated.

After initial review and because of the importance attached to the selection of a Southwest Conveyance System, a very detailed ranking criteria and methodology has been developed within the confines of the previously mentioned five general ranking categories. Each of the general ranking categories were evaluated based on the sub-categories outlined in the Individual Ranking Form located in Attachment 1 of this Appendix.

A ranking committee was established that included experts in the field of water resource development including a member of the City of Houston's Public Works Department assigned by the Director of Public Works. All of the committee members attended a briefing on the facts and findings with regards to the varying Southwest Conveyance System Alternates. Each committee member assigned a weighted percentage to each of the five general ranking categories, as well as, each sub-category. The weighted percentages were averaged among the committee members and then applied to the individual numerical ratings given to each category. This resulted in a final individual ranking schedule that contained final numerical point totals for each Southwest Conveyance System, as well as, ranking orders for each conveyance system that ranged from one to six with one being the most preferred site. The final conveyance system rankings for individual raters; the final average ranking between raters and the final overall ranking of each system can be viewed in the chart below:

FINAL RANKING OF ALTERNATES SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

RANKING		SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE ALTERNATES					
COMMITTEE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	
MEMBER	<u>_1</u>	_2	_3	<u>4A</u>	<u>4B</u>	5	
RATER NO. 1	6	4	5	3	1	2	
RATER NO. 2	6	4	5	2	1	3	
RATER NO. 3	6	5	4	3	1	2	
RATER NO. 4	6	4	5	2	1	3	
RATER NO. 5	6	4	5	2	2	1	
RATER NO. 6	6	4	5	3	2	1	
RATER NO. 7	6	5	4	3	_2_	_1	
FINAL AVERAGE							
RATING	6	4.3	4.7	2.6	1.4	1.9	
FINAL RANKING	(6)	(4)	(5)	(3)	(1)	(2)	

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From the final ranking chart it can be concluded that Site 4B, the Allens Creek/Grand Parkway Alternate is the ranking committee's preferred Southwest Conveyance System alternate. Site 5, the Allens Creek/F.M. 1093 system was very close with Site 4A, the Jones Creek/Grand Parkway, a distant third. It can be concluded that Site 1 (Oyster Creek/Dairy River/Highway 6); Site Ashford); Site 2 (Brazos and 3 (Oyster Creek/Highway 6) are the least preferred. However, before final conclusions can be drawn, the ranking system should be evaluated for the sensitivity of individual major categories. Due to the subjectivity of this ranking methodology, the final ranking chart was re-evaluated five different times deleting one of the general categories in each re-evaluation. As can be seen in the final sensitivity chart below, Site

4B remains the preferred alternate throughout all five evaluations. Site 5 remains second and Site 4A third with Site 1, 2 and 3 varying between third and sixth.

SENSITIVITY CHART - FINAL RANKING SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

		SUMMARY - AVERAGE RANKING						
ELIN RAN <u>CAT</u>	AINATED KING Egory	SITE _ <u>1</u>	SITE _2	SITE <u>_3</u>	SITE _4A	SITE _ <u>4B</u>	SITE <u>5</u>	
1.0	TECHNICAL	(6)	(5)	(4)	(3)	(1)	(2)	
2 .0	ENVIRONMENTAL	(6)	(5)	(4)	(3)	(1)	(2)	
3 .0	COMMUNITY/ Social	(6)	(4)	(5)	(3)	(1)	(2)	
4.0	PHASING	(6)	(4)	(5)	(3)	(1)	(2)	
5.0	FINANCIAL	(6)	(4)	(5)	(3)	(1)	(2)	

It can be concluded from the above chart that the sensitivity of each of the five general ranking categories has no effect on the conclusion recommending Site 4B as the preferred Southwest Conveyance alternate. However, due to the relative close ranking (it could be concluded that an exact plant site located along F.M. 1093 within Areas 4 and 5 between the proposed Grand Parkway and the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir would be accepted as a preferred site. Another conclusion that can be obtained from this ranking exercise is that it is more preferable to select a conveyance system site that utilizes raw water directly from Allens Creek
Reservoir as proposed in Alternates 4B and 5. Therefore, only Southwest Conveyance System Alternates 4B and 5 will be included in the following evaluation of the Service Area Alternates.

Service Area Alternates

The Service Area Alternates considered for evaluation and ranking are described as follows:

0	Alternate No. 1 -	Boundary at Highway 290
0	Alternate No. 2 -	Boundary at F.M. 529
0	Alternate No. 3 -	Boundary at Clay Road
0	Alternate No. 4 -	Boundary at I.H.10
0	Alternate No. 7 -	Entire Service Area Served by
		Southwest Supply System

The boundaries mentioned in the descriptions refer to the service area boundary between the Northeast and Southwest Supply Systems.

The following Service Area Alternatives will be ranked and evaluated considering the Beltway 8 Route as the preferred Northeast Conveyance System Alternate. Both the Allens Creek/Grand Parkway Route (Site 4B) as well as the Allens Creek/F.M. 1093 Route (Site 5) will be considered as the preferred Southwest Conveyance System Alternates. The ranking evaluation for the Service Area Alternates will be based on the five general categories mentioned in the previous ranking evaluations.

The evaluation, ranking and eventual selection of a particular Service Area Alternate is somewhat different than the Conveyance System Rankings. The proposed facilities within each Service Area Alternate are sized for ultimate conditions (Year 2030). The selection of a Service Area Alternate has little affect on the ultimate transmission line sizes. This study is based on the initial assumption that all transmission lines constructed will be designed for ultimate conditions regardless of the phasing. The advantages and disadvantages corresponding to two of the general ranking categories, Environmental and Community/Social are similar for all Service Area Alternates. The Technical category has two major issues that may differ between Service Area Alternates:

- o Availability of an ample raw water source to supply each alternate;
- o Possibility of maximizing the use of existing water supply facilities.

The only general categories to be evaluated involve phasing and financial. The phasing issue becomes a function of when and how much transmission system is built. The financial issue becomes a function of the cost associated with each phase and how that phased cost affects the

cost per unit of water delivered. Also, associated with the financial issue is the present worth value of the ultimate conveyance and transmission systems based on the timing of the phases as dictated by the Service Area Alternates.

After careful evaluation, it can be concluded that the Service Area Alternates that initially maximize the Southwest Supply System would produce a more economical transmission system during the early phases of transmission system development. This is due to the fact that the earliest HGCSD Conversion Dates within WHCSWSC's boundaries are located in the southwest area which is geographically closer to the Southwest Supply System, therefore, reducing the amount and cost of the transmission system.

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When evaluating each Service Area Alternate in detail, it is apparent that Service Area Alternate No. 7 which maximizes the use of southwest water is less costly from both an annualized cost per unit of water delivered and ultimate present worth. The cumulative annualized cost per thousand gallons in the year 2030 for Alternate No. 7 is \$1.68/1000 gallons which is approximately \$0.07/1000 gallons less expensive than the nearest Service Area Alternate. However, the large differences in annualized costs are produced when analyzing the Northeast System against the Southwest System in Phases I through III within each Service Area Alternate. As mentioned previously the cost to serve the area between I-10 and Clay Road in Phase II from the southwest is \$1.59/1000 gallons while the cost would increase to \$7.19/1000 gallons if serving the same

area from the northeast. In Phase III the cost would be \$5.10/1000 gallons when serving from the northeast and \$1.62/1000 gallons when serving from the southwest. As a result, it is more economical on an annual basis to serve areas from the Southwest Supply.

The Alternate ultimate present worth for Service Area 7 is \$2,952,546,000 assuming Southwest Conveyance Site **4**B when and \$2,818,814,000 when considering Site 5. Service Area Alternate 7 would require \$13,000,000 less in 1988 dollars than Service Area Alternate 4 to serve the WHCSWSC service area when assuming Site 4B and \$80,000,000 less when assuming Site 5. However, it should be pointed out that the ultimate present worth and compounded annualized cost for all of the assumed Service Area Alternates are very close. As a result, the financial differences in Service Area Alternates when considering the final study year (2030) is not as important as the phasing issue. However, when evaluating the normalized present worth per unit of water delivered for each component in each service area alternate, it can be readily shown that Service Area Alternate 7 utilizing the Southwest Conveyance Alternate Site 5 produces a significant reduction in the normalized present worth for the conveyance system components. The normalized present worth for the transmission systems in each Service Area Alternate are approximately equal at around \$2.50/MGD of water delivered. To prove this point, the normalized present worth for each component within the two extreme service area alternates is shown below.

	NORMALIZED	PRESENT WOR	<u>TH/MGD</u>
Service Area Alternate	Southwest Conveyance (Site 5)	Northeast Conveyance (Beltway 8)	Total <u>Transmission</u>
<u>Alternate 7</u> (Maximizing Southwest Water)	10.46	0	2.50
<u>Alternate 4</u> (Maximizing Northeast Water)	14.03	7.53	2.50

It is apparent that the Service Area Alternate that follows the HGCSD Conversion Plan would be preferable. The HGCSD's earliest conversion dates of 1995 and 2000 are located in the southwest and the remaining conversion dates of 2005, 2010 and the assumed 2030 are located in the north and far northwest of the WHCSWSC study area. As a result, the Service Area Alternate that has its first phases in the southwest will be less expensive from a phasing standpoint. Service Area Alternate 7 which proposes to serve the study area from south to north produces the least cost from both an annualized and present worth analysis.

As a result of the above analogy, we recommend Alternate No. 7 as the preferred Service Area Alternate. However, this recommendation could be changed in future updates to this study without appreciable affecting the final ultimate cost of the entire transmission system.

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

7.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Conclusions

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General

Several conclusions can be reached after reviewing this Appendix. The most important conclusion is that the entire WHCSWSC Service Area, including the City of Houston Southwest, as previously defined, can be served by a Southwest Supply System (Brazos River Basin) at a cost equal to or less than the cost that would be experienced if using a Northeast Supply System (treated water from City of Houston Northeast Treatment Plant). Also, obtained from this Appendix are the following general conclusions:

- o The Brazos River Authority has the available water from the Brazos River Basin (Southwest Supply) without utilizing water rights from the BRA Canal System to supply the entire WHCSWSC service area including City of Houston Southwest.
- o The City of Houston can make enough water available to serve the entire WHCSWSC service area if the "Eastern Alternative" of HWMP is developed.
- o It is not economical to serve the entire WHCSWSC service area with the Northeast Supply due to the earliest conversion mandate being located in the Southwest as set by HGCSD Plan.

- o Treatment of Brazos River water is viable with the operations and treatment cost being within 10 percent of the cost presently experienced by the City when treating Lake Houston water.
- o The entire project cost differential is more sensitive to the phasing cost than the ultimate cost.

Northeast Conveyance System Alternate

The major conclusion reached when evaluating the Northeast Conveyance System Alternate is that the Beltway 8 Route is superior over the NHCWSC and F.M. 1960 Routes for the following reasons:

- o Superior hydraulic characteristics producing a maximum of 16 psi more residual pressure at the WHCWSC boundary than the other two routes.
- o Reduced line lengths; 9 miles and 4 miles shorter than the F.M. 1960 and NHCSWSC routes, respectively.
- o Reduced possibility of needed land acquisitions outside existing street rights-of-way.
- o Reduced possibility of problems during construction due to large rights-of-way, decreasing the construction time required.

- o Routed through fewer residential developments than the NHCWSC and F.M. 1960 routes.
- o Minimizes disruptions to traffic flow and utility relocations.
- o Preferred route by the City of Houston.
- o Beltway 8 Route results in a shorter route and less cost to convey treated surface water to the area within the first conversion date of 2005 as determined by the HGCSD.

Southwest Conveyance System Alternates

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Several conclusions can be reached after evaluating the information presented in this Appendix with regards to the Southwest Conveyance System Alternates. The most noticeable conclusion is that the financial comparisons of the Southwest Conveyance System Alternates are not as significant as the decisions regarding water quality and existing land usages. All of the alternate Southwest Conveyance System costs are within 10% of each other and as a result of this the decision becomes technical and not financial.

After evaluating the various site alternatives and performing a detailed ranking analysis it became readily apparent that the Allens Creek/Grand Parkway (Site 4B) and the Allens Creek/F.M. 1093 (Site 5) were

the most preferred routes by the Ranking Committee. The remaining sites ranked considerably lower and as a result, Sites 1, 2, 3 and 4A are the least preferred. Also, concluded from this Appendix is the following:

- o Water quality is substantially higher in Alternate Site 4B and 5 due to the direct use of Allen's Creek Reservoir.
- o Water quality for Sites 1, 2, 3 and 4A are marginal when utilizing the termination storage design assumption limiting chlorides to a minimum of 240 mg/l.
- o Sites 4B and 5 could lower chloride contamination to 100 mg/l without added cost while at the other alternate sites the termination storage cost would more than double to achieve these results.
- The Southwest Conveyance System should be based on the maximum daily demand experienced in Service Area Alternate No. 7 (231 MGD), maximizing the southwest water supply while maintaining the flexibility needed to accommodate service area changes.
- o Site 4B has the potential of providing a more versatile water supply than Site 5 due to the possibility of utilizing the BRA Canal System as an alternate source. Along with this versatility brings the possibility of additional water rights from the BRA enhancing the possibility of regionalization with Fort Bend County.

- o Sites 1 and 3 are least preferred because of the lack of undeveloped land, increased land cost, increased chances of reduction in water quality and close proximity to residential developments.
- o Site 2 is not preferred because of reduction in water quality and flood plain restrictions.
- o Site 4B and 5 better fits City of Houston's goal of maximizing water quality while minimizing costs.
- o Site 5 produces the least annual cost in the year 2030.
- o Site 5 produces the smallest normalized present worth cost when utilizing either of the Service Area Alternates.

Service Area Alternates

The conclusions reached regarding Service Area Alternates are not as concrete as the conclusions reached when evaluating the Conveyance System Alternates. Flexibility is the most important item to be considered when formulating conclusions with regards to the Service Area Alternates. The final decision and recommendations today may change in the future due to unforeseen circumstances. This Appendix has considered flexibility in Service Area boundaries as the prime issue when making the following conclusions:

- o The ultimate transmission system will basically be identical for all Service Area Alternates.
- o The ultimate transmission line size will be constructed regardless of phasing, however, phasing will determine when and how much line is to be built.
- Service Area Alternates that produce Phase I (1995) and Phase II (2000) treatment facilities and raw water supplies geographically closer to the Southwest area are more economical with respect to the phasing cost.
- The recommended Service Area Alternate will include the Beltway 8
 Route for its Northeast Conveyance System and either Allens
 Creek/Grand Parkway (Site 4B) or the Allens Creek/F.M. 1093 (Site 5) as the preferred Southwest Conveyance System.
- o Service Area Alternate No. 7 is more economical throughout the study period based on an annualized and present worth analysis.
- A Service Area Alternate that utilizes all northeast water was not considered because of obvious major economic disadvantages in Phase I and Phase II which would produce the most expensive present worth cost. As a result, it was eliminated from consideration in this Appendix.

o Service Area Alternate No. 7 produces relative constant annual cost throughout life of the study which is directly due to Alternate No. 7's phasing compatibility with the HGCSD plan.

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o Service Area Alternate No. 4 will produce the least desirable annual cost curve throughout the study period. The cost of conversion in Phases I, II, and III are significantly higher when using Service Area Alternate No. 4 which could result in the need for volatile water rates when amortizing the increased up front cost of development.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Appendix IV concludes with the following recommendations:

- o The Northeast Conveyance System should follow the Beltway 8 Route eliminating the NHCWSC and F.M. 1960 Routes from further study.
- Eliminate the Southwest Conveyance System Alternates 1, 2, 3 and
 4A from further study.
- o The Southwest Conveyance System Alternates No. 4B (Allens Creek/Grand Parkway) and No. 5 (Allens Creek/F.M. 1093) should be considered for further study.
- o Phase V should study in detail the possibility of locating a plant along F.M. 1093, in the area of the Grand Parkway/F.M. 1093 intersection, west to the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir site.
- o The Southwest Conveyance System plant site should be located to allow future development of an alternate and/or additional raw water source utilizing the available water rights in the BRA Canal System. This would enhance the possibility of surface water regionalization with entities in Fort Bend County.

o The Southwest Conveyance System should obtain its raw water supply directly from Allens Creek Reservoir which will result in a higher quality water supply.

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- o Phase V should further study the Allens Creek Reservoir operational procedures required to limit chloride concentrations to 150 mg/l and total dissolved solids to 500 mg/l.
- The Southwest Conveyance System plant site should contain 0 sufficient acreage to develop an ultimate plant capacity of approximately 300 MGD allowing the flexibility to meet demands due to possible Service Area modifications. This capacity is based on Service Area Alternate No. 7's ultimate capacity of 231 MGD, maximizing the water supply offer by the BRA, and the of available possibility treating the water rights of approximately 60 MGD from the BRA Canal System for possible wholesale to entities in Fort Bend County.
- o Phase V should further study the ultimate transmission system utilizing the demands developed from either Service Area Alternate No. 7 or No. 4. This would maintain the flexibility required to meet future Service Area modifications at a increased cost of less than 5 percent of the total ultimate transmission system cost.

- o WHCSWSC should request the BRA to upgrade its recent proposal based on the conclusions and recommendations outlined in this Appendix. The BRA proposal should include the construction of Allens Creek Reservoir by 1995.
- o WHCSWSC should authorize the Engineer to begin Phase V The Detail Evaluation of Selected Alternatives, as soon as possible.

ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT 1

INDIVIDUAL RANKING FORM

WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM INDIVIDUAL RANKING FORM

A. WEIGHTING FACTOR EVALUATION

0.0 GENERAL

			WEIGHT	ING PERCI	ENTAGE			
CRITERIA DESCRIPTION (GENERAL)	RATER NO. 1	RATER ND. 2	RATER ND. 3	RATER ND. 4	RATER ND. 5	RATER ND. 6	RATER ND. 7	WEIGHTING FACTOR
1.0 TECHNICAL								
2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL								
3.0 COMMUNITY/SOCIAL								
4.0 PHASING								
5.0 FINANCIAL						 		
TOTAL: (%)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

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A. WEIGHTING FACTOR EVALUATION

1.0 TECHNICAL

		<u></u> <u></u>	WEIGHT	ING PERCE	ENTAGE			AVERAGE
CRITERIA DESCRIPTION (TECHNICAL)	RATER ND. 1	RATER ND. 2	RATER ND. 3	RATER NO. 4	RATER ND. 5	RATER ND. 6	RATER ND. 7	WEIGHTING FACTOR
A. AVAILABLE LAND								
B. AVAILABLE/QUALITY RAW WATER								
C. TREATMENT PLANT ACCESS								
D. UTILITY ACCESS								
E. DRAINAGE								
F. GEDTECHNICAL								
G. TERMINATION STORAGE								
H. SLUDGE DISPOSAL								
I. OPERATIONS/ MAINTENANCE								
TOTAL: (%)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

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A. WEIGHTING FACTOR EVALUATION

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

			WEIGHT	ING PERCE	ENTAGE		***	AVERAGE
CRITERIA DESCRIPTION (ENVIRONMENTAL)	RATER NO. 1	RATER ND. 2	RATER ND. 3	RATER ND. 4	RATER ND. 5	RATER ND. 6	RATER NO. 7	WEIGHTING FACTOR
A. FLOOD PLAIN								
B. WETLANDS								
C. AIR DUALITY								
D. PLANT WASTE BY- PRODUCT DISPOSAL								
E. NOISE								
F. DPERATIONAL PROCEDURES (PLANT)								
TOTAL (%)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

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A. WEIGHTING FACTOR EVALUATION

3.0 COMMUNITY/SOCIAL

			WEIGHT	ING PERCE	ENTAGE			AVERAGE
CRITERIA DESCRIPTION (COMMUNITY/SOCIAL)	RATER NO. 1	RATER ND. 2	RATER NO. 3	RATER NO. 4	RATER NO. S	RATER NO. 6	RATER ND. 7	WEIGHTING FACTOR
A. POLITICAL SUBDIVISION JURISDICTION								
B. COUNTY CONTROL								
C. FLODD CONTROL/ DRAINAGE DISTRICT								
D. CORP OF ENGINEERS CONTROL								
E. TEXAS WATER COMMISSION REQM'TS								
F. BRAZOS RIVER AUTH.	ļ							
G. GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY								,
TOTAL (%)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

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A. WEIGHTING FACTOR EVALUATION

4.0 PHASING

[WEIGHT	ING PERCE	ENTAGE		_	AVERAGE
C	RITERIA DESCRIPTION (PHASING)	RATER ND. 1	RATER ND. 2	RATER NO. 3	RATER NO. 4	RATER ND. 5	RATER NO. 6	RATER ND. 7	WE1GHTING FACTOR
а.	AVAILABILITY TO MEET DEMANDS								
в.	EXPANSION CAPABILITIES								
С.	AVAILABILITY TO MEET HGCSD PLAN								
D.	COMPATABILITY WITH RAW WATER AVAILABILITY								
E.	FLEXIBILITY TO MEET FUTURE DEMANDS OUTSIDE SERVICE AREA								
	TOTAL (%)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

A. WEIGHTING FACTOR EVALUATION

5.0 FINANCIAL

			WEIGHT	ING PERCE	ENTAGE			AVERAGE
CRITERIA DESCRIPTION (FINANCIAL)	RATER ND. 1	RATER ND. 2	RATER NU. 3	RATER ND. 4	RATER ND. 5	RATER ND. 6	RATER NO. 7	WEIGHTING FACTOR
A. PHASE I → PRESENT WORTH (1988)\$								
B. PHASE I - ANNUAL COST								
C. PHASE II - PRESENT WORTH (1988)\$								
D. PHASE II ANNUAL COST								
E. PHASE III - PRESENT WORTH (1908)\$								
F. PHASE III - ANNUAL COST								
G. PHASE IV - PRESENT WORTH (1988)\$							9 9 9	
H. PHASE IV - ANNUAL COST					 			
TOTAL: (%)	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100

B. INDIVIDUAL RANKING OF SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

1.0 TECHNICAL

COMMITTEE MEMBER: RAT	ER ND.						
	IND	VIDUAL S	BITE RATIN	NG: 5.W.	CONVEY	ANCE SYS	TEM
(TECHNICAL)	1	2	3	4A	4B	5	
A. AVAILABLE LAND							
B. AVAILABLE/QUALITY RAW WATER							
C. TREATMENT PLANT ACCESS							
D. UTILITY ACCESS							
E. DRAINAGE							
F. GEDTECHNICAL							
G. TERMINATION STORAGE							
H. SLUDGE DISPOSAL							
I. DPERATIONS/ MAINTENANCE							
			1				

B. INDIVIDUAL RANKING OF SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

2.0 ENVIRONMENTAL

COMMITTEE MEMBER: RAT	TER NO. 1	l					
CRITERIA DESCRIPTION	INDI	VIDUAL S	GITE RATIN	NG: S.W.	CONVEY	ANCE SYS	атем
(ENVIRONMENTAL)	1	2	3	4A	4B	5	
A. FLOOD PLAIN							
B. WETLANDS							
C. AIR QUALITY							
D. PLANT WASTE BY- Product disposal							
E. NOISE							
F. OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES (PLANT)							

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B. INDIVIDUAL RANKING OF SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

3.0 COMMUNITY/SOCIAL

COMMITTEE MEMBER: RAT	ER NO. 1						- <u>, (,</u>
	IND	VIDUAL S	ITE RATIN	NG: S.W.	CONVEY	ANCE SYS	STEM
(COMMUNITY/SOCIAL)	1	2	3	4A	4B	5	
A. POLITICAL SUBDIVISION JURISDICTION							
B. COUNTY CONTROL	ļ						
C. FLOOD CONTROL/ DRAINAGE DISTRICT							
D. CORP OF ENGINEERS CONTROL							
E. TEXAS WATER COMMISSION REQM'TS							
F. BRAZOS RIVER AUTH.						1	
G. GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY							
				<u></u>	L	<u></u>	

B. INDIVIDUAL RANKING DF SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

4.0 PHASING

				······································					
CRITERIA DESCRIPTION L	INDIVIDUAL SITE RATING: S.W. CONVEYANCE SYSTEM								
(PHASING)	1	2	3	4A	4B	5			
. AVAILABILITY TO MEET DEMANDS									
. EXPANSION CAPABILITIES									
. AVAILABILITY TO MEET HGCSD PLAN									
. COMPATABILITY WITH RAW WATER AVAILABILITY									
. FLEXIBILITY TO MEET FUTURE DEMANDS OUTSIDE SERVICE AREA									

B. INDIVIDUAL RANKING OF SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM

5.0 FINANCIAL

COMMITTEE MEMBER: RATER NO. 1							
	INDI	INDIVIDUAL SITE RATING: 5		16: 5.W.	5.W. CONVEYANCE SYSTEM		
(FINANCIAL)	1	2	3	4A	4B	5	
A. PHASE 1 - PRESENT WORTH (1988)\$							
B. PHASE I - ANNUAL COST							
C. PHASE II - PRESENT WORTH (1988)\$							
D. PHASE II ANNUAL COST							
E. PHASE III - PRESENT WDRTH (1988)\$							
F. PHASE III - ANNUAL COST							
G. PHASE IV - PRESENT WORTH (1988)\$							
H. PHASE IV - ANNUAL COST							

ATTACHMENT 2

DETAILED CAPITAL COST TABLES

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NORTHEAST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST BELIWAY 8 ROUTE

	<u>ITEM</u>	ALTERNATE 1	<u>ALITERNATE 2</u>	ALITERNATE 3	<u>ALTERNATE 4</u>	ALTERNATE 7
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	4,800,000	5,300,000	5,800,000	6,300,000	0
2.	Treatment Plant (WHCSWSC Portion)	39,070,000	47,090,000	78,240,000	94,440,000	0
3.	Treated Water Conveyance Lines, Incl.Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves and Appurtenances	31,371,433	36,875,583	52,450,993	60,958,863	0
4.	Booster Pump Station/ Ground Storage	5,240,000	6,380,000	8,120,000	9,790,000	0
	SUB-TOTAL	80,481,433	95,645,583	144,610,993	171,488,863	0
5.	Contingency (10%)	8,048,143	9,564,558	14,461,099	17,148,886	0
6.	Engineering (10%)	8,048,143	9,564,558	14,461,099	17,148,886	0
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	96,577,720	114,774,700	173,533,192	205,786,635	0

NORTHEAST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST NHCWSC ROUTE

	<u>ITTEM</u>	ALTERNATE 1	<u>ALTERNATE 2</u>	ALITERNATE 3	ALTERNATE 4	ALITERNATE 7
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	4,800,000	5,300,000	5,800,000	6,300,000	0
2.	Treatment Plant (WHCSWSC Portion)	39,070,000	47,090,000	78,240,000	94,440,000	0
3.	Treated Water Conveyance Lines, Incl.Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves and Appurtenances	36,208,014	43,140,632	62,062,013	72,059,554	0
4.	Booster Pump Station/ Ground Storage	5,240,000	6,380,000	8,120,000	9,790,000	0
	SUB-TOTAL	85,318,014	101,910,632	154,222,013	182,589,554	0
5.	Contingency (10%)	8,531,801	10,191,063	15,422,201	18,258,955	0
6.	Engineering (10%)	8,531,801	10,191,063	15,422,201	18,258,955	0
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	102,381,617	122,292,758	185,066,416	219,107,465	0

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NORTHEAST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST F.M. 1960 ROUTE

	ITEM	ALTERNATE 1	<u>ALTERNATE 2</u>	ALTERNATE 3	ALTERNATE 4	ALITERNATE 7
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	4,800,000	5,300,000	5,800,000	6,300,000	0
2.	Treatment Plant (WHCSWSC Portion)	39,070,000	47,090,000	78,240,000	94,440,000	0
3.	Treated Water Conveyance Lines, Incl.Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves and Appurtenances	40,020,431	48,345,769	70,924,519	82,843,257	0
4.	Booster Pump Station/ Ground Storage	5,240,000	6,380,000	8,120,000	9,790,000	0
	SUB-TOTAL	89,130,431	107,115,769	163,084,519	193,373,257	0
5.	Contingency (10%)	8,913,043	10,711,577	16,308,452	19,337,326	0
6.	Engineering (10%)	8,913,043	10,711,577	16,308,452	19,337,326	0
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	106,956,517	128,538,923	195,701,423	232,047,908	0

SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST SITE 1 - OYSTER CREEK/DAIRY ASHFORD ROUTE

	ITEM	<u>ALTERNATE 1</u>	ALTERNATE 2	ALTERNATE 3	<u>ALTERNATE 4</u>	<u>ALTERNATE 7</u>
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	3,370,000	3,191,400	2,511,600	2,173,000	4,140,800
2.	Termination Storage/ Pump Station	37,290,000	35,490,000	30,050,000	24,770,000	48,675,000
3.	Treatment Plant	160,622,000	152,400,600	121,830,400	106,419,000	196,488,700
4.	Treated Water Pump/ Storage/Conveyance Lines Incl. Crossings Cathodic Protection, Valves & Appurtenances	36,557,880	34,788,240	33,018,600	29,759,260	37,452,630
	SUB-TOTAL	237,839,880	225,870,240	187,410,600	163,121,260	286,757,130
5.	Contingency (10%)	23,783,988	22,587,024	18,741,060	16,312,126	28,675,713
6.	Engineering (10%)	23,783,988	22,587,024	18,741,060	16,312,126	28,675,713
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	285,407,856	271,044,288	224,892,720	195,745,512	344,108,556
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SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST SITE 2 - BRAZOS RIVER/HIGHWAY 6 ROUTE

	ITEM	<u>ALITERNATE 1</u>	ALTERNATE 2	ALTERNATE 3	ALTERNATE 4	ALITERNATE 7
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	4,112,000	3,894,000	3,065,000	2,651,000	5,052,500
2.	Termination Storage/ Pump Station	23,472,000	22,407,000	19,025,000	15,866,000	30,300,000
3.	Treatment Plant	161,414,000	152,342,000	122,546,000	107,525,000	194,746,000
4.	Treated Water Pump/ Storage/Conveyance Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves & Appurtenances	46,094,800	43,635,400	41,176,000	36,979,730	47,586,050
	SUB-TOTAL	235,092,800	222,278,400	185,812,000	163,021,730	277,684,550
5.	Contingency (10%)	23,509,280	22,227,840	18,581,200	16,302,173	27,768,455
6.	Engineering (10%)	23,509,280	22,227,840	18,581,200	16,302,173	27,768,455
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	282,111,360	266,734,080	222,974,400	195,626,076	333,221,460
SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST SITE 3 - OYSTER CREEK/HIGHWAY 6 ROUTE

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	TTEM	<u>ALITERNATE 1</u>	ALTERNATE 2	ALTERNATE 3	ALTERNATE 4	ALTERNATE 7
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	3,120,000	2,955,000	2,325,000	2,011,000	3,833,600
2.	Termination Storage/ Pump Station	30,710,000	29,260,000	24,800,000	20,530,000	39,925,000
3.	Treatment Plant	159,807,000	150,872,000	120,502,000	105,216,000	194,280,900
4.	Treated Water Pump/ Storage/Conveyance . Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves & Appurtenances	28,048,760	26,915,480	25,782,200	23,694,520	28,645,260
	SUB-TOTAL	221,685,760	210,002,480	173,409,200	151,451,520	266,684,760
5.	Contingency (10%)	22,168,576	21,000,248	17,340,920	15,145,152	26,668,476
6.	Engineering (10%)	22,168,576	21,000,248	17,340,920	15,145,152	26,668,476
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	266,022,912	252,002,976	208,091,040	181,741,824	320,021,712

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SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST SITE 4A - JONES CREEK/GRAND PARKWAY ROUTE

	ITEM	ALTERNATE 1	<u>ALTERNATE 2</u>	<u>ALTERNATE 3</u>	<u>ALTERNATE 4</u>	ALTERNATE 7
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	3,120,000	2,955,000	2,325,000	2,011,000	3,833,600
2.	Termination Storage/ Pump Station	22,156,000	21,161,000	17,975,000	15,018,000	28,550,000
з.	Treatment Plant	156,065,000	148,060,000	118,015,000	102,924,000	185,369,000
4.	Treated Water Pump/ Storage/Conveyance Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves & Appurtenances	53,561,400	49,629,600	46,090,500	38,220,400	58,686,300
	SUB-TOTAL	234,902,400	221,805,600	184,405,500	158,173,400	276,438,900
5.	Contingency (10%)	23,490,240	22,180,560	18,440,550	15,817,340	27,643,890
6.	Engineering (10%)	23,490,240	22,180,560	18,440,550	15,817,340	27,643,890
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	281,882,880	266,166,720	221,286,600	189,808,080	331,726,680

SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST SITE 4B - ALLENS CREEK/GRAND PARKWAY ROUTE

	<u>TTEM</u>	<u>ALTERNATE 1</u>	ALTERNATE 2	ALTERNATE 3	ALTERNATE 4	ALTERNATE 7
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	43,770,000	43,605,000	42,975,000	42,661,000	44,483,600
2.	Termination Storage/ Pump Station	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Treatment Plant	156,065,000	148,060,000	118,015,000	102,924,000	185,369,000
4.	Treated Water Pump/ Storage/Conveyance Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves & Appurtenances	53,561,400	49,629,600	46,090,500	38,220,400	58,686,300
	SUB-TOTAL	253,396,400	241,294,600	207,080,500	183,805,400	288,538,900
5.	Contingency (10%)	25,339,640	24,129,460	20,708,050	18,380,540	28,853,890
6.	Engineering (10%)	25,339,640	24,129,460	20,708,050	18,380,540	28,853,890
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	304,075,680	289,553,520	248,496,600	220,566,480	346,246,680

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SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM CAPITAL COST SITE 5 - ALLENS CREEK/F.M. 1093 ROUTE

	TTEM	<u>ALITERNATE 1</u>	ALTERNATE 2	<u>ALTERNATE 3</u>	<u>ALTERNATE 4</u>	ALTERNATE 7
1.	Raw Water Conveyance	3,784,000	3,583,000	2,820,000	2,440,000	4,640,000
2.	Termination Storage/ Pump Station	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Treatment Plant	155,412,000	147,443,000	117,531,000	102,506,000	181,528,060
4.	Treated Water Pump/ Storage/Conveyance Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves & Appurtenances	101,705,560	95,664,880	87,076,900	78,514,620	109,876,000
	SUBTOTAL	260,901,560	246,690,880	207,427,900	183,460,620	296,044,060
5.	Contingency (10%)	26,090,156	24,669,088	20,742,790	18,346,062	29,604,406
6.	Engineering (10%)	26,090,156	24,669,088	20,742,790	18,346,062	29,604,406
	TOTAL CAPITAL COSTS	313,081,872	296,029,056	248,913,480	220,152,744	355,252,872

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TRANSMISSION SYSTEM CAPITAL COST Alternate 1 Service Area

N(<u>S`</u>	DRTHEAST YSTEM	<u>SITE 1</u>	<u>SITE 2</u>	<u>SITE 3</u>	<u>SITE_4A</u>	<u>SITE 4B</u>	<u>SITE 5</u>
1.	Treated Water Transmission Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves, and Appurtenances	123,204,568	123,204,568	123,204,568	123,204,568	123,204,568	123,204,568
2.	Booster Pump Station/Ground Storage	3,350,000	3,350,000	3,350,000	3,350,000	3,350,000	3,350,000
3.	Contingency	12,655,457	12,655,457	12,655,457	12,655,457	12,655,457	12,655,457
4.	Engineering	<u>12,655,457</u>	<u>12,655,457</u>	12,655,457	12,655,457	12,655,457	<u>12,655,457</u>
NO	RTHEAST TOTAL	151,865,482	151,865,482	151,865,482	151,865,482	151,865,482	151,865,482
5 5	OUTHWEST YSTEM						
1.	Treated Water Transmission Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves, and Appurtenances	177,766,647	189,003,818	189,003,818	177,745,595	177,745,595	178,088,636
2.	Booster Pump Station/Ground Storage	1,660,000	1,660,000	1,660,000	1,660,000	1,660,000	1,660,000
3.	Contingency	17,942,665	19,066,382	19,066,382	17,940,560	17,940,560	17,974,864
4.	Engineering	<u>17,942,665</u>	<u>19,066,382</u>	<u>19,066,382</u>	<u>17,940,560</u>	<u>17,940,560</u>	<u>17,974,864</u>
S 0	UTHWEST TOTAL	215,311,976	228,796,582	228,796,582	215,286,714	215,286,714	215,698,363
GR	AND TOTAL	367,177,458	380,622,064	380,662,064	367,152,196	367,152,196	367,563,845

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TRANSMISSION SYSTEM CAPITAL COST Alternate 2 Service Area

NORTI <u>Syst</u>	HEAST E <u>M</u>	<u>SITE 1</u>	<u>SITE 2</u>	<u>SITE 3</u>	<u>SITE 4A</u>	<u>SITE_4B</u>	<u>SITE 5</u>
1. Tr Tr Li Cr Ca Pr Va Ap	eated Water ansmission nes Incl. ossings, thodic otection, lves, and purtenances	147,854,575	147,854,575	147,854,575	147,854,575	147,854,575	147,854,575
2. Bo St St	oster Pump ation/Ground orage	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000
3. Co	ntingency	15,286,458	15,286,458	15,286,458	15,286,458	15,286,458	15,286,458
4. En	gineering	<u>15,286,458</u>	<u>15,286,458</u>	15,286,458	15,286,458	15,286,458	<u>15,286,458</u>
NORTH	EAST TOTAL	183,437,490	183,437,490	183,437,490	183,437,490	183,437,490	183,437,490
SOUT <u>Syst</u>	HWEST Em						
1. Tr Tr Li Cr Ca Pr Va Ap	eated Water ansmission nes Incl. ossings, thodic otection, lves, and opurtenances	141,872,244	161,771,894	161,771,894	151,759,952	151,759,952	153,155,129
2. Bo St St	ooster Pump ation/Ground corage	0	0	0	0	0	0
3. Co	ontingency	14,187,224	16,177,189	16,177,189	15,175,995	15,175,995	15,315,513
4. En	ugineering	14,187,224	<u>16,177,189</u>	<u>16,177,189</u>	<u>15,175,995</u>	<u>15,175,995</u>	<u>15,315,513</u>
SOUTH	WEST TOTAL	170,246,693	194,126,273	194,126,273	182,111,942	182,111,942	183,786,155
GRAND	TOTAL	353,684,183	377,563,763	377,563,763	365,549,432	365,549,432	367,223,645

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM CAPITAL COST ALTERNATE 3 SERVICE AREA

N: <u>S</u> `	ORTHEAST YSTEM	<u>SITE 1</u>	<u>SITE 2</u>	<u>SITE 3</u>	<u>SITE 4A</u>	<u>SITE 4B</u>	<u>SITE 5</u>
1.	Treated Water Transmission Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves, and Appurtenances	200,405,284	200,405,284	200,405,284	197,076,429	197,076,429	197,076,429
2.	Booster Pump Station/Ground Storage	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000
3.	Contingency	20,541,528	20,541,528	20,541,528	20,208,643	20,208,643	20,208,643
4.	Engineering	20,541,528	<u>20.541.528</u>	<u>20,541,528</u>	20,208,643	20,208,643	20,208,643
NO	RTHEAST TOTAL	246,498,341	246,498,341	246,498,341	242,503,715	242,503,715	242,503,715
s <u>s</u>	OUTHWEST YSTEM						
1.	Treated Water Transmission Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves, and Appurtenances	96,964,391	109,188,248	109,188,248	101,187,298	101,187,298	96,988,119
2.	Booster Pump Station/Ground Storage	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Contingency	9,696,439	10,918,825	10,918,825	10,118,730	10,118,730	9,698,812
4.	Engineering	9,696,439	<u>10,918,825</u>	<u>10,918,825</u>	<u>10,118,730</u>	<u>10,118,730</u>	<u>9,698,812</u>
S 0	UTHWEST TOTAL	116,357,269	131,025,898	131,025,898	121,424,758	121,424,758	116,385,743
GR	AND TOTAL	362,855,610	377,524,239	377,524,239	363,928,473	363,928,473	358,889,458

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TRANSMISSION SYSTEM CAPITAL COST Alternate 4 Service Area

N(<u>S`</u>	DRTHEAST <u>YSTEM</u>	<u>SITE 1</u>	<u>SITE 2</u>	<u>SITE 3</u>	<u>SITE 4A</u>	SITE 4B	<u>SITE 5</u>
1.	Treated Water Transmission Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves, and Appurtenances	235,208,403	235,208,403	235,208,403	231,879,548	231,879,548	231,879,548
2.	Booster Pump Station/Ground Storage	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,018 000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000
3.	Contingency (10%)	24,021,840	24,021,840	24,021,840	23,688,955	23,688,955	23,688,955
4.	Engineering	24,021,840	24,021,840	24,021,840	23,688,955	23,688,955	<u>23,688,955</u>
NO	RTHEAST TOTAL	288,262,084	288,262,084	288,262,084	284,267,458	284,267,458	284,267,458
5 5	OUTHWEST YSTEM						
1.	Treated Water Transmission Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves, and Appurtenances	57,924,183	71,319,191	71,319,191	63,782,594	63,782,594	60,206,900
2.	Booster Pump Station/Ground Storage	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Contingency	5,792,418	7,131,919	7,131,919	6,378,259	6,378,259	6,020,690
4.	Engineering	5,792,418	7,131,919	7,131,919	6,378,259	6,378,259	6,020,690
S 0	UTHWEST TOTAL	69,509,020	85,583,029	85,583,029	76,539,113	76,539,113	72,248,280
GR	AND TOTAL	357,771,104	373,845,113	373,845,113	360,806,571	360,806,571	356,515,738

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM CAPITAL COST Alternate 7 Service Area

N <u>S</u>	ORTHEAST YSTEM	<u>SITE 1</u>	<u>SITE 2</u>	<u>SITE 3</u>	<u>SITE 4A</u>	<u>SITE 4B</u>	<u>SITE 5</u>
1.	Treated Water Transmission Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves, and Appurtenances	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	Booster Pump Station/Ground Storage	0	0	0	0	0	0
3.	Contingency	0	0	0	0	0	0
4.	Engineering	0	0	0	0	0	0
NO.	RTHEAST TOTAL	0	0	0	0	0	0
5 <u>5</u>	OUTHWEST YSTEM						
1.	Treated Water Transmission Lines Incl. Crossings, Cathodic Protection, Valves, and Appurtenances	295,126,915	306,364,086	306,364,086	295,105,863	295,105,863	295,44 8,904
2.	Booster Pump Station/Ground Storage	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000	5,010,000
3.	Contingency	30,013,692	31,137,409	31,137,409	30,011,586	30,011,586	30,045,890
4.	Engineering	30,013,692	31,137,409	31,137,409	<u>30,011,586</u>	<u>30,011,586</u>	<u>30,045,890</u>
S 0	UTHWEST TOTAL	360,164,298	373,648,903	373,648,903	360,139,036	360,139,036	360,550,685
GR	AND TOTAL	360,164,298	373,648,903	373,648,903	360,139,036	360,139,036	360,550,685

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I.

ATTACHMENT 3

BRAZOS RIVER AUTHORITY PROPOSAL



BRAZOS RIVER AUTHORITY

4400 COBBS DRIVE • P.O. BOX 7555 • TELEPHONE AREA CODE 817 776-1441 WACO, TEXAS 76714-7555 January 11, 1988

Mr. Louis H. Jones, Jr., P.E. Dannenbaum Engineering Corporation P. O. Box 22292 Houston, Texas 77027

> Re: West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation (WHCSWSC)

Dear Mr. Jones:

This letter and its attachments are submitted in response to your letter dated November 6, 1987.

The Brazos River Authority operates a basin-wide water supply system consisting of 11 major reservoirs, from which water is committed to supply needs both in the immediate vicinities of the individual reservoirs and in areas downstream all the way to the Gulf of Mexico. Essentially all of the long-term dependable yield of this basin-wide system has for years been contractually committed. On the basis of option contracts with water users ("the Option Group") in a number of growing regions in the mid Brazos Basin, the Authority is currently engaged in preconstruction planning of a major new water supply reservoir in the upper basin.

Within the past year, an opportunity to recapture substantial amounts of presently committed water supplies and to acquire the Allen's Creek Reservoir site for future development has raised the possibility of more economically meeting the future water supply needs of the Option Group if we can find another sizeable customer to share the costs and customer benefits with them. Accordingly, in June 1987, we offered the City of Houston an opportunity to contract for a substantial amount of currently available water and an option for a substantial additional amount to come from, and be contingent upon, the development of a reservoir at the Allen's Creek site. Our offer to Houston was firm until December 31, 1987. Since we have had no reply of any kind in response to this offer, we now consider ourselves free to offer to others the water supplies and options included in the offer to Houston.

The offer to WHCSWSC contained herein contemplates use of the water previously offered to Houston and has been developed in coordination with an offer that is being made concurrently to the Option Mr. Louis H. Jones, Jr.

January 11, 1988 Page 2

Group, based upon joint use by WHCSWSC and the Option Group of water from existing and proposed future sources of supply. Both offers are tailored to the schedule of development that will most economically meet the combination of the needs of WHCSWSC corresponding to Alternative No. 3 in your November 6, 1987 letter and the projected needs of the Option Group. On the basis of this approach, the offer to WHCSWSC is for an incrementally developed water supply of 150,000 acre-feet per year on the following terms:

- The initial increment of supply will consist of 75,000 acre-feet of water per year from existing sources, which can be made available for immediate diversion by WHCSWSC from the Brazos River, subject only to obtaining a State permit for inter-basin diversion of the water and the necessary State and Federal permits for the actual diversion facilities.
 - a. In accordance with the attached "Supply Designation Schedule", which was developed based on the projections you provided for Alternative No. 3, this entire 75,000 acre-feet per year can initially be committed as "Future Use Water". WHCSWSC may at any time designate any amount up to the entire 75,000 acre-feet per year it wishes to have made available for diversion and use. The amount so designated shall be considered "Current Use Water". Beginning with the years shown in the Supply Designation Schedule and thereafter, the amounts designated as Current Use Water may be more but may not be less than the corresponding amounts shown as "Minimum Current Use Water" in the Schedule. The entire 75,000 acre-feet per year of the initial increment of supply shall be designated as Current Use Water beginning January 1, 2000, if not so designated prior to that date.
 - b. Water not designated as Current Use Water shall continue to be considered Future Use Water. The amount of water that has been designated as Current Use Water cannot be reduced.
 - c. The price for Future Use Water shall be \$40.00 per acre-foot (in 1988 dollars) and the price for Current Use Water shall be \$120.00 per acre-foot (in 1988 dollars). Both prices shall be subject to escalation in accordance with the Consumer Price Index (CPI).

Mr. Louis H. Jones, Jr.

January 11, 1988 Page 3

- 2. The second increment of supply will come from a source yet to be developed. The schedule for the planning, design, and construction of this new source, now proposed to be a new reservoir developed by BRA at the Allen's Creek site, will correspond to the combined demands of both the WHCSWSC and the Option Group. Using the projected demands for Alternative No. 3 in the Dannenbaum letter dated November 6, 1987, and the projected demands for the Option Group as prepared by the Authority staff, water from the second increment supply source will be needed in the year 2000.
 - a. Projections of water needs will be updated annually, and BRA will be obligated to schedule and use its best efforts to complete the second increment supply source by the time the water from it is needed, contingent upon being able to obtain permits and provide for financing and construction.
 - b. WHCSWSC will be allocated an additional water supply of 45,000 acre-feet per year to be available upon completion of the second increment supply source. The amount can be less if WHCSWSC so desires and others can be found to contract for the balance, or more if additional supplies become available as a result of the desire of others to release all or a part of their allocation, or as a result of additional development.
 - c. The 45,000 acre-feet per year committed to WHCSWSC from the second increment supply source will be designated as Current Use Water and Future Use Water in accordance with the attached Supply Designation Schedule. As discussed in Item 1.a., the WHCSWSC may designate any additional amounts of its Future Use Water as Current Use Water, but the minimum amounts of Current Use Water will be designated according to the attached Schedule. The entire 45,000 acre-feet per year shall be designated Current Use Water beginning January 1, 2010, if not so designated prior to that date.
 - d. The amount of water that has been designated as Current Use Water cannot be reduced. Water not designated as Current Use Water shall continue to be considered Future Use Water.
 - e. The price for all Current Use Water and Future Use Water shall, after completion of the second incre-

ment of supply, be determined based on the cost of developing the source for the second increment of supply. Based on the best estimates and projections of demands now available, the prices for Current Use Water and Future Use Water in 1988 dollars would continue to be the prices quoted in Item l.c., above.

- f. Upon execution of a contract based upon this offer, the Authority proposes to acquire an option to purchase the Allen's Creek site in order to have the site available for development to meet the requirements as set forth in the attached Schedule for the second increment of supply.
- 3. The third increment of supply is presently planned to come from the proposed South Bend Reservoir Project. According to the current WHCSWSC Alternative No. 3 projections and the Authority's projections for the Option Group, the third increment of water supply will be needed by the year 2010.
 - a. Projections of water needs will continue to be updated annually, and BRA will be obligated to schedule and use its best efforts to complete the third increment supply source by the time water from it is needed, contingent upon being able to obtain permits and provide for financing and construction.
 - b. Upon completion of the supply source for the third increment of water supply, the WHCSWSC would have an additional allocation of 30,000 acre-feet per year of water supply to be available upon completion of the third increment supply source. The amount can be less if WHCSWSC so desires and others can be found to contract for the balance, or more if additional supplies become available as a result of the desire of others to release all or a part of their allocation, or as a result of additional development.
 - c. The 30,000 acre-feet per year allocated to WHCSWSC from the third increment supply source will be designated as Current Use Water and Future Use Water in accordance with the attached Supply Designation Schedule. As discussed in Item 1.a., the WHCSWSC may designate any additional amounts of its Future Use Water as Current Use Water, but the minimum

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amounts of Current Use Water will be designated according to the attached Schedule. The entire 30,000 acre-feet per year shall be designated Current Use Water beginning January 1, 2030, if not so designated prior to that date.

- d. The amount of water that has been designated as Current Use Water cannot be reduced. Water not designated as Current Use Water shall continue to be considered Future Use Water.
- e. The price for all Current Use Water and Future Use Water shall, after completion of the third increment of supply, be determined based on the cost of developing the source for the third increment of supply. Based on the best estimates and projections of demands now available, the prices for Current Use Water and Future Use Water in 1988 dollars would continue to be the prices quoted in Item 1.c., above.

The relationship of this offer to the activities we have in progress to meet the needs of the Option Group and the fact that our offer to Houston is still open, though no longer exclusive, makes it urgent that we have your response as soon as possible.

A number of attachments have been included to respond to most of your list of information requests. Under Attachment No. 1, we have summarized and provided tables and graphs to show the incremental water supply development for meeting the WHCSWSC and Option Group demands through the year 2030. Estimates on the cost of delivery are provided under Attachment No. 2. A discussion of the termination storage impoundments that might be needed is provided under Attachment No. 3. Under Attachment No. 4, the water quality for both the Lower Brazos River and the Allen's Creek Project are discussed. Attachment No. 5 includes information and a report on the treatability of Brazos River water. We would also encourage you to discuss the matter of treatability with Mr. Joe Willhelm of the Galveston County Water Authority. Finally, some additional information on the Canal System A, its pumping station, and the Oyster Creek - Jones Creek conveyance, is provided under Attachment No. 6.

The cost information that we have provided is limited to information that we have directly available. We have provided some general guidelines on impoundment sizes and the cost of similar type projects, but we have not provided the cost estimates or any detail on the types of projects that would be specifically needed by the WHCSWSC. We hope the information that is provided will help you to make these decisions and to determine appropriate cost. Mr. Louis H. Jones, Jr.

January 11, 1988 Page 6

Please review the offer outlined and the information in the attachments. If you have any questions about this information, please contact Mr. Tom Ray on the water supply schedule and the engineering information, Mr. Gary Neighbors on the price for water supply, or me.

Very truly yours, CARSON H. HOGE, P.E. General Manager

CHH:cg Attachments



BRAZOS RIVER AUTHORITY

4400 COBBS DRIVE • P. O. BOX 7555 • TELEPHONE AREA CODE 817 776-1441 WACO, TEXAS 76714-7555

October 29, 1987

Mr. Louis H. Jones, Jr., P.E. Dannenbaum Engineering Corporation 3100 West Alabama Houston, Texas 77098

Dear Louis:

The following is furnished in response to your request for our basis for estimating the cost of Allen's Creek Reservoir in the water supply package we have offered the City of Houston.

The original project known as the Allen's Creek Reservoir was designed by EBASCO Services Incorporated for Houston Lighting & Power Company (HL&P), the owner of the project site, to serve as a cooling pond for a planned thermonuclear generating plant. On the basis of a reevaluation of power needs in its service area, HL&P has now offered to sell the Allen's Creek Reservoir site to the Brazos River Authority as part of a package deal involving also the return of 87,400 acre-feet of water per year which Brazos River Authority is currently contracted to supply to HL&P from existing reservoir storage.

Data and information on the Allen's Creek Project, as originally planned by EBASCO for HL&P, is summarized on Attachment 1. EBASCO has performed a very preliminary re-analysis of the project modified for use as municipal water supply and updated the estimated project cost to 1986 dollars. Brazos River Authority has further updated the estimated project cost to 1987 dollars for a project with a yield of 75,000 acre-feet of water per year.

The analysis is for a reservoir having an 8,000-acre surface area at a maximum normal operating level of 118 feet above m.s.l., a total storage volume of 120,000 acre-feet and a useable storage volume between elevations 105 and 118 feet above m.s.l. of 95,000 acre-feet. The effects of honoring downstream water rights and of evaporation, which ranges at the site from an average of 0.1 foot per month in December to 0.5 foot per month in July, were taken into account. The analysis was run for the 1940-1984 period of record for the Brazos River Richmond Gauge of the USGS. The EBASCO cost estimates are summarized as follows:

Construction Costs

The original alignment of Allen's Creek dam for the 8,000 acres cooling pond was utilized. The dam, reservoir, spillway and

Mr. Louis H. Jones, Jr. - cont'd.

October 29, 1987 Page 2

drainage canal were kept unchanged. The southern access road as well as the dam access road were also included in the cost estimate.

The Brazos River pumping station will house twelve 37,000 gpm, 1,250 HP pumping units and will be located in the same section of Brazos River as planned in the original nuclear project.

Allen's Creek pumping station (Allen's Creek Reservoir to the treatment plant) will have the same type of units as those selected for the Brazos River pumping station. Two units will be required to pump 150 cfs to the treatment plant located within an assumed radius of ten miles from the reservoir.

A ten-mile pipeline linking the pumping station to the treatment plant was included in the cost estimate.

The total capital cost was estimated to be 69,920,000 1981 dollars. Another 10,333,000 dollars was estimated for escalating prices to 1986. Adding interest during construction at 10 percent interest rate brings the total estimated cost to \$97.4 million with the following major cost components:

-	dam	14	million
-	spillway	12	million
-	water conveyance from Brazos River	14	million
-	water conveyance to the treatment plant	20	million

Annual Costs

Fixed charges on capital investment, other fixed charges and $O\xi M$ were estimated to be 15.6 percent of the total investment. The annual pumping energy costs estimated to be \$1,085,600 were calculated based upon the on-peak and off-peak tariffs of Houston Lighting ξ Power Company. With the above assumptions the raw water cost amounts to 46 cents/1000 gal.

The update of the EBASCO cost estimates to 1987 dollars performed by BRA is summarized on Attachment 2. Estimated O&M costs, other than power costs, have been modified to accord with BRA costs for operation of similar existing projects. Land costs for the Allen's Creek Project have not been included in the cost estimate because BRA proposes to require the site with revenues from the sale of the water supplies from existing storage proposed to be recaptured from HL&P as part of the package deal.

The cost estimates shown on Attachment 2 were used by BRA in formulating the offer made to the City of Houston. You will note that, even without inclusion of land costs, the estimated

Mr. Louis H. Jones, Jr. - cont'd.

October 29, 1987 Page 3

unit cost of water from Allen's Creek is greater than the anticipated price for water after development of Allen's Creek set out in our offer to the City of Houston. The reason for this is that the BRA offer to Houston contemplates averaging the costs of water from existing sources with the cost of water from the more expensive Allen's Creek to bring the overall cost to less than the cost of water from Allen's Creek alone. If Allen's Creek can be developed and operated within the estimated costs (in 1987 dollars) shown on Attachment 2, the price for water anticipated in the BRA offer to Houston will not be exceeded.

Please let me know if you have questions concerning the information herein furnished.

Very truly yours,

low

CARSON H. HOGE, P.E. General Manager

CHH:gls Encl.

ATTACHMENT 4 CORRESPONDENCE



CITY OF HOUSTON

Post Office Box 1562 · Houston, Texas 77251-1562

Kathryn J. Whitmire, Mayor

CTY COUNCIL MEMBERS. Larry McKaskle • Ernest McGowen, St. • George Greanias • Rodney Elis • Frank O. Mancuso • John G. Goodner • Christin Hartung Date M. Gorczynski • Ben T. Reyes • Jim Westmorekand • Eleanor Tinsley • Jim Greenwood • Anthony W. Hall, Jr. • Judson Robinson, Jr. • City CONTROLLER: Larice Lator

December 21, 1987

Mr. Louis H. Jones, P.E. Project Manager Dannenbaum Engineering Corporation 3100 West Alabama P.O. Box 22292 Houston, Texas 77027

Subject: Projected Treated Surface Water Costs Northeast Water Purification Plant

Dear Mr. Jones:

In response to your December 2, 1987 letter concerning the City's plans with regard to the Northeast Water Purification Plant, the following information is provided:

- 1. Redesign of the first increment of the Northeast Plant was recently authorized by the Houston City Council. This plant, which will have a nominal peak production capacity in the range of 35 to 50 mgd, could be completed and in operation by early 1991 if binding commitments are received from capital cost participants. To date, no such commitments have been provided. This initial plant construction project is to be designed to be consistent with an overall site development plan for providing peak daily production in the range of 600 mgd. No firm schedule for future plant expansions currently exists -- the construction of new facilities will undoubtedly "track" demand patterns in the area. You might be interested to know that the City's current master planning projections envision the capacity of the Northeast Plant to be 400 to 500 mgd by the year 2030.
- 2. Final design of the Northeast Plant facilities will establish exact discharge pressures and pump operating characteristics. It is anticipated that design concepts for this plant will closely mirror those used in the Southeast Plant, resulting in nominal discharge pressures in the range of 90 psi at the plant discharge header.

3. Our preliminary estimate of plant construction costs is \$65

Mr. Louis H. Jones, P.E. Page 2 December 21, 1987

> million. Of this cost, approximately \$9.1 million is directly attributable to pumping and storage facilities, and another \$18.3 million is assigned to general site improvements. On this basis, it is expected that approximately 20 percent of the total plant cost will be assigned to production/storage, with the remainder allocated to production/raw water supply.

- 4. Actual costs of treatment at the new plant are difficult to project at this time, given the uncertainty about initial dates of operation of the plant. It appears that a "current dollar" estimate of operating costs in the range of \$0.40 to \$0.50 per thousand gallons is appropriate for planning purposes.
- 5. Likewise, raw water costs may be impacted in the long term by major capital projects and changes in levels of demand, but it appears appropriate to use a current nominal raw water of approximately \$0.25 per thousand gallons in preliminary cost analysis.

It should be clearly understood that the foregoing information is provided for your use in formulating and screening alternatives, and does not constitute a "commitment" by the City to construct any improvements according to a defined time schedule or at such times as required by your demand. Such a commitment would be best addressed through execution of a binding contract for surface water supply or capital cost participation.

Please feel free to contact me if you require further information.

Truly yours,

mmat 12.21.87

Michael S. Marcotte, P.E. Assistant to the Director Department of Pulic Works

MSM:pr cc: Danny Davis

ATTACHMENT 5

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GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY OPERATING REPORTS

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT -- JANUARY 1987

Contract Water	\$ 19,553.61		Operating Supplies	\$ 95.19
Salaries	44,969,78		Contract Service	2,595.00
Power	21,749.60		Lab Supplies	1,218,18
Admin. Central	31,217,35		Misc. Purchases	168.04
Chemicals:			Tools	0,00
Lime		\$ 3,626,73	Mgmt, Expense	0,00
Phosphate		6,986,54	Office Supplies	61.29
Chlorine		2,142.83	Janitorial	754.71
Cat, Polymer		4,955.39	Uniforms	514.17
Carbon Dioxide		1,336,72	Safety Equipment	136,75
Fluoride		1,902.73	Training	51.94
Ferric Sulfate		454.67	Transportation	269,61
Sodium Chlorite		4,201,51	Cont, SvcOptg.	595.00
Ammonia		717.88	Sludge Disposal	4,858,50
Misc. Chemicals		66,00	Maintenance & Equip.	23,624.39
Sub-Total Chemicals		\$26,391,00		·
30 days \$212,304.90		TOTAL AMOUNT	SPENT	\$178,825.11
31 days \$219,381.73		TOTAL AMOUNT	OF WATER TREATED	319,546 KGAL
		AVERAGE COST	PER THOUSAND GALLONS	\$ 0. 5596
Available \$ 40,556.62		AVG. CHEMICAL	COST PER THOUSAND	\$ 0,0826

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Contract W	later	\$19,553,61		Operating Supplies	\$	0.00
Salaries		44,800,84		Contract Service		2,595.00
Power		16,204.38		Lab Supplies		326,11
Admin. Cen	itral	25,617.62		Misc. Purchases		129.19
Chemicals:				Tools		0.00
Lime			\$ 3,797.66	Mgmt, Expense		0.00
Phosphat	e		4,562,58	Office Supplies		61,16
Chlorine			1,839,99	Janitorial Supplies		494,68
Cat. Pol	ymer		4,085.18	Uniforms		504.20
Carbon D	ioxide		1,160,80	 Safety Supplies 		56.00
Fluoride			1,645,46	Training		101.00
Ferric			743,66	Transportation		678,60
Sodium C	hlorite		3,462.31	Cont. Svc. Optg.		0,00
Ammonia			601.29	Sludge Disposal		0.00
Misc. Ch	emicals		0.00	Maintenance & Equip.	2	6,223,01
Sub-Total	Chemicals		\$21,898.93			
30 days	\$212,304.9	90	TOTAL AMOUNT	SPENT	\$16	9,244.33
31 days	\$219,381.7	73	TOTAL AMOUNT	OF WATER TREATED	273,	431 KGAL
			AVERAGE COST	PER THOUSAND GALLONS	\$	0,6190
Available	\$ 43,060,5	57	AVG. CHEMICAL	COST PER THOUSAND	\$	0,0800

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT - FEBRUARY 1987

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GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT - MARCH 1987

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Contract Water Salaries Power Administration Central Chemicals: Lime Phosphate Chlorine Cat. Polymer Carbon Dioxide Fluoride Ferric Sulfate Sodium Chlorite Ammonia Misc. Chemicals	\$ 19,553,61 44,411.16 21,039.99 46,958.71	<pre>\$ 4,280.30 6,849.70 2,328.25 5,700.00 1,113.96 1,868.76 333.45 4,385.92 684.83 0.00</pre>	Operating Supplies Contract Service Lab Supplies Misc. Purchases Tools Mgmt. Expense Office Supplies Janitorial Supplies Uniforms Safety Equipment Training Transportation Contract SvcOptg. Sludge Disposal Maintenance & Equip.	<pre>\$ 24.01 2,595.00 2,325.14 94.12 0.00 213.00 223.04 299.84 507.40 56.00 851.21 336.65 0.00 0.00 39,089.09</pre>
Sub-Total Chemicals		\$ 27,545,17		
30 Days \$212,304.90 31 Days \$219,381.73 Available \$ 13,258.59		TOTAL AMOUNT TOTAL AMOUNT AVERAGE COST AVERAGE CHEM	SPENT OF WATER TREATED PER THOUSAND GALLONS ICAL COST PER THOUSAND	\$206,123.14 318,710 KGAL \$.6467 \$.0864

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Contract Water	\$19,553.61		Operating Supplies	\$ 0.00
Salaries	46,939.01		Contract Service	2,595,00
Power	25,035,24		Lab Supplies	4,341,56
Admin, Central	29,307,09		Misc. Purchases	844,88
Chemicals:			Tools	0.00
Lime		\$ 6,016.47	Mgmt, Expense	0,00
Phosphate		6,928.02	Office Supplies	334,13
Chlorine		2,384.03	Janitorial	415.45
Cat, Polymer		3,829,68	Uniforms	723,25
Carbon Dioxid	е	576,20	Safety Equipment	409.66
Fluoride		1,871.90	Training	344.47
Ferric		497,42	Transportation	425,85
Sodium Chlori	te	5,511.28	Cont, Svc. Optg.	4,568.06
Ammonia		743,58	Sludge Disposal	0.00
Misc. Chemico	ls	0.00	Maint, & Equip,	42,090.41
Sub-Total Chemica	ls	\$28,358.58		
				. *
30 days \$212.3	04.90	TOTAL AMOUNT SPEN	г	\$206,286,25
31 days \$219,3	81.73	TOTAL AMOUNT OF W	ATER TREATED	348,602 KGAL
		AVERAGE COST PER	THOUSAND GALLONS	\$,5918
Available \$ 6,0	18.65	AVG, CHEMICAL COS	T PER THOUSAND GALLONS	\$,0814

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT - APRIL 1987

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GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT - MAY 1987

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\$ 19,553.61			OPERATING SUPPLI	ËS	\$ 0,00
44,817.21			CONTRACT SERVICE	,	2,595,00
21,699,39			LAB SUPPLIES		1,436.06
28,006,87			MISC. PURCHASES		215,33
			TOOLS		0,00
	\$	5,184.23	MGMT. EXPENSE		0.00
		7,098.08	OFFICE SUPPLIES		225,95
		2,578,16	JANITORIAL		433,40
		3,512.84	UNIFORMS		616.00
		139.64	SAFETY		114.85
		1,912.79	TRAINING		124,17
		330,98	CONTRACT SEROPT	G.	1,850,23
	1	.2,457.45	SLUDGE DISPOSAL		0.00
		697.37	MAINTENANCE & EQU	JIP,	24,776.37
		3,013.24	TRANSPORTATION		533,35
	\$ 3	56,924,78	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
,90		TOTAL AMO	UNT SPENT	\$]	183,922,57
,73		TOTAL AMO	UNT OF WATER TREATED	342,	,409 KGAL
		AVERAGE C	OST PER THOUSAND GALLONS	\$.5371
,16		AVG. CHEM	ICAL COST PER THOUSAND	\$.1078
	<pre>\$ 19,553.61 44,817.21 21,699.39 28,006.87 .90 .73 .16</pre>	\$ 19,553.61 44,817.21 21,699.39 28,006.87 \$ \$.90 .73 .16	<pre>\$ 19,553.61 44,817.21 21,699.39 28,006.87 \$ 5,184.23 7,098.08 2,578.16 3,512.84 139.64 1,912.79 330.98 12,457.45 697.37 3,013.24 \$ 36,924.78 .90 .73 TOTAL AMO AVERAGE C .16 AVG. CHEM</pre>	 \$ 19,553.61 \$ 44,817.21 21,699.39 28,006.87 \$ 5,184.23 \$ 5,184.23 \$ 5,184.23 \$ 5,184.23 \$ 5,184.23 \$ 5,184.23 \$ 6,184.23 \$ 5,184.23 \$ 6,184.23 \$ 7,098.08 \$ 0FFICE SUPPLIES \$ 2,578.16 \$ 3,512.84 \$ 139.64 \$ 36,924.78 \$ 100 Served and the served and	\$ 19,553.61 OPERATING SUPPLIES 44,817.21 CONTRACT SERVICE 21,699.39 LAB SUPPLIES 28,006.87 MISC. PURCHASES 7,098.08 OFFICE SUPPLIES 2,578.16 JANITORIAL 3,512.84 UNIFORMS 139.64 SAFETY 1,912.79 TRAINING 330.98 CONTRACT SEROPTG. 12,457.45 SLUDGE DISPOSAL 697.37 MAINTENANCE & EQUIP. 3,013.24 TRANSPORTATION \$ 36,924.78

Contract	Water	\$ 20,291.20			Operating Supplies	\$	0,00
Salaries		49,501.74			Contract Service		2,595.00
Power		22,369.99			Lab Supplies		932.24
Admin. Ce	ntral	29,378.10			Misc. Purchases		853.01
Chemicals	:				Tools .		0,00
Li	me		\$ 4,128	.67	Mgmt, Expense		0.00
Ph	osphate		7,190	,48	Office Supplies		209/78
Ch	lorine		4,775	.59	Janitorial		599,10
Ca	t.Polymer		406,4	,36	Uniforms		470.40
Ca	rbon Dioxide		190	.72	Safety Supplies		89.24
Fl	uoride		1,831	.02	Training		44.93
Fe	rric Sulfate		389	,88	Transportation		160.07
So	dium Chlorite		14,039	,03	Contract Svc. Optg.		364.00
Am	monia		667	.39	Sludge Disposal		0.00
Mi	sc. Chemicals		. 0	.00	Maintenance & Equip		36,921.87
Sub-Total	Chemicals		\$37,618	.14			
30 Days	\$212,304.90	τοτρ	L AMOUNT	SPENT		\$2	02,399,91
31 Days	\$219,381.73	τοτρ	L AMOUNT	OF WATER	TREATED	326	,939 KGAL

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT - JUNE 1987

Available \$ 9,904.99

AVERAGE COST PER THOUSAND GALLONS

AVERAGE CHEMICAL COST PER THOUSAND

,6191

.1151

\$

\$

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATION COST REPORT - JULY 1987

Contract Water Salaries Power Admin. Central Chemicals: Lime Phosphate Chlorine Cat. Polymer Carbon Dioxide Fluoride Ferric Sodium Chlorite Ammonia Misc. Chemicals	\$ 22,617.03 69,940.28 23,180.10 33,812.41	<pre>\$ 5,189.68 7,533.46 2,962.41 6,074.00 293.56 1,943.61 209.29 15,131.27 748.17 573.50 \$40,658.95</pre>	Operating Supplies Contract Service Lab Supplies Misc. Purchases Tools Mgmt. Expense Office Supplies Janitorial Supplies Janitorial Supplies Uniforms Safety Supplies Training Transportation Cont. Svc. Optg. Sludge Disposal Maintenance & Equip.	<pre>\$ 0.00 2,595.00 1,450.92 357.46 0.00 0.00 161.52 1,084.09 637.79 323.63 53.00 1,085.11 1,822.00 1,134/00 21,164.48</pre>
30 days \$212,304.9 31 days \$219,381.7 Available \$ -2,696.3	90 73 58	TOTAL AMOUNT TOTAL AMOUNT AVERAGE COST AVG. CHEMICA	SPENT OF WATER TREATED PER THOUSAND GALLONS L COST PER THOUSAND GALLONS	\$ 222,078.11 362,088 GKAL .6133 .1123

Note: Three payroll periods during the month of July

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Contract W	later \$	\$ 22,617	03			Operating Supplies	\$	0.00
Salaries		44,958	5.43			Contract Service		2,076.00
Power		25,357	7.08			Lab Supplies		1,990.65
Admin. Cen	itral	32,40	5.76			Misc. Purchases		138.30
Chemicals:						Tools		0.00
Lime				\$	6,185,17	Mamt, Expense		0.00
Phospha	ite				7,926,38	Office Supplies		133.00
Chlorin	ie				3,000,43	Janitorial Supplies		360,55
Cat, Pc	lymer				6,266,21	Uniforms		499,55
Carbon	Dioxide				550,36	Safety Supplies		71.00
Fluorid	le				1,657,42	Training		738.00
Ferric					223,92	Transportation		187.59
Sodium	Chlorite				15,886.64	Cont. Svc. Optg.		436.00
Ammonic]				766.22	Sludge Disposal		0.00
Misc, C	Chemicals				0,00	Maintenance & Equip.		20,824.73
Sub-Total	Chemicals			\$	42,462.75			
30 Davs	\$212.304.90		τοτα	IL.	AMOUNT SPE	NT	\$ 1	95,256,42
31 Days	\$219.381.73		тота		AMOUNT OF	WATER TREATED	381	.320 KGAL
			AVER	 RAG	E COST PER	THOUSAND GALLONS	\$.5121
Available	\$ 24,125.31		AVG.	C	HEMICAL CO	ST PER THOUSAND GALLONS	\$.1114

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT - AUGUST 1987

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT-MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT SEPTEMBER 1987

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CON SAL POW ADM CHEI	TRACT WATER ARIES ER IN. CENTRAL MICALS:	\$	26,628.84 47,977.30 21,727.14 29,770.31	
	SODIUM CHLORITE ZINC PHOSPHATE CATIONIC POLYMER LIME FERRIC SULFATE FLUORIDE CARBON DIOXIDE CHLORINE AMMONIA MISC. CHEMICALS			\$ 15;626:32 7,731.46 5,518.39 5,768.23 222.10 1,703.14 637.40 3,328.04 757.96 <u>0.00</u>
SUB-	-TOTAL CHEMICALS			\$ 41,293.04
OPEI CON LAB MISC TOOL MGM OFF JAN UNIF SAFI TRAI CON SLUI MAII	RATING SUPPLIES TRACT SERVICE SUPPLIES C. PURCHASES S T. EXPENSE ICE SUPPLIES ITORIAL FORMS ETY SUPPLIES INING VSPORTATION TRACT SVC. OPTG. DGE DISPOSAL VT. & EQUIPMENT		0.00 2,076.00 2,720.26 322.76 0.00 912.16 534.58 500.40 1,368.50 736.29 835.69 61.15 250.00 30,008.19	
TOT/ TOT/	AL AMOUNT SPENT AL AMOUNT OF WATER T	TREATED		\$ 207,

662.61 371,940 KGAL WATER TREATED ANUUNI UP AVERAGE COST PER THOUSAND GALLONS •5582 \$ AVERAGE CHEMICAL COST PER THOUSAND GALLONS \$.1110 30 DAYS \$ 206,337.00 31 DAYS \$ 213,556.00

AVAILABLE \$ -1,325.61

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT OCTOBER 1987

CONTRACT WATER		Ş	26,628.84
SALARIES		•	45.201.91
POWER			22.118.37
ADMIN. CENTRAL			30,417.46
SUB-TOTAL		\$	124,267.58
		•	, -
CHEMICALS:			
SODIUM CHLORITE		\$	6,616.11
ZINC PHOSPHATE			5,874.44
CATIONIC POLYMER			2,463.64
LIME			5,522.01
FERRIC SULFATE			196.12
FLUORIDE			1,910.22
CARBON DIOXIDE			982.88
CHLORINE			3,378.20
AMMONIA			684.22
MISC. CHEMICALS			0.00
SUB-TOTAL CHEMICALS		\$	27,627.84
OPERATING SUPPLIES		\$	0.00
CONTRACT SERVICE			2,234.78
LAB SUPPLIES			1,684.03
MISC. PURCHASES			144.47
TOOLS			0.00
MGMT. EXPENSE			446.00
OFFICE SUPPLIES			323.39
JANITORIAL .			752.00
UNIFORMS			625.50
SAFETY SUPPLIES			264.95
TRAINING			145.00
TRANSPORTATION			221.75
CONTRACT SVC. OPTG.			398.00
SLUDGE DISPOSAL			236.44
MAINT. & EQUIPMENT			29,144.73
SUB-TOTAL		\$	36,621.04
TOTAL AMOUNT SPENT		\$	188,516.46
TOTAL AMOUNT OF WATER TREATED		3	30,841 KGAL
AVERAGE COST PER THOUSAND GALL	LONS	\$.5698
AVG. CHEMICAL COST PER THOUSANI	GALLONS	\$.0835
31 DAYS \$ 213,556.00	AVAILABLE	\$	25,039.54

GALVESTON COUNTY WATER AUTHORITY SURFACE WATER TREATMENT PLANT MONTHLY OPERATIONAL COST REPORT NOVEMBER 1987

CONTRACT WATER		\$	26,628,84
SALARIES		•	44,119.71
POWER			20.871.52
ADMIN. CENTRAL			25.755.63
SUB-TOTAL		Ş	117,375,70
		•	
CHEMICALS:			
SODIUM CHLORITE		\$	7,276.12
ZINC PHOSPHATE			5,271.86
CATIONIC POLYMER			1,964.47
LIME			6,562.72
FERRIC SULFATE			196.12
FLUORIDE			1,910.22
CARBON DIOXIDE			1,369.36
CHLORINE			2,567.66
AMMONIA		•	684.22
MISC. CHEMICALS			496.25
SUB-TOTAL CHEMICALS		\$	28,399.00
OPERATING SUPPLIES		\$	Ø.ØØ
CONTRACT SERVICE			2,076.00
LAB SUPPLIES			1,284.35
MISC. PURCHASES			304.82
TOOLS			0.00
MGMT. EXPENSE			1,033.15
OFFICE SUPPLIES			182.50
JANITORIAL			270.62
UNIFORMS			600.60
SAFETY SUPPLIES			0.00
TRAINING			0.00
TRANSPORTATION			649.70
CONTRACT SVC. OPTG.			0.00
SLUDGE DISPOSAL			0.00
MAINT. & EQUIPMENT			6,958.37
SUB-TOTAL		\$	13,260.11
TOTAL AMOUNT SPENT		Ş	158,934.81
TOTAL AMOUNT OF WATER TREATED		3	17,123 KGAL
AVERAGE COST PER THOUSAND GALI	LONS	Ş	.5012
AVG.CHEMICAL COST PER THOUSAN	J GALLONS	Ş	.0892
31 DAYS \$ 206 337 00	AVATLAR	ŝ	47 482 19

ATTACHMENT 6

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS:

Prior reports and studies dealing with water demands and supplies in the City of Houston and surrounding areas were utilized as needed in preparing this study. Materials reviewed during the course of this project are as follows:

- 1. <u>Houston Water Master Plan</u>, Appendices A through M, August 1985 to March 1987 and latest revisions, by Metcalf and Eddy, Inc.
- 2. <u>District Plan</u>, Adopted November 1985, by Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.
- 3. <u>Subsidence '87</u>, February 1987 by Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.
- 4. Proposal to City of Houston on sale of Brazos River water, January 1988, by the Brazos River Authority.
- 5. Utility District Listing, Creation and Bond Issue Reports, Texas Water Commission Records, January 1987.
- 6. Yearly Groundwater Pumpage Records, Harris-Galveston Coastal Subsidence District.
- 7. <u>Planning Report/Draft Environmental Statement</u>, San Jacinto Project, Texas, September 1987, by United States Department of the Interior Bureau of Reclamation.
- 8. <u>Surface Water Conversion Plan</u>, North Harris County Water Supply Corporation, June 1987, by Pate Engineers/Jones & Carter.
- 9. <u>West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation Implementation</u> <u>Plan</u>, Appendix II (Including Revision One) - Water Demand and Supply, October 1987, by Dannenbaum Engineering Corporation.
- 10. <u>Southeast Water Distribution Improvements</u>, Preliminary Engineering Report, Volumes 1 through 4, July 1986, by Bovay Engineers, Inc.
- 11. <u>Waste Load Evaluation for Upper Oyster Creek in the Brazos River</u> <u>Basin, Segment 1245</u>, June 1985 by Texas Department of Water Resources.
- 12. <u>Intensive Survey of Oyster Creek, Segment 1110</u>, March 1984 by Texas Department of Water Resources.
- Intensive Surface Water Monitoring Survey for Segment 1110, Oyster Creek - Above Tidal, September 1977 by Texas Department of Water Resources.
WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

APPENDIX V

DETAILED EVALUATION OF SELECTED ALTERNATIVES

NOVEMBER 1988

DANNENBAUM ENGINEERING CORPORATION CONSULTING ENGINEERS 3100 WEST ALABAMA HOUSTON, TEXAS 77098 (713) 622-8011

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Projected Water Demands vs. Supply

Projected Surface			Supply	
	Water Dema		Alternative	
<u>Yea</u> r	<u>Conser</u> .	<u>Conser</u> .	GCWA/BRA	
1995	36.8 MGD	38.0 MGD	36.8/0 MGD	
2000	59.4 MGD	61.5 MGD	59.4/0 MGD	
2005	64.5 MGD	66.9 MGD	59.4/5.1 MGD	
2 010	92.9 MGD	97.0 MGD	59.4/33.5 MGD	
2012	98.0 MGD	103.6 MGD	59.4/38.6 MGD	
2020	124.5 MGD	132.8 MGD	59.4/65.1 MGD	

Raw Water Supply

- o Final recommended plan has been developed utilizing raw water from the Brazos River Basin as the original source to serve the entire WHCSWSC planning area.
- o The plan has built in the flexibility to allow the utilization of treated water from the Northeast System in the later phases (Year 2005, 2010 and 2030) as an alternate source.
- o The recommended facilities should be developed utilizing a primary and secondary source from the Brazos Basin as outlined in Supply Alternate No. 3. The primary source being 59.4 MGD of raw water from the GCWA for Phase I (1995) and Phase II (2000). The secondary source being the 65.1 MGD of raw water from the BRA System for Phase III (2005), Phase IV (2010) and Phase V (2030).
- o The raw water cost for 59.4 MGD of (primary) raw water from the GCWA canal system is projected at \$0.11/1000 gallons.
- o The raw water cost for 65.1 MGD of secondary raw water from the BRA system is projected at \$0.20/1000 gallons for Supply Alternate No. 3.

Final Selected Alternative

The final recommended plan consists of developing the facilities as follows:

- o A major southwest treatment plant and termination storage facility on Site 7, a 350 acre tract, just west of the future Bellaire-Grand Parkway intersection. (Refer to Exhibit 6 for details.)
- o The plant facilities have been developed to include the option of utilizing Site 4, 5 or 6, if Site 7 is not available without appreciably affecting the viability of the plan.
- o Treatment facility and transmission facilities have been developed in phases with the following capacities:

<u>Phase</u>	Year	<u>Cumulative Capacity</u>		
I	1995	37.5 MGD		
II	2000	62.5 MGD		
III	2005	75.0 MGD		
IV	2010	100.0 MGD		
V	2030	150.0 MGD		

- o A total of eight sites along FM 1093 were developed from the following initial screening criteria:
 - * Minimum 350 usable acres
 - * Within 2 miles of F.M. 1093 between future Allens Creek Reservoir and Grand Parkway
 - * Known faults/geotechnical abnormalities
 - * Not a current business (other than farming)
 - * Not a utility district/development with improvements
 - * Pipelines onsite
 - * Future roadways onsite
 - * Maximum three land owners
- o An eight member ranking committee was formed consisting of three City of Houston staff members from the Department of Public Works.
- o The numerical results were summated for each site and the results tabulated as shown below:

Ranking								
Committee	Site 1	Site	Site	Site 4	Site	Site	Site	Site
Member		2	3		5	6	7	8
RATER NO. 1	71.7	71.9	63.6	82.4	79.4		95.0	69.5
RATER NO. 2	81.0	85.0	77.8	88.2	90.3	89.7	94.3	81.9
RATER NO. 3	88.6	90.0	86.0	93.1	91.3	91.6	96.6	87.1
RATER NO. 4	73.4	74.5	58.1	74.1	71.3	66.6	68.5	62.1
RATER NO. 5	64.8	64.8	55.1	79.9	78.9	79.1	77.1	76.6
RATER NO. 6	70.7	71.4	67.4	86.5	81.1	83.5	92.0	72.3
RATER NO. 7	65.5	66.6	54.7	80.5	77.1	77.7	87.1	75.6
RATER NO. 8	56.8	57.9	52.0	84.1	80.3	81.5	82.9	69.9
	— <u>—</u>	_			—			—
AVERAGE	71.6	72.8	64.3	83.6	81.2	81.1	86.7	74.4
*FINAL RANKING	7	6	8	2	3	4	1	5

FINAL RANKING OF PLANT SITE ALTERNATIVES

- o The ranking committee selected Site 7 as the preferred site with Sites 4, 5 and 6 as alternates.
- o Raw Water Supply Alternate No. 1, 2 and 3 were evaluated with Alternate No. 3 being selected as the most economical. Refer to summary below:

Supply Alternate	Expenditures through 2000
Supply Alternate No. 1	\$51,428,000
Supply Alternate No. 2	\$34,499,120
Supply Alternate No. 3	\$18,668,600

Projected Annual Expenditures

o Total annual expenditures for WHCSWSC to develop the selected alternate have been calculated on a yearly basis from a schedule of phased construction prepared to meet the service area demands and maximize revenues. The total annual expenditures are subdivided to include: capital costs for conveyance and transmission systems, raw water supply cost, raw water transportation cost and anticipated operation and maintenance costs. A cash flow analysis was prepared by the financial consultants based on the expected annual costs to develop and operate the plan. See "Schedule of Capital Expenditures and Related Bond Sales" and "Cash Flow Analysis of Annual Expenditures and Revenues" contained in Attachment No. 4, Sections A and B, respectively. The following table summarizes the results.

Summary of Projected Expenditures

<u>Annual</u>

Phase	<u>Period</u>	Maximum Net Debt Service Cost (\$1,000,000)	*O & M Cost (\$1,000,000)	Cost /1000 Gallons <u>to Customers</u>
I	1990-1995	6.4	1.2	-
11	1996-2000	10.7	5.2	1.26
III	2001-2005	12.3	8.6	1.26
IV	2006-2010	19.2	10.5	1.26
v	2011-2030	37.8	16.4**	***1.45

* Raw water cost included in O & M.

- ****** \$23.4 MM from 2031-2055.
- *** Varies between \$1.55 and \$0.85 with a peak of \$1.55/1000 gallons in 2013 through 2019.

Financing Method

The WHCSWSC will cover all costs, including (i) debt service and (ii) operating and maintenance costs, with revenues from payments made by wholesale water purchasers under water supply contracts executed between such purchasers and WHCSWSC. WHCSWSC customers will include the City of Houston (expected to be the sole customer for Phase I service and the principal customer for Phase II service - 1989 through 2000), other municipalities, and a large number of municipal utility and other kinds of special purpose districts. WHCSWSC will finance the construction of planned facilities with the proceeds of the sale of tax exempt revenue bonds. WHCSWSC will have no taxing authority. Initial financings are expected to include bonds sold by WHCSWSC to the Texas Water Development Board or other State agency.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

		<u>Page</u>
Title F	age	i
Execut	tive Summary	ii-v
Table	of Contents	vi-vii
List of	Tables	viii
List of	Exhibits	ix
List of	Attachments	x
1.0	INTRODUCTION	
	Purpose and Scope	1-3
2.0	PROJECTED WATER DEMANDS AND SUPPLY	
	Projected Water Demands	4-5
	Surface Water Supply	7
	Surface Water Unit Cost	11
	Raw Water Characteristics	11-15
3.0	SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEMS EVALUATI	ON
	Introduction	16
	Treatment Process	16-17
	Raw Water Conveyance	17-18
	Termination Storage	1 8-2 0
	Treatment Facilities	20-22
	Treated Water Storage/Pumping	22
	Treated Water Conveyance	22

.

TABLE OF CONTENTS (Cont'd)

		<u>Page</u>
	Alternate Site Evaluations Initial Screening Parameters Technical Evaluation Capital Cost Evaluation	24-26 26-29 29
4.0	RANKING OF SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE ALTERN	ATES
	Methodology	31-33
	Final Plant Site Ranking	33
	Sensitivity Analysis	34
	Results of Ranking Committee	35-36
5.0	TRANSMISSION SYSTEM EVALUATION	37-38
6.0	SOUTHWEST RAW WATER SUPPLY ALTERNATE EVALUATION	40-41
7.0	SUMMARY OF FINAL RECOMMENDED PLAN	
	Description of Facilities	42
	Development Criteria	43
	Development Program/Plan Schematics Capital Improvement Program (CIP) Plan Schematics	44 44
	Development Cost Annual Project Cost Financial Analysis	45 46
	Water Rate Analysis	48
	Method of Financing	49

LIST OF TABLES

.

	<u>Page</u>
TABLE 1 -	4
TABLE 2 -	7
TABLE 3 -	11
TABLE 4 -	12-14
TABLE 5 -	19
TABLE 6 -	20
TABLE 7 -	30
TABLE 8 -	33
TABLE 9 -	35
TABLE 10	48

LIST OF EXHIBITS

ø

Page

EXHIBIT 1 -	SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS (AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND)	6
EXHIBIT 2 -	SURFACE WATER SUPPLY ALTERNATE 1	8
EXHIBIT 3 -	SURFACE WATER SUPPLY ALTERNATE 2	9
EXHIBIT 4 -	SURFACE WATER SUPPLY Alternate 3	10
EXHIBIT 5 -	GENERIC SITE LAYOUT	23
EXHIBIT 6 -	SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM ALTERNATE SITES	25
EXHIBIT 7 -	SERVICE AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM	39

LIST OF ATTACHMENTS

- ATTACHMENT 1 WHCSWSC CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM BY PROJECT (1989-203)
- ATTACHMENT 2 PLAN SCHEMATICS OF WHCSWSC CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS
- ATTACHMENT 3 ANNUALIZED PLAN COST UTILIZING SOUTHWEST SUPPLY ALTERNATE NO. 3 (\$1988)
- ATTACHMENT 4 WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION PLAN OF FINANCING BY UNDERWOOD NEUHAUS & CO. AND MASTERSON & CO., CO-FINANCIAL ADVISORS

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Purpose and Scope

This study was undertaken by the West Harris County Surface Water Supply Corporation (WHCSWSC) for the purpose of producing an implementation program that will provide a reliable long term surface water supply to the residents of west Harris County.

The project scope of work for this phase entails the detailed evaluation of alternatives selected under Phase IV. The following alternates and conclusions were approved as a result of Appendix IV:

- o Phase V should evaluate in detail specific Southwest Plant sites along FM 1093 in the area of the Grand Parkway/FM 1093 intersection, west to the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir site.
- o The Southwest Plant site should be located to allow future development of an alternate and/or additional raw water source.
- o Phase V should evaluate the possibility of utilizing all or a portion of the available surface water from the Galveston County Water Authority canals (formerly the Brazos River Authority Canal).

- o The Southwest Conveyance and Transmission System should be sized for average daily demands with the ability to provide the maximum daily needs when required.
- o Service Area Alternate No. 7, serving the entire WHCSWSC planning area from the southwest is more economical than the service area alternates serving from the northeast. As a result, the northeast conveyance system will not be studied in Appendix V.
- o The Southwest Conveyance and Transmission System should be sized to allow the entire WHCSWSC's service area to be served from the southwest (Service Area Alternate No. 7), maximizing the surface water available from the Brazos Basin. The WHCSWSC system should, also, have the flexibility to allow future service from the Northeast Conveyance System (Service Area Alternate No. 4), if deemed appropriate in the future.

Major philosophical changes affecting the conveyance and transmission systems included the application of water conservation, design revision for average daily demands and the postponement of the construction of the Allens Creek Reservoir. Water conservation has reduced the ultimate projected water demand to 124.5 MGD (Average Daily Flow). This reduction from the figures reported in Appendix IV decreases land and termination storage requirements. Transmission lines were checked with the applied water conservation, but provided no significant downsizing of transmission lines. As reported in

Appendix IV, transmission lines had been sized for maximum daily flow with applied velocity limits.

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2.0 PROJECTED WATER DEMANDS AND SUPPLY

2.0 PROJECTED WATER DEMANDS AND SUPPLY

Projected Water Demands

The following table represents projected surface water demands for the entire WHCSWSC service area revised for the affects of water conservation.

TABLE 1

Average Daily Projected Demand

<u>Year</u>	With Conservation	Without Conservation		
1995	36.8 MGD	38.0 MGD		
2000	59.4 MGD	61.5 MGD		
2005	64.5 MGD	66.9 MGD		
2010	92.9 MGD	97.0 MGD		
2012	98.0 MGD	103.6 MGD		
2030	124.5 MGD	132.8 MGD		

The flows reported have been developed on a census tract basis with reduced demands provided by the City of Houston. The approximate 7% reduction for water conservation can be realized by instituting some of the following programs suggested in Appendix No. 1:

- o Leak Detection and Repair
- o Universal Metering
- o Lower Pressures
- o Wastewater Reuse for Industrial Purposes
- o Installation of Zeriscope

These potential reductions do not have significant effects on the transmission line sizes, however, they do reduce the ultimate demand on the Southwest Conveyance System. Exhibit No. 1 shows the study area demands, the City of Houston demands and the plant phases of construction.

SURFACE WATER REQUIREMENTS (AVERAGE DAILY DEMAND)



Surface Water Supply

The raw water source for the Southwest Conveyance System is the Brazos River System including the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir and the Galveston County Water Authority Canal System (previously owned by BRA). The three alternatives for southwest surface water supply are as shown below on Table 2. A graphic representation of the three alternatives is shown on Exhibit 2, 3 and 4.

TABLE 2

	Projected Surface Water Demands		Supply Alternative	Supply Alternative	Supply Alternative
	With	Without	1	2	3
<u>Yea</u> r	Conser.	Conser.	BRA Water	GCWA/BRA	GCWA/BRA
1995	36.8 MGD	38.0 MGD	36.8 MGD	36.8/0 MGD	36.8/0 MGD
2 000	59.4 MGD	61.5 MGD	59.4 MGD	36.8/22.6 MGD	59.4/0 MGD
2005	64.5 MGD	66.9 MGD	64.5 MGD	36.8/27.7 MGD	59.4/5.1 MGD
2 010	92.9 MGD	97.0 MGD	92.9 MGD	36.8/56.1 MGD	59.4/33.5 MGD
2012	98.0 MGD	103.6 MGD	98.0 MGD	36.8/61.2 MGD	59.4/38.6 MGD
202 0	124.5 MGD	132.8 MGD	124.5 MGD	36.8/87.7 MGD	59.4/65.1 MGD



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DAY MILLION GALLONS PER



MILLION GALLONS PER DAY



MILLION GALLONS PER DAY

Surface Water Unit Cost

The cost of surface water reported below is based on 100% firm yield. The projected surface water demands reflected above are based on 80% of the total average daily water demands in accordance with the Harris Galveston Coastal Subsidence District's plan. The remaining 20% will be met through the conjunctive use of the existing groundwater wells. The raw water costs (not including future use costs) are as follows:

TABLE 3

	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2030
	\$/1000 Gal.	\$/1000 Gal.	<u>\$/1000 Gal</u> .	\$/1000 Gal.
Alternative 1 - BRA	\$0.3068	\$0.3068	\$0.3068	\$0.3068
* GCWA	\$0.06	\$0.06	\$-0-	\$-0-
Alternative 2 - GCWA	\$0.11	\$0.11	\$0.11	\$0.11
BRA	\$ -0-	\$0.25	\$0.25	\$0.25
Alternative 3 - GCWA	\$0.11	\$0.11	\$0.11	\$0.11
BRA	\$ -0-	\$ -0-	\$0.20	\$0.20

*GCWA Canal Transportation Cost from Brazos River to Plant Site

Raw Water Characteristics

In April of 1988, the WHCSWSC Board of Directors authorized a testing program of the GCWA canals and the Brazos River to extend over a six month period. To date, two sets of samples have been taken for analysis for the interim primary and secondary drinking water standards. Radiological parameters were also analyzed for the first set of samples. The results available on samples taken to date are presented in Table 4.

TABLE 4

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RAW WATER ANALYSIS

CONTAMINANT	0YS <u>Set 1</u>	TER CREEK AT HWY 6 <u>Set 2 Set 3 Set 4</u>	BRA <u>Set_1</u>	ZOS RIVER AT HWY 59 <u>Set 2 Set 3 Set 4</u>	BRA <u>Set 1</u>	CANAL AT DULLES <u>Set 2 Set 3 Set 4</u>	BRAZOS RIVER AT FM 1093 <u>Set 1 Set 2 Set 3 Set 4</u>	MAXIMUM <u>Allowable</u>
Arsenic mg/l	0.005	<0.02	0.005	<0.010	0.005	<0.01	0.007 <0.01	0.05 mg/1
Barium mg/1	0.18	0.21	0.21	0.18	0.17	0.23	0.16 0.26	1.0
Cadmium mg/l	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01 <0.01	0.010
Chromium mg/l	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02 <0.02	0.05
Lead mg/1	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05 <0.05	0.05
Mercury mg/l	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002	<0.002 <0.002	0.002
Nitrate Nitro- gen mg/l	0.54	0.57	<0.05	0.27	0.45	0.23	<0.05 0.20	10.0
Selenium mg/l	<0.001	<0.01	<0.001	<0.010	<0,001	<0.01	<0.001 <0.01	0.01
Silver mg/l	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02 <0.02	0.05
Fluoride mg/l	0.32	0.33	0.32	0.35	0.31	0.35	0.35 0.34	-
Endrin mg/l	<0.0002	<0.0002	<0.0002	<0.0002	<0.0002	<0.0002	<0.0002 <0.0002	0.0002
Lindane mg/l	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001 <0.0001	0.004
Methoxychlor mg/l	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0003	<0.0003 <0.0003	0.10
Toxaphene mg/1	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003	<0.003 <0.003	0.005
2, 4-D mg/1	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005	<0.005 <0.005	0.10
2,4,5-TP Silvex mg/l	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001 <0.001	0.01

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CONTAMINANT	0Y <u>Set 1</u>	YSTER CREEK AT HWY 6 <u>Set 2</u> <u>Set 3</u> <u>Set 4</u>	BRA <u>Set 1</u>	ZOS RIVER <u>Set 2</u>	AT HWY <u>Set 3</u>	59 <u>Set 4</u>	BRA <u>Set 1</u>	CANAL AT <u>Set_2</u>	DULLES <u>Set 3</u>	<u>Set 4</u>	BRAZO <u>Set 1</u>	S RIVER AT FM 10 Set 2 Set 3 S	193 iet 4	MAXIMUM <u>ALLOWABLE</u>
Total Trihalo- methanes mg/l	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02			<0.02	<0.02			<0.02	<0.02		0.10
Coliform Bacteria (Col/100 ml)	TNTC	TNTC	TNTC	TNTC			TNTC	TNTC			TNTC	TNTC		-
Fecal Coliform (Col/100 ml)	-		-				-				-			-
Turbidity	178	68	18.1	64			13.5	25			71.8	90		-
Chloride mg/l	277	97.5	346	100			253	102			230	107		250
Color	>70	<5	<5	<5			<5	<5			>70	<5		15
Copper mg/l	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02	<0.02			<0.02	<0.02			<0.02	<0.02		1
Corrositivity	NC	NC	NC	NC			NC	NC			NC	NC	Non	-Corrosive
Foaming Agents	0.15	0.06	0.12	0.08			<0.06	<0.05			0.08	<0.05		<0.5
Iron mg/l	0.58	0.31	0.15	0.32			0.23	0.33			0.28	0.33		0.3
Manganese mg/1	0.07	0.04	0.03	0.05			0.03	0.06			0.05	0.06		0.05
Odor	ND	ND	ND	ND			ND	ND			ND	ND		3
рН	7.3	7.2	8.1	6.8			7.9	6.6			8.2	7.3		6.5-8.5
Sulfate mg/l	74.1	66	96.4	70			76.5	67			78.3	60		250
Total Dissolved Solids mg/l	504	478	558	478			536	465			524	502		500

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RAW WATER ANALYSIS

	OY	STER CREE	EK AT HWY	6	BRA	VZOS RIVER	AT HWY	59	BRA	CANAL AT	DULLES		BRAZO	S RIVER	AT FM	1093	MAXIMUM
<u>CONTAMINANT</u>	<u>Set_1</u>	<u>Set 2</u>	<u>Set 3</u>	<u>Set 4</u>	<u>Set 1</u>	<u>Set 2</u>	<u>Set 3</u>	<u>Set 4</u>	<u>Set 1</u>	<u>Set 2</u>	<u>Set 3</u>	<u>Set 4</u>	<u>Set 1</u>	<u>Set 2</u>	<u>Set 3</u>	<u>Set 4</u>	ALLOWABLE
Zinc mg/l	<0.01	0.01			<0.01	0.02			0.02	0.02			0.05	0.02			5
Hydrogen Sulfide mg∕l	1.33	5.36			<0.5	5.12			1.07	5.44			1.33	8.80			0.05
Gross Alpha PCi/Liter	15+/-8	-	-	-	8+/-7	-	-	-	16+/-8	-	-	-	<2	-	-	-	•
Gross Beta PCi/Liter	18+/-7	-	-	-	8+/-7	-	-	-	17+/-7	-	-	-	10+/-7	-	-	-	-
Radium 226 PCi/Liter	<1	-	-	-	<1	-	-	-	<1	-	-	-	<1	-	-	-	-
Radium 228 PCi/Liter	<1	-	-	-	<1	-	-	-	<1	-	-	-	<1	-	-	-	-

SAMPLE SET 1 TAKEN MAY 25, 1988 SAMPLE SET 2 TAKEN JULY 28, 1988 SAMPLE SET 3 TAKEN

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SAMPLE SET 4 TAKEN

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For the purposes of Appendix IV, raw water quality of Oyster Creek was assumed to be similar to the results found at the Texas Water Commission active monitoring station on Oyster Creek at U.S. Highway 90 in Sugar Land and reported in the draft wasteload evaluation for upper Oyster Creek published June 20, 1985. Comparing the Texas Water Commission data at Highway 6 and Oyster Creek and samples taken May 25, 1988, the dissolved solids, sulfates and chlorides are all elevated above the Texas Water Commission reported figures for December (1978). Due to the timing of the samples being taken, the variation is not unexpected.

Also in Appendix IV, the raw water quality of the Brazos River was characterized by the historical data at the USGS Richmond, Texas gauge. Comparing recent analysis and the previously presented historical data, turbidity, chlorides and sulfates were higher than the mean but were within the historical maximum and minimum and not unreasonable for the time of year the sample was taken.

The recent data presented on Table 4 is a confirmation of historical analysis acquired from the Texas Water Commission, Galveston County Water Authority and USGS. As expected, whether the raw water is taken from the Galveston County Water Authority Canal System, Brazos River, the original source is the Brazos Basin and the raw water is high in color, turbidity and seasonal high chlorides extending beyond 300 mg/l.

3.0 SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM EVALUATION

Introduction

The components of the Southwest Conveyance System consists of a raw water pump station, raw water conveyance line, termination storage facilities, southwest water treatment plant, ground storage and treated pump station and treated water conveyance line to intersection of Bellaire and Grand Parkway. As concluded in Appendix IV a detailed evaluation should be performed along FM 1093 from the intersection of Bellaire-Grand Parkway west to the proposed Allens Creek Reservoir. This section evaluates individual treatment plant sites along with their associated lines and pumping facilities.

Treatment Process

As concluded in Appendix IV, the primary raw water supply will be water from the Brazos Basin. After a detailed review a solids contact process was employed in this evaluation. Galveston County Water Authority and other industrial users currently treat Brazos River water, successfully employing this process. Galveston County Water Authority, producing approximately 18 MGD to drinking water standards, utilizes the solids contact process and provides a 5 year treatability history. Polymer is currently utilized as a primary coagulant with chlorine dioxide controlling taste and odor problems

3.0 SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM EVALUATION

and reducing trihalomethane potentials. Mixed media filters are currently envisioned with available space for carbon contactors if required in the future due to changed criteria.

The solids contact process requires less land area than a similar sized treatment utilizing rapid mixing flocculation conventional process and Since the use of the conventional treatment process is sedimentation. feasible and may be desirable following a complete treatability analysis, sufficient land area has been allowed for the use of either process in performing the detailed site evaluation in the appendices. The use of the solids contact process also allows the treatment facility to be constructed in increments as small as 12.5 MGD, where the conventional process dictates nothing less than 25 MGD increments without increasing the capital cost due to the duplication of facilities.

Raw Water Conveyance

For the first phase of facility construction, the Brazos River or Galveston County Water Authority Canal System is considered to be the primary source of raw water. When completed, Allens Creek Reservoir will become an alternate source of raw water. The raw water conveyance systems are envisioned to encompass the pump station located on the river, canal or reservoir and the transfer to the plant onsite termination storage via an enclosed pipeline. A canal system was considered but eliminated for

maintenance and potential liability considerations. The dual raw water source, when ultimately completed, provides the utmost flexibility for plant operation. The raw water source can be Allens Creek Reservoir (or mixed) when Brazos River chlorides are high or when algae/organics create an odor and taste problem. The raw water source can be the GCWA canals just as easily when drought lowers the reservoir level even though this scenario is unlikely.

Termination Storage

First termination phase storage is required to limit chloride concentrations in the raw water to less than 250 mg/l, the current secondary drinking water standard for chlorides. The volume of termination storage was determined based on having to supply raw water, should pumping out of the Brazos River System be suspended, for approximately 5% of the year due to high chloride concentrations. Termination storage will be required for the first two phases of the plant based on an average day demand of up to 64.5 MGD. Upon completion of Allens Creek Reservoir, there is sufficient volume in the reservoir to dissipate and average any excessive chloride concentrations, should they occur. It is anticipated that the Allens Creek Reservoir will be operated to insure a chloride concentration of below 150 mg/l.

The termination storage has been anticipated to be onsite, approximately 185 acres. Refer to Table 5 with the following depth according to flow ratio when providing 18 days of raw water storage.

TABLE 5

Flow	Working <u>Depth</u>	Acre Feet
36.8 MGD	11 Foot	2035 Ac. Ft.
59.4 MGD	18 Foot	3330 Ac. Ft.
64.5 MGD	19 Foot	3515 Ac. Ft.

Offsite storage has been considered, using existing natural lakes along Oyster Creek or Sugar Land Lakes. The results of this investigation indicate that an additional tract along Oyster Creek would have to be acquired for offsite storage. The purchase of a single site is more desirable. There are several drawbacks to utilizing the existing storage in the Sugar Land Lakes The volume in these lakes estimated at 3475 acre-feet (excluding System. channel storage), is currently utilized by Galveston County Water Authority as a buffer between their Brazos River lift station and their re-lift station at Dulles Avenue. The 3475 acre feet is estimated at normal levels and includes Horseshoe Lake (724 Ac-Ft.), Alkire Lake (796 Ac-Ft.), Eldridge Lake (1458 Ac-Ft.), Cleveland Lake (211 Ac-Ft.) and Brooks Lake (286 Ac-Ft.). After discussions with the GCWA General Manager, it was concluded that the GCWA would not allow WHCSWSC to acquire exclusive rights to this storage, due to their downstream demand. Furthermore, Galveston County Water Authority can guarantee low chloride levels, in fact, their historical data shows not chlorides in excess of 250 mg/l at the Dulles Avenue re-lift station. Without exclusive rights to this storage, WHCSWSC would not have full control of its raw water supply. The drastic drawdown that would be required during drought conditions would create public dissention and may possibly reduce the property values located along the lake shorelines.

Once Allens Creek Reservoir is completed and on line as a raw water source, the existing onsite termination storage can be decreased, turning over excess volume for dewatered sludge disposal.

Treatment Facilities

The detailed site location and evaluation for the Southwest Treatment Plant is presented later in this report. Sites were selected along the FM 1093 corridor between the future Allens Creek Reservoir and Grand Parkway. This area was designated as Site Area 4 and 5 in Appendix IV. The treatment plant is sized for 150 MGD ultimate (year 2030) average daily flow, with available land for an additional 50 MGD should Fort Bend County choose to participate in the future. Peak flows are met with a ground storage volume ultimately sized at 48 MG and a distribution (treated water) pump station capable of flows to 225 MGD at 95 PSI. To meet growth and demand projections the development of a Southwest Treatment Plant has been phased as shown on Table 6.

TABLE 6

<u>Phase</u>	Cum. Flow.	<u>Year</u>
I	37.5 MGD	1995
II	62.5 MGD	2000
III	75 MGD	2005
IV	100 MGD	2010
V	150 MGD	2030

The treatment process has been described earlier in this report as a solids contact process with polymer as a primary coagulant. Onsite facilities comprising the treatment scheme include termination storage, low lift pump station, rapid mix, reactor clarifier, mixed media filtration, space for possible carbon contactors, clearwell storage, ground storage, distribution (treated water) pump station and supporting facilities such as filter backwash tanks and a office and laboratory building. Sludge handling facilities would consist of sludge pump station, thickeners, centrifuges, conveyors, etc., with the centrifuges and controls to be contained within a building. A generic site layout, showing phased construction is included as Exhibit 5 on page of this Appendix.

Offsite facilities excluding facilities for wet and dry utility services consist of a raw water pump station and conveyance line from Oyster/Jones Creek or the Brazos River, a raw water pump station and conveyance line from Allens Creek Reservoir to be added in the later phases of the plant and a treated water conveyance line from the distribution (treated water) pump station to the point of connection with the transmission system at the Grand Parkway and Bellaire intersection.

Ultimate land requirements for the Southwest Surface Water Treatment Plant have been calculated at a minimum of 350 acres, based upon a worst case scenario. The worst case scenario is considered to be the following:

- o Allens Creek Reservoir constructed in 2013.
- o Termination Storage requires for up to 64.5 MGD average daily flow.
- o Plant First Phase constructed by 1995.
- o Site will require storm water detention.

The above assumptions create the need to include 185 acres of temporary termination storage and 20 acres of detention ponds. This is pictorially represented in the Generic Site Layout, Exhibit 5.

Treated Water Storage/Pumping

Ultimately the treated water storage and pumping facilities includes six 8 million gallon ground storage tanks to provide the difference between plant production and a 6 hour period of maximum daily demand. The distribution (treated water) pump station and pumping capacity was also sized to meet maximum daily demand.

Treated Water Conveyance

For the purposes of this Appendix, the treated water conveyance system is defined as the treated water conveyance line from the plant site to the connection point with the transmission system at the Bellaire and Grand Parkway intersection. The 108-inch pipeline is sized to maintain between 3-5 feet per second velocity at average daily demand with velocities not exceeding



FOR FORT BEND COUNTY)
7 FPS at peak demands. In previous appendices the separation point of the conveyance system to the transmission system was defined as the service area boundaries. Now that the conveyance system has been isolated to the FM 1093 corridor, the point of connection at Bellaire and Grand Parkway will be utilized as the separation point.

Alternate Site Evaluations

Initial Screening Parameters

A total of 15 potential sites were located by Zingery Maps for consideration. The 15 potential sites were reduced to eight when applying the following initial screening criteria:

- Minimum 350 usable acres (additional land allowed for site encumbrances)
- * Within 2 miles of F.M. 1093 between future Allens Creek and Grand Parkway, north of Jones Creek, Oyster Creek and Brazos
- * Known faults/geotechnical abnormalities
- * Not a current business (other than farming)
- * Not a utility district/development with improvements
- * Pipelines onsite
- * Future roadways onsite
- * Maximum three land owners

The remaining eight sites were thoroughly researched with various authorities and an on the ground reconnaisance performed. The eight sites to be evaluated are presented in Exhibit 6. The final eight sites were

SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM ALTERNATE SITES

W.H.C.S.W.S.C.



SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE SYSTEM ALTERNATE SITES

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. EXHIBIT NO 6



presented along with all technical and financial data to an eight member ranking committee for final ranking. The methodology of this ranking and the results are presented later in this report.

Technical Evaluation

Site No. 1 is located on the west side of FM 1093 and on the south side of the Brazos River. Site No. 1 offers the advantages of low land cost, close proximity to the Brazos River and the future Allens Creek Reservoir, completely outside of the 100-year floodplain and no stormwater detention necessary. The disadvantages include additional costs for a treated water conveyance bridge/support across the Brazos River, need for a railroad overpass to acquire rail service, the acquisition of offsite electrical service from Wallis; need for a long treated water conveyance line; limited load transfer electrical circuits and the location of the plant site would be over 10 miles from the transmission system.

Site No. 2 is located on the east side of FM 1093 and the south side of the Brazos River. This site has all the advantages of Site No. 1 with less disadvantages. The railroad is adjacent to this site and would not require construction of an overpass. Site 2 requires the treated water conveyance line to cross the Brazos River which will require a substantial structure.

Site No. 3 is located 2 miles south of FM 1093 on Guyler Road. Although this site is reasonably close to both the Brazos River and the future Allens Creek Reservoir, it is also far removed from the railroad

(2 miles) and power (5 miles) both of which require the acquisition of right-of-way. This and other available sites are in the 100-year floodplain, however, this fact does not significantly change the site economics. Site 3 is more than 10 miles from the transmission system.

Site No. 4 - Site No. 4 is one of three sites located in the area of FM 359 south of FM 1093. This site, while having excellent access from FM 1093 and the railroad, requires a 1.75 mile power transmission line. Flewellen Creek divides the site and will require dedication of the ultimate section, approximately 190 feet. Site No. 4 is more than 12 miles Allens Creek Reservoir which will require extensive from right-of-way be acquired in the future and is adjacent to Hines Nursery creating a need to control fugitive emissions.

Site No. 5 - This site has good access from FM 359 while not being as expensive as property directly on FM 1093. Railroad access would cross FM 359 and require a crossing signal and guards. Flewellen Creek does cross the site, however, the amount of land lost to drainage easement is not significant. Being more than 12 miles from Allens Creek Reservoir, a large amount of right-of-way will have to be acquired for the secondary raw water supply. This site is adjacent to Hines Nursery.

Site No. 6 - Site No. 6 is located on the east side of FM 359 south of FM 1093. This site has extensive frontage to FM 359 which may be reflected in the land costs. For this site, right-of-way must be acquired

for the railroad and approximately 3500 feet for power transmission. This site has a small subdivision just to the east. Land topography is smooth and flat. Site 6 is more than 12 miles from the future Allens Creek Reservoir which will require the acquisition of extensive right-of-way at a future date. This site is adjacent to Hines Nursery and special fugitive emission controls may be necessary.

Site No. 7 - This site is the closest site to power transmission (2,500 feet) and the GCWA canal (Jones Creek). Site boundaries are limited by future roadways and a pipeline. A small portion of the southernmost portion of the site is in the 100-year floodplain but has no net effect on the use of this tract. Railroad access will require a small amount of right-of-way be acquired from FM 1093, south to the site.

Site No. 8 is within the boundaries of Municipal Utility District No. 35 (undeveloped). This site offers the advantage of existing sewage treatment within MUD No. 34, improved drainage channel and good access along recently paved Katy Gaston Road. This site, being north of FM 1093, requires a railroad overpass for service. Approximately 1 mile of power transmission would be required to this site. Access to any raw water source would be across FM 1093. Cinco Ranch abuts this property to the north.

Both sites 7 and 8 are close to the distribution system and will require approximately 18 miles of raw water conveyance from Allens Creek Reservoir in future phases.

You will note the sites gravitate around three general areas (1) FM 1093 and future Grand Parkway; (2) FM 1093 and FM 359, and (3) FM 1093 at the Brazos River. While this was not intentional, these areas represent (1) shortest distance to the transmission system (2) shortest distance for power service and (3) shortest distance to future Allens Creek Reservoir.

Capital Cost Evaluation

A base estimate of the plant facilities has been prepared for an ultimate (year 2030) plant capacity of 150 MGD (average daily) with treated water pumping and storage facilities sized for an ultimate maximum daily demand of 225 MGD. This base estimate is represented as onsite facilities in Table 7. Also, shown in Table 7 is each site specific cost. These costs represent costs such as land cost, offsite power transmission, offsite rail serve, treated water conveyance line to the Bellaire-Grand Parkway intersection and raw water pumping/conveyance facilities from the raw water source to individual plant sites.

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SOUTHWEST PLANT SITING - ULTIMATE COST (2030)

DESCRIPTION	SITE 1	SITE 2	SITE 3	SITE 4	SITE5	SITE 6	SITE	SITE 8
Onsite Facilities	110,350,996	110,350,996	111,111,316	110,350,996	110,509,396	110,350,996	110,984,596	110,350,996
Power Transmission	5,400,000	5,400,000	5,400,000	2,100,000	1,800,000	798,000	600,000	600,000
Railroad	4,860,000	60,000	1,310,400	60,000	702,000	402,000	708,000	5,880,000
Treated Water Conveyance	96,707,964	95,356,584	94,680,894	31,606,236	31,606,236	30,254,856	5,267,706	11,787,780
Raw Water Conveyance	3,559,080	5,726,640	13,457,604	66,736,764	61,864,838	70,964,844	80,502,108	102,517,025
Land	3,513,118	3,640,506	3,797,522	<u>10,904,728</u>	<u>11,895,868</u>	<u>12,836,232</u>	19,763,537	19,254,733
TOTAL	224,391,158	220,534,726	229,757,736	221,758,724	218,378,338	225,606,928	217,825,947	250,390,534
PER GALLON (150 MGD)	\$1.496	\$1.470	\$1.532	\$1.478	\$1.456	\$1.504	\$1.452	\$1.670

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4.0 RANKING OF SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE ALTERNATES

4.0 RANKING OF SOUTHWEST CONVEYANCE ALTERNATES

Methodology

Previous appendices selected service area Alternate No. 7 and Southwest Conveyance System Sites 4B and 5. This results in providing treated water to the entire service area from the Southwest Plant to be located along F.M. 1093 between Grand Parkway and the future Allens Creek Reservoir site. The purpose of this appendix is to perform an evaluation and rank the eight selected plant site locations. The ranking and selection of a final plant site is independent of the raw water supply alternate previously mentioned under the surface water supply section of this Appendix.

As data collection for use by the Ranking Committee was needed, a total of eight potential sites as previously mentioned were located on Zingery Maps for consideration based on the mentioned criteria on page 24 (Alternate Site Evaluation).

These sites were investigated on aerial photographs, USGS quadrangle and major thoroughfare maps. The geotechnical aspects of these sites were discussed with recognized area consultants. Availability and cost of services such as electric power, gas, railroad, drainage and raw water supply have been

researched with the appropriate governmental/private agency. An on the ground field reconnaisance was performed to verify data collected and real estate agents were contacted to establish land costs. Detailed site specific cost estimates for first phase and ultimate plant construction were developed utilizing published cost guides combined with area historical data.

The collected information was then presented to an eight member Ranking Commitee of practicing professionals in the field of water resource development. This panel then evaluated the eight potential conveyance systems nine subjective criteria plus first phase cost and ultimate on cost. Subjective criteria were as follows:

- o Convenience of Location
- o Power Availability
- o Location of Raw Water Supply
- o Geotechnical/Faulting
- o Effective Land Use
- o Required Right-of-Way Acquisition
- o Effect on Surrounding Property
- o Destruction of Natural Habitat.

Weighting factors were assigned to each of the 11 criteria by the individual raters, then each site was ranked with respect to the criteria given. Final ranking was established as an average of the individual

weighting factors times the individual percent ranking as assigned by the ranking committee. The numerical results were summated for each site and the results tabulated as shown in Table 8.

TABLE 8

Ranking								
Committee	Site	Site	Site	Site	Site	Site	Site	Site
Member =================	1 ===========	2 	3 =======	4 =================	5 	6 ==============		8 2
RATER NO. 1	71.7	71.9	63.6	82.4	79.4	79.3	95.0	69.5
RATER NO. 2	81.0	85.0	77.8	88.2	90. 3	89.7	94.3	81.9
RATER NO. 3	88.6	90.0	86.0	93.1	91.3	91.6	96.6	87.1
RATER NO. 4	73.4	74.5	58.1	74.1	71.3	66.6	68.5	62.1
RATER NO. 5	64.8	64.8	55.1	79.9	78.9	79.1	77.1	76.6
RATER NO. 6	7 0. 7	71.4	67.4	86.5	81.1	83.5	92.0	72.3
RATER NO. 7	65.5	66.6	54.7	80.5	77.1	77.7	87.1	75.6
RATER NO. 8	56.8	57.9	52 .0	84.1	80.3	81.5	82.9	69.9
	_	_		—	-		—	—
AVERAGE	71.6	72.8	64.3	83.6	81. 2	81.1	86.7	74.4
*FINAL RANKING	7	6	8	2	3	4	1	5

FINAL RANKING OF PLANT SITE ALTERNATIVES

*This ranking is an average of individual weighting factors times the individual percent ranking.

It is clear from the chart that the Ranking Committee has selected Site No. 7, located just south of F.M. 1093 and just west of Grand Parkway as the primary site. However, it should be pointed out that the remaining seven sites evaluated are all technically feasible. The above ranking exercise reflects benefits and drawbacks to individual sites. It is important to note that Sites 7, 4, 5 and 6 ranked numerically very close to each other. Allowing for standard deviation, it can be stated that these sites are generally equal and can be pursued for the implementation plan on that basis.

Sensitivity Analysis

To substantiate the ranking a sensitivity analysis was performed, re-ranking each site with a specific criteria removed from consideration. Regardless of the criteria removed, Site 7 and 4 remained the first and second highest ranked sites, while Site 3 was consistently the lowest ranked. The sensitivity analysis is presented in the following Table 9:

<u>TABLE 9</u>

SENSITIVITY CHART RANKING OF PLANT SITE ALTERNATIVES

	SUMMARY - AVERAGE RANKING								
CRITERIA DESCRIPTION	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	SITE	
DUMMATED	Ŧ	ž	3	4	<u>5</u>	<u>6</u>	1	<u>8</u>	
CONVENIENCE OF LOCATION	6	5	8	2	4	3	1	7	
POWER AVAILABILITY	6	5	8	2	4	3	1	7	
LOCATION OF FUTURE SERVICE AREAS	7	6	8	2	4	3	1	5	
LOCATION OF RAW WATER SUPPLY	7	6	8	2	4	3	1	5	
GEOTECHNICAL/ FAULTING	7	6	8	2	4	3	1	5	
EFFECTIVE LAND USE	7	6	8	2	3	4	1	5	
REQUIRED R.O.W. ACQUISITION	7	6	8	2	4	3	1	5	
EFFECT ON SURROUND- ING PROPERTY	7	6	8	2	4	3	1	5	
DESTRUCTION OF NATURAL HABITAT	7	6	8	2	4	3	1	5	
FIRST PHASE COST	6	5	8	2	4	3	1	7	
ULTIMATE COST	7	6	8	2	4	3	1	5	

Results of Ranking Committee

Plant site ranking of the eight sites identified for consideration were reviewed and graded as previously outlined. The plant sites have been listed below in the order of the most favorable locations as determined during the ranking phase:

- 1. Site No. 7 Between F.M. 723 and Grand Parkway South of F.M. 1093
- 2. Site No. 4 Frontage on F.M. 1093 at F.M. 359
- 3. Site No. 6 Frontage on F.M. 359 South of F.M. 1093
- 4. Site No. 5 West of F.M. 359 South of F.M. 1093
- 5. Site No. 8 Between Katy-Gaston and Grand Parkway South of F.M. 1093
- 6. Site No. 2 F.M. 1093 at the Brazos River East
- 7. Site No. 1 F.M. 1093 at the Brazos River West
- 8. Site No. 3 2 Miles South of F.M. 1093 on Guyler Road

The above listing of sites should not be taken as the only available or suitable sites in the area. There are other sites available with similar economics but perhaps more encumbrances. However, to be consistent with the ranking committee's decision and to perform further comparisons Site No. 7 will be used for evaluation and final selection of a raw water supply alternative. Site No. 7 will, also, be used when outlining the final implementation plan.

5.0 TRANSMISSION SYSTEM EVALUATION

5.0 TRANSMISSION SYSTEM EVALUATION

The previous evaluation and ranking of southwest plant site alternates was considered independent of the final transmission system after the Bellaire/Grand Parkway intersection. The final transmission system line sizes shown in Exhibit No. 7 have decreased significantly from the system reported in Appendix IV. The line size reductions are a result of the design criteria change as mentioned previously and as reiterated below:

TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

FINAL DESIGN CRITERIA

 Base system design to handle average daily demands per HGSCD from previously selected Site 7 using either Alternate 7 or Alternate 4 service areas.

* Average Day: Max. Velocity = 5 FPS

Max. Pressure = 96 PSI @ Plant

Min. Pressure = 45 PSI

(35 PSI Min. system pressure required under normal operating conditions by T.D.H.)

 Base system rerun with maximum daily demands per HGCSD from previously selected Site 4 using Alternate 7 service areas.

* Maximum Day: Max. Velocity = 7 FPS

Max. Pressure = 96 PSI @ Plant

Min. Pressure = 20 PSI

(20 PSI Min. system pressure required under peak operating conditions by T.D.H.)

Due to the revised transmission line sizes, the transmission cost has been reduced by as much as 40-50 percent.

The revised transmission system has been evaluated and analyzed for phasing considerations. To reduce the first and second phase cost the transmission line in Appendix IV along Highway 6 between Bellaire and IH-10 has been relocated and now runs north-south along Eldridge Parkway. The line in Appendix IV along Dairy Ashford has been deleted with north-south water delivery being transported through the new Eldridge Parkway line.

For detail routing layouts, phasing of construction and annual cost refer to Attachment No. 1 entitled WHCSWSC Capital Improvement Program (1989-2030) and Attachment No. 2 entitled Plan Schematics. These attachments outline and detail the facilities to be developed in the implementation plan.



SERVICE AREA TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. EXHIBIT NO. 7



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SERVICE AREA MAP



CONVEYANCE/TRANSMISSION SYSTEM INDEX MAP

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. EXHIBIT NO. 9





W.H.C.S.W.S.C. EXHIBIT NO. 10

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(SITE NO. 6 FROM APPENDIX V)

W.H.C.S.W.S.C. EXHIBIT NO.11





W.H.C.S.W.S.C. EXHIBIT NO.12

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SELECTED SITE SPECIFIC PLANT FACILITIES LAYOUT W.H.C.S.W.S.C. EXHIBIT NO.13

(SITE NO.7A FROM APPENDIX V)



SELECTED SITE SPECIFIC PLANT FACILITIES LAYOUT W.H.C.S.W.S.C.

(SITE NO. 78 FROM APPENDIX V)









W.H.C.S.W.S.C. PLATE NO. 2

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CONVEYANCE / TRANSMISSION SYSTEM

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W.H.C.S.W.S.C. PLATE NO. 9



W.H.C.S.W.S.C. PLATE NO. 10






END OF MAP





W.H.C.S.W.S.C. PLATE NO. 12



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W.H.C.S.W.S.C. PLATE NO. 14

6.0 SOUTHWEST RAW WATER SUPPLY ALTERNATE EVALUATION

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6.0 SOUTHWEST RAW WATER SUPPLY ALTERNATE EVALUATION

As mentioned previously the southwest supply from the Brazos River Basin has been narrowed to three water supply alternates. The three supply alternates are defined as follows:

- o Supply Alternate No. 1 consist of utilizing 124.5 MGD of raw water from the BRA and no raw water from the GCWA canal system.
- o Supply Alternate No. 2 consist of utilizing 36.8 MGD of raw water from the GCWA canal system for phase one (1995) with the remainding 87.7 MGD being obtained for future phases from the BRA system.
- o Supply Alternate No. 3 consist of utilizing 59.4 MGD of GCWA canal water to supply the area through the first two phases (1995 and 2000) with the remaining phases being served from the BRA system approximately 65.1 MGD.

The total expenditure for raw water including future cost up to and through the year 2000 for each supply alternate is shown below.

Supply Alternate	Expenditures through 2000
Supply Alternate No. 1	\$51,428,000
Supply Alternate No. 2	\$34,499,120
Supply Alternate No. 3	\$18,668,600

As can be seen from the above comparison Supply Alternate No. 3 maximizing the use of GCWA canal water is approximately 65% less costly than Alternate No. 1 and 50% less than Alternate No. 2. Due to the significant cost savings, the recommendation is that Supply Alternate No. 3 be considered for the final implementation plan.

7.0 SUMMARY OF FINAL RECOMMENDED PLAN

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7.0 SUMMARY OF FINAL RECOMMENDED PLAN

Description of Facilities

The final recommended plan consists of developing the following facilities:

- o Major Southwest Treatment Plant and termination storage facility at Site 7 with option to develop Site 4, 5 and 6, if Site 7 is not available.
- o Primary raw water conveyance system from the GCWA canal system to plant site by 1995.
- o Secondary raw water conveyance system from proposed Allens Creek to above mentioned plant site.
- o Transmission system to bring treated water from plant site to wholesale customers within planning area to allow surface water conversion to occur in accordance with HGCSD plan.

For details on facility layouts, refer to Attachment No. 2 Plan Schematics.

Development Criteria

The final recommended facilities mentioned previously were developed utilizing the following criteria:

- o Utilize Raw Water Supply Alternate No. 3 consisting of purchasing GCWA raw water (59.4 MGD) for Phase I (1995) and Phase II (2000) and BRA System water (65.1 MGD) for Phases III (2005), Phase IV (2010) and Phase V (2030).
- o Design all facilities for average daily demands utilizing 80% of the total water demands as outlined in the HGCSD plan.
- o Design the transmission system with the flexibility to allow transmission of water from the northeast conveyance system for Phases III, IV and V.
- o Develop onsite termination storage.
- o The conveyance and transmission facilities will be developed in phases to allow conversion in accordance with the HGCSD plan.
- o The capacity of the phased system will be developed as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Capacity (MGD)</u>
1995	37.5
2000	62.5
2005	75.0
2010	100.0
2030	150.0

Development Program/Plan Schematics

Capital Improvement Program

The development program recommended is detailed in Attachment No. 1 -WHCSWSC Capital Improvement Program (CIP). The CIP divides all of the proposed facilities into three major categories referred to as treatment plant (TP), raw water supply from Allens Creek (AC) and transmission lines (WL). The recommended facilities are broken down into projects and given project numbers within each major category. For instance the CIP refers to the first phase (1995) of the treatment plant as TP-1. The CIP divides the funds allocated for each project into three allocation categories, acquisition (land), design fees and capital construction cost. The CIP does not report annual operation and maintenance costs. Funds are allocated for specific projects within 5 year increments representing the period in which that project will be developed.

Plan Schematics

The plan schematics are shown in Attachment No. 2 of this Appendix. The aerials with the recommended conveyance schematics consist of and transmission facilities outlined and categorized. Categorizing the facilities was done in accordance with the CIP plan. An example of this would be the 36-inch waterline in Beltway 8 is categorized as WL-12 on the CIP and 36-WL-12 on the plan schematics. Routing of the transmission lines was based on the use of aerials and not field verified.

Development Cost

The development cost for the recommended facilities is broken down into individual project cost and allocated into 5 year increments as shown in the CIP.

Annual Project Cost

The capital cost from the CIP was divided into annual project cost as shown in Attachment No. 3. Also, shown in this attachment is the annual cost associated with operation and maintenance including the raw water cost associated with the development of the recommended system. Attachment No. 3 is summarized as shown below:

Summary of Project Cost

	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III	Phase IV	Phase V	
	(Thru 1995)	(Thru 2000)	(Thru 2005)	(Thru 2010)	(Thru 2030)	
		(\$1	1,000,000)	0,000)		
Capital Cost	94	127	158	308	474	
Operation/	15	55	113	189	714	
Maintenance						
Available	37.5	62.5	75.0	100.0	150.0	
Capacity (MGD)						
Projected	36.8	59.4	64.5	92.8	124.5	
Demands (MGD)						

Financial Analysis

The financial analysis was performed by the WHCSWSC co-financial advisors Underwood Neuhaus & Co. Incorporated and Masterson & Company. See (i) Attachment No. 4, Section A for a summary "Schedule of Capital Expenditures and Related Bond Sales", (ii) Attachment No. 4, Section B for a summary "Cash Flow Analysis of Annual Expenditures and Revenues", and Attachment No. 4, Section C and D for detailed amortization schedules and analysis of cash flow requirements. All of the schedules in the referenced attachment are based on projected costs as reported in Attachment No. 3 of this report.

The financing plan contemplates that the WHCSWSC will finance the construction of planned facilities with the proceeds of the sale of twenty-one (21) tax exempt revenue bond issues between the years 1990 and 2030. Attachment No. 4, Section A summarizes the mentioned bond issues. All bonds are assumed to bear interest at 8% per annum and each bond issue is assumed to mature serially so as to have "level" annual debt service requirements for a twenty-five year The proceeds of each issue of bonds include amounts sufficient to term. establish a bond reserve fund equal to the maximum annual debt service requirement associated with such issue. Earnings from the investment of construction fund balances are assumed to be utilized for capital Earnings from the investment of reserve fund balances are expenditures. assumed to be used (i) for capital expenditures in the first two years after each such issue is sold, and (ii) for debt service purposes in all remaining years, including the year following the last principal maturity for each issue, in which the total remaining amount of principal plus interest of the reserve fund is deposited into the debt service account.

V-46

The cash flow analysis shown in Attachment No. 4, Section B assumes that the raw water cost and O & M costs are directly passed through to the wholesale water customer and will not affect long term bond financing.

This schedule indicated (i) annual net debt service requirements (hereinafter defined) on all series of bonds enumerated in the Schedule of Capital Expenditures and Related Bond Sales, (ii) raw water costs, (iii) operations and maintenance costs, (iv) total expenditures, (v) total revenues, (vi) cumulative balance, and (vii) annual cost of water per 1,000 gallons. It is noted that total revenues are based upon the most conservative case, which expresses projected demand "With Conservation". Net debt service requirements give effect to (i) the annual transfer of interest earnings and principal when applicable from the reserve fund to the debt service fund and (ii) the subtraction of capitalized interest from debt service requirements in any applicable year. The cumulative balance column enumerates the difference between expenditures and revenues.

The cash flow analysis in Attachment No. 4, Section B reflects two cases, Case A and Case B. The difference between the two cases is that Case A assumes a constant water rate between 1996 through 2000 at \$1.26/1000 gallons and then a reduction to \$1.08/1000 gallons in 2001 through 2005. Case B reflects a constant water rate through 2010 at \$1.26/1000 gallons. As can be seen in the referenced cash flow analysis, Case B reflects a more constant water rate allowing the WHCSWSC to establish a lower rate in the years after 2013. This plan recommends that Case B be considered for further development.

V-47

Water Rate Analysis

The projected revenues required to finance the development of this plan are shown in the cash flow analysis, Attachment No. 4, Section B. As mentioned in previous appendices, the WHCSWSC has no taxing authority. The financing plan contemplates the sale of WHCSWSC revenue bonds backed by water supply The water rate (cost of water/1000 contracts with wholesale water users. gallons) shown in the cash flow analysis assumes that wholesale water supply contracts will materialize in accordance with the projected water demand schedules considering the impacts of water conservation. The water rate calculations also assume that all wholesale water users served by the WHCSWSC will contract on a take or pay basis at the same rate resulting in identical water rates throughout the service area. This assumption may be modified during contract negotiations. The following table summarizes the projected water rate to be charged to wholesale water users anywhere along the planned transmission system.

TABLE 10

SUMMARY OF COST OF WATER

(MGD)

		Projected Demand	Projected Capacity	Average Annual Cost/1000 Gallons
<u>Phase</u>	Period	w/Conservation	(MGD)	Case B
I	1989-1995	36.8	37.5	1.26
II	1996-2000	59.4	62.5	1.26
III	2001-2005	64.5	75.0	1.26
IV	2006-2010	72.9	100.0	1.26
V	2011-2030	124.5	150.0	*1.45

* Varies between 1.55 and 0.85 with a peak of 1.55/1000 gallons in 2013 through 2019.

Method of Financing

Funds to finance the construction of planned facilities associated with the development of this plan will be obtained through the sale of tax exempt revenue bonds that are backed by water supply contracts with wholesale water suppliers in the planning area. It is noted that a distinct difference exists between Phases I and II and the balance of the phases. Phase I has as its sole customer the City of Houston, and the City of Houston is the principal customer for Phase II service. Phases III through VI have as customers a mix of small municipalities other than the City of Houston and a large number of municipal utility district. Since the City of Houston is the sole customer for Phase I service, and since the Corporation will have no credit history until it begins to issue bonds to finance Phase I facilities, it is assumed that all costs associated with Phase I are a straight pass-through to the City of Houston, and that Phase I bonds will be sold to the Texas Water Development Board or some other State agency. Beginning in 1996, the year in which treated water will be first delivered to the City of Houston, it is possible to express a cost in terms of delivered product. Since there are, beginning with Phase III, customers other than the City of Houston, bonds issued on and after 2001 in some select instances contain interest capitalized from the proceeds thereof which augment revenues to facilitate cost averaging.

V-49

ATTACHMENTS

ATTACHMENT NO. 1

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WHCSWSC CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM BY

PROJECT (1989-2030)

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROGR	ROGRAM: PROJECT SUMMARY SUMMARY OF FUNDS (Thousands)								
			Propos	sed Encumbranc	ces (Thousands	5)			
CIP No.	Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Project Total	
TP	TREATMENT PLANT	8,778	63,297	29,119	5,200	12,913	22,960	142,267	
AC	RAW WATER SUPPLY FROM ALLENS CREEK RESERVOIR	-	-	-	-	5,890	78,775	84,665	
WL.	TRANSMISSION LINES	-0-	21,649	17,824	12,372	130,722	63,707	246,274	
	PROJECT TOTAL	8,778	84,946	46,943	17,572	149,525	165,442	473,206	
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PROGRA	PROGRAM: TREATMENT PLANT CONSTRUCTION SUMMARY OF FUNDS (Thousands)										
	Proposed Encumbrances (Thousands)										
CIP No.	Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Project Total			
TP-1	37.5 MGD FIRST PHASE OF PLANT (37.5 MGD ADF)	8,778	38,500					47,278			
TP-2	TERMINATION STORAGE PHASE 1	-	18,294					18,294			
TP-3	RAW WATERLINE FROM BRAZOS SYSTEM (1-66")	-	1,082					1,082			
TP-4	FINISHED WATERLINE FROM GRAND PARKWAY/ BELLAIRE INTERSECTION	-	5,421					5,421			
TP-5	25 MGD ADDITION (62.5 MGD ADF)	-	-	11,959				11,959			
TP-6	TERMINATION STORAGE PHASE II	-	-	17,160				17,160			

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROGRA	M: TREATMENT PLANT CON	STRUCTION		SUMM/	ARY OF FUNDS	(Thousands)		
	Proposed Encumbrances (Thousands)							
CIP No.	Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Total
TP-7	12.5 MGD ADDITION (75 MGD ADF)	-	-	-	5,200			5,200
TP- 8	ADD 1-66" RAW WATER- LINE FROM BRAZOS SYSTEM	-	-	-	-	954		954
TP-9	25 MGD ADDITION (100 MGD ADF)	-	-	-	-	11,959		11,959
TP-10	REDUCE FOREBAY	-	-	-	-	-	900	900
TP-11	50 MGD ADDITION	-		-	-	-	22,060	22,060
	(150 MGD ADP) TREATMENT PLANT	8,778	63,297	29,119	5,200	12,913	22,960	142,267

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: CONSTRUCT I	IRST PHASE	OF PLANT	(TP-1)							
DESCRIPTION: CONSTRUCT 37.5 MGD AVER. DAILY FLOW PLANT ON ULTIMATE SIZE TRACT										
			Planned End	cumbrances (Thou	usands)		Tatal			
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project			
ACQUISITION	8,778						8,778			
DESIGN		3,208					3,208			
CONSTRUCTION		35,292					35,292			
TOTAL ALLOCATION	8,778	38,500					47,278			

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: TERM	NATION STOR	AGE (TP	-2)				
DESCRIPTION: LAND RESEF	AND CONSTRU	CTION OF RAW CONSTRUCTED	WATER FOREBAY R UNTIL YEAR 2013	EQUIRED IF ALLE (PHASE I - 36.	NS CREEK 8 MGD)		
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		T-4-1
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION		4,494					4,494
DESIGN		1,150					1,150
CONSTRUCTION		12,650					12,650
TOTAL ALLOCATION		18,294					18,294

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: RAW WATER	LINE FROM B	RAZOS SYSTEM	(TP-3)				· · · <u>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · </u>			
DESCRIPTION: LAND AND CONSTRUCTION COST FOR ONE 66" LINE FROM THE BRAZOS SYSTEM TO THE PLANT SITE										
			Planned End	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal			
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project			
ACQUISITION		128					128			
DESIGN		80					80			
CONSTRUCTION		874					874			
TOTAL ALLOCATION		1,082					1,082			

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: FINISHED W	ATER LINE	TO GRAND PARK	WAY/BELLAIRE IN	TERSECTION (T	P-4)		
DESCRIPTION: RAW AND PLANT S	CONSTRUCT ITE TO TRA	ION FOR 108" NSMISSION LIN	TREATED WATER L ES	INE FROM			
1			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		T-4-1
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION		153					153
DESIGN		439					439
CONSTRUCTION		4,829					4,829
TOTAL ALLOCATION		5,421					5,421

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 25.0 MGD ADDITION

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(TP-5)

DESCRIPTION: CONSTRUCT 25.0 MGD ADDITION BRINGING TOTAL PLANT CAPACITY UP TO 62.5 MGD AVERAGE DAILY FLOW										
		Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)								
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project			
ACQUISITION			-				-			
DESIGN			997				997			
CONSTRUCTION			10,962				10,962			
TOTAL ALLOCATION			11,959				11,959			

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: TERMINATION STORAGE

(TP-6)

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DESCRIPTION: LAND AND CONSTRUCTION OF RAW WATER FOREBAY REQUIRED IF ALLENS CREEK RESERVOIR IS NOT CONSTRUCTED UNTIL THE YEAR 2013 (PHASE II - 27.7 MGD)

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)								
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project		
ACQUISITION			3,360				3,360		
DESIGN			1,150				1,150		
CONSTRUCTION			12,650				12,650		
TOTAL ALLOCATION			17,160		-		17,160		

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 12.5 MGD #	ADDITION (T	P-7)					
DESCRIPTION: CONSTR CAPACI	RUCT 12.5 M	GD ADDITION B 5 MGD AVERAGE	RINGING TOTAL P DAILY FLOW	LANT			
Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION				_			-
DESIGN				433			433
CONSTRUCTION				4,767			4,767
TOTAL ALLOCATION				5,200			5,200

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: ADD RAW WATER LINE FROM BRAZOS SYSTEM TO PLANT SITE (TP-8)									
DESCRIPTION: CONSTRUCT ADDITIONAL 66" RAW WATERLINE FROM BRAZOS SYSTEM TO PLANT SITE IN EXISTING R.O.W.									
Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							T-4-3		
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	30 Project		
ACQUISITION					-		_		
DESIGN					80		80		
CONSTRUCTION					874		874		
TOTAL ALLOCATION					954		954		

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 25 MGD ADD	TION (TP-9)					
DESCRIPTION: CONSTR UP TO	RUCT 25 MGD 100 MGD AV	ADDITION BRI	NGING TOTAL PLA LOW	NT CAPACITY			
		<u>—————————————————————————————————————</u>	Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					-		-
DESIGN					997		997
CONSTRUCTION					10,962	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,962
TOTAL ALLOCATION					11,959		11,959

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: REDUCE FOREBAY SIZE (TP-10)

DESCRIPTION: ISOLATE TERMINATION STORAGE FOR SLUDGE DISPOSAL AS STORAGE IS NO LONGER NECESSARY WITH ALLENS CREEK RESERVOIR COMPLETED

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)						
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						-	-
DESIGN						75	75
CONSTRUCTION						825	825
TOTAL ALLOCATION	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>					900	900

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 50 MGD ADD	ITION	(TP-11)					
DESCRIPTION: CONSTIUNE UP TO	RUCT 50 MGD 150 MGD AV	ADDITION BRI	NGING TOTAL PLAI LOW	NT CAPACITY			
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						-	-
DESIGN					_	1,838	1,838
CONSTRUCTION						20,222	20,222
TOTAL ALLOCATION						22,060	22,060

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROGR/	PROGRAM: RAW WATER SUPPLY FROM ALLENS CREEK RESERVOIR SUMMARY OF FUNDS (Thousands)										
	Proposed Encumbrances (Thousands)										
CIP No.	Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Total			
AC-1	RAW WATERLINE FROM ALLENS CREEK RESERVOIR (1-66")	-	-	-	-	5,890	35,880	41,770			
AC-2	RAW WATER PUMP STATION	-	-	-	-	-	3,598	3,598			
AC-3	RAW WATERLINE EXPAN- SION FROM ALLENS CREEK RESERVOIR (ADD 1-66")	-	-	-	-	-	39,297	39,297			
	RAW WATER SUPPLY FROM ALLENS CREEK RESERVOIR	-	-	-	-	5,890	78,775	84,665			
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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: RAW WATERL	INE FROM AL	LENS CREEK RE	SERVOIR (A	C-1)			
DESCRIPTION: ROW AND FROM AL) CONSTRUCT LENS CREEK	ION OF ONE 66 RESERVOIR TO	" RAW WATERLINE SITE				
	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)						
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					2,473	-	2,473
DESIGN					3,417	-	3,417
CONSTRUCTION					-	35,880	35,880
TOTAL ALLOCATION					5,890	35,880	41,770

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: RAW WATER PUMP STATION (AC-2)

DESCRIPTION: CONSTRUCT RAW WATER PUMP STATION CONTIGUOUS WITH ALLENS CREEK RESERVOIR

		Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)						
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project	
ACQUISITION						-	-	
DESIGN						300	300	
CONSTRUCTION						3,298	3,298	
TOTAL ALLOCATION						3,598	3,598	

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: RAW WATERLIN	IE EXPANSIO	N FROM ALLENS	CREEK RESERVOII	R (AC-3)			
DESCRIPTION: CONSTRU ROW FRO	ICT ADDITIO M RESERVOI	NAL 66" RAW W R TO PLANT SI	ATERLINE IN EXI: Te	STING			
			Planned End	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						-	-
DESIGN						3,275	3,275
CONSTRUCTION						36,022	36,022
TOTAL ALLOCATION						39,297	39,297
1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROGRA	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES			SUMM/	ARY OF FUNDS	(Thousands)		
<u> </u>			Propo	sed Encumbran	ces (Thousand	s)		Project
No.	Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Total
WL-1	78" IN BELLAIRE		10,014					10,014
WL-2	72" IN BELLAIRE		11,635					11,635
WL-3	54" IN ELDRIDGE			9,371				9,371
WL-4	54" IN I-10			8,453				8,453
WL-5	54" IN I-10				1,187			1,187
WL-6	48" IN I-10				3,467			3,467
WL-7	48" IN BELTWAY 8				3,363			3,363
WL-8	42" IN BELTWAY 8				4,355			4,355
WL-9	42" IN GREENHOUSE					3,230		3,230
WL-10	60" IN I-10					9,872 ·		9,872
WL-11	42" IN CLAY ROAD					3,563		3,563
WL-12	36" IN BELTWAY 8				i	4,432		4,432
WL-13	48" IN HIGHWAY 6					8,181		8,181

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROGR	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES			SUMM	ARY OF FUNDS	(Thousands)		
CID			Propo	sed Encumbran	ces (Thousand	s)		
No.	Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Total
WL-14	42" IN US 290	-	-	-	-	3,087		3,087
WL-15	108" IN GRAND PARKWAY	-	-	-	-	16,072		16,072
WL-16	108" IN GRAND PARKWAY	-	-	-	-	22,246		22,246
WL-17	36" IN GREENHOUSE	-	-	-	-	3,776		3,776
WL-18	36" IN FM 529	-	-	-	-	6,129		6,129
WL-19	36" IN US 290	-	-	-	-	6,047		6,047
WL-20	36" IN BARKER CYPRESS	-	-	-	-	4,148		4,148
WL-21	48" IN FM 1960	-	-	-	-	7,805		7,805
WL-22	54" IN FM 149	-	-	-	-	3,826		3,826
WL-23	36" IN FM 149	-	-	-	-	6,076		6,076
WL-24	18" IN SPRING CYPRESS	-	-	-	-	3,602		3,602
WL-25	18" IN GRANT	-	-	-	-	3,027		3,027
WL-26	36" IN TELGE	-	-	-	-	2,949		2,949

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROGRA	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES			SUMM	ARY OF FUNDS	(Thousands)		
C10			Propo	sed Encumbran	ces (Thousand	s)		Dupingt
No.	Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Total
WL-27	30" IN TELGE	-	-	-	-	2,825		2,825
WL-28	30" IN MUESCHKE	-	-	-	-	1,558		1,558
WL-29	24" IN MUESCHKE	-	-	-	-	1,370		1,370
WL-30	16" IN BOUDREAUX	-	-	-	-	1,298		1,298
WL-31	18" IN KTZMAN	-	-	-	-	1,991		1,991
WL-32	18" IN JUERGEN	-	-	-	-	952		952
WL-33	30" IN HOUSE HAHL	-	-	-	-	3,415		3,415
WL-34	48" IN KATY HOCKLEY	-	-	-	-	· · ·	8,557	8,557
WL-35	42" IN KATY HOCKLEY	-	-	-	-	-	3,750	3,750
WL-36	30" IN KATY HOCKLEY	-	-	-	-	-	4,194	4,194
WL-37	30" IN HOUSE HAHL	-	-	-	-	-	2,560	2,560
WL-38	30" IN US 290	-	-	-	-	-	6,642	6,642
WL-39	36" IN FM 149	· _	-	-	-	_	2,215	2,215

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROGR/	M: TRANSMISSION LINES			SUMM/	ARY OF FUNDS	(Thousands)			
CID		Proposed Encumbrances (Thousands)							
No.	Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Total	
WL-40	30" IN CLAY ROAD						4,027	4,027	
WL-41	36" IN FM 529						6,101	6,101	
WL-42	36" IN FM 2920						1,739	1,739	
WL-43	30" IN FM 2920						8,234	8,234	
WL-44	24" IN KICKAPOO						1,088	1,088	
WL-45	16" IN STOCKDICK						1,531	1,531	
WL-46	18" IN MASON ROAD						2,000	2,000	
WL-47	24" IN TELGE						1,451	1,451	
WL-48	16" IN MUESCHKE						1,186	1,186	
WL-49	24" IN SHIELD						3,461	3,461	
WL-50	16" IN ROBERTS					:	1,594	1,594	
WL-51	15" IN WALLER SPRING CREEK						2,356	2,356	

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

GRAM: TRANSMISSION LINES SUMMARY OF FUNDS (Thousands)										
Proposed Encumbrances (Thousands)										
Project	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-00	FY 2000-05	FY 2005-10	FY 2010-30	Total			
16" IN FM 2920						1,021	1,021			
TRANSMISSION LINES	-	21,649	17,824	12,372	131,477	63,707	247,029			
	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES Project 16" IN FM 2920 TRANSMISSION LINES	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES Project FY 89 16" IN FM 2920 TRANSMISSION LINES -	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES Propo Project FY 89 FY 1990-95 16" IN FM 2920 TRANSMISSION LINES - 21,649	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES SUMM Project FY 89 FY 1990-95 FY 1995-00 16" IN FM 2920 - 21,649 17,824 TRANSMISSION LINES - 21,649 17,824	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES SUMMARY OF FUNDS Project FY 89 FY 1990-95 FY 1995-00 FY 2000-05 16" IN FM 2920 - 21,649 17,824 12,372 TRANSMISSION LINES - 21,649 17,824 12,372	M: TRANSMISSION LINES SUMMARY OF FUNDS (Thousands) Proposed Encumbrances (Thousands) Project FY 89 FY 1990-95 FY 1995-00 FY 2000-05 FY 2005-10 16" IN FM 2920	AM: TRANSMISSION LINES SUMMARY OF FUNDS (Thousands) Project FY 89 FY 1990-95 FY 1995-00 FY 2000-05 FY 2005-10 FY 2010-30 16" IN FM 2920			

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 78" IN BELLAIRE (WL-1)

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DESCRIPTION: ROW AND) 78" WATER	LINE CONSTRUC	TION FOR FINISH	ED WATER DISTRI	BUTION			
Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)								
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project	
ACQUISITION		418					418	
DESIGN		835					835	
CONSTRUCTION		8,761					8,761	
TOTAL ALLOCATION		10,014					10,014	

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 72" IN BELLAIRE (WL-2)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AND 72" WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION FOR FINISHED WATER DISTRIBUTION

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)								
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project		
ACQUISITION		485					485		
DESIGN		970					970		
CONSTRUCTION		10,180					10,180		
TOTAL ALLOCATION		11,635					11,635		

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 54" IN ELDRIDGE (WL-3)

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DESCRIPTION: ROW AND	54" WATER	LINE CONSTRUC	TION FOR FINISH	ED WATER DISTRI	BUTION TO SERVE	AREAS 3 AND 4	
	<u></u>		Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION			390				390
DESIGN			781				781
CONSTRUCTION			8,200				8,200
TOTAL ALLOCATION			9,371				9,371

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

2

PROJECT: 54" IN I-10 (WL-4)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AND 54" WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION FOR FINISHED WATER DISTRIBUTION TO SERVE AREAS 5 & 6

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)								
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project		
ACQUISITION			352				352		
DESIGN			704				704		
CONSTRUCTION			7,397				7,397		
TOTAL ALLOCATION			8,453				8,453		

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 54" IN I-10 (WL-5)

			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		To++1
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION				50			50
DESIGN				99			99
CONSTRUCTION				1,038			1,038
TOTAL ALLOCATION				1,187			1,187

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 48" IN I-10) ((WL-6)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AND) 48" WATER	RLINE CONSTRUC	TION FOR FINISH	ED WATER DISTRI	BUTION TO SERVE	THE CITY OF HOU	JSTON
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)	<u></u>	Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION				144			144
DESIGN				289			289
CONSTRUCTION				3,034			3,034
TOTAL ALLOCATION				3,467			3,467

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 48" IN BELTWAY 8 (WL-7)

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project	
ACQUISITION				140			140	
DESIGN				280			280	
CONSTRUCTION				2,943			2,943	
TOTAL ALLOCATION				3,363			3,363	

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 42" IN BELTWAY 8 (WL-8)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AND 42" WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION FOR EXTENSION OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM TO SERVE AREA 11

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)						Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION				181			181
DESIGN				363			363
CONSTRUCTION				3,811			3,811
TOTAL ALLOCATION				4,355	· ·		4,355

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PROJECT: 42" IN GREENHOUSE (WL-9) DESCRIPTION: ROW AND 42" WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION FOR EXTENDING DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM TO SERVE AREAS 6 AND 7 Planned Encumbrances (Thousands) Total Project Allocation FY 89 FY 1990-95 FY 2000-2005 FY 2005-2010 FY 2010-2030 FY 1995-2000 Project ACQUISITION 135 135 DESIGN 269 269 CONSTRUCTION 2,826 2,826 TOTAL ALLOCATION 3,230 3,230

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 60" IN I-	10	(WL-10)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AND	O CONSTRUCT	ION OF 60" WA	TERLINE FOR DIS	TRIBUTION SYSTE	M EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 7 AI	ND 5
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					412		412
DESIGN					823		823
CONSTRUCTION					8,637		8,637
TOTAL ALLOCATION					9,872		9,872

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PROJECT: 42" IN CLAY ROAD (WL-11)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AND	DESCRIPTION: ROW AND CONSTRUCTION OF 42" WATERLINE FOR EXTENSION OF DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM TO SERVE AREAS 6,8					5,8,9 & 10	
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tetal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					149		149
DESIGN					297		297
CONSTRUCTION					3,117		3,117
TOTAL ALLOCATION					3,563		3,563

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 36" IN BEI	TWAY 8	(WL-12)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AND) CONSTRUCT	ION OF 36" WA	TERLINE FOR DIS	TRIBUTION SYSTE	M EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 12,1	3,14,15&16
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)	<u>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</u>	Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					185		185
DESIGN					369		369
CONSTRUCTION					3,878		3,878
TOTAL ALLOCATION					4,432		4,432

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 48" IN HIGHWAY 6 (WL-13)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AND	CONSTRUCT	ION OF 48" WA	TERLINE FOR DIS	TRIBUTION SYSTE	M EXTENSION TO S	SERVE AREAS 9,17	7 & 18
		÷ <u> </u>	Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		T.4.7
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					341		341
DESIGN					682		682
CONSTRUCTION					7,158		7,158
TOTAL ALLOCATION					8,181		8,181

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 42" IN US	290	(WL-14)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AND) CONSTRUCT	ION OF 42" WA	TERLINE FOR DIS	TRIBUTION SYSTE	M EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 12	AND 17
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION		1			129		129
DESIGN					257		257
CONSTRUCTION					2,701		2,701
TOTAL ALLOCATION					3,087		3,087

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 108" IN GRAND PARKWAY (WL-15)

DESCRIPTION:	ROW AND	CONSTRUCTION	0F	108"	WATERLINE	FOR	DISTRIBUTION	SYSTEM	EXTENSION

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project	
ACQUISITION					670		670	
DESIGN					1,339		1,339	
CONSTRUCTION					14,063		14,063	
TOTAL ALLOCATION					16,072		16,072	

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 108" IN GR	AND PARKWAY	(WL-16)					i i
DESCRIPTION: ROW	AND CONSTRU	ICTION OF 108"	WATERLINE FOR	DISTRIBUTION SY	STEM EXTENSION		
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					927		927
DESIGN					1,854		1,854
CONSTRUCTION					19,465		19,465
TOTAL ALLOCATION					22,246		22,246

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 36" IN GR	EENHOUSE		(WL-17)				
DESCRIPTION: ROW	AND CONSTRU	JCTION OF 36"	WATERLINE FOR D	ISTRIBUTION SYS	TEM EXTENSION T	O SERVE AREAS 9	AND 25
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					158		158
DESIGN					315		315
CONSTRUCTION					3,303		3,303
TOTAL ALLOCATION					3,776		3,776

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 36" IN FM	529		(WL-18)				
DESCRIPTION: ROW	AND CONSTRU	ICTION OF 36"	WATERLINE FOR D	ISTRIBUTION SYS	TEM EXTENSION T	O SERVE AREAS 8	,9,11,17&18
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					255		255
DESIGN	L				511		511
CONSTRUCTION					5,363		5,363
TOTAL ALLOCATION					6,129		6,129

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 36" IN US 290 (WL-19)

Project	FY 2010-2030	FY 2005-2010					
			FY 2000-2005	FY 1995-2000	FY 1990-95	FY 89	Project Allocation
252		252					ACQUISITION
504		504					DESIGN
5,291		5,291					CONSTRUCTION
		5,291					CONSTRUCTION

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 36" IN BARKER CYPRESS (WL-20)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AND CONSTRUCTION OF 36" WATERLINE FOR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM EXTENSION TO SERVE AREAS 18 AND 21

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)						
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					173		173
DESIGN					346		346
CONSTRUCTION				· .	3,629		3,629
TOTAL ALLOCATION					4,148		4,148

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 48" IN FM 1	960	(WL-21)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 48" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 12	,19 & 22
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					325		325
DESIGN					650		650
CONSTRUCTION					6,830		6,830
TOTAL ALLOCATION					7,805		7,805

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 54" IN FM 1	49	(WL-22)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 54" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 12	
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					159		159
DESIGN					319		319
CONSTRUCTION					3,348		3,348
TOTAL ALLOCATION					3,826		3,826

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 36" IN FM	149	(WL-23)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ND CONSTRUC	TION OF 36" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 22	,23 & 24
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					253		253
DESIGN					506		506
CONSTRUCTION					5,317		5,317
TOTAL ALLOCATION					6,076		6,076

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 18" IN SPRING CYPRESS (WL-24)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AND CONSTRUCTION OF 18" WATERLINE FOR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM EXTENSION TO SERVE AREAS 20,23 & 24

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project	
ACQUISITION					150		150	
DESIGN					300		300	
CONSTRUCTION					3,152		3,152	
TOTAL ALLOCATION					3,602		3,602	

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PROJECT: 18" IN GRAM	IT	(WL-25)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 18" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 22	,23 & 19
	······································	<u> </u>	Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					126		126
DESIGN					252		252
CONSTRUCTION					2,649		2,649
TOTAL ALLOCATION					3,027		3,027

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 36" IN TELG	E	(WL-26)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	D CONSTRUC	TION OF 36" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 19	AND 20
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					123		123
DESIGN					246		246
CONSTRUCTION					2,580		2,580
TOTAL ALLOCATION					2,949		2,949

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 30" IN TELG	E	(WL-27)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	D CONSTRUC	TION OF 30" W	ATERLINE FOR DIS	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 24	AND 23
Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					118		118
DESIGN	<u> </u>				235		235
CONSTRUCTION					2,472		2,472
TOTAL ALLOCATION					2,825		2,825

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 30" IN MUES	СНКЕ	(WL-28)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 30" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 20	
		<u> </u>	Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Totol
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					65		65
DESIGN					130		130
CONSTRUCTION					1,363		1,363
TOTAL ALLOCATION					1,558		1,558

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 24" IN MUESCHKE (WL-29)

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DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	D CONSTRUC	TION OF 24" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 26		
	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project	
ACQUISITION					57		57	
DESIGN					114		114	
CONSTRUCTION					1,199		1,199	
TOTAL ALLOCATION					1,370		1,370	

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 16" IN BOUD	REAUX	(WL-30)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	D CONSTRUC	TION OF 16" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 24	
	<u></u>	<u></u>	Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					54		54
DESIGN					108		108
CONSTRUCTION					1,136		1,136
TOTAL ALLOCATION					1,298		1,298

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 18" IN KITZ	MAN	(WL-31)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 18" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 24	
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					83		83
DESIGN					166		166
CONSTRUCTION					1,742		1,742
TOTAL ALLOCATION					1,991		1,991
1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 18" IN JUER	GEN	(WL-32)	<u></u>				
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	D CONSTRUC	TION OF 18" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 26	
Planned Encumbrances (Thous							Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION					40		40
DESIGN					79		79
CONSTRUCTION					833		833
TOTAL ALLOCATION					952		952

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 30" IN HOUSE HAHL (WL-33) DESCRIPTION: ROW AND CONSTRUCTION OF 30" WATERLINE FOR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM EXTENSION TO SERVE AREA 21 Planned Encumbrances (Thousands) Total Project Allocation FY 89 FY 1990-95 FY 1995-2000 FY 2000-2005 FY 2005-2010 FY 2010-2030 Project ACQUISITION 143 143 DESIGN 285 285 CONSTRUCTION 2,987 2,987 TOTAL ALLOCATION 3,415 3,415

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 48" IN KATY	-HOCKLEY	(WL-34)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	D CONSTRUC	TION OF 48" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 28,	7 & 31
Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Total Project
ACQUISITION						357	357
DESIGN						713	713
CONSTRUCTION						7,487	7,487
TOTAL ALLOCATION						8,557	8,557

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 42" IN KATY-HOCKLEY (WL-35)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 42" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 21 A	AND 27
Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							T. 4. 3
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						156	156
DESIGN						313	313
CONSTRUCTION						3,281	3,281
TOTAL ALLOCATION						3,750	3,750

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 30" IN HOU	SE HAHL	(WL-37)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW A	ND CONSTRUC	TION OF 30" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 21	
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						107	107
DESIGN						213	213
CONSTRUCTION						2,240	2,240
TOTAL ALLOCATION						2,560	2,560

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 30" IN US 2	90	(WL-38)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	D CONSTRUC	TION OF 30" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 20,	,21,27 & 29
Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Total Project
ACQUISITION						277	277
DESIGN						553	553
CONSTRUCTION						5,812	5,812
TOTAL ALLOCATION						6,642	6,642

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 36" IN FM 1	49	(WL-39)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN EXTENS	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 36" W	ATERLINE AND BO	OSTER PUMP STAT	ION FOR DISTRIB	UTION SYSTEM	
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		T-+-]
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						92	92
DESIGN						185	185
CONSTRUCTION						1,938	1,938
TOTAL ALLOCATION						2,215	2,215

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 30" IN CLA	Y ROAD	(WL-40)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	VD CONSTRUC	TION OF 30" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 7,	25 AND 28
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						168	168
DESIGN						336	336
CONSTRUCTION						3,523	3,523
TOTAL ALLOCATION						4,027	4,027

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PROJECT: 36" IN FM S	529	(WL-41)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRU	ICTION OF 36" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 21,	, 25 AND 28
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						254	254
DESIGN						508	508
CONSTRUCTION						5,339	5,339
TOTAL ALLOCATION						6,101	6,101

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 36" IN FM 2	920	(WL-42)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 36" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 24	_
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						72	72
DESIGN						145	145
CONSTRUCTION						1,522	1,522
TOTAL ALLOCATION						1,739	1,739

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 30" IN FM 2	2920	(WL-43)							
DESCRIPTION: ROW AND CONSTRUCTION OF 30" WATERLINE FOR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM EXTENSION TO SERVE AREAS 29, 26 AND 24									
Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)							Total		
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project		
ACQUISITION						343	343		
DESIGN						686	686		
CONSTRUCTION						7,205	7,205		
TOTAL ALLOCATION						8,234	8,234		

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 24" IN KICK	(APOO	(WL-44)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 24" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 29	AND 30
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Total Project
ACQUISITION						45	45
DESIGN						91	91
CONSTRUCTION						952	952
TOTAL ALLOCATION						1,088	1,088

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 16" IN STOC	KDICK	(WL-45)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 16" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 25	
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tatal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						64	64
DESIGN						128	128
CONSTRUCTION						1,339	1,339
TOTAL ALLOCATION						1,531	1,531

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 18" IN MASC	N ROAD	(WL-46)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	d construc	TION OF 18" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 7	
	<u></u>		Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						83	83
DESIGN	<u></u>					167	167
CONSTRUCTION						1,750	1,750
TOTAL ALLOCATION						2,000	2,000

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 24" IN TELG	E	(WL-47)	·				
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	D CONSTRUC	TION OF 24" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 24	
		<u></u>	Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Tetal
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						60	60
DESIGN						121	121
CONSTRUCTION						1,270	1,270
TOTAL ALLOCATION						1,451	1,451

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 16" IN MUESCHKE ROAD (WL-48)

DESCRIPTION: ROW AND CONSTRUCTION OF 16" WATERLINE FOR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM EXTENSION TO SERVE AREA 26

	Planned Encumbrances (Thousands)						
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						49	49
DESIGN						99	99
CONSTRUCTION						1,038	1,038
TOTAL ALLOCATION						1,186	1,186

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

PROJECT: 24" IN SHIE	L ROAD	(WL-49)					
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 24" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREAS 29	AND 20
		<u></u>	Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						144	144
DESIGN						288	288
CONSTRUCTION	, 					3,029	3,029
TOTAL ALLOCATION						3,461	3,461

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 16" IN ROBE	RTS	(WL-50)					····
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ID CONSTRUC	TION OF 16" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 29	
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						66	66
DESIGN						133	133
CONSTRUCTION						1,395	1,395
TOTAL ALLOCATION						1,594	1,594

1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 16" IN WALLER/SPRING CREEK (WL-51) DESCRIPTION: ROW AND CONSTRUCTION OF 16" WATERLINE FOR DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM EXTENSION TO SERVE AREAS 30 AND 29 Planned Encumbrances (Thousands) Total **Project Allocation** FY 2005-2010 FY 89 FY 1990-95 FY 1995-2000 FY 2000-2005 FY 2010-2030 Project ACQUISITION 98 98 DESIGN 196 196 CONSTRUCTION 2,062 2,062 TOTAL ALLOCATION 2,356 2,356 .

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1989 - 2030 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

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PROJECT: 16" IN FM 2	2920	(WL	- 52)			<u> </u>	
DESCRIPTION: ROW AN	ND CONSTRUC	TION OF 16" W	ATERLINE FOR DI	STRIBUTION SYST	EM EXTENSION TO	SERVE AREA 30	
			Planned En	cumbrances (Tho	usands)		Total
Project Allocation	FY 89	FY 1990-95	FY 1995-2000	FY 2000-2005	FY 2005-2010	FY 2010-2030	Project
ACQUISITION						43	43
DESIGN						85	85
CONSTRUCTION						893	893
TOTAL ALLOCATION						1,021	1,021

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ATTACHMENT NO. 2 PLAN SCHEMATICS OF WHCSWSC CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECTS ۰.

ATTACHMENT NO. 3

ANNUALIZED COSTS

UTILIZING SOUTHWEST SUPPLY ALTERNATE NO. 3

(\$ 1988)

WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION PROJECTED ANNUAL COST (1988 DOLLARS) SOUTHWEST SUPPLY ALTERNATE NO. 3 RAW WATER SUPPLY BY GCWA (59.4 MGD) AND BY BRA (65.1 MGD) (PLANT AND WATERLINE COSTS) (Revised 9/5/88)

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		(7) ANNUAL COST	5				AVAILABLE	PROJECTE	D DEMANDS	TOTAL	}
YEAR	CAPITAL (1) COSTS	RAW WATER SUF	PPLY - BRA (2) CURRENT - BRA	RAW WATER	SUPPLY - GCWA CURRENT-GCWA	COST (GCWA) (6)	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	CAPACITY (ADF)	WITH CONSERVATION	WITHOUT CONSERVATION	ANNUAL COSTS	YEAR
1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	\$ -0- 8 ,778,000 1 ,604,000 1 ,604,000 12 ,948,000 19 ,732,000 49 ,058,000 -0- -0- 656,500 7 ,195,500 25 ,066,000 7 67,000 818 ,000 818 ,000 9 ,610,000 19 ,575,000 5 ,446,000 5 ,442,000 6 0,696,000 7 2,399,000 12 ,421,500 12 ,721,500	\$118,000 \$118,000 	\$ -0- 370,000 2,440,000	\$1,084,000 " " 412,000 " " -0- " " " " " " "	\$ -0- " 1,477,520 2,385,000	\$ -0- """ """ 113,685 "" 732,774	\$ -0- "" 5,212,428 " 8,648,633 " 10,510,235 " 16,398,440	37.5 MGD 62.5 MGD 75 MGD 100 MGD	36.8 MGD (41,224 Ac Ft/Year) 59.4 MGD (66,575 Ac Ft/Year) 64.5 MGD (72,265 Ac Ft/Year) 92.8 MGD (104,024 Ac Ft/Year)	37.9 MGD (42,512 Ac Ft/Year) 61.5 MGD (68,916 Ac Ft/Year) 66.8 MGD (74,887 Ac Ft/Year) 96.9 MGD (108,617 Ac Ft/Year)	\$ 1,202,000 9,980,000 2,806,000 2,806,000 14,150,000 20,934,000 50,260,000 7,219,948 7,219,948 7,876,448 14,415,448 32,285,948 11,918,633 11,969,633 11,969,633 11,969,633 20,761,633 30,726,633 18,934,920 18,930,920 18,930,920 74,184,920 85,887,920 34,435,714	1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012

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			ANNUAL COSTS					AVAILABLE	PROJECTE	D DEMANDS	TOTAL	T
YEAR	CAPITAL (1) COSTS	<u>RAW WATER :</u> FUTURE - BRA	SUPPLY - BRA CURRENT - BRA	<u>RAW_WATER</u> FUTURE-GCWA	<u>SUPPLY - GCWA</u> CURRENT-GCWA	COST (GCWA)	OPERATION & MAINTENANCE	CAPACITY (ADF)	WITH CONSERVATION	WITHOUT CONSERVATION	ANNUAL	YEAR
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2031 2032	\$16,180,500 1,822,500 9,681,500 424,000 848,000 8,901,000 422,000 846,000 461,000 461,000 461,000 4,839,500 8,114,500 14,305,000 31,805,000	\$48,000 	\$2,817,000	\$ -0- " " " " " " " "	\$2,385,000	\$ -0- "" " " " " " " "	\$16,398,440	100 MGD 150 MGD	98.0 MGD (109,804 Ac Ft/Year) 98.0 MGD (109,804 Ac Ft/Year) 124.5 MGD (139,490 Ac Ft/Year)	103.5 MGD (116,021 Ac Ft/Year) 103.5 MGD (116,021 Ac Ft/Year) 132.8 MGD (148,810 Ac Ft/Year)	\$37,828,940 23,470,940 31,329,940 31,329,940 22,072,440 22,496,440 30,549,440 30,510,440 22,109,440 22,109,440 22,109,440 22,109,440 22,109,440 22,109,440 23,762,940 35,953,440 30,542,310 30,542,310	2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 2028 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030 2030 2031 2032
										TOTAL \$1	187.863.223	

SOUTHWEST SUPPLY ALTERNATE NO. 3 RAW WATER SUPPLY BY GCWA (59.4 MGD) AND BY BRA (65.1 MGD)

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(1) INCLUDES ENGINEERING, LAND ACQUISITION AND CONTINGENCIES.

(2) BASED ON FINAL BRAZOS RIVER AUTHORITY'S PROPOSAL.

(3) BRA SUPPLY COST BASED ON FOLLOWING: FUTURE: \$0.005/1000 GALLONS CURRENT: \$0.20/1000 GALLONS

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(4) GCWA SUPPLY COST BASED ON FOLLOWING: FUTURE: \$0.05/1000 GALLONS CURRENT: \$0.05/1000 GALLONS
(5) ALLENS CREEK CONSTRUCTED IN BRA BASIN BY 2013.
(6) CANAL TRANSPORTATION COST BY GCWA IS BASED ON \$19.86 PER ACRE-FOOT (\$0.06/1000 GALLONS). (ONLY FOR BRA WATER TRANSFERRED THROUGH GCWA CANAL)
(7) ANNUAL COST SHOWN IN THIS TABLE ARE TOTAL COSTS INCURRED EACH YEAR TO DEVELOP AND OPERATE THE SYSTEM. THIS TABLE DOES NOT PEFLECT ANNUAL FYPENDITURES AFTER AMOPTIZATION INCURPED COST

ATTACHMENT NO. 4

WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION

PLAN OF FINANCING

BY: UNDERWOOD NEUHAUS & CO. INCORPORATED AND MASTERSON & COMPANY, CO-FINANCIAL ADVISORS

WEST HARRIS COUNTY SURFACE WATER SUPPLY CORPORATION Schedule of Capital Expenditures and Related Bond Sales

		Bond Issue				
	Capital Expenditures	Principal Amount	Year Sold			
1990 1991 1992	\$ 8,778,000 1,604,000 1,640,000	13,180,000	1990			
1993 1994	12,948,000 19,732,000	35,670,000	1993			
1995	49,058,000	56,235,000	1995			
1998 1999	656,500 7,195,500	8,390,000	1998			
2000	25,066,000	28,735,000	2000			
2001 2002 2003	767,000 818,000 818,000	2,540,000	2001			
2004	9,610,000	13,300,000	2004			
2005	19,575,000	24,620,000	2005			
2006 2007 2008	5,446,000 5,442,000 5,442,000	17,235,000	2006			
2009 .	60,696,000	83,955,000	2009			
2010	72,399,000	91,040,000	2010			
2011	12,421,500	17,185,000	2011			
2012	12,721,500	16,000,000	2012			
2013 2014	16,180,500 1,822,500	20,335,000	2013			
2015 2016 2017 2018	9,681,500 9,681,500 424,000 848,000	22,170,000	2015			
2019 2020 2021	8,901,000 422,000 844,000	11,325,000	2019			

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	Capital Expenditures	Bond Issu Principal Amount	ie Year Sold
2022 2023 2024 2025	8,862,000 460,000 461,000 461,000	11,290,000	2022
2026 2027	4,839,500 8,114,500	14,150,000	2026
2028	14,305,000	16,400,000	2028
2029	23,040,000	26,415,000	2029
2030	31,805,000	36,460,000	2030

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B. CASH FLOW ANALYSIS OF ANNUAL EXPENDITURES VS. REVENUES

CASH FLOW ANALYSIS OF ANNUAL EXPENDITURES AND REVENUES

(1989 - 2055)

			Cas	e A			
	0eb†	Raw	Operations &	Total	Total	Cumulative	Cost of Water/
Year	Service(a)	<u>Water Costs</u>	Maintenance	Expenditures	Revenues	Balance	1,000 Gallons
Phase I							
1989	\$	\$1,202,000		\$1,202,000			
1990	527,200	1,202,000		1,729,200			
1991	1,217,600	1,202,000		2,419,600			
1992	1,169,520	1,202,000		2,371,520			
1993	2,547,040	1,202,000		3,749,040			
1994	4,291,360	1,202,000		5,493,360			
1995	•6,406,680	1,202,000		7,608,680			
Phase	ł						
1996(b)	9,360,000	2,007,520	\$5,212,428	16,579,948	\$16,924,320	\$ 344,372	\$1.26
1997	9,153,904	2,007,520	5,212,428	16,373,852	16,924,320	894,840	1.26
1998	9,277,728	2,007,520	5,212,428	16,497,676	16,924,320	1,321,484	1.26
1999	9,687,824	2,007,520	5,212,428	16,907,772	16,924,320	1,338,032	1.26
2000	10,702,904	2,007,520	5,212,428	17,922,852	16,924,320	339,500	.26
Phase []	1						
2001(c)	12,211,088	2,503,000	8,648,633	23,362,721	23,427,306	404,085	1.08
2002	12,338,288	2,503,000	8,648,633	23,489,921	23,427,306	341,470	1.08
2003	12,323,984	2,503,000	8,648,633	23,475,617	23,427,306	293,159	1.08
2004	10,671,776(h)	2,503,000	8,648,633	21,823,409	23,427,306	1,897,056	1.08
2005	12,195,072(i)	2,503,000	8,648,633	23,346,705	23,427,306	1,977,657	1 08
Phase I	V-A						
2006(d)	15,752,872	2,978,685	10,510,235	29,241,792	2 9,668, 149	2,404,014	1.26
2007	17,190,272	685, 978, 2	10,510,235	30,679,192	29,668,149	1,392,971	1.26
2008	17,131,232	2,978,685	10,510,235	30,620,152	29,668,149	440,968	1.26
2009	6,685,368(j)) 2,978,685	10,510,235	20,174,288	29,668,149	9,934,829	1.26
2010	19,155,936(k) 2,978,685	10,510,235	32,644,856	29,668,149	6,958,122	1.26
Phase	1V-B						
2011(e)	27,625,272(1)	5,615,774	16,398,440	49,639,486	49,146,155	6,464,791	1.45
2012	32,798,352(m) 5,615,774	16,398,440	54,812,566	49,146,155	818,380	1.45
Phase 1	V						
2013(f)	35,488,488	5,250,000	16,398,440	57,136,928	58,674,772	2,356,224	1.64
2014	36,958,528	5,250,000	6,398,440	58,606,968	58,674,772	2,424,028	1.64
2015	36,600,848	5,250,000	5,398,440	58,249,288	58,674,772	2,849,512	1.64
2016	37,805,328	5,250,000	6,398,440	59,453,768	58,674,772	2,070,516	1.64
2017	37,805,728	5,250,000	16,398,440	59,454,168	58,674,772	1,291,120	1.64
2018	34,553,296	5 ,250,000	16,398,440	56,201,736	56,170,361	1,259,745	1.57
2019	35,051,464	5,250,000	16,398,440	56,699,904	56,170,361	730,202	1.57
2020	30,651,440	5,250,000	16,398,440	52,299,880	52,592,631	1,022,953	1.47
2021	30,821,216	5,250,000	16,398,440	52,469,656	52,592,631	1,145,928	1.47
2022	31,250,016	5,250,000	16,398,440	52,898,456	52,592,631	840,103	1.47
2023	31,087,120	5,250,000	6,398,440	52,735,560	52,592,631	697,174	1.47
2024	31,116,224	5,250,000	16,398,440	52,764,664	52,592,631	525,141	1.47
2025	28,519,152	5,250,000	16,398,440	50,167,592	51,877,085	2,234,634	1.44
2026	28,917,184	5,250,000	16,398,440	50,565,624	51,877,085	3,546,095	1.44
2027	29,631,824	5,250,000	16,398,440	51,280,264	51,877,085	4,142,916	1.44
2028	30,172,192	5,250,000	16,398,440	51,820,632	51,877,085	4,199,369	1,44
2029	30,716,504	5,250,000	16,398,440	52,364,944	51,877,085	3,711,510	1.44
2030	31,164,976	5,250,000	16,398,440	52,813,416	51,877,085	2,775,179	1.44
2031-	31,543,835	7,137,000	23,405,310	62,086,145	59,539,238	228,272	1.31
2033(g)						
2034-	15,268,469	7,137,000	23,405,310	45,810,779	45,904,298	321,791	1.01
2039							
2040-	9,830,168	7,137,000	23,405,310	40,372,478	40,450,322	805,225	0.69
2046							
2047-	7,964,188	7,137,000	23,405,310	38,506,498	38,632,350	931.077	0.35
2055							

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- (a) Annual Debt service requirements are net of interest and principal earnings transfered from the Reserve Fund to the Debt Service Fund.
- (b) Initial year of delivery of water to the City of Houston.
- (c) Initial delivery of water to Phase 2 Service Area.
- (d) Initial delivery of water to Phase 3 Service Area.
- (e) Initial delivery of water to Phase 4-A Service Area.
- (f) Initial delivery of water to Phase 4-B Service Area.
- (g) Initial delivery of water to Phase 5 Service Area.
- (h) \$2,128,000 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2004 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial two years in interest payments on the Series 2004 bonds.
- (i) \$1,969,000 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2005 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial year in interest payments on the Series 2005 bonds.
- (j) \$13,432,800 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2009 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial two years interest payments on the Series 2009 bonds.
- (k) \$7,283,200 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2010 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial year in interest payments on the Series 2010 bonds.
- (1) \$2,749,600 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2011 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial two years in interest payments on the Series 2011 bonds.
- (m) \$1,280,000 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2012 debt service requirement.
 Such amount is equal to the initial year in interest payments on the Series 2012 bonds.

- (a) Annual Debt service requirements are net of interest and principal earnings transfered from the Reserve Fund to the Debt Service Fund.
- (b) Initial year of delivery of water to the City of Houston.
- (c) Initial delivery of water to Phase 2 Service Area.
- (d) Initial delivery of water to Phase 3 Service Area.
- (e) Initial delivery of water to Phase 4-A Service Area.
- (f) Initial delivery of water to Phase 4-B Service Area.
- (g) Initial delivery of water to Phase 5 Service Area.
- (h) \$2,128,000 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2004 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial two years in interest payments on the Series 2004 bonds.
- (i) \$1,969,000 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2005 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial year in interest payments on the Series 2005 bonds.
- (j) \$13,432,800 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2009 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial two years interest payments on the Series 2009 bonds.
- (k) \$7,283,200 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2010 deb⁺ service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial year in interest payments on the Series 2010 bonds.
- \$2,749,600 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2011 debt service requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial two years in interest payments on the Series 2011 bonds.
- (m) \$1,280,000 in capitalized interest has been subtracted from the 2012 debt service:requirement. Such amount is equal to the initial year in interest payments on the Series 2012 bonds.

C. AGGREGATED PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST OF TOTAL BOND SALES THROUGHOUT PLAN DEVELOPMENT

AGGREGATED PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST AMOUNTS

DEALNAME: WHOWAT1

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FISCAL YEAR	MATURING AMOUNT	INTEREST	TOTAL
1990	.00	527.200.00	527,200,00
1991	170.000.00	1.047.600.00	1,217,600,00
1992	185,000,00	984,520,00	1,169,520.00
1993	200,000,00	2.347.040.00	2,547,040.00
1994	685,000,00	3,606,360,00	4,291,360,00
1995	740,000,00	5,666,680,00	6,406,680.00
1996	1,535,000.00	7,825,080,00	9,360,080,00
1997	1,665,000,00	7,488,904.00	9,153,904.00
1998	1,800,000.00	7,477,728.00	9,277,728.00
1999	2,060,000.00	7,627,824.00	9,687,824,00
2000	2,235,000.00	8,467,904.00	10,702,904.00
2001	2,800,000.00	9,411,088.00	12,211,088.00
2002	3,060,000.00	9,278,288.00	12,338,288.00
2003	3,310,000.00	9,013,984.00	12,323,984.00
2004	3,590,000.00	9,209,776.00	12,799,776.00
2005	3,880,000.00	10,284,672.00	14,164,672.00
2006	4,210,000.00	11,542,872.00	15,752,872,00
2007	5,340,000,00	11,850,272.00	17,190,272.00
2008	5,790,000.00	11,341,232.00	17,131,232.00
2009	6,285,000.00	13,833,168.00	20,118,168.00
2010	6,790,000.00	19,649,136.00	26,439,136.00
2011	7,370,000.00	23,004,872.00	30,374,872.00
2012	10,590,000.00	23,488,352.00	34,078,352.00
2013	11,490,000.00	23,998,488.00	35,488,488.00
2014	13,210,000.00	23,748,528.00	36,958,528.00
2015	13,093,000.00	23,507,848.00	36,600,848.00
2016	14,515,000.00	23,290,328.00	37,805,328.00
2017	15,725,000.00	22,080,728.00	37,805,728,00
2018	13,733,000,00	20,820,296.00	34,553,296.00
2019	15,010,000.00	20,041,464.00	35,051,464,00
2020	11,205,600.00	19,445,840.00	30,651,440.00
2021	12,360,000.00	18,461,216,00	30,821,216,00
2022	13,410,000.00	17,840,016.00	31,250,016.00
2023	13,887,400.00	17,199,720.00	31,087,120.00
2024	15,075,000.00	16,041,224.00	31,116,224,00
2025	13,669,600.00	14,849,552.00	28,519,152,00
2026	14,677,400,00	14,239,784.00	28,917,184,00
2027	16,110,000.00	13,521,824.00	29,631,624.00
2028	17,450,000.00	12,722,192.00	30,172,192.00
2029	17,852,400.00	12,864,104.00	71 164 976 00
2030	17,430,000.00	13,734,976,00	31,104,978.00 71 501 008 00
2031	17,854,000.00	13,647,008.00	71 566 AAR 00
2032	19,410,000.00	10 570 049 00	31 564 048 00
2033		9 105 672 00	23 915 072 00
2034	7 874 800 00	8 199 904 00	16.034.704.00
2033	7 198 600.00	7 598 568 00	14.797.168.00
2036	6 368 400.00	7,055,888,00	13.424.288.00
2037	5.086.000.00	6.597.712.00	11,683,712.00
2039	5.585.000.00	6,170,872.00	11,755,872.00
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2040	3.997.200.00	5.787.584.00	9,784,784,00
2041	4,420,000,00	5,450,896.00	9,870,896.00
2042	4,795,000.00	5,082,296.00	9,877,296.00
2043	5,195,000.00	4,682,696.00	9,877,696.00
2044	4,575,000.00	4,291,896,00	8,866,896.00
2045	5,005,000.00	3,908,696.00	8,913,696.00
2046	5,425,000.00	3,491,496.00	8,916,496.00
2047	4,822,800.00	3,081,584.00	7,904,384.00
2048	5,270,000.00	2,677,872.00	7,947,872.00
2049	5,715,000.00	2,238,472.00	7,953,472.00
2050	6,185,000.00	1,762,472,00	7,947,472.00
2051	5,398,400.00	1,299,136.00	6,697,536.00
2052	5,895,000.00	847,400,00	6,742,400.00
2053	4,875,800.00	416,568.00	5,292,368.00
2054	2,899,400.00	105,560,00	3,004,960.00
2055	130,200.00-	5,208,00-	135,408.00-
TOTALS	513,708,000.00	669,573,216.00	1,183,281,216.00

PRINCIPAL

NEW01	13,180,000.00	13,180,000,00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER'90
NEW02	35,670,000.00	35,670,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER'93
NEW03	56,235,000.00	56,235,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'95
NEW04	8,390,000,00	8,390,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC, WAT. SUP. SER'98
NEW05	28,735,000.00	28,735,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER'00
NEW08	2,540,000.00	2,540,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT, SUP, SER'01
NEW09	13,300,000.00	13,300,000.00	W, HARRIS CO. SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'04
NEW10	24,620,000.00	24,620,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT, SUP. SER'05
NEW11	17,235,000.00	17,235,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT, SUP. SER'06
NEW12	83,955,000.00	83,955,000.00	W, HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP, SER'09
NEW13	91,040,000.00	91,040,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT, SUP. SER'10
NEW14	17,185,000.00	17,185,000.00	W, HARRIS CO. SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'11
NEW15	16,000,000.00	16,000,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER'12
NEW16	20,335,000.00	20,335,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'13
NEW17	22,170,000.00	22,170,000.00	W, HARRIS CO. SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'15
NEW18	11,325,000.00	11,325,000.00	W, HARRIS CO, SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'19
NEW19	11,290,000.00	11,290,000.00	W, HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT, SUP, SER'22
NEW20	14,150,000.00	14,150,000.00	W, HARRIS CO, SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'26
NEW21	16,400,000.00	16,400,000.00	W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT, SUP. SER'28
NEW22	26,415,000.00	26,415,000.00	W, HARRIS CO. SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'29
NEW23	36,460,000.00	36,460,000.00	W, HARRIS CO, SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER'30
NEW51	1,222,000,00-	1,222,000.00-	SERIES 1990 RESERVE FUND
NEW52	3,302,000,00-	3,302,000.00-	SERIES 1993 RESERVE FUND
NEW53	5,204,400.00-	5,204,000.00-	SERIES 1995 RESERVE FUND
NEW54	777,600.00~	778,000,00-	SERIES 1998 RESERVE FUND
NEW55	2,660,400.00-	2,660,000.00-	SERIES 2000 RESERVE FUND
NEW58	237,600.00-	238,000.00-	SERIES 2001 RESERVE FUND
NEW59	1,267,600.00-	1,268,000.00-	SERIES 2004 RESERVE FUND
NEW60	2,310,000.00-	2,310,000.00-	SERIES 2005 RESERVE FUND
NEW61	1,596,000.00-	1,596,000.00-	SERIES 2006 RESERVE FUND
NEW62	7,985,600,00-	7,986,000.00-	SERIES 2009 RESERVE FUND
NEW63	8,535,200.00-	8,535,000.00~	SERIES 2010 RESERVE FUND
NEW64	1,636,400,00-	1,636,000.00~	SERIES 2011 RESERVE FUND
NEW65	1,501,600.00-	1,502,000,00-	SERIES 2012 RESERVE FUND
NEW66	1,884,000.00-	1,884,000.00-	SERIES 2013 RESERVE FUND
NEW67	2,052,800.00-	2,053,000.00-	SERIES 2015 RESERVE FUND

	1 050 000 00-	1 650 660 60-	SEDIES 20	19 RECERVE	ELIMO
NEUCO	1,000,000.00-	1,000,000.00	OCALCO 20	AD RECEIVE	T UNIC
NEW69	1,047,200.00-	1,047,000.00-	SERIES ZU	IZZ RESERVE	FUND
NEW70	1,311,600.00-	1,312,000.00-	SERIES 20	26 RESERVE	FUND
NEW71	1,519,200.00-	1,519,000.00-	SERIES 20	28 RESERVE	FUND
NEW72	2,445,600.00-	2,446,000,00-	SERIES 20	29 RESERVE	FUND
NEW73	3,375,200.00-	3,375,000.00-	SERIES 20	30 RESERVE	FUND
		****-***			
TOTAL	513,708,000.00	513,707,000.00			
		010,700,700000			

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ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

LEALNAME: HILWATI	03730783
	3#17 PM
SHURCE'S OF FUNDS:	
ROND ISSUE FROCEEDS	13,180,000,00
EARNINUS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS	296,875,62
EARNINUS ON RESERVE FUNDS	195.520.00
TOTAL SOURCES	13,672,395.62

USES OF FUNDSE

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	11.986,000.00
RESERVE FUND	1,222,000.00
EXPENSES	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	461,300,00
ROUNDING ANOUNT	3,095.62
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	13,672,395.62

NOTESE

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7,000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8,000 %

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D. DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULES INDIVIDUAL BOND SALES

567 (b/36)

LEENT SERVICE SCHEIMLE W. MARKIS CO. SRFC, WAT, SUP, SER190

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fieal name : Lieal Type :	ura: uat i Neu	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/90 DELIVER	06/10/10 131WD /	3117 FM
[M1E	FRINCIFAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUIAL
06/10/20			527,200,00	527,200,00	527,200,00
14/10/10	170,000	8,000	527,200,00	697,200,00	8
10/10/20			520.400.00	520.400.00	1.217,600.00
26/10/10	185,000	8,000	520.400.00	705,400,00	(ii) .
29/10/70			513,000,00	513,000,00	1.218.400.00
66/10/10	200,000	8,000	513,000,00	713,000,00	00.
66/10/20			505,000,00	505,000,00	1.218.000.00
10/10	220,000	0.000	505,000,00	725,000.00	8.
07/01/94			496,200,00	496.200.00	1,221,200.00
01/01/95	235,000	8.000	496,200,00	731.200.00	3.
02/01/95			486,800.00	436,8(k).(h)	1.218.000.00
96/10/10	255,000	B. 000	486,800,00	741, 800, (N)	00.
07/01/96			476,600.00	476.600.00	1.218.400.00
01/01/02	280,000	0 .000	476,600.00	756.600.00	.00
07/01/97			465,400,00	465,400,00	1,222,000.00
86/10/10	300,000	0.000	465,400,00	765.400,00	90
86/10/20			453,400,00	453,400,00	1.218,800.00
01/01/33	325,000	8.000	453, 400, 00	778,400.00	3.
01/01/99			440,400,00	440.400.00	1.218.800.00
00/10/10	355,000	8.000	440,400,00	795,400,00	8.
07/01/00			426,200.00	426,200,00	1.221.600.00
0/10/10	385, 000	B. 000	426,200,00	811.200.00	00.
07/01/01			410,800,00	410,800,00	1,222,000.00
01/01/05	415,000	6.000	410.800.00	825, 800, 00	3.
07/01/02			394, 200, 00	394, 200, 00	1,220,000,00
60/10/10	450,000	8.000	394,200.00	844.200.M)	8.
07/01/03			376, 200, 00	376.200.00	1.220.400.00
01/01/04	465,000	8,000	376.200.00	661,200,00	00.
07/01/04			356,800,00	356, 800, 00	1.218.000.00
01/01/02	525, 000	8,000	356,800,00	861,800,00	90.
07/01/02			335,800,00	335, 800, 00	1,217,600.00
01/01/0P	· 570.000	8,000	335, 800, 00	905,800,00	90.
07/01/06			313,000.00	313.000.00	1.218.800.00
01/01/02	620,000	8.000	313,000.00	933, 000, 00	00.
07/01/02			288,200,00	288.200.00	1.221.200.00
01/01/08	670,000	8.000	288, 200.00	958, 200, 00	8.
07/01/08			261.400.00	261.400.00	1,219,600,00
01/01/03	725,000	B. 000	261,400,00	996,400,00	00.
07/01/03			232,400.00	232,400,00	1.218.800.00
01/10/10	785, 000	6.000	232,400,00	1.017.400.00	8
01/10/20			201,000.00	201,000,00	1,218,400,00
01/01/11	850,000	6. 000	201,000,00	1,051,040,00	3
07/01/11			167,000,00	167,000,00	1,218,000,00
01/01/12	920,000	8,000	167,000,00	1, 087, 00, 00, 00	3
07/01/12			130,200.00	130.200.00	1.217.200.00
01/01/13	1,000,000	9.000		00,000,000,001	00 00
07/01/13		900 C		00,002,07	00,000404211
01/01/14	1.080,000	8.000			100 [°]
07/01/14	175 CUU	000 e	47.000.00	1 - 227 - 000 - 00	1.222.0000.000
CI/10/10	11/1/01/02	0.000			

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TOTALS	13, 180, 00	•	17.829.600.00	31,009,600,00	31.009.600.00
ALC INT				00.	00.
NET			17.829.600.00	31,009,600,00	31,009,600,00
AUCDAGE 1		010 TI			
NUCHANCE EI		10.110			
BUND YEARS	-	222,870,000			
EMPRATION (• 10%") I	e. 203			
AVERAGE CO	UFUNI	8.000			

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			E	XPENSES		03/30/83
DEA	LNAME: WHEWATI	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC II REFUNDING	PROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	3±18 PH TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS				10.0	131300
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v	*********		10.0	131300
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENS	ΈV				197700
4)						Û
5)	·		******	*********		0
6)						Û.
7)						Û
8)						Ú.
- 91						0
101						0
11)			*****		**	0
12)						Û
13)						Û
			********	**********	**********	新教室医学校学生学会会
	TOTALS	3	0	0	461300	461300

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

\$020150

DEALNAME: WHICHATI

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4937 307 693 34 194 - **FM**

			FUND EAR	NTNUS			
DATES	CONSTRUCTION DRANDOWN	CONSTRUCTION @ 7.000%	RESERVE 8.000%	LAP.INT. 9 .000%	ACCRUED INT @ 7.000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL
01/01/90	6.778.000-		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	0	. 0	2.715.604	
07/01/90	0	95.046	49,880	Ó.	Ů	2.859.531	ů.
01701791	1.604.000-	100+084	48,880	Ŭ	0	1,404,494	0
07/01/91	0	49,157	48,880	Û	Ú	1,502,531	Ó
01701792	1.604.000-	52,589	48,880	0	Ú	Û	Ŭ
TOTALS	11.986.000-	296.876	195,520	0	Ú		

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CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 11.493.604.38

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

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1 6	E ND
SCHEIM	ESERVE
RVICE	B 0661
16.61	SERIES

7/01/20 7/01/20 7/01/22 7/01/22 7/01/22 7/01/25 7/01/25 7/01/26 7/01/26 7/01/00 7/01/26 7/01/00 7/01/0	46, 880, 60		ANNUGAL
7 01/20 7 00000000000000000000000000000000000	48,880,00		
7 01 / 2 7 01 / 0 7 1 / 0 7 01 / 0 7 0		48, 680, 00	48,880,00
7/01/92 7/01/93 7/01/95 7/01/96 7/01/96 7/01/99 7/01/99 7/01/99 7/01/99 7/01/00 7/00 7	10 000 00	(H) (BAU, 14)	
7 (01/93 7 (01/93 7 (01/93 7 (01/93 7 (01/93 7 (01/94 7 (01/94))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))	46. BB0 . 00	48. A80. (M)	
7/01/93 7/01/93 7/01/95 7/01/96 7/01/96 7/01/99 7/01/99 7/01/98 7/01/00 7/00 7	48,860,00	46, 850, (M)	97,760,00
7/01/93 7/01/95 7/01/96 7/01/96 7/01/96 7/01/98 7/01/98 7/01/98 7/01/00 7/01/00 7/01/00 7/01/08	48,860.00	48.880.00	00.
/01/94 /01/95 /01/95 /01/96 /01/99 /01/99 /01/99 /01/00 /00/00 /00/00 /00/00 /00/00 /00/00 /0	46,880,00	46, 880, (H)	97,760.00
<pre>//1/*4 //01/*5 //01/*95 //01/*96 //01/*96 //01/*96 //01/*96 //01/*96 //01//01 //01//02 //01//03 //01//03 //01//03 //01//03 //01//03 //01//03 //01//03 //01//05 //01//06 /</pre>	48,880,00	48, 680, (N)	8.
/ (1 / 95 / (0 / 95 / (0 / 96 / (0 / 00 / (0 / 00) / (0 / 00 / (0 / 00) / (0 / 0)	46,660,00	48,880.00	97.760.0N
/01/95 /01/96 /01/98 /01/98 /01/98 /01/98 /01/00 /01/00 /01/03 /0	48,880,00	48, 330, 00	<u>(h)</u> .
/01/95 /01/96 /01/96 /01/98 /01/96 /01/00 /01/01 /01/02 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/07 /01/08 /01/07 /01/08 /01/07 /01/08 /01/01 /01/08 /01/01 /01/08 /01/01 /01/08	48, 880, (4)	48,880.00	97.760.00
/01/95 /01/98 /01/98 /01/98 /01/00 /01/00 /01/00 /01/05 /01/05 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/07 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/07 /01/06 /01/06 /01/07 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/07 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/06 /01/07 /01/06	48, 880, 00	48.880.00	8.
/01/99 /01/98 /01/98 /01/98 /01/01 /01/02 /01/03 /01/03 /01/06 /01/06 /01/08 /01/09 /01/09 /01/09 /01/10 /01/08 /01/10 /01/08	48,880,00	48,860,00	97.760.(N)
/ 01 / 99 / 01 / 98 / 01 / 98 / 01 / 98 / 01 / 08 / 01 / 03 / 01 / 03 / 01 / 03 / 01 / 09 / 01 / 00 / 01 /	48,880,00	48, 880, 00	(H).
20178 20178 20178 20178 20178 20170	48.880.00	48,880,000	97.760.00
20178 20178 20178 201702 201702 201703 201709 201709 201709 201709 201709 201709 201710 201709 201710 201700 201710000000000	48, 860, 00	48,880.00	8.
20178 20178 20178 20170 20	48,880,00	48,860.00	97,760,00
21/28 21/28	48,880,00	48,880.00	8
20100 201000 20100 20100 20100 20100 20100 20100 20100 20100 2	48,880.00	48,680,00	97,760.00
21/80 21/20 21/20 21/20 21/20 21/20 21/20 21/20 21/10	48,880,00	48,680.00	00.
201701 201702 201703 201703 201703 201703 201703 201710 20170000000000	48,880,00	48, 880, 00	97,760.00
701/01 701/02 701/03 701/03 701/05 701/07 701/09 701/10 701/10 701/10 701/10 701/10 701/10 701/10 701/10	48,880,00	48, 880, M	
201/02 201/02 201/03 201/04 201/05 201/06 201/09 201/10 20	48,880,00	48, 860, 00	97,760,00
201/02 201/03 201/03 201/04 201/06 201/09 201/09 201/10 20	46, 880, 00	48, 880, 00	00 . 00
01/03 01/03 01/04 01/05 01/04 01/06 01/10 00 00000000			
01/01 01/02 01/02 01/02 01/02 01/02 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/02 0	40.480.00	48-860 (N)	01, 7AD (M
01/10 01/02 01/02 01/02 01/02 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/02 0	48,880,00	48,880.(*)	00
20/10/ 20/10/	48,880,00	48,880,00	97, 760. (M
20/10/ 20/10/	48,880,00	48.880.00	8.
01/06 01/06 01/07 01/08 01/08 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10 01/10	48,880,00	48,880.00	97, 760. (M
/01/06 /01/07 /01/08 /01/08 /01/09 /01/10 /01/10 /01/10 /01/10 /01/10	48, 890, 00	48,880.00	3.
/01/07 /01/09 /01/09 /01/09 /01/10 /01/10 /01/10 /01/10 /01/10 /01/10	46,880.00	48.680.00	97.760.00
70/10/ 10/08 10/09 10/10 10/10 11/10 11/10 11/10 11/10 11/10 11/10 11/10 11/10	48.880.00	48, 880, 00	00.
80/10/ 80/10/ 91/10/ 11/10/ 11/10/ 11/10/	48,860,00	46, 880, 00	97.760.00
01/00 01/00 01/10 0	48, 880. (M	48,880,00	
60/10/ 60/10/ 01/10/ 11/10/ 11/10/	18, 880. (M	18, 880. 00	10.00/ 1/V
701/09 01/10 01/10/ 11/10/ 11/10/ 11/10/			
01/10/ 01/10/ 11/10/ 11/10/	46, 660, 00	00,088,84	97.760.00
	00 1000 101 90 000 000		(H) 072 20
	48.680.04)	46.880.00	
	48,860,00	48.680.00	00.092.76
	48,860,00	48, 880, 00	00
/01/12	48, 580, 00	46,880,00	97,760.00
61/10/	48,880,00	48,880.00	00.
7/01/13	48,880.(H)	46,860.(40	97.74JJ.(H)
1/01/14	46, 880, 00	48, 680, (4)	(H).
7/01/14	48' BB0' (H)	48.840.00	V/ / ////

037 307303

TOTALS AUC INT	1,222,000	2,444,000,00 ,00	3,666,000,00 ,00	3,666,000,00
NET		2.444.000.00	3,666,000,00	3,666,000,00
AVERAGE LIFE DUND YEARSI DUND LONG	3Ŭ,	25.000 550.000		

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 DURATION (@ 10%"):
 9.913

 AVERAGE COUFON:
 8.000

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ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

GLALNAME : WHE WAT?	08730788
	3429 FM

SOURCES OF FUNDSE

PUND ISSUE PROCEEDS	35,670,000.00
FUNL EARNINGS	
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS	1,298,718.48
EARNINGS ON RESERVE FUNDS	264,160.00
TUTAL SOURCES	37,232,878,43

USES OF FUNDSE

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	32,680,000,00
RESERVE FUND	3,302.000.00
EXPENSES	
UTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	1,248,450.00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	21420,48
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	37,232,878,48

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7,000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8,000 %

IN AT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SHP. SER 93

FIEALNAME: HIR HAT2 HEALTYPE: NEW

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ISSUE DATE: 01/01/93 DELIVERY DATE: 01/01/93

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LATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/93			1.426.100.00	1.426.800.00	1.425.800.00
01/01/94	465.000	8.000	1.426.800.00	1.8~1.800.00	.00
07/01/94		••••	1.405.200.00	1,408,200,00	3,300,000,00
01/01/95	505.000	8,000	1.408.200.00	1,913,200,00	.00
07/01/95			1,388,000,00	1,388,000,00	3.301.200.00
01/01/96	545.000	8.000	1,386,000,00	1,933,000,00	.00
07/01/96	••••••		1,366,200,00	1, 366, 200, 00	3,299,200.00
01/01/97	590,000	8,000	1, 366, 200, 00	1,956,200,00	. 1.0.1
07/01/97			1.342.600.00	1, 342, 600, 00	3,298,800,00
01/01/98	640,000	8.000	1.342.600.00	1,982,600,00	. (H)
07/01/98			1.317,000.00	1.317.000.00	3,299,600.00
01/01/99	695,000	8.000	1.317.000.00	2.012.000.00	, (R)
07/01/99			1.269,200.00	1.289.200.00	3.301.200.00
01/01/00	750,000	8.000	1.289.200.00	2,039,200.00	.00
07/01/00			1.259.200.00	1,259,200.00	3,298,400,00
01701701	815,000	8,000	1.259.200.00	2,074,200.00	.00
07/01/01			1.226.600.00	1,226,600.00	3,300,800.00
01/01/02	880.000	8.000	1,226,600.00	2.106.600.00	.00
07/01/02			1,191,400,00	1,191,400.00	3.298.000.00
01/01/03	955.000	8.000	1,191,400.00	2,146,400.00	. 4 90)
07/01/03			1,153,200.00	1.153.200.00	3,299,600.00
01/01/04	1.035.000	8,000	1,153,200,00	2.188.200.00	.00
07/01/04	••••••		1.111.800.00	1.111.800.00	3,300,000,00
01/01/05	1.120.000	8.000	1.111.800.00	2,231,800.00	. (41
07701705	•••••••		1.067.000.00	1,067,000,00	3,298,800.00
01701706	1.215.000	8.000	1.067.000.00	2,282,000.00	.00
07701706			1.018.400.00	1.018,400.00	3,300,400,00
01/01/07	1.315.000	8.000	1.018.400.00	2,333,400,00	.00
07/01/07			965,800.00	965.800.00	3,299,200.00
01701708	1.425.000	6,000	965,800,00	2.390.800.00	. 00
07/01/08			908.800.00	908.84H).(H)	3,299,600.00
07701709	1.545.000	8,000	908.800.00	2,453,800,00	.00
01/01/09			847.000.00	847.000.00	3,300,800,00
61/01/02	1.670.000	8.000	847,000,00	2.517.000.00	. (40
01/01/10		•••••	780.200.00	780,200,00	3,297,200,00
07701710	1.810.000	8.000	780,200,00	2.590.200.00	.00
01/01/11	110101000		707,800,00	707,800,00	3.298.000.00
07701711	1.960.000	8.000	707.800.00	2.667.800.00	.00
01/01/12			629.400.00	629,400.00	3, 297, 200, 00
07701716	2.125.000	8,000	7 7.400.00	2,754,400.00	.00
01/01/13	211201000	•••••	544.400.00	544,400.00	3.298.800.00
01/01/13	2.305.000	8,000	544.400.00	2.849.400.00	, (H)
01/01/14	213001000		452,200.00	452.200.00	3,301,600,00
01/01/15	2.495.000	8.000	452,200.00	2.947,200.00	, CH'A
01/01/15			352.400.00	352.400.00	3,299,600,00
61/01/18	2,705,000	8.000	352,400.00	3,057,400,00	. ()()
07/01/16		-	244.200.00	244,200,00	3,301,600,00
01/01/19	2.930.000	8,000	244,200.00	3,174,200,00	. 6363
			127,000,00	127,000,00	3, 301, 200, 00
61/01/18	3,175,000	8,000	127,000,00	3,302,000,00	3,302,000,00

35,670,000	LIFE: ARS: 603.1 N (@ 102"): COUFON:			
	16, 908 20, 000 20, 000 8, 201 8, 200			: :
00°002'545'54	16 , 249, 600, 00			
63,919,600,00 00,00	00,000,00	-		
83, 919, 600, (A)	63, 919, 600, 00		·	

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08730738 3129 FM

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			E	XPENSES	5	08/30/89
LIE A	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC 11 REFUNDING	IFROVEMENT ESCRON	NOT RECOVERABLE	JEZY PH TOTAL AMOUNT
D	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V				356700
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v				356700
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENS	εv			15.0	535050
4)						0
5)						Ű
6.)						0
7)						0
80			*********			0
9)				n		Û
10)						0
11)						Ú
12)						Û
13)						0
						
	TOTALS		0	0	1246450	1248450

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S

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F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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DEALNAME: HHCHAT2

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08730266 3129 PM

			FUND EAR	INTNOS			
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP. INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DRAHDOWN	🔮 7.000%	e 8.000%	e .0002	7.0002	FUND BAL	FUNE EME
01/01/93	12,948,000-	0	Ŭ	Ú.	Ú.	18,169,122	Ú.
07/01/93	Û	635,919	132,080	Ú.	Ú	18,937,121	0
01701794	19,732,000-	662.799	132.080	0	Û	0	U.
TOTALS	32,680,000-	1.298.718	264,160	0	Û		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 31,117,121.52

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

HERT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 1990 RESERVE FUND

I E AL	NAME :	HE HAT2
	TVEL	DLCIII

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LEALTYPE: F	RESUL	ISSUE DATE:	01701793 DELIVER	NY DATE: 01/01/93	3130 PM
[HATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TUTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/93			132,080,00	132,080.00	132,080,00
01/01/94			132,080.00	132,080.00	. (n)
07/01/94			132,080.00	132,080,00	264,160,00
01/01/95			132,080,00	132,080.00	. 00
07701795			132,080.00	132,080,00	264,160.00
01701796			132,080.00	132,080,00	.00
07701796			132,080,00	132,080,00	264,160.00
01/01/97			132,080,00	132,080,00	.00
07/01/97			132,080.00	132,080,00	264,160,00
01701793			132,080,00	132,080,00	.00
07/01/98			132.080.00	132,080.00	264,160.00
01/01/99			132,080,00	132.080.00	.00
07/01/99			132,080,00	132.080.00	264,160.00
01/01/00			132,080.00	132,080.00	. 00
07/01/00			132.080.00	132,080,00	264,160.00
01/01/01			132,080.00	132,080,00	.00
07/01/01			132.080.00	132.080.00	264,160.00
01/01/02			132,080.00	132.080.00	. (4)
07/01/02			132,080.00	132.080.00	264,160,00
01/01/02			132,080.00	132.080.00	. 00
07/01/03			132.060.00	132.080.00	264.160.00
107701705			132.080.00	132.080.00	. 00
01/01/04			132.080.00	132.080.00	264.160.00
07701704	•		132.080.00	132.080.00	.00
01701705			132,080,00	132.080.00	264-160.00
0770170J			132.060.00	132.080.00	.00
01/01/06			132.080.00	132.080.00	244.140.00
07701706			132,080,00	132,080,00	204,100100
01/01/0/			132.080.00	132,080,00	264.160.00
07/01/07			132.000.00	132.080.00	2041100100
01/01/08			132,090,00	132,080,00	244.140 (11)
07/01/08			132,000,00	132.090.00	2041100.00
01/01/08			132,000,00	132 000.00	244.140.00
07/01/09			132,000.00	132,000.00	2041100.00
01/01/10				132.000.00	24.4 44.6 644
07/01/10			132,080.00	132,000.00	2041160.00
01701711			132,080,09	132,000,00	244 146 00
07/01/11			132+080-00	132,000,00	2641160.00
01/01/12			132.080.00	132,080,00	
07/01/12			132,080.00	132.080.00	264.160.00
01/01/13			132,080.00	132,080,00	.00
07/01/13			132,080.00	132.080.00	264.160.00
01/01/14			132,080.00	132,080.00	(H).
07/01/14			132,080,00	132.080.00	264,160,00
01701715			132,080,00	132,080.00	_ (M)
07/01/15			132,080,00	132.080.00	2041100.00
01/01/16			132,080,00	132,080,00	
07/01/16	•		132,080,00	132.080.00	264+160+00
01/01/17			132,080.00	132,080,00	
67/01/17			132,080,00	132,080,00	2041100.00
01701718	3,302,000	8,000	132,080,00	3,434,080,00	314341030.00

00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00,	0,00 9,506,000,00 9,906,000,00						·
6,604,000		25,000 82,550,000 9,913 8,000		·			
TOTALS 3, 302, 000	NET -	AVERAGE LIFES BOND VEARSS DURATION (@ 102")3 AVERADE COUPONS	 - -				

ESTIMATED SURRES AND USES OF FUNDS

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DEALNAME #	инсиатэ	08730783 3 #47_PM
SCHREES UP	FUNDS	

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	56.235.000.00
TOTAL SOURCES	56,235,000,00

USES OF FUNDSI

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GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	49,058,000.00
RESERVE FUND	5,204,400,00
EXPENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	1,968,225.00
RÜUNDING ANOUNT	4,375.00
TUTAL USES OF FUNDS	56,235,000.00

NOTES

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 %

DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARKIS CO. SRFC. HAT. SUP. SER 90

DEFALTYPE1 NEW ISSUE DATE: 01/01/95 DELIVERY DATE: 01/01/95 3148 PH 07/01/95 2.249.400.00 2.249.400.00 2.249.400.00 2.249.400.00 2.249.400.00 0 00 07/01/95 2.249.400.00 2.249.400.00 2.249.400.00 2.249.400.00 0 00 07/01/96 8.000 2.220.000.00 2.220.000.00 5.204.400.00 0 00 07/01/97 75.000 6.000 2.188.200.00 3.148 PM 0 0 00 0 00 0 0 0 0 0 0 00 0 <th>I HEALNAME = 1</th> <th>ннснат3</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	I HEALNAME = 1	ннснат3				
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	DEALTYPE	NEW	ISSUE DATE	a 01/01/95 DELIVER	RY DATE: 01/01/95	3148 PM
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	LATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	 07/01/95	*		2.249.400.00	2.249.400.00	2.249.400.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/96	795.000	8 000	2.249.400.00	2,984,400,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/96		0,000	2,220,000,00	2,220,000,00	5.204.400.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/97	795.000	6.000	2.220.000.00	3.015.000.00	. (ii)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/97			2,186,200.00	2,188,200,00	5,203,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/98	860,000	8.000	2,188,200.00	3,048,200,00	. (10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/98			2,153,800,00	2,153,800.00	5,202,000,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/99	930.000	8,000	2,153,800.00	3.083.800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/99			2,116,600,00	2.116.600.00	5,200,400.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01701700	1.010.000	8.000	2.116.600.00	3,126.600.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/00			2.076.200.00	2.076.200.00	5,202,800.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/01	1.095.000	8.000	2.076.200.00	3,171,200,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/01			2.032.400.00	2,032,400.00	5,203,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/02	1,185,000	0.000	2.032,400.00	3,217,400,00	. 00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/02			1,985,000.00	1,985,000,00	5,202,400.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01701703	1.285.000	8.000	1,985,000.00	3,270,000,00	. (R)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/03			1.933.600.00	1,933,600.00	5,203,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/04	1,390,000	8.000	1,933,600.00	3, 323, 600, 00	. (40
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/04			1.878.000.00	1,878,000.00	5,201,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701705	1.505.000	8.000	1.878.000.00	3,383,000,00	, (H)
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/05			1,917,900,00	1.817.800.00	5,200,800,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701706	1.630.000	8.000	1.817,600.00	3,447,800,00	, ÓŬ
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07701706			1.752.600.00	1.752.600.00	5,200,400.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/07	1,765,000	8.000	1.752.600.00	3,517,600,00	. (4)
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	ú7/ú1/ú7			1.682.000.00	1.682.000.00	5,199,600.00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/08	1.915.000	8.000	1.682.000.00	3,597,000,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/08			1.605,400.00	1.605.400.00	5,202,400.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ú1/01/0 9	2,075,000	8.000	1,605,400.00	3.680.400.00	200
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/09			1,522,400.00	1,522,400.00	5,202,800.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/10	2,245,000	8.000	1,522,400.00	3,767,400.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/10			1,432,600.00	1,432,600,00	5,200,000,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/11	2,435,000	8.000	1,432.600.00	3,867,600.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/11		.	1,335,200.00	1,335,200.00	5,202,800.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	ů1/ú1/12	2,635,000	8.000	1,335,200.00	3,970,200.00	_(H)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/12			1.229.800.00	1.229.800.00	5,200,000,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701713	2,855,000	8.000	1,229,800,00	4.084.800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/13	-	B 000		1,115,600.00	5,200,400,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/14	3,095,000	8.000	001 000 00	4,210,600.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/14		0.000	991,800.00	991.800.00	5,202,400,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/15	3,355,000	8.000	957 400.00	957 400 00	. (0) E 204 400 (m)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/15	S (30) (00)	0.000	857.600.00	4. 497. 400 00	5,204,400,00 AA
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/16	310301000	0.000	712.400.00	712.400.00	5.200.000 m
01/01/17 01/01/17 01/01/17 01/01/17 01/01/17 01/01/17 01/01/17 01/01/18 01/01/18 01/01/18 01/01/18 01/01/18 000 055,000,00 5,202,400,00 00 00 01/01/18 000 00 <td>07/01/16</td> <td>3.935. (MM)</td> <td>8.000</td> <td>712,400,00</td> <td>4.647.400.00</td> <td>. (#4</td>	07/01/16	3.935. (MM)	8.000	712,400,00	4.647.400.00	. (#4
07/01/1/18 4,260,000 8,000 555,000,00 4,615,000,00 ,00 07/01/18 4,615,000 8,000 384,600,00 384,600,00 5,159,600,00 07/01/18 4,615,000 8,000 384,600,00 4,999,600,00 5,159,600,00	01/01/17	317331000	4.404	555,000,00	555,000,00	5,202,400.00
07/01/16 07/01/16 01/01/15 4,615,000 8,000 384,600.00 4,999,600,00 .00	07701717 -	4.260.000	8.009	555,000,00	4,815,000.00	.00
01/01/19 4,615,000 8,000 384,600.00 4,999,600,00 .00	01/01/10	112001000		384,600.00	384,600,00	5,199,600,00
	01/01/19	4.615.000	6.000	384,600,00	4,999,600.00	, (H)
07/01/19 200+000-00 200+000-00 5+199+600.00	07/01/19			200,000,00	200.000.00	5,199,600,00
01/01/20 5,000,000 8,000 200,000,00 5,200,000,00 5,200,000,00	01/01/20	5,000,000	8.000	200.000.00	5,200,000,00	5,200,000,00

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TUTALS ALC INT	56.235.000	76,056,000,00	132,291,000.00 .00
NET		76,056,000,00	132,291,000,00
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AVERAGE LIFE: 16,906 BOMO YEAKS: 950,700,000 DARATION (@ 102*): 950,700,000 AVERAGE CONFON: 9,000

132,291,000.00 132,291,000.00 132,291,000,00 132,291,000,00 .

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08/30/88 3:48 PH

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DEA	LNAME: HHCHAT3		E	XPENSE	5	09730788 3+48 PM
	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC I REFUNDING	MPROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMOUNT
D	FINANCIAL ADVIS	DR V				562350
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v				562350
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENSE	ΕŮ			15.0	843525
4)						Û
5)						Ŭ
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7)						õ
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131						U
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	TOTALS		0	0	1968225	1968225

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S

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F-EXP IS A FIXED ANOUNT C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

5020150

DEALNAME: WHEWATS

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09730733 3148 FM

		*	FIND EAR	IN INGS			
LATES	CONSTRUCTION DRANDOWN	CONSTRUCTION @ 7,0002	RESERVE B. (KO)Z	CAP.INT. € .000%	ACCRUED INT @ 7.0002	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL
+							
01701795	4910581000~	Û	0	0	0	Û	0
		~~~~~~~			<b>Char any Say Say Say Say Say Say Say</b>		
TOTALS	49,058,000-	Ú	Ú	Û	Û		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 49.058.000.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

DEDT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 1990 RESERVE FUND

.00 416,352.00 .00 416,352.00 416.352.00 .00 416.352.00 .00 416.352.00 3. 8. 3 3. 3. 8 3 5. 8 3 ŝ 206.176.00 3 416.352.00 8. 416.352.00 8 116.352.00 416,352.00 416.352.00 3 416.352.00 416.352.00 416.352.00 116.352:00 416.352.00 416.352.00 .00 416.352.00 8 416.352.(0) 416.352.00 416.352.00 ŝ 416.352.00 416.352.00 416.352.00 416.352.00 5.412.576.00 3149 PM ANNAL į 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 2081 176.00 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07/01/18 07/01/95 86/10/20 00/10/10 60/10/60 01/01/08 01/01/00 01/01/03 01/01/00 01/01/10 01/01/12 07/01/12 07/01/13 01/01/10 07/01/14 01/01/15 07/01/15 07/01/16 01/01/12 07/01/17 61/10/10 95/10/10 01/01/05 07/01/02 01/01/03 40/10/10 07/01/04 01/01/02 07/01/05 01/01/08 40/10/CÛ 01/01/02 **10/10/1**0 10/10/20 EATE 1

80700760

TOTALS ACC INT	5,204,400	10,408,800.00 .00	15,613,200.00 .00	15,613,200.00 .00
NET		10,408,800.00	15,613,200,00	15,613,200.00
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AVERAGE LIFE:	25.000		
BOND VEARS	130,110,000		
DURATION (@ 10%");	9.913		
AVERAGE COUPONE	8.000		

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### ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEALNAME: WHOWAT4	09/19/88 8142 AM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	
ROND ISSUE PROCEEDS	8,390,000.00
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS EARNINGS ON RESERVE FUNDS	475,303.85 62,208,00
TOTAL SOURCES	8,927,511.85

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### USES OF FUNDSE

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GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	7,852,000,00
RESERVE FUND	777.600.00
EXPENSES	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	293,650,00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	4,261,05
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TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	8,927,511,85

NOTESI

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EARNINGS RATE	ON THE	CONSTRUC	TION FUND	IS ESTIMATED	AT 7.000 %
EARNINGS RATE	ON THE	RESERVE	FUND IS E	STIMATED AT	8,000 %

# DERT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT, SUP. SER 98

774.800.00

774,800.00

IFALNAME:	WHE WAT4				
DEALTYPE	NEW	ISSUE DATE:	01701798 DELIVERY	DATE: 01/01/98	8143 AN
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/99			335,600,00	335,600,00	335,600,00
01/01/99	110.000	8.000	335,600,00	445,600,00	.00
07/01/99	11/// (0///	0.000	331,200,00	331,200,00	776,800,00
01701700	120.000	8,000	331,200,00	451,290,00	.00
07701700	1201000		326.400.00	326,400,00	777,600.00
01/01/01	130,000	8.000	326,400,00	456,400.00	.00
07/01/01			321,200.00	321,200.00	777.600.00
01/01/02	140,000	8,000	321.200.00	461.200.00	.00
07/01/02			315,600.00	315,600.00	776.800.00
01701703	150,000	8.000	315,600.00	465+600.00	• 00
07/01/03			309,600.00	309,600,00	775,200,00
01/01/04	165,000	8,000	309,600.00	474,600,00	.00
07/01/04			303,000.00	303,000,00	777,600.00
01/01/05	175,000	8.000	303,000.00	478,000.00	.00
07/01/05	• - ·		296,000.00	296.000.00	774,000,00
01701706	190,000	8.000	296,000.00	486,000,00	.00
07701706			208,400,00	288,400,00	774,400.00
01/01/07	205,000	8,000	288,400.00	493,400,00	.00
07/01/07			280,200.00	280,200.00	773.600.00
01701708	225,000	8.000	280,200.00	505,200.00	.00
07/01/08			271,200.00	271,200.00	776,400,00
01/01/09	245,000	8.000	271,200.00	516,200.00	.00
07/01/09			261,400.00	261,400.00	777,600.00
01701710	265,000	8,000	261,400,00	526,400.00	.00
07/01/10			250,800,00	250,800.00	777,200.00
01701711	285,000	8.000	250.800.00	535,800.00	.00
07701711			239,400,00	239,400.00	775,200,00
01/01/12	310,000	8.000	239,400.00	549,400,00	.00
07701712			227.000.00	227,000,00	776,400.00
01701713	335,000	8,000	227,000.00	562,000,00	,00
07/01/13			213,600,00	213,600,00	775,600,00
01701714	365,000	8.000	213,600.00	578,600.00	.00
07/01/14			199,000.00	199,000.00	777,600.00
01/01/15	375,000	8,000	199,000.00	594,000,00	.00
07701715			183,200.00	183,200,00	777.200.09
01701716	425,000	8.000	183,200.00	608,200.00	.00
07/01/16			166,200.00	166,200.00	774,400,00
01/01/17	460,000	8,000	166,200.00	626,200.00	.(4)
07/01/17			147,900.00	147,800.00	774.000.00
01701718	500,000	8.000	147,800.00	647.800.00	.00
07701718			127,800,00	127.800.00	775,600,00
01701719	540,000	8,000	127.800.00	667,800.00	774 000 00
07/01/19			106,200.00	100,200,00	
01701720	585,000	8.000	106,200,00	6717200,00	774 000 00
07/01/20			82,800,00	82+800+00 717 000 00	
01/01/21	635,000	8.000	82,800.00	57 400 00	775. 200. 00
07/01/21			57,400.00	747.400.00	
01701722	690,000	8.000	37,499,09	29,800.00	777,200,00
117/01/222			5××000*00	2 7 F C	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

29,800.00

29,800.00

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745,000

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01/01/23

09/19/83 • •

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19,731,600,00	19.731.600.00
19,731,600.00	19.731,600.00
11,341,600,00	11, 341, 600, 00
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8.19
8,00

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## 09/19/88 8:45 AM

ne Al			6	EXPENSES	5	09/19/88 8145 AM
<b>C</b> - <b>C</b> + W	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC	IHPROVEHENT	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMOUNT
D	FINANCIAL ADVI	SUR V			10.0	83900
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	83900
3)	ISSUANCE EXPEN	SE V			15.0	125850
4)						0
5)						0
61						0
7)						0
8)						0
9)						0
10)						0
11)						0
12)						0
13)						0
	TOTAL	S	•	) ()	293650	293650

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S

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F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT. .

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### DEALNAME: WHOWATA

### 09/19/88 8:45 AM

FUND EARNINGS								
DATES	CONSTRUCTION DRANDOWN	CONSTRUCTION @ 7.000%	RESERVE 8.000%	CAP.INT. 8 .000%	ACCRUED INT @ 7.000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL	
01701798	656,500-	0	0	0	0	6.657.988	0	
07701798	0	233,030	31,104	0	0	6,922,122	0	
01/01/99	7,195,500-	242+274	31,104	0	0	0	0	
TOTALS	7.852.000-	475,304	62,208	0	0			

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### CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 7,314,488.15

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

### DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 1998 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME: WHO	WAT4	ISSUE DATE	1 01/01/98 DELIVER	( DATE: 01/01/99	8148 AM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/98	******		31.104.00	31,104.00	31,104.00
01/01/99			31,104.00	31,104.00	.00
07/01/99			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01/01/00			31,104.00	31,104.00	.00
07701700			31,104,00	31,104,00	62,209.00
01701701			31,104.00	31,104.00	.00
07/01/01			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01/01/02			31,104.00	31,104,00	•00
07701702			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01701703			31.104.00	31,104.00	.00
07/01/03			31, 104, 00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01701704			31,104.00	31,104.00	.00
07/01/04			31.104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01701705			31,104.00	31,104.00	.00
07/01/05			31.104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01701705			31,104.00	31,104.00	.00
07/01/06			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01/01/07			31,104,00	31,104.00	.00
07/01/07			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01701709			31,104.00	31,104,00	.00
07701708			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01/01/09			31,104.00	31,104,09	.00
07701709			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01701710			31,104.00	31,104,00	•00
07/01/10			31,104,00	31,104.00	62,208,00
01701711			31,104.00	31,104.00	.00
07701711			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01/01/12			31,104.00	31,104,00	.00
07/01/12			31,104.00	31.104.00	62,208.00
01/01/13			31,104,00	31,104,00	.00
07/01/13			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,209,00
01/01/14			31,104.00	31,104.00	.00
07/01/14			31,104.00	31,104,00	62,208.00
01/01/15			31,104,00	31,104,00	.00
07/01/15			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,200,00
01701716			31,104.00	31,104.00	42 200 00
07/01/16			31,104.00	31,104.00	62,208.00
01/01/17			31,104,00	31,104.00	00, 000 CV
07/01/17			31,104.00	31,104.00	02,200,00
01701718			31,104.00	31,104,00	40.000
07/01/18			31,104.00	31,104,00	021200.00 AA
01/01/19			31,104.00	31.104.00	00.
07/01/19			31.104.00	31,104.00	021200.00 AA
01/01/20			31,104,00	31.104.00	42.209 M
07/01/20			31,104,00	31.104.00	04,200.00
01/01/21			31,104.00	21.104.00	A2, 208, 00
07/01/21			31,104,00	31,104,00	021200,00
01/01/22			31,104,00	31, 104 00	62.208.00
07/01/22	777 44-	9,000	31.104.00	808.704.00	808.704.00
111 //11 / 73	777.090	12.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.			

31,104.00

777,600

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09/19/83

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TOTALS	777,600	1,555,200,00	2,332,800.00	2,332,800.00	
ACC INT		.00	.00	.00	
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NET		1,555,200.00	2,332,800.00	2,332,800.00	· .

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AVERAGE LIFE:	25.000	
DOND YEARSI	19,440.000	
DURATION (@ 10%");	9.913	
AVERAGE COUPON:	8.000	

## ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

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LEALNAME : WHO WATS	09/19/88 9134 AM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	28,735,000.00
TOTAL SOURCES	28,735,000,00

### USES OF FUNDST

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	25,066,000.00
RESERVE FUND	2,660,400.00
EXPENSES	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	1,005,725.00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	2.875.00
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	28,735,000.00

### NOTESE

EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 %

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# DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER/00

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FIEAL NAME : FIEAL TYPE :	NHCHATS NEW	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/00 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/00	9134 AM
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/00			1 149 400 00	1 149 400 00	1 149 400 00
01/01/00	275.000	A 000	1.149.400.00	1.524.400.00	00
07/01/01	37,31000	0.007	1.134.400.00	1.134.400.00	2.459.800.00
01/01/02	405.000	R. 000	1,134,400.00	1.539.400.00	- 00
07/01/02	1031000	0.000	1.118.200.00	1,118,200,00	2.657.600.00
01/01/03	435.000	B. 000	1.118.200.00	1,553,200,00	.00
07/01/03			1,100,800.00	1,100,800.00	2,654,000.00
01/01/04	475,000	8.000	1,100,800.00	1.575.800.00	.00
07/01/04			1.081.800.00	1,081,800.00	2,657,600.00
01/01/05	515,000	8.000	1.081.800.00	1.596.800.00	.00
07/01/05			1.061.200.00	1.061.200.00	2,658,000.00
01701706	560,000	8.000	1,061,200.00	1,621,200.00	.00
07701706	•		1,038,800.00	1,038,800.00	2,660,000.00
01/01/07	605,000	8.000	1,038,800,00	1,643,800.00	.00
07/01/07			1.014.600.00	1.014.600.00	2,658,400.00
01/01/08	655,000	8.000	1,014,600,00	1,669,600.00	.00
07/01/03		·	988,400.00	988,400.00	2,658,000.00
01/01/09	710,000	8.000	989,400.00	1,698,400.00	.00
07/01/09			960,000.00	960,000,00	2,658,400.00
01/01/10	770,000	8.000	950.000.00	1,730,000,00	
07701710	005 000	0.000	929,200.00	929,200.00	2,639,200.00
01701713	8321000	8.000	929,200.00	1,784,200.00	2 440 000 00
07701711	900.000	8 000	895,800,00	1.795.900.00	- 00
07/01/12	7001000	0.000	859,800.00	859,800,00	2.655.600.00
01/01/13	980.000	8,000	859,800,00	1,839,800,00	.00
07/01/13	,00,1000	01000	820,400.00	820,600.00	2,660,400,00
01/01/14	1.060.000	8,000	820.600.00	1,890,600,00	.00
07/01/14			778,200,00	778,200.00	2,658,800,00
01/01/15	1.150,000	8.000	778.200.00	1,928,200.00	.00
07/01/15			732,200.00	732,200.00	2,660,400.00
01/01/16	1.245.000	8.000	732,200.00	1,977,200.00	.00
07/01/16			682,400.00	682,400.00	2,659,600,00
01/01/17	1,345,000	8.000	682,400.00	2,027,400.00	.00
07/01/17			628,600.00	628,600.00	2,656,000.00
01701718	1,460,000	8.000	628,600.00	2,088,600.00	.00
07/01/19			570,200.00	570,200,00	2,658,000.00
01701719	1,580,000	8.000	570,200.00	2,150,200.00	.00.
07/01/19			507,000,00	507.000.00	2,857,200.00
01/01/20	1,715,000	8.000	507.000.00	2,222,000.00	.00
07/01/20		• • • • •	438,400.00	938,400.00	210601400.00
01/01/21	1,922,000	8.000	938,407,00	212731700.00	- <u> </u>
07701721	2.010.000	8 000	364, 200 00	2.374.200.00	.00
01/01/22	\$10101000	0.000	283,800.00	293,800.00	2,658,000,00
01/01/22	2,130,000	8.000	283,800,00	2,463,800,00	.00
01/01/23	2110-31000	0.000	196, 600, 00	196,600.00	2.660.400.00
01/01/23	2.360.000	8,000	196,600.00	2,556,600.00	, (H)
07/01/24	<b>2</b> • • • • • • • • • • • •		102.200.00	102,200,00	2,658,800.00
01/01/25	2,555,000	8.000	102,200.00	2.657.200.00	2,657,200.00

09/19/88

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AVERAGE LIFE:	16.910
BOND YEARS:	485,920.000
DURATION (@ 102");	9.202
AVERAGE COUPON!	8.000

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			E	XPENSES	5	09/19/88
LIE M	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIAĐLE	TIC II REFUNDING	MFROVEMENT Escrow	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V				287350
- 2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	287350
3)	<b>ISSUANCE EXPENS</b>	ΕV			15.0	431025
4)						0
-5)						0
- 6)						0
7)				****		0
-8)						0
-9)						0
10)						0
11)						· 0
12)						0
13)						0
					********	
	TOTALS		0	0	1005725	1005725

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S

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F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

\$020150

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DEALNAME: WHICHATS

09/19/88 9:35 AM

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			FUND EAR	IN INOS			
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DRAWDOWN	€ 7.000X	€ 8.000X	e .000X	€ 7.000%	FUND BAL	FUND BAL
	~~						
01701700	25,066,000~	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	25,066,000-	0	0	0	0		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 25,066,000,00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

### DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2000 RESERVE FUND

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FIEAL NAME # EIEAL TYPE #	WHCWAT5 RESOL	ISSUE DATE	01/01/00 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/00	9136 AM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL.
07/01/00			106.416.00	106,416,00	106,416,00
01701701			106.416.00	106,416.00	.00
07/01/01			106,416.00	106,416.00	212,832.00
01/01/02			106,416.00	106.416.00	.00
07/01/02			106.416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
01/01/03			106.416.00	106,416.00	.00
07/01/03			106,416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
01/01/04			106,416.00	106.416.00	.00
07/01/04			106,416.00	106.416.00	212,832,00
01701705			106,416.00	106-416.00	.00
07/01/05			106,416.00	106+416.00	212,832,00
01701706			106.416.00	106+416.00	, 00
07/01/06			106.416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
01/01/07			106,416,00	106,416.00	.00
07701707			106.416.00	106,416.00	212,632.00
01701708			106,416,00	106.416.00	.00
07701708			106.416.00	106.416.00	212,032,00
01/01/09			106,416.00	106+416+00	.00
07/01/09			106,416.00	106,416.00	212,032.00
01/01/10			106.416.00	106.416.00	.00
07701710			106,416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
01701711			106,416.00	106,416.00	.00
07/01/11			106,416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
01/01/12			106.416.00	106.416.00	.00
07/01/12			106,416.00	106,416.00	212,832.00
01/01/13			106,416.00	106.416.00	.00
07/01/13			106,416.00	106,416.00	212,832.00
01/01/14			106.416.00	106.416.00	.00
07/01/14	•		106,416.00	106,416,00	212,832.00
01/01/15			106,416.00	106,416.00	.00
07/01/15			106.416.00	106,416.00	212,832.00
01/01/16			196.416.09	106,416.00	.09
07/01/16			106,416.00	106,416.00	212,032.00
01/01/1/					212 822 00
07701717			100,416.00	106.416.00	2121032.00
01/01/18			106,416.00	1061416.00	212 822 00
07701718			100,416,00	106-414-00	212,032.00
01/01/19			106,416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
07701719			106.416.00	106.416.00	.00
01701720			104.414.00	106.416.00	212,932 00
01701720			106.416.00	106.414.00	.00
01/01/21			106.416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
01/01/21			106.416.00	106.416.00	.00
01/01/22			106.416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
07701722			106.416.00	105,416,00	.00
01/01/23			106,416,00	106.416.00	212,832.00
01/01/23			106.416.00	106.416.00	.00
07/01/27			106,416.00	106.416.00	212,832.00
01/01/25	2,660,400	8.000	106,416.00	2,766,916.00	2,766,816.00

09/19/83

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7,981,200,00	7,981,200,00
7,981,200.00	7,981,200,00
5,320,800,00	5, 320, 800, 00
2,660,400	
TUTALS ALC INT	NET

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25,000 66,510,000	E16'6	8.000
AVERAGE LIFE: BOND YEARS!	DURATION (C 102"):	AVERAGE COUPON:

DEALNAME: WHOWATS	10/19/88
	3:31 PM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	2,540,000.00
FUND EARNINGS:	
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS	156,441.45
EARNINGS ON RESERVE FUNDS	33,016.00
	***********
TOTAL SOURCES	2,734,457.45

### USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	2,403,000,00 237,600,00
EXPENSES: OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES ROUNDING AMOUNT	88,900.00 4,957.45
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	2,734,457.45

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 %

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DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT, SUP. SERVOL

DEALNAME: WHOWATS DEALTYFE: NEW

DEALTYFE	NEW	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/01 DELIVERY	/ DATE: 01/01/01	3:34 PM
<b>DATE</b>	FRINCIFAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TÜTAL	ANNLIAL
 07701701			101, 600, 00	101,600.00	101,600.00
01/01/02	35,000	0.000	101,400.00	136,600.00	00.
07/01/02			100,200,00	100,200.00	236,800.00
01/01/03	35,000	8,000	100, 200, 00	135,200,00	00.000.000
07/01/03			98,800,00	73,800.00	00°000'627
01/01/04	40,000	3,000	98,800.00	133,800.00	00.000.000
07/01/04			97,200.00 07 200 20	00,002,1%	Z-36, UOU, UU 60
01/01/05	40,000	8.000	97,200,00 \$5,400,00	137,200,00	99. 222.800.00
0710770 01701707	A5 000	000 0	20100000000000000000000000000000000000	140.600.00	00.
01/01/06 02/01/07		· · · · ·	93.800.00	93.800.00	234,400.00
01701702	45,000	8,000	93,800.00	133, 800, 00	8
07/01/02			92,000,00	92,000,00	230,800.00
01/01/08	- 50,000	8,000	92,000,00	142,000.00	00.
07/01/08			90,000,00	90,000,00	232,000.00
01/01/02	60,000	8.000	90,000,00	150,000.00	00
07701709			87.600.00	67,600.00	237,600.00
01/01/10	60,000	8,000	87,600.00	147,600.00	00
01/10/20			35,200.00	85,200,00	232,800,00
01/01/11	70,000	8,000	85,200.00	155,200,00	8
07/01/11			82,400,00	82,400,00	237,600,00
01/01/12	75,000	8,000	82,400.00	157,400,00	<u>.</u>
07/01/12			79,400.00	79.400.00	236,800.00
01701713	80,000	8,000	79,400.00	159,400.00	00
07701/13			76.200.00	74,200.00	235,600.00
01/01/14	35,000	8,000	76,200,00	161,200.00	00.
07/01/14			72,800.00	72,800.00	234,000.00
01/01/15	95,000	8,000	72,800.00	167,800.00	00.
07701/15			69,000,00	69,000.00	236,800.00
01/01/16	100,000	8.000	69,000.00	169,000.00	00.
07/01/16			<b>45,000.00</b>	<b>65,000,00</b>	234,000.00
01/01/17	110,000	3.000	65,000.00	175,000,00	00
07/01/17			60,600,00	60,600,00	235,600.00
01/01/18	120,000	8,000	60,600.00	180,600,00	00.
07/01/18			55,800.00		236,400,00
01/01/13	130,000	6,000	55,800.00	185,800,00	00.00
07/01/19			50, 600, 00	50,600.00	236,400,00
01/01/20	140,000	8,000	50,600.00	190,600,00	
07/01/20			45,000.00	45,000.00	233,600,00
01/01/21	150,000	3,000	45,000.00	195,000,00	00.000
07/01/21			34,000.00	39,000,00	234,000,00
01/01/22	165,000	3.000	32,000.00		
07/01/22		•	32,400.00		
01/01/23	180,000	3,000	32,400,00	21 21 20 000 000 200 000 000	
07701723			25, 200, 00	00,002,002	
01/01/24	195,000	8.000	25,200.00	00,002,022	00,001,755
07/01/24			17,400.00	1/,400,00	201100100102
01/01/25	210,000	8,000	17,400.00	727, 400 <b>,</b> 00	00, 00 <b>,</b> 260
07/01/25		6 7 1	9,000,00	9,000 <b>,</b> 00 214 200 20	224 AND AD
01/01/26	225,000	8,000	×1000.00	001 1000 1 boz	

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5,983,600.00 .00	5,933,600.00	
5, 983, 600, 00 , 00	5, 983, 600, 00	
3,443,600,00 ,00	3,443,600.00	
		16.947 43.045.000 8.212 8.000
2, 540, 000		.IFE: VS: (@ 10%"): COUPON:
TOTALS ACC INT	NET	AVERAGE   BOND YEA DURATION AVERAGE (

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10719703 3:35 FM

DEA	LNAME: WHOWATS	11150 AD	E	XPENSE	S	10/19/88 3:35 PM
	EXPENSE ITEMS	VARIABLE	REFUNDING	ESCROW	RECOVERABLE	AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	0R V			10.0	25400
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v				25400
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENS	E V				39100
4)						0
5)						0
6)						0
7)						0
3)						0
9)						0
10)						0
11)						0
12)						Q
13)						Ó.
			ZZREKSETERS		#==========	
	TOTALS		0	0	88900	88900

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE FREXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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10719788 3:35 FM

			FUND EAR	NINGS			
	CONSTRUCTION (	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DRAWDOWN	@ 7.000%	@ 8.000%	e .000%	<b>@ 7.</b> 000%	FUND BAL	FUND BAL
01701701	767,000.	0	0	0	0	1,441,543	0
07/01/01	0	50,454	9,504	0	0	1,501,501	0
01/01/02	818,000-	52,553	9,504	0	0	745,557	0
07/01/02	0	26,094	9,504	0	0	781,156	Ó.
01701703	818,000-	27,340	9,504	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	2,403,000-	156,441	38,016	0	0		

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CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 2,208,542.55

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

## DERT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2001 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME: WHOWATS DEALTYPE: RESOLE ISSUE DAT	E: 01/01/01 DELIVERY	/ DATE: 01/01/01	3:38 PM
DATE PRINCIPAL COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/01	9,504,00	9,504.00	9,504.00
07701701	9,504,00	7,504,00	.00
07/01/02	9,504.00	9,504,00	19,008.00
01701702	9,504,00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/03	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008.00
01701704	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/04	9,504.00	9,504,00	19,008.00
01/01/05	9,504.00	2,504.00	.00
07/01/05	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008.00
01/01/06	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/06	9,504,00	9,504.00	19,008.00
01/01/07	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/07	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008.00
01701703	9,504.00	9,504,00	.00
07/01/08	9,504.00	9,504,00	19.003.00
01/01/09	2,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/09	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,003.00
01701710	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/10	9,504,00	9,504.00	19,003.00
01/01/11	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/11	9,504.00	9,504,00	19,008.00
01/01/12	9,504.00	9,504.00	,00
07/01/12	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008,00
01/01/13	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07701713	9,504.00	2,504.00	19,003,00
01/01/14	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/14	9,504,00	9,504.00	19,008.00
01/01/15	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/15	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008.00
01/01/16	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07701716	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008.00
01/01/17	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/17	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008,00
01/01/13	9,504,00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/18	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008,00
01/01/19	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/19	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,003,00
01/01/20	9,504.00	9,504,00	.00
07/01/20	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,003.00
01/01/21	9,504.00	9,504,00	.00
07/01/21	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,008.00
01/01/22	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/22	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,003.00
01/01/23	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/23	9,504.00	9,504.00	19,003.00
01/01/24	9,504.00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/24	9,504,00	9,504,00	19,008.00
01/01/25	9,504,00	9,504.00	.00
07/01/25	9,504.00	9,504,00	12,008,00
01/01/22 237.600 8.000	2,504.00	247,104.00	247,104.00

01701726

237,600 .

10/19/88

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01ALS 237,600 CC_INT - 237,600		475,200,00 .00	712,800.00	712,800.00
ET	ţ	475,200.00	712,800,00	712,800,00
VERAGE LIFE:	25.000			
OND YEARS:	5,940.000			
JRATION (@ 10%"):	6.913			
VERAGE COUPON:	3.000			

#### ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

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DEALNAME : NHO	(WAT?	. 10	0720783
		<b>5</b>	5:33 FM

SOURCES OF FUNDS:

BOND ISSUE FROCEEDS	13,300,000.00
EARNINGS ON CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND	173,921.86
TOTAL SOURCES	13,473,921.86

#### USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	9,610,000.00
REGERVE FUND	1,267,600.00
CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND:	
FUNDED FROM BOND PROCEEDS	1,954,078.14
FUNDED FROM CAP INT EARNINGS	173,921.86
EXFENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	465,500.00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	2,821.86
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TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	13,473,921.86

NOTES:

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 % INTEREST IS TO BE CAPITALIZED TO 01/01/06

DEALNAME: WHEWAT? ISSUE DATE: 01/01/04 DELIVERY DATE: 01/01/04 5:33 PM DEALTYPE: NEW ANNUAL TOTAL. COUFON INTEREST DATE FRINCIPAL ---------_ ---------532,000.00 532,000.00 532,000.00 07/01/04 532,000.00 532,000.00 .00 01701705 532,000.00 1,064,000.00 532,000.00 07/01/05 .00 532,000.00 532,000.00 01701706 1,064,000.00 532,000.00 532,000.00 07/01/06 .00 742,000.00 8,000 532,000.00 210,000 01/01/07 1,265,600.00 523,600.00 523,600.00 07/01/07 743,600,00 .00 523,600.00 01701708 225,000 8,000 1,263,200.00 514,600.00 514,600.00 07701708 ,00 759,600,00 01/01/09 245,000 3.000 514,600.00 1,264,400,00 504,800.00 504,800.00 07/01/09 8,000 504,800.00 769,800.00 .00 01701710 265,000 494,200.00 1,264,000.00 494,200.00 07/01/10 784,200.00 .00 494,200.00 290,000 8.000 01/01/11 1,266,800.00 482,600.00 432,600.00 07/01/11 482,600.00 792,600,00 .00 310,000 8,000 01/01/12 470,200.00 470,200.00 1,262,800.00 07/01/12 810,200.00 .00 470,200.00 01/01/13 340,000 3.000 1,266,800.00 456,600,00 456,600.00 07/01/13 456,600.00 .00 821,600.00 365,000 8.000 01/01/14 442,000.00 442,000.00 1,263,600.00 07/01/14 837,000.00 .00 395,000 8,000 442,000.00 01701715 1,263,200.00 426,200.00 426,200.00 07/01/15 ,00 356,200.00 8.000 426,200.00 01/01/16 430,000 1,265,200.00 409,000.00 409,000.00 07/01/16 8,000 409,000.00 874,000.00 .00 01/01/17 465,000 390,400.00 1,264,400.00 390,400.00 07/01/17 895,400.00 .00 3.000 390,400,00 01701718 505,000 370,200.00 1,265,600.00 370,200.00 07/01/18 915,200.00 .00 8.000 370,200.00 545,000 01701719 348,400.00 348,400.00 1,263,600,00 07/01/19 938,400.00 .00 348,400.00 01/01/20 590,000 8.000 324,800.00 324,800.00 1,263,200.00 07/01/20 964,800.00 .00 324,800.00 01701721 640,000 8.000 299,200.00 299,200.00 1,264,000.00 07/01/21 299,200,00 994,200.00 .00 695,000 8,000 01/01/22 271,400.00 1,265,600.00 271,400.00 07/01/22 .00 1,026,400.00 3.000 271,400.00 01/01/23 755,000 1,267,600.00 241,200.00 241,200.00 07/01/23 815.000 8,000 241,200,00 1,056,200.00 + 00 01/01/24 208,600.00 208,600.00 1,264,800.00 07/01/24 1,093,600.00 .00 208,600.00 01/01/25 885,000 8.000 1,266,800.00 173,200.00 173,200.00 07/01/25 173,200.00 1,128,200.00 .00 955,000 8.000 01/01/26 135,000.00 135,000.00 1,263,200.00 07/01/26 135,000.00 1,170,000.00 .00 01/01/27 1,035,000 3.000 93,600.00 1,263,600.00 93,600,00 07/01/27 1,218,600.00 .00 93,600.00 1,125,000 8,000 01701728 1,267,200.00 48,600.00 48,600.00 07/01/28 1,263,600.00 48,600.00 1,263,600.00 1,215,000 8.000 01/01/29

10720798

31,748,800,00 .00 .00 .31,743,800,00	
31, 748, 800, 00 .00 .00 .31, 748, 800, 00	
13,448,800,00 10,448,800,00 18,448,800,00	
	17.339 230.610.000 3.413 8.000
5 13, 200, c	NGE LIFE: YEARS: TON (@ 10%"): NGE COUPON:
TUTAL ACC J	AVERA BIOND FILIRAT AVERA

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10720788 5:34 PM

rar al			E	XPENSE	5	10/20/88
Lie (4)	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	REFUNDING	MPROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERAÐLE	5:34 PM TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V			10.0	133000
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	133000
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENS	E V			15.0	199500
4)						0
5)						0
6)						Ú
7)						0
8)						0
9)					*	0
10)						0
11)						0
12)				~		0
13)						0
				***==453552	**********	============
	TUTALS	:	0	0	465500	465500

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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S020150

10720788 5424 PM

			FUND EAR	NING3			
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DIKAWENJWM	e 7.000%	@ 8.000%	@ 7.000%	e 7,000%	FUND BAL	FUND BAL
01701704	9,610,000-	0	0	0	Q	Ó	1,954,078
07/01/04	0	0	0	68,393	Û	Û	1,490,471
01/01/05	0	· 0	Q	52,166	Ú.	Û	1,010,637
07701705	Û	Ŭ	0	35,372	0	Q	514,010
01701706	Û	0	0	17,990	0	0	Q -
07701706	0	0	Û	0	Ċ	Û	Q-
TOTALS	9,610,000-	0	Ú.	173,922	Q		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 9,610,000.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

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DEALNAME: WHEWAT? 5:35 PM 135UE DATE: 01/01/04 DELIVERY DATE: 01/01/04 DEALTYPE: RESO1 INTEREST TOTAL ANNUAL PRINCIPAL DATE COUPON _____ ____ ----50,704.00 50,704.00 50,704.00 07/01/04 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01/01/05 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/05 .00 50,704.00 50,704,00 01/01/06 50,704.00 50,704,00 101,408.00 07/01/05 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01/01/07 50,704.00 101,403.00 07/01/07 50,704.00 01/01/08 50,704,00 50,704.00 .00 101,408.00 50,704.00 50,704.00 07/01/08 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01701709 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/09 .00 50,704,00 50,704.00 01/01/10 101,408.00 50,704.00 50,704.00 07/01/10 50,704.00 50,704.00 .00 01701711 50,704.00 101,403.00 50,704.00 07/01/11 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01/01/12 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/12 50,704.00 ,00 01701713 50,704.00 50,704.00 50,704.00 101,408.00 07/01/13 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01/01/14 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/14 50,704.00 50,704.00 .00 01/01/15 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/15 50,704.00 50,704,00 .00 01/01/16 50,704.00 101,408.00 07/01/16 50,704.00 50,704.00 50,704.00 .00 01/01/17 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/17 50,704,00 50,704,00 .00 01/01/18 50,704.00 50,704.00 101,403.00 07/01/18 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01701719 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/19 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01/01/20 50,704.00 50,704.00 101,408.00 07/01/20 50,704.00 50,704.00 * .00 01/01/21 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/21 50,704.00 50,704.00 .00 01/01/22 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/22 50,704.00 50,704.00 .00 01/01/23 50,704.00 50,704.00 101,408.00 07/01/23 50,704.00 50,704.00 .00 01/01/24 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/24 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01/01/25 50,704.00 50,704.00 101,408.00 07701725 50,704.00 50,704.00 .00 01/01/26 50,704.00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/26 50,704.00 .00 50,704.00 01/01/27 50,704.00 101,408,00 50,704.00 07/01/27 50,704.00 50,704.00 . 00 01701723 50,704,00 101,408.00 50,704.00 07/01/28 1,318,304,00 1,318,304.00

50,704.00

1,267,600

01/01/29

8,000

0,00 3,802,800,00 00 0,00	3, 802, 800, 00	
3,802,800	3,802,800	
2,535,200,00	2,535,200.00	
		25,000 31,690,000 8,000 8,000
1,267,600		LIFE: ARS: N (@ 102"): COUPON:
TOTALS ALC INT	NE I	average Bond ye Durat 10 Average

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DEALNAME: WHOWATIO	10/20/88
	5:38 PM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	

24,620,000.00
98,781.08
24.719.791.09

#### USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	19,575,000.00
RESERVE FUND	2,310,000.00
CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND:	
FUNDED FROM BOND PROCEEDS	1,870,818.92
FUNDED FROM CAP INT EARNINGS	98,781.08
EXFENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	861,700,00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	2,481.08
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TOTAL USES OF FUNDS,	24,718,781.08

#### NOTES:

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 % INTEREST IS TO BE CAPITALIZED TO 01/01/06

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# DERT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER105

DEALNAME: W	IHCWAT10 IEW	ISSUE DATE:	01701705 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/05	5:38 PM
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
 07/01/05			934,800,00	984,800.00	984,800.00
01/01/05			984,800,00	984,800.00	.00
01/01/06			934, 800, 00	984,800.00	1,969,600.00
07701706	350,000	8,000	934,800,00	1,334,800.00	.00
01/01/07	0.000 # 0.000	<b>C</b> . (100)	970, 800, 00	970,800,00	2,305,600.00
07701707	200,000	8 000	970, 200, 00	1,350,800,00	.00
01/01/03	0.001000	0.000	955.400.00	955, 400, 00	2,306,400.00
07701705	415 000	9 (101)	955,400,00	1,370,600,00	.00
01/01/02	4101000	0.000	939,000,00	939,000,00	2,309,600.00
57701702	445.000	9,000	939,000,00	1,334,000,00	.00
01701710	443,000	0.000	921,200.00	921,200,00	2,305,200.00
51 701 710	495 000	9,000	921,200,00	1,406,200,00	.00
91791711 57761711	43.31.000	6.000	\$01.900.00	901,800,00	2,308,000.00
37701711	505 000	9,000	901.900.00	1,426,800.00	.00
51701712	JZ 37 000	0.000	890.800.00	830,800,00	2,307,600.00
37791712	570 000	9,000	990.900.00	1,450,300,00	.00
1701713	070,000	0.000	958.000.00	858.000.00	2,302,800.00
07701713	115 000	0.000	050,000,00	1.473.000.00	.00
01/01/14	0121000	8.000		922.400.00	2,306,400.00
07701714		0.000	033,400.00	1 503.400.00	00
01701715	670,000	<b>8.</b> 000.	833,400.00	2004 400 00	2.310.000.00
07/01/15			806,600,00	. 501 (00.00	210101000100
01701716	725,000	8.000	806,600.00	777 /00.00	2 202 200 00
7701716			777,600.00	777,800.00	2,307,200,00
1701717	785,000	8.000	777,600.00	1,362,600.00	00.000 000 0
7/01/17			746,200,00	746,200.00	2,000,000,00 00
1701718	850,000	8.000	746,200.00	1,596,200,00	00,000,000
7701718			712,200.00	712,200.00	213031400.00
1701719	920,000	8.000	712,200.00	1,632,200.00	00.001.00
7/01/19			675,400.00	675,400.00	2,307,600.00
1701720	995,000	8.000	675,400.00	1,870,400.00	00.000.000
7701720			635,600,00	635.600.00	2,308,000.00
1701721	1,080,000	8.000	635,600.00	1,715,600.00	00.
7701721			592,400.00	592,400.00	2,303,000,00
1701722	1,170,000	9.000	592,400.00	1,762,400.00	.00
7701722			545,600.00	545,600.00	2,303,000.00
1/01/23	1,265,000	8.000	545,600,00	1,810,600.00	00.
7/01/23			495,000.00	495,000.00	2,305,600.00
01/01/24	1,375,000	8.000	495,000.00	1,870,000.00	.00
07/01/24			440,000.00	440,000.00	2,310,000.00
01/01/25	1,485,000	3.000	440,000,00	1,925,000.00	.00
07701725			380,600.00	380,600,00	2,305,600.00
1/01/26	1,610,000	8.000	330.600.00	1,990,600,00	.00
7/01/25			316,200.00	316,200.00	2,306,800,00
1/01/27	1,745,000	8.000	316,200,00	2,061,200.00	.00
17/01/27			246,400.00	246,400,00	2,307,600.00
01701728	1,390,000	8.000	246,400.00	2,136,400.00	.00
07/01/28			170,300.00	170,800.00	2,307,200.00
01/01/29	2,050,000	8.000	170,800.00	2,220,800.00	.00
07/01/29			83,800.00	88 <b>,8</b> 00,00	2,309,400,00
31701730	2,220,000	8.000	83,800.00	2,303,800.00	2,303,800,00

83,800.00

2,220,000

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01701730

8.000

10720798

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	53,339,200.00	00.	58,339,200.00	
	58,339,200.00	00-	58,339,200.00	
	33,719,200,00	00.	33,719,200.00	
1	00			17.120 421,490.000 8.313 8.000
	24.620.0			LIFE: KS: (@ 102"): COUPON:
	<b>FUTALS</b>	ACC INT	NET	AVERAGE BOND YEA DURATION AVERAGE

10/20/88 5:38 PM

DEA	LNAME: WHOWATIO	FIXED OR VARIABLE	E TIC II REFUNDING	X P E N S E S MPROVEMENT ESCROW	S NOT RECOVERABLE	10/20/88 5:38 PM TOTAL AMOUNT
				~		
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V				246200
-2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	246200
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENSI	ΕV				369300
4)						0
5)						Ő
6)						ò
73						Ő
-91						ŏ
- 2 1						Ŏ
101						
101						0
11)						Q.
12)						0
13)						0
			**==*=*===*	5323A223322		
	TOTALS		0	0	861700	361700

D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT

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### DEALNAME: WHOWATIO

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10720783 5408 FM

			FUND EAR	NTN0:5			
DATES	CONSTRUCTION DRAWDOWN	CONSTRUCTION @ 7.000%	RESERVE @ 8.000%	CAP.INT. @ 7.000%	ACCRUED INT @ 7.000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND DAL
01/01/05	19,575,000-	0	0	0	0	0	1,870,819
07701705	Q	0	0	65,479	Ò	0	951,498
01/01/06	0	0	0	33,302	0	0	<u></u>
07/01/06	0	0	0	0	0	0	0~
TOTALS	19,575,000~	0	0	98,781	0		

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CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 19,575,000.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

#### DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2005 RESERVE FUND

LIATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
 7/01/05			92,400.00	92,400,00	92,400,00
201206			92,400.00	92,400.00	.00
7/01/04			92,400.00	92,400,00	184,800.00
/01/07			92,400.00	92,400.00	.00
/01/07			92,400.00	92,400.00	184,800.00
201208			92,400.00	92,400.00	.00
201208			92,400.00	92,400.00	184,800.00
701202			92,400.00	92,400.00	.00
201209			92,400.00	92,400.00	184,800.00
701710			92,400.00	92,400.00	.00
701710 701710			92,400.00	92,400.00	184,300.00
201211			92,400.00	92,400,00	.00
201211			92,400.00	92,400,00	184,800.00
701712			92,400,00	92,400.00	.00
7.01712			92,400,00	92,400,00	184,800.00
701713			92,400.00	92,400.00	.00
701713			92,400.00	92,400.00	184,800.00
/01/14			92,400.00	92,400.00	.00
/01/14 /01/14			92,400,00	92,400.00	184,800.00
/01/15			92,400,00	92,400,00	.00
701715			92,400.00	92,400.00	184,800.00
/01/10			92,400,00	92,400,00	.00
791710			92.400.00	92,400,00	184,800,00
201717			92,400,00	92,400,00	.00
791717			92,400,00	92,400.00	184,800.00
791717			92.400.00	92,400,00	.00
701710			92.400.00	92,400,00	184,800.00
201710			92.400.00	92,400,00	.00
/01/17			92.400.00	92,400,00	184,800.00
701719			92.400.00	92,400,00	.00
701720			92.400.00	92.400.00	184.800.00
701720			92,400.00	92,400.00	.00
701721			92,400.00 92 <b>4</b> 00.00	92.400.00	184.800.00
701721			92 400 00	92.400.00	.00
/01/22			92,400.00	92.400.00	184.800.00
701722			92,400.00	92.400.00	00.00
/01/23			52,400,00 52,400,00	92,400,00	184.800.00
//01/23			92,400,00 92,400,00	92.400.00	00.000
1/01/24			727400.00 07.400 00	92,400.00	184.800.00
701724			74,400.00 93 400.00	92.400.00	00,000,000 00
701725			72,900,00 00 400 00	97 A00 00	124.200.00
701725			72,400,00 03 400 00	74,400,00 00 400 00	00+0094004 AA
/01/26			92,400.00 00 400 00	92,400,00 02 400 00	194 000 00
/01/26			92 <b>,4</b> 00,00	921400.00 00 400.00	104,800.00
701/27			92,400.00	72,400,00	00. 00 000 NOL
/01/27			92,400.00	72,400.00	184,800.00
/01/28			92,400.00	V2,400,00	.00. 
701728			92,400.00	92,400.00	184,800.00
/01/22			92,400,00	92,400,00	.00
701729			92,400.00	92,400,00	184,800,00
-		A A.A.A.	AA 800 00	2.402.400.00	2.402.400 00

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10720788

TOTALS 2,310,000 ACC INT		4,620,000,00 .00	6,930,000,00 .00	6.930.000.00 .00	
NET	i	4,620,000.00	6,930,000,00	6,930,000.00	
AVERAGE LIFE: BOND YEAKS: DURATION (@ 10%"): AVERAGE COUPON:	57, 750, 000 57, 750, 000 9, 913 8, 000				
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### ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEALNAME: WHICHAT11	10/19/88 4:39 FM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	
ROND ISSUE PROCEEDS FUND EARNINGS:	17,235,000.00
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS EARNINGS ON RESERVE FUNDS	1,040,575.54 255,360.00
TOTAL SOURCES	18,530,935,54

#### USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS RESERVE FUND EXPENSES:	16,330,000,00 1,596,000.00
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES.	603,225.00 1,710.54
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	18,530,935.54

NOTES:

EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 %

1,594,000.00

1,591,200.00

61,200.00

1,591,200.00

DEALNAME: WHOWAT11 ISSUE DATE: 01/01/06 DELIVERY DATE: 01/01/06 4:39 PM DEALTYPE: NEW TOTAL ANNUAL INTEREST DATE FRINCIPAL COUPON _____ ------_____ ----689,400.00 689,400.00 689,400.00 07/01/06 914,400.00 .00 8.000 689,400.00 01/01/07 225,000 680,400.00 1,594,800.00 680,400.00 07/01/07 8,000 630,400.00 925,400.00 .00 01/01/08 245,000 670,600.00 1,596,000.00 670,600.00 07/01/08 .00 935,600.00 01/01/09 265,000 8,000 670,600.00 660,000.00 1,595,600.00 07/01/09 660,000.00 285,000 8,000 660,000.00 945,000.00 .00 01/01/10 648,600.00 648,600.00 1,593,600.00 07/01/10 958,600.00 ,00 648,600.00 01/01/11 310,000 3,000 1,594,800.00 07/01/11 636,200.00 636,200.00 .00 971,200.00 335,000 8.000 636,200.00 01/01/12 1,594,000.00 622,800.00 622,800.00 07/01/12 622,800.00 987,800.00 .00 01/01/13 365,000 8.000 1,596,000.00 608,200.00 608,200.00 07/01/13 608,200,00 1,003,200.00 .00 01/01/14 375,000 8.000 1,595,600.00 592,400.00 592,400.00 07/01/14 01/01/15 425,000 3.000 592,400.00 1,017,400.00 ,00 575,400.00 575,400.00 1,592,800.00 07/01/15 1,035,400.00 .00 575,400.00 01/01/16 460,000 8.000 1,592,400.00 557,000.00 07/01/16 557,000.00 557,000.00 1,057,000.00 .00 01/01/17 500,000 3.000 537,000.00 537,000.00 1,594,000.00 07/01/17 1,077,000.00 .00 537,000.00 01/01/18 540,000 8.000 515,400.00 1,592,400.00 07/01/18 515,400.00 1,100,400.00 .00 585,000 8.000 515,400.00 01/01/19 1,592,400.00 492,000.00 492,000.00 07/01/19 8.000 492,000.00 1,127,000.00 .00 01/01/20 635,000 466,600.00 466,600.00 1,593,600.00 07/01/20 1,156,600.00 466,600.00 .00 690,000 8.000 01/01/21 1,595,600.00 439,000.00 439,000.00 07/01/21 .00 01/01/22 745,000 3.000 439,000,00 1,184,000.00 409,200.00 409,200.00 1,593,200.00 07/01/22 409,200.00 1,219,200.00 .00 810,000 8.000 01701723 376,800.00 1,596,000.00 376,800.00 07/01/23 .00 875,000 8.000 376,800.00 1,251,800.00 01/01/24 1.593.600.00 341,800.00 341,800.00 07/01/24 8.000 341,800.00 1,291,300.00 .00 950,000 01/01/25 303,800.00 303,800.00 1,595,600.00 07/01/25 1,328,800.00 .00 303,800.00 1,025,000 8.000 01/01/26 262,800.00 262,800.00 1,591,600.00 07/01/26 .00 1,377,300.00 262,800.00 1,115,000 8.000 01/01/27 218,200.00 1,596,000.00 218,200.00 07/01/27 3.000 218,200.00 1,423,200.00 .00 1,205,000 01/01/28 170,000.00 170,000.00 1,593,200.00 07/01/281 1,475,000.00 .00 170,000.00 1,305,000 8.000 01/01/29 117,800.00 117,800.00 1,592,800.00 07/01/29 117,800,00 1,532,800.00 .00 8.000 1,415,000 01701730

61,200.00

61,200.00

07/01/30

01/01/31

1,530,000

8,000

10/19/88

200.00 40,540,200.00 .00 40,540,200.00 200.00 40,540,200.00	
40,540,	
23, 305, 200, 00 23, 305, 200, 00 23, 305, 200, 00	
10	000.8 16.903 9.193 8.003 8.003
17, 2, 5, 00	.1FC: 6: (@ 102"): 00PON:
LITALS ALC INF NET	average l Bond Year Duration Average C

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			E	10/19/88		
DEAI	LNAME: WHEWATII	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC I REFUNDING	MPROVEMENT Esorow	NOT RECOVERABLE	4:32 PM TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V			10,0	172350
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v		~~~~~~~~~~~	10.0	172350
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENS	ΕV				258525
4)						Q
5)						0
6)						Ō
7)						0
$\otimes$						0
2)				*		0
101						0
11)						0
12)						0
13)	•					0
					202##222 <b>2</b> 58	*********
	TOTALS		0	0	603225	603225

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V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE	F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT
D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S	C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

\$020150

#### DCALNAME: WECWATII

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10719788 4:40 EM

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			FUND EAR	NINGS			
TO THE	CONSTRUCTION DEALIDOUN	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
101311	Fashimformala	e 7.0004	e s.0004	e .0004	e 7.000%		FUND DHL
01/01/06	5,446,000-	0	0	0	Q	9,588,064	0
07701706	0	335,582	63,840	Ú	0	9,987,487	Ó
01/01/07	5,442,000-	349,562	63,840	0	0	4,958,889	0
07/01/07	Û	173,561	63,840	0	0	5,196,290	Ō
01701703	5,442,000-	181,370	63,840	0	0	Ŏ	Û
TOTALS	16,330,000~	1,040,576	255,360	0	0		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 15,034,064.46

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

#### DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2006 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME: WHEWAT11 ISSUE DATE: 01/01/06 DELIVERY DATE: 01/01/06 4:40 FM DEALTYPE: RES01 COUPON TOTAL ANNUAL DATE PRINCIPAL INTEREST -----------____ 63,840.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 07/01/06 63,840,00 63,840.00 .00 01/01/07 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/07 63,840.00 .00 63,840.00 01701708 127,680.00 63,640.00 07/01/08 63,840.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 .00 01/01/09 127,680.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 07/01/09 63,840.00 63,840,00 .00 01701710 127,630.00 63,840,00 07701710 63,840.00 63,840.00 .00 01701711 63,840.00 127,680.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 07/01/11 63,840.00 63,840,00 .00 01/01/12 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/12 63,840.00 ,00 01/01/13 63,840.00 127,680.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 07/01/13 .00 01/01/14 63,340,00 63,840.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/14 63,840.00 ,00 63,840,00 01/01/15 63,840.00 127,680.00 63,840.00 07/01/15 .00 63,840,00 63,840.00 01/01/16 127,680.00 63,840,00 63,840.00 07/01/16 63,840.00 63,840.00 .00 01/01/17 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/17 63,840.00 63,840.00 .00 01/01/18 127,680.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 07/01/18 .00 63,840.00 63,840.00 01/01/19 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/19 63,840.00 ,00 63,840.00 01701720 127,680.00 63,840.00 63,840,00 07701720 .00 01/01/21 63,840.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 63,840,00 127,680.00 07/01/21 63,840.00 63,840.00 .00 01/01/22 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/22 ,00 63,840.00 63,840,00 01/01/23 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/23 .00 63,840.00 63,840.00 01/01/24 127,680.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 07/01/24 63,840.00 63,840.00 .00 01/01/25 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/25 .00 63,840.00 63,840,00 01/01/26 127,680.00 63,840.00 07/01/26 63,840.00 63,840.00 63,840.00 .00 01/01/27 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,680.00 07/01/27 63,840.00 .00 63,840.00 01/01/28 63,840.00 127,680.00 63,840.00 07/01/28 63,840.00 63,840.00 .00 01701729 63,840.00 127,680.00 63,840.00 07/01/22 63,840.00 63,840.00 . 00 01/01/30 63,840.00 63,840.00 127,630,00 07701730 63,840.00 1,659,840,00 1,652,840.00 8.000 1,596,000

91701731

10/19/68

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TOTALS ALC INT	1.5%,000	3, 192, 000	4 00.	,738,000,00 .00	4,788,000,00 .00
NET		3,192,000	• 00	.783.000.00	4,788,000.00
AVERAGE LIF BOND YEARS: DURATION (6 AVERAGE COU	:E: : : 102"): :Fún:	25.000 39,900.000 9.913 8.000			

#### ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEALNAME	WHOWAT12	10/20/88
		5:43 PM

SOURCES OF FUNDS:

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	83,955,000.00
EARNINGS UN CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND	1,097,865.40
TOTAL SOURCES	85,052,365.40

#### USES OF FUNDS:

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GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	60,696,000.00
RESERVE FUND	7,985,600.00
CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND:	
FUNDED FROM BOND PROCEEDS	12,334,934.60
FUNDED FROM CAP INT EARNINGS	1,097,365.40
EXPENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	2,938,425.00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	40.40
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	85,052,865.40

NOTES

EARNINGS RATE ON THE CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 % INTEREST IS TO BE CAPITALIZED TO 01/01/11

# DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER109

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DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHOWAT12 NEW	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/09 DELIVERY	DATE: 01/01/09	5:43 PM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/02			2 259 200 00	2.252.200.00	2.258.200.00
07701707			3,358,200,00	3, 353, 200, 00	.00
01/01/10			3.358.200.00	3,358,200,00	6,716,400,00
07701710			3,358,200,00	3.353.200.00	.00
07/01/11			3,358,200,00	3,358,200.00	6,716,400,00
01/01/12	1,320,000	8.000	3,358,200,00	4.678.200.00	.00
07/01/12	110201000	0.000	3,305,400,00	3,305,400.00	7,983,600,00
01/01/12	1.430.000	8.000	3,305,400.00	4,735,400.00	.00
07/01/13	114507000	0.000	3,248,200,00	3, 248, 200, 00	7,983,600,00
01/01/14	1.550.000	8.000	3,248,200,00	4,798,200.00	.00
07/01/14	1100001000	0.000	3,186,200,00	3,186,200,00	7,984,400,00
01/01/15	1.475.000	9,000	3,186,200,00	4.861.200.00	.00
07/01/15	110/01/000	0.000	3,119,200.00	3,119,200.00	7,980,400.00
01/01/14	1,815,000	8,000	3,119,200.00	4,934,200.00	.00
07/01/14	A 7 C A C 7 C C C	~ ~ ~ ~ ~	3,046,600,00	3,046,600.00	7,980,800.00
01/01/17	1.970.000	8.000	3,046,600,00	5,016,600,00	.00
07/01/17	11//01000		2.967.800.00	2,967,800,00	7,984,400,00
01/01/19	2,130,000	3,000	2,967,800,00	5,097,800,00	.00
07/01/19	271007000	0.000	2,882,600.00	2,982,600.00	7,980,400,00
01/01/19	2.210.000	9,000	2.882.600.00	5,192,600.00	.00
01/01/17	213101000	0.000	2,790,200,00	2.790.200.00	7.982.800.00
07701717	2 505 000	9 000	2 790.200.00	5, 295, 200, 00	.00
01/01/20	2,000,000	0.000	2,490,000,00	2.690.000.00	7.985.200.00
07701720	2 710 000	9 000	2.490.000.00	5.400.000.00	.00
01701721	2,710,000	0.000	2,591,400,00	2.581.400.00	7.981.400.00
07701721	2 040 000	0 000	2.591.400.00	5.521.600.00	.00
07/01/22	217401002	0.000	2,464,000,00	2.464.000.00	7,985,600,00
01/01/22	2 190 000	8 000	2.464.000.00	5,644,000,00	.00
01/01/23	3,130,000	0.000	2, 334, 800, 00	2,334,800.00	7,980,800,00
01/01/23	2.445.000	8.000	2,336,800,00	5,781,800,00	.00
07/01/24	314431000	0.000	2,192,000,00	2,199,000,00	7,980,800,00
07701724	2.725.000	8 000	2.199.000.00	5,934,000,00	.00
01701720	3,733,000	0.000	2.049.600.00	2.049.600.00	7,983,600,00
07701720	4.045.000	8,000	2.049.600.00	6.094.600.00	.00
07/01/26	*******		1,887,800.00	1,887,800.00	7,982,400.00
01/01/20	4.385.000	8,000	1,897,800.00	6,272,800.00	.00
07/01/27	4,000,000	0.000	1,712,400,00	1,712,400,00	7,985,200,00
01/01/2/	4.750.000	8,000	1,712,400,00	6,462,400,00	.00
07/01/20	777007000	0.000	1,522,400,00	1,522,400,00	7,984,800.00
01/01/20	5,145,000	8,000	1,522,400.00	6,667,400.00	.00
07/01/27	0,140,000	0.000	1,316,600.00	1,316,600.00	7,984,000.00
01701730	5,575,000	8,000	1,316,600.00	6,891,600.00	.00
07/01/30		<b>**</b> ****	1,093,600,00	1,093,600.00	7,985,200,00
01/01/31	6.040.000	8,000	1.093.600.00	7,133,600.00	.00
07/01/01	010401000	<b>U</b> 8 W W W	852,000.00	\$52,000.00	7,985,600.00
01/01/01	6.540.000	8,000	852,000.00	7,392,000.00	.00
01701732	010401000	0.000	590,400.00	590,400.00	7,982,400.00
01/01/02	7.085.000	8,000	590,400.00	7,675,400.00	.00
07/01/00	770007000		307,000,00	307,000,00	7,982,400,00
01/01/32	7.675.000	8,000	307,000.00	7,982,000.00	7,982,000.00
01701734	/+0/0+000	0.000	0.011 \$ 0.000 \$ 0.00	<ul> <li>For an approximation grant of grant</li></ul>	<ul> <li>A second programmer and second se</li></ul>

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10/20/68

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TOTALS	83,955,000	116,443,000.00	200,403,000.00	200,403,000.00
POLICE TIND		.00		
NET		116,448,000.00	200,403,000.00	200,403,000.00

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AVERAGE LIFE:	17.338	
BOND YEARS:	1,455,600,000	
DURATION (@ 10%"):	8.413	
AVERAGE COUPON:	8.000	

			Ε	XPENSE	5	10/20/88
DEA	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC I REFUNDING	MFROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	5:44 PM TQTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V				839550
-2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	839550
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENS	E V	******		15.0	1259325
4)						Ŭ
-5)						0
6)						0
7)			<b></b>			0
3)				**********		0
-9)						0
10)						Û
11)				~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~		0
12)						0
13)	•				~	Q
			===============	# 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3	**********	
	TOTALS		· 0	0	2938425	2938425

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE	F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT
D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S	C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

#### \$020150

### DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2009 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHOWAT12 RESOL	ISSUE DATE	: 01701709 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/09	5:45 PM
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/02			319,424,00	319,424,00	319,424.00
01/01/10			319,424,00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/10			319.424.00	319,424,00	633,843,00
01/01/11			319,424,00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/11			319,424,00	317,424.00	633,843.00
01/01/12			319,424.00	319.424.00	.00
07/01/1			319,424.00	319,424.00	633,843.00
01201213			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/13			319,424.00	319,424.00	633,848.00
01/01/14			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/14			319,424.00	319,424.00	633,848,00
01/01/15			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/15			319,424.00	319.424.00	638,848.00
01701716			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/16			319,424.00	319,424.00	638,848.00
01/01/17		•	319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/17			319,424.00	319,424.00	633,848.00
01/01/18			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/18			319,424.00	319,424.00	638,843.00
01/01/19			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/19			319,424.00	319,424.00	638,848.00
01701720			319,424,00	319,424.00	.00
07761729			319,424,00	319,424.00	633,848.00
01/01/20			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/21			319,424,00	319,424.00	633,843.00
01/01/22			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/22			319,424.00	319,424.00	638,848.00
01/01/23			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/23			319,424,00	319,424.00	633,848.00
01701724			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/24			319,424,00	319,424.00	633,843.00
01/01/25			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07701725			319,424.00	319,424.00	633,843.00
01/01/26			319.424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/26			319,424.00	319,424.00	633,343.00
01/01/27			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/27			319,424.00	319,424,00	638,848.00
01701723			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07701728			319,424.00	319,424.00	638,848.00
01701729			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/29			319,424.00	319,424.00	638,848.00
01701730			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/30			319,424,00	319,424.00	638,848.00
01/01/31			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/31			319,424.00	319,424.00	638,848.00
01701732			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/32			319,424.00	319,424.00	633,843.00
01/01/33			319,424.00	319,424.00	.00
07/01/33			319,424.00	319,424.00	638,843.00
01701734	7,985,600	S.000	319,424.00	8,305,024.00	8,305,024.00

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23,956,800,00	23,956,800.00	
23, 956, 800, 00	23, 956, 800, 00.	
15, 271, 200, 00	15,971,200.00	
1.2		25.000 199.640.000 9.913 8.000
7.785.60		LIFE: RS: (@ 10%"): COUPUN:
10TALS ALC INT	NET	AVERAGE BOND YEA DURATION AVERAGE

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#### ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

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DEALNAME: WHOWATIB	10/20/03 5:58 PM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	
BOND ISSUE PROCLEDS	91,040,000.00
EARNINGS ON CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND	365,273.33
TOTAL SOURCES	91,405,273.33
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#### USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	72,399,000.00
RESERVE FUND	8,535,200,00
CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND:	
FUNDED FROM BOND PROCEEDS	6,917,926.67
FUNDED FROM CAP INT EARNINGS	365,273.33
EXFENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	3,186,400.00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	1,473.33
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	91,405,273.33

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 % INTEREST IS TO BE CAPITALIZED TO 01/01/11

DERT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SKFC. WAL. SUP. SER/10

DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHEWAT13 New	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/10 DELIVERV	Y DATE: 01/01/10	M4 69:5
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNITUL
1.1					
01/10/20			3,641,600.00	3,641,600.00	3,641,600.00
01/01/11			3, 641, 600, 00	3,641,600.00	00.
07/01/11			3,641,600.00	3,641,600.00	7,283,200.00
01/01/12	1,300,000	8.000	3,641,600.00	4, 941, 600, 00	00.
07/01/12			3,539,600,00	3,539,600.00	8,531,200,00
01/01/13	1,410,000	8.000	3,539,600.00	4, 229, 600, 00	00,
07/01/13			3, 533, 200, 00	3, 533, 200, 00	8,532,800.00
01/01/14	1,530,000	8,000	3, 533, 200, 00	5,063,200,00	00, 00, 00
07/01/14			3,472,000,00	3,472,000,00	8, 535, 200. 00 20
01/01/12	1,655,000	8.000	3,472,000.00	5,127,000,00	00 [.]
07/01/15			3,405,800,00	3,405,800.00	8,532,800.00
01/01/16	1,795,000	8,000	3,405,800,00	5,200,800,00	00.
07/01/16			3,334,000,00	3,334,000.00	8,534,800.00 60
21/10/10	1,940,000	8,000	3,334,000.00	00,000,472,6	
07/01/17			3, 256, 400, 00	3, 256, 400, 00	6, 530, 400, 00 60
01/01/13	2,105,000	8,000	3,256,400,00	0.361,400,00	
07/01/18			3,1/2,200,00	3,1/2,200.00	0,000,000,000 00
01/01/19	2,280,000	8,000	3,1/2,200,00	5,452,200.00	
07/01/19			3,081,000,00	3,081,000,00	8, 533, 200, 00 20
01/01/20	2,470,000	8,000	3,031,000,00	5, 551,000,00	00.000 000 00
07/01/20			2,982,200.00	2,982,200.00	8, 533, 200, 00 20
01/01/21	2,675,000	8.000	2,982,200.00	5,657,200.00	
07/01/21		-	2,875,200,00	2,875,200,00	8, 532, 400, 00
01/01/22	2,900,000	8,000	2,875,200,00	5,775,200.00	
07/01/22			2,759,200,00	2,759,200.00	8, 334, 400, 00 20
01/01/23	3, 140, 000	3,000	2, 759, 200, 00	5,899,200.00	
07/01/23			2,633,600.00	2,633,600.00	8,532,800,00
01/01/24	3,400,000	8,000	2,633,600.00	6,033,600.00	00.
07/01/24			2,497,600.00	2,497,600.00	8, 531, 200, 00
01/01/25	3,685,000	8,000	2,497,600.00	6,182,600.00	00.
07/01/25			2,350,200,00	2,350,200.00	8, 532, 800, 00 33
01/01/26	3,990,000	8,000	2,350,200.00	6,340,200,00	80.
07/01/26			2,190,600,00	2,190,600.00	8,530,800.00
01/01/27	4,325,000	8.000	2,190,600,00	6,515,600.00	00.
07/01/27			2,017,600.00	2,017,600.00	8,533,200,00
01/01/28	4,685,000	8.000	2,017,600.00	6,702,600.00	00'
07/01/28			1,830,200.00	1,830,200.00	8, 532, 800, 00
01/01/29	5,075,000	3.000	1,830,200.00	6,905,200,00	
07/01/29			1,627,200,00	1,627,200,00	8, 532, 400 <b>.</b> 00
01/01/30	5,500,000	8.000	1,627,200.00		
07/01/30			1,407,200,00	1,407,200.00	8,534,400,00 00
01/01/31	5,955,000	8,000	1,407,200,00	/,362,200.00	00.00
07/01/31			1,169,000,00	1,16%,000,00	00,001,100,00
01/01/32	000,664,8	3.000	1,167,900.00 010.800.00	910,800,00	8.534.800.00
25/10//0	000 000 V	000 0	910,800,00	7,900,800,00	$00^{-}$
01/01/33	000102210	00000	A31-200-00	A31,200,00	8.532,000.00
0//01/33	7 676 000	000 0	A31.200.00	8.204.200.00	00.
01/01/34	00010101011	11/1/1 C	328, 200, 00	328, 200, 60	8,534,400,00
0//01/04	0.002,2005,0	000 8	328,200.00	R.533,200.00	3,533,200.00
02/10/10	2222022900		一 计 一 计 计 事 计 计 事 有		

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TOTALS 91	,040,000 124,674,8	00.00 215,714,800.	00 215,714,800.00
AUC IN)		.00	00.00
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NET	124,674,8	00.00 215,714,800.	00 215,714,800.00
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AVERAGE LIFE:	17.113
BOND YEARS:	1,558,435,000
DURATION (@ 10%"):	8.312
AVERAGE COUPON:	8,000

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10720788 5:59 PM

			ε	XPENSE	5	10/20/88
DEA	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC IN REFUNDING	MPROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	5:59 PM TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V			10.0	910400
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v	~~~~~~~~		10.0	910400
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENSE	E V			15.0	1365600
4)					+_	Q
5)						0
6)						0
7)						0
$\otimes$ )						0
9)						Q
10)						0
11)						0
12)					<b></b>	0
13)						0
			*********	=============		============
	TOTALS		0	0	3186400	3186400

V-EXP DASED ON ISSUE SIZE F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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## DEALNAME: WHOWATES

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10700788 5450 PM

			FUND FAR	NING8			
DATE:5	CONSTRUCTION DRANDOWN	CONSTRUCTION © 7.000%	RESERVE @ 8.000%	CAP.INT. @ 7.000%	ACCRUED INT @ 7.000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
01701710	72,399,000-	Ó	<u>0</u>	Ō.	()	0	6,917,927
07701710	Ŭ	0	Ú.	242,127	0	0	3,518,454
01701711	0	0	0	123,146	0	0	0
07701711	0	Ú	0	Ó	0	0	0
TUTALS	72,399,000-	0	0	365,273	Û		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 72,399,000.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

# DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERICS 2010 RESERVE FUND

10720788

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DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/10			341,403.00	341,408.00	341,408.00
01/01/11			341,408,00	341,408,00	.00
07/01/11			341,403,00	341,408,00	682,816.00
17701711 ht/01712			341.408.00	341,408,00	.00
07/01/12			341,408,00	341,408,00	682,816.00
01/01/12			341.408.00	341,408,00	.00
37/01/13			341,408.00	341,408,00	682,816.00
57701714			341,408,00	341,403,00	+ .00
37701714			341,408,00	341,403,00	482,814.00
01701715			341.403.00	341.408.00	. 00
77/01/15			241.408.00	341.408.00	A82,816.00
97701710 94701710			341.409.00	241.409.00	00
21701710 57764747			241 402 00	241,408.00	A92.814 00
17701716			341,409.00	241 409 00	002,010.00
	·		341,403,00 941 400 00	341,403.00	492 914 00
97701717			341,408.00	341,403.00	0027010.00
01/01/13			341,408.00	041 402 00	400 014 00
07701718			341,408.00	341,403.00	0021010.00
91701719			341,408.00	341,403.00	
07/01/19			341,408.00	341,408.00	682,816.00
01701720			341,403.00 .	341,408.00	.00
07701720			341,408.00	341,408.00	682,816.00
01701721			341,408.00	341,403,00	.00
07701721			341,408.00	341,408.00	682,816.00
01701722			341,408.00	341,408.00	.00
07701722			341,408.00	341,408.00	482,816.00
01701723			341,408.00	341,408.00	.00
07701723			341,408.00	341,408.00	682,816.00
01701724			341,408.00	341,408.00	.00
07701724			341,408.00	341,408.00	682,816.00
01701725			341,408.00	341,408.00	.00
07701725			341,408.00	341,403.00	682,816.00
01/01/26			341,408.00	341,408,00	.00
07701726			341,408.00	341,408.00	682,816.00
01/01/27			341,408.00	341,408.00	.00
07/01/27			341,408.00	341,408.00	682,816.00
01/01/28			341,408.00	341,408.00	.00
07/01/28			341,408.00	341,408,00	682,816.00
01/01/29			341,403.00	341,408.00	.00
57701729			341,408.00	341,408.00	682,816.00
01701730			341,403,00	341,403,00	.00
07/01/20			341,403,00	341,405,00	682,816.00
0//01/20 01/01/21			341,408,00	341,408.00	.00
07701701			341,408,00	341,403.00	632,816.00
07791791 01701722			341,408,00	341,408.00	.00
01/01/32			341,408.00	341,408,00	682,816.00
07701734			341,403.00	341,403.00	.00
91701733 S77704735			341.408.00	341,408,00	682,816.00
J7701733 Saloalisa			341.409.00	341.403.00	00101010100
91701734			241.400.00	341.409.00	682-914-00
37701734		0.000	041 A00 00	9 974.409 00	8,874,409.00
01701735	8,535,200	3.000	341,408.00	8,876,608.00	8,876,608.

DEALNANE: WHOWAT13

0.17ALS 8. 5.351.		17,070,400,00	25,605,600.00	25, 605, 600, 00 .00
191		17,070,400,00	25, 605, 600, 00	25, 605, 600, 00
VERAUE LIFE: MUL YEARS: URAFIUN (© 10%"): VERAUE COUPON:	25.000 213.380.000 9.913 8.000			

DEALNAME:	WHEWAT14	. 10/20/88
		6:02 PM

## SOURCES OF FUNDS:

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS.	17,185,000,00	,
EARNINGS ON CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND	224,725.35	
TOTAL SOURCES	17,409,725,35	

## USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	12,421,500.00
RESERVE FUND	1,636,400.00
CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND:	
FUNDED FROM BOND PROCEEDS	2,524,874.65
FUNDED FROM CAP INT EARNINGS	224,725,35
EXFENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	601,475.00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	750.35
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	17,409,725,35

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#### NOTES:

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 % INTEREST IS TO BE CAPITALIZED TO 01/01/13

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# DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER111

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DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHEWAT14 NEW	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/11 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/11	6:03 PM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/11			A87.400.00	687,400.00	687,400,00
01/01/12			637,400,00	687.400.00	.00
07/01/12			A87,400,00	687,400,00	1,374,300.00
07701712			687,400,00	637,400,00	.00
07/01/13			687,400,00	687,400.00	1,374,800.00
01/01/14	270,000	8,000	637,400,00	957.400.00	.00
07/01/14	2707000	<b>U</b>	676,600,00	676,600,00	1,634,000.00
01/01/15	295,000	8,000	676,600,00	971,600.00	.00
07/01/15	2.07007		664,800.00	664,800.00	1,636,400.00
01/01/16	315,000	8,000	664,800,00	979,800.00	.00
07/01/10	0101000	0,000	652,200,00	652,200.00	1,632,000.00
07/01/10	345.000	9,000	652,200,00	997,200.00	.00
01/01/1/	5451000	0.000	638,400.00	633,400,00	1,635,600.00
07701717	270,000	9,000	639.400.00	1,002,400,00	.00
01/01/18	3701000	0.000	423.400.00	623,600,00	1,632,000,00
07701718	405 000	9 00Å	A23.400.00	1.028.600.00	.00
01/01/19	40.51000	0.000	607.400.00	607.400.00	1,636,000,00
07701719	100 000	0.000	407 400 00	1.042.400.00	.00
01/01/20	455+000	0.000	590,000,00	590,000,00	1.432.400.00
07701720	A76 000	0.000	590,000,00	1.065.000.00	.00
01701724	475,000	8.000	571 000 00	571,000,00	1.636.000.00
07701721	ELE AGA	a 000	571 000.00	1.096.000.00	.00
01701722	2121000	3.000	550 400 00	550.400.00	1.636.400.00
07701722	FEE AAA	0.000	550,400.00	1.105.400.00	.00
01/01/23	200,000	3.000	522 200 00	579 200 00	00 004.554.1
07701723	100.000	0.000	523,200.00	1 129 200 00	00
01/01/24	800,000	8.000	523,200.00	ECA 200.00	1 422 400 00
07/01/24			504,200.00	1 154 200 00	110021400.00
01/01/25	650,000	8.000	504,200,00	1,104,200,00	1 422 400 00
07/01/25			478,200.00	473,200.00	1,632,400.00
01701726	705,000	8.000	478,200.00	1,183,200.00	00. 60.000 co
07/01/26			450,000.00		116331200.00
01/01/27	765,000	8,000	450,000.00	1,215,000.00	
07/01/27			419,400.00	419,400.00	1,634,400.00
01701728	\$30,000	3.000	419,400.00	1,249,400.00	1 405 400 00
07/01/28			386,200.00	336,200.00	1,835,800.00
01/01/29	395,000	8.000	336,200.00	1,281,200.00	.00
07/01/29			350,400.00	350,400.00	1,831,800.00
01701730	970,000	8.000	350,400,00	1,320,400.00	.00
07/01/30			311,600.00	311,600.00	1,632,000.00
01701731	1,055,000	8.000	311,600.00	1,365,600.00	.00
07/01/31			269,400.00	269,400.00	1,636,000.00
01/01/32	1,140,000	8.000	269,400,00	1,407,400,00	.00
07/01/32			223,800.00	223,800.00	110331200.00
01701733	1,235,000	8.000	223,800.00	174 400.00	1. 632. 200. 00
07/01/33			174,400.00	1 514 400.00	A10331200.00 AA
01/01/34	1,340,000	8.000	174,400,00	100 000 00	1 425,200 00
07701734			120,800,00	120.800.00	1,630,200,00
01701735	1,450,000	3.000	120,800.00	1,570,800,00	.00 1 422 400 00
07701735			62,800.00	62,800.00	1,033,000.00
01701736	1,570,000	8.000	62,800,00	1,632,800.00	1,632,800.00

10/20/88

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41.017,000.00	41,017,000.00	
41,017,000.00 .00	41,017,000.00	
23,832,000,00	23, 832, 000, 00	
17,185,000		
OTALS CC_INT	E1	

ZEKAGE LIFE:	17.335
DND YEARS:	297,900,000
DATTON ZA 12201.	0,10
ERAGE COUPON:	8.000 8.000

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			E	XPENSES	S	10/20/88
UEA	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC I REFUNDING	MPROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V			10.0	171850
-2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	171850
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENSI	ΕV				257775
4)						0
5)						0
6)						0
7)						0
3)						Û
9)						0
10)						0
11)						0
12)						0
13)						0
					3C285222323	
	TOTALS		0	0	601475	601475

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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#### DEALNAME: WHOWAT14

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			FUND EAR	NIN08			
DATES	CONSTRUCTION DRAWDOWN	CONSTRUCTION @ 7.000%	RESERVE 8.000%	CAP.INT. @ 7.000%	ACCRUED INT @ 7.000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL
01/01/11	12,421,500+	0	0	Q.	Q	Q	2,524,875
07701711	Û	Ò	0	88,371	0	Ó	1,925,845
01/01/12	0	0	Ó	67,405	0	0	1,305,850
07/01/12	0	Q	0	45,705	0	Q	664,155
01/01/13	0	0	Q	23,245	0	0	0-
07/01/13	0	0	0	0	Ŭ	Ô	Q-
	······						
TOTALS	12,421,500-	. 0	0	224,725	Q		

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#### CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 12,421,500.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

# DEDT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2011 RESERVE FUND

10/20/88

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DATE 07/01/11 01/01/12 07/01/12 01/01/13 07/01/13	FRINCIFAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/11 01/01/12 07/01/12 01/01/13 07/01/13					
01/01/12 07/01/12 01/01/13 07/01/13			65,456.00	65,456,00	65,456.00
07/01/12 01/01/13 07/01/13			65,456,00	65,456.00	.00
01/01/13			65,456.00	65,456,00	130,912.00
07/01/13			65,456,00	65,456.00	.00
			65,456.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701714			45,454.00	65,456.00	.00
07/01/14			45,456,00	65,456,00	130,912.00
01701715			65,456,00	65,456.00	.00
07/01/15			45,454.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701716			65,456,00	65,456.00	.00
07/01/16			65,456,00	65,456,00	130,912.00
01/01/17			45.456.00	65,456,00	.00
07/01/17			A5.45A 00	45.456.00	130,912,00
0//01/17			45.454 00	45.456.00	.00
01/01/10			45.45A 00	45.454.00	130,912,00
07701710			45 454 00	65,456 00	.00
01701717			60,406,00 /5 45/ 00	45 454 00	130.912 00
07701719			801408.00 AF 457 00	45 454 00	1001012100
01/01/20			631436.00 /E 4E/ 66	45 454 00	120 912 00
07701720			63,436.00	60,406.00 Ar Ari 00	1303712.00
01/01/21			60,406,00	60,406.00 (E 4E/ 00	
07701721			65,456.00	65,406.00	130,912.00
01701722			65,456.00	60,406.00	.00
07701722			25,456.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701723			65,456,00	65,456.00	
07/01/23			65,456,00	65,456,00	130,912.00
01701724			65,456.00	65,456.00	
07/01/24			65,456.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701725			65,456.00	65,456.00	.00
07701725			65,456,00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701726			65,456.00	65,456.00	.00
07/01/26			65,456.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701727			65,456.00	65,456,00	.00
07/01/27			65,456,00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701728			65,456.00	65,456.00	.00
07/01/28			65,456.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701729			65,456,00	<b>65,456.</b> 00	.00
07/01/29			65,456.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701730			65,456.00	65,456.00	.00
07/01/30			65,456.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701731			65,456,00	65,456.00	.00
07/01/21			65,456,00	65,456,00	130,912,00
01701701			65,456.00	65,456,00	.00
07/01/04			65,456,00	65.456.00	130,912.00
01701732			65,456.00	65,456.00	.00
07701722			65,456,00	65,456.00	130,912.00
01701722			65,456.00	65.456.00	.00
917917-24			45,454.00	65,456.00	130,912.00
97791734			45,45A 00	45.456.00	.00
01701735			607 454 00 65.454 00	65,45A.00	130.912.00
07701735		a	45. <b>4</b> 54 00	1.701.854.00	1.701.854.00

DEALNAME: WHEWAT14

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TOTALS ACC 1N1	1,636,400		3,272,800.00 .00	<b>4,909,200.00</b> .00	4,909,200.00 .00
NE.T			3,272,800.00	4,909,200.00	4,909,200.00
	7 <b>F</b> •	25,000			

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HAFUNGE FILE*	20,000
BOND YEARS:	40,910.000
DURATION (@ 10%"):	9,913
AVERAGE COUPON:	8.000

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#### ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEALNAME: WHOWAT15	. 10720788 A:07 PM
SOURCES OF LUNDS:	0.07 111
BOND 155UE PROCEEDS	16,000,000.00
EARNINGS ON CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND	64,195.66
TOTAL SOURCES	16,064,195.66

#### USES OF FUNDS:

GRUSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	12,721,500.00
RESERVE FUND	1,501,600.00
CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND:	
FUNDED FROM BOND PROCEEDS	1,215,804.34
FUNLED FROM CAP INT EARNINGS	64,195,66
EXPENSES	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	560,000,00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	1,095.66
·	*********
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	16,064,195.66

NOTES

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CAPITALIZED INTEREST FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 % INTEREST IS TO BE CAPITALIZED TO 01/01/13

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# DEDT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER112

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHCWAT15 NEW	ISSUE DATE	: 01/01/12 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/12	6:07 PM
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/12			640,000,00	640,000.00	640,000.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/12			640.000.00	640,000.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/13			640,000,00	640,000.00	1,280,000.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/14	230,000	8,000	640,000,00	870,000.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/14			630,800.00	630,800.00	1,500,800.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/15	250,000	8,000	630,800,00	880,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/15			620,800,00	620,800.00	1,501,600.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/16	270,000	8,000	620,800.00	890,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/16			610,000.00	610,000.00	1,500,800.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/17	290,000	8,000	610,000,00	900,000.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/17	2707000	0.000	598,400,00	593,400.00	1,498,400.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/19	315,000	8.000	598,400,00	913,400.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/18	5157000	0.000	585,200.00	585,800.00	1,499,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/19	340,000	8,000	585,800,00	925,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/19	-0401000	0.000	572,200,00	572,200,00	1,498,000.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01701712	370,000	8 000	572,200,00	942,200,00	.00
	07/01/20	37.01000	0.000	557.400.00	557,400,00	1,499,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/20	400.000	8,000	557,400,00	957,400,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/21	4001000	0.000	541.400.00	541,400.00	1,498,800.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/21	435.000	8 000	541.400.00	976,400,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/22	4001000	0.000	524.000.00	524,000,00	1,500,400,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701722	470.000	000	524.000.00	994.000.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/23	4703000	0.000	505.200.00	505,200.00	1,499,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701723	510.000	9,000	505,200,00	1.015.200.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/24	0101000	0.000	484,800.00	484,800.00	1,500,000.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/25	550.000	9,000	484,800,00	1.034.800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701725	0.000000	0.000	462,800.00	462,800.00	1,497,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/20	400.000	8,000	462,800.00	1.062.800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/26	0001000	0.000	438,800,00	438,800,00	1,501,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/23	<b>450,000</b>	9,000	438,800.00	1,038,800,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/27	0.00000	0.000	412,800,00	412,800.00	1,501,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701727	700.000	9 000	412,800,00	1,112,800,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/20	/00/000	0.000	384,800,00	384,800,00	1,497,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/20	760.000	8,000	384,800,00	1,144,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/22	/00/000	0.000	354,400,00	354,400.00	1,499,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/22	825,000	8.000	354,400,00	1,179,400,00	.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/30	020,000	01000	321,400.00	321,400,00	1,500,800.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/30	890.000	8,000	321,400.00	1,211,400,00	.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/01	0707000	0.000	285,800,00	285,800.00	1,497,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701731	945,000	8 000	285,800,00	1,250,800.00	.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/02	2004000	0.000	247,200,00	247,200.00	1,498,000.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/32	1.045.000	8,000	247.200.00	1,292,200.00	.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/33	110401000	Q	205,400.00	205,400.00	1.497,600.00
07/01/34 160,000.00 160,000.00 1,500,400.00   07/01/35 1,230,000 8.000 160,000.00 1,390,000.00 .00   07/01/35 1,230,000 8.000 160,000.00 1,390,000.00 .00   07/01/35 1,330,000 8.000 110,800.00 110,800.00 1,500,800.00   07/01/36 1,330,000 8.000 110,800.00 1,440,800.00 .00   07/01/36 57,600.00 57,600.00 1,493,400.00 .00   01/01/37 1,440,000 8.000 57,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00	01/01/33	1.135.000	8,000	205,400.00	1,340,400.00	.00
01/01/35 1,230,000 8.000 160,000.00 1.390,000.00 .00   07/01/35 110,800.00 110,800.00 110,800.00 1500,800.00   01/01/36 1,330,000 8.000 110,800.00 1,440,800.00 .00   07/01/36 57,600.00 57,600.00 1,495,400.00 .00   01/01/37 1,440,000 8.000 57,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00	07/01/24	717001000		160,000.00	160,000.00	1,500,400.00
07/01/35 110,800.00 110,800.00 1,500,800.00 00   01/01/36 1,330,000 8.000 110,800.00 1,440,800.00 .00 .00   07/01/36 57,600.00 57,600.00 1,498,400.00 .00 .00 .00   01/01/37 1,440,000 8.000 57,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00	01/01/35	1,230,000	8,000	160,000.00	1,390,000.00	.00
01/01/36 1,330,000 8.000 110,800.00 1,440,800.00 .00   07/01/36 57,600.00 57,600.00 1,498,400.00 01/01/37 1,440,000 8.000 57,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00 <td>07/01/35</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>110,800.00</td> <td>110,800.00</td> <td>1,500,900.00</td>	07/01/35			110,800.00	110,800.00	1,500,900.00
07/01/36 57,600.00 57,600.00 1,498,400.00   01/01/37 1,440,000 8.000 57,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00	01/01/24	1,330,000	8,000	110,800.00	1,440,800.00	.00
01/01/37 1,440,000 8.000 57,600.00 1,497,600.00 1,497,600.00	07/01/34	F. 0.00 0 0.00		57,600.00	57,600.00	1,498,400,00
	01/01/37	1,440,000	8.000	57,600.00	1,497,600,00	1,497,600.00

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TOTALS AUC INF	14,000,00	~	21,905,200.00 .00	37, 905, 200, 00 . 00	37,905,200,00 ,00
NET			21,905,200.00	37, 905, 200, 00	37, 905, 200, 00
AVERAGE LI BOND YEARS DURATION ( AVERAGE COI	FE: : СРОМ:	17.113 273,815,000 8.310 8.000			

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<b>5</b> 50			E	XPENSE	3	10/20/88
UCHI	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC H REFUNDING	MPROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVI	SOR V				160000
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	160000
3)	ISSUANCE EXPEN:	SE V				240000
4)						0
5)						0
6)				~~~~~~~~	**********	0
7)						0
8)						Ó
9)						ò
10)						ò
11)						õ
12)						ŏ
135						ò
						*********
	TOTALS	6	0	0	560000	560000

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V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE	F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT
D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S	C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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## DEALNAME: WHEWAT15

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10720788 6:07 FM

			FUND EAR	NINGS			
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DRAWDOWN	e 7.000%	@ 8.000%	@ 7.000%	@ 7,000%	FUND BAL	FUND BAL
01/01/12	12,721,500-	Ò	0	0	0	Q	1,215,804
07701712	Q	Q	Û	42,553	0	Q	613,357
01701713	Ŭ.	Ů.	0	21,643	0	0	0-
07701713	0	Q	0	0	Ó.	0	Q+
TUTALS	12,721,500-	0	Ŭ.	64,196	0		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 12,721,500.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

#### DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2012 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHCWAT15 RESO1	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/12 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/12	6:03 PM
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/12			60.064.00	60,064,00	60,064.00
01/01/12			60,064,00	60.064.00	.00
07/01/13			60.064.00	60.064.00	120,128.00
01/01/14			60.064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/14			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/15			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/15			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/16			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/16			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/17			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/17			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/18			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/18			60,064,00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/19			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/19			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/20		•	60,064,00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/20			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/21			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/21			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/22			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/22			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128,00
01/01/23			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/23			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128,00
01/01/24			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/24			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/25			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/25			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128,00
01/01/26			60,064,00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/26			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/27			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/27			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01701728			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07/01/28			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01701729			60,064,00	60,064,00	.00
07/01/29			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01701730			60,064,00	60,064,00	.00
07/01/30			60,064,00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01701731			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07701731			60,064,00	60,064,00	120,128.00
01701732			60,064,00	60,064.00	.00
07701732			60,064,00	60,064.00	120.128.00
01701733			60,064.00	60,064.00	.00
07701733			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01701734			60,064,00	60,064,00	.00
07/01/34			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01701735			60,064.00	60,064,00	.00
07701735			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01701736			60,064,00	60,064.00	.00
07701736			60,064.00	60,064.00	120,128.00
01/01/37	1,501,600	8.000	60,064,00	1,561,664.00	1,561,664.00

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TUTALS 1,501 ACC INT	\$600	3,003,200,00	4,504,800.00	4,504,800,00
NET		3,003,200.00	4,504,800,00	4,504,800,00
AVERAGE LIFE: BOND YEARS: BURATION (@ 102"): AVERAGE COUPON:	<b>25.000</b> 37.540.000 9.913 8.000			

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DEALNAME: WHOWAT16	. 10/21/83 9:20 AM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	20,335,000.00
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS	113,617.71 150,720.00
TOTAL SOURCES	20,599,337.71

#### USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	18,003,000.00
RESERVE FUND	1,834,000.00
EXPENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	711,725.00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	612.71
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TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	20,599,337.71

NOTES:

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 %

# DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER/13

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DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHOWAT16 NEW	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/13 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/13	9:21 AM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/12			813,400,00	813,400.00	813,400.00
07701713	265,000	8.000	813,400,00	1,073,400,00	.00
07/01/14	2001000	0.000	802.800.00	802,800,00	1,881,200.00
07701714	225,000	3,000	802,800,00	1,087,300,00	.00
07/01/15	2001000	0.000	791,400,00	791,400.00	1,879,200.00
01/01/15	310,000	8,000	791,400,00	1,101,400.00	.00
07/01/16	0101000		779,000,00	779,000,00	1,880,400.00
01/01/17	335,000	3.000	779,000,00	1,114,000.00	.00
07/01/17			765,600,00	765,600,00	1,879,600.00
01/01/18	365,000	8,000	765,600,00	1,130,600.00	.00
07/01/18			751,000,00	751,000,00	1,881,600.00
01/01/19	395,000	8,000	751,000.00	1,146,000.00	.00
07/01/19			735,200.00	735,200.00	1,881,200.00
01/01/20	425,000	8,000	735,200,00	1,160,200.00	.00
07/01/20			718,200,00	713,200.00	1,878,400.00
01/01/21	465,000	8,000	718,200.00	1,133,200.00	.00
07/01/21			699,600.00	699,600.00	1,882,800.00
01/01/22	505,000	8,000	699,600.00	1,204,600,00	.00
07/01/22			679,400.00	679,400.00	1,884,000.00
01/01/23	545,000	8.000	679,400.00	1,224,400.00	• 00
07/01/23			657,600.00	657,600,00	1,882,000.00
01/01/24	590,000	8.000	657,600.00	1,247,600.00	.00
07/01/24			634,000,00	634,000.00	1,881,600.00
01/01/25	640,000	8.000	634,000.00	1,274,000.00	.00
07/01/25			603,400.00	603,400.00	1,882,400,00
01/01/26	690,000	8.000	603,400.00	1,298,400,00	.00
07/01/26			580,800.00	580,800,00	1,879,200,00
01/01/27	750,000	8.000	530,800,00	1,330,800.00	.00
07/01/27			550,800.00	550,800.00	1,881,600.00
01/01/28	810,000	8.000	550,800,00	1,360,800.00	.00
07/01/28			518,400.00	518,400.00	1,879,200.00
01/01/29	880,000	8.000	518,400.00	1,398,400.00	.00
07/01/29			483,200.00	483,200.00	1,881,600.00
01701730	955,000	8.000	433,200.00	1,433,200,00	.00
07701730			445,000,00	445,000.00	1,883,200.00
01701731	1,035,000	8.000	445,000,00	1,480,000.00	.00
07/01/31			403,600.00	403,600.00	1,883,600.00
01/01/32	1,120,000	8.000	403,600,00	1,523,600.00	.00
07/01/32			358,800.00	358,800.00	1,982,400.00
01701733	1,210,000	8.000	358,800,00	1,563,800.00	.00
07/01/33			310,400.00	310,400.00	1,879,200.00
01/01/34	1,315,000	8.000	310,400.00	1,625,400.00	.00
07701734			257,800.00	257,800.00	1,883,200.00
01701735	1,425,000	8.000	257,800.00	1,682,800.00	.00
07/01/35			200,800.00	200,800.00	1,883,600,00
01701736	1,540,000	8.000	200,800.00	1,740,800.00	.00
07701736			139,200,00	139.200.00	1,880,000,00
01701737	1,670,000	8.000	139,200.00	1,809,200.00	.00 1 001 / co oo
07/01/37			72,400.00	72,400.00	1,031,600.00
01701733	1,310,000	8.000	72,400,00	1,532,400.00	1,002,400.00

1,310,000 .

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ITALS 20,335, C_INT 20,335,	000	27,513,600,00 .00	47,848,600.00 .00	47,843,600.00 .00	
1		27,513,600.00	47,848,600.00	47,848,600.00	
ERAGE LIFE: Nn vears:	16,913 243,920,000				
RATION (@ 102"):	8, 203				
FRAGE COMPONE	8.000				

		16.913 343,920.000 8.200 8.000
20, 335, 000		.IFE: 6: (@ 10%"): OUPON:
TOTALS ACC_INT	NET	AVERAGE L BOND YEAF DURATION AVERAGE C

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#### 10721788 9:22 AM

			E	XPENSES	3	10/21/88
DEA	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC IN REFUNDING	1PROVEMENT E'SCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	9422 AM TOTAL AMQUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V			10.0	203350
- 2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	203350
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENS	E V			15.0	305025
4)						0
5)						Û
6)						0
7)						0
8)						0
9)						0
10)						0
11)						0
12)						0
13)	,					Ó
	TOTALS		0	0	711725	711725

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V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

10721788 9:22 AM

			FUND EAR	NINGS			
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DRAWDOWN	@ 7.000%	<b>e</b> 8.000%	e .000%	@ 7.000%	FUND BAL	FUND BAL
	·····						
01/01/13	16,180,500-	0	0	Ó.	Ó	1,558,162	Q.
07/01/13	0	54,536	75,360	0	Ú.	1,688,058	Ú.
01701714	1,822,500-	59,082	75,360	Q	0	Ú	0
		*******					
TOTALS	18,003,000-	113,618	150,729	0	0		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 17,738,662.29

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

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#### DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2013 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME‡ 6 DEALTYPE‡ 6	HEWAT14 KESO1	ISSUE DATE:	01701713 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/13	9:22 AM
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
			75,340,00	75,360.00	75,360.00
01/01/10			75,360.00	75,360.00	.00
7/01/14			75, 360, 00	75,360.00	150,720,00
1/01/15			75,360,00	75,360.00	.00
7/01/15			75,360.00	75,360.00	150,720,00
1/01/16			75,360,00	75,360,00	.00
7/01/16			75,360,00	75,360,00	150,720.00
201/10			75,360,00	75,360.00	.00
7/01/17			75,360.00	75,360.00	150,720,00
201213			75,360.00	75,360.00	.00
7/01/18			75,360,00	75,360.00	150,720.00
701710			75,360.00	75,360.00	.00
701719			75,360,00	75,360.00	150,720.00
701720			75,360,00	75,360.00	.00
7/01/20	•		75,340.00	75,360.00	150,720.00
201720			75.360.00	75,360,00	.00
7/01/21			75, 360, 00	75,360,00	150,720.00
1/01/21			75,360,00	75,360,00	.00
7701722			75.340.00	75,340,00	150,720.00
1/01/22			75.360.00	75,360,00	.00
7744755			75.360.00	75, 360, 00	150,720.00
//01/20 L/01/204			75.360.00	75, 360, 00	.00
1791724			75,340,00	75,360,00	150,720,00
//91/29 //01/05			75.340.00	75,360,00	.00
1701720			75.340.00	75,360,00	150,720.00
201720			75.360.00	75,360,00	.00
/91/20			75, 360, 00	75,360,00	150,720,00
201720			75.360.00	75,360,00	.00
701727			75. 260. 00	75,360,00	150,720.00
/01/2/			75,360,00	75,360,00	.00
/01/23			75, 360, 00	75,360,00	150,720,00
701728			75, 360, 00	75,360,00	.00
701729			75, 360, 00	75, 340, 00	150,720,00
/01/29			75,360.00	75,340,00	-00
/01/30			75,360,00	75,360,00	150,720,00
/01/30			75, 360, 00	75,340,00	.00
101/31			75,360.00	75,360,00	150,720,00
//01/31			75, 360,00	75,360,00	.00
1/01/32			75.360.00	75,360,00	150,720,00
//01/32			75.360.00	75,360,00	.00
1/01/33			75,360,00	75,360,00	150,720.00
/01/33			75.360.00	75,360,00	.00
.701734			75, 360, 00	75,360,00	150,720,00
701734			75,360,00	75,360,00	.00
1/01/35			75,340,00	75, 350, 00	150,720,00
//01/35			75,240,00	75,340.00	. 00
1701736			75.860.00	75,340,00	150,720,00
//01/36			75,240,00	75, 360, 00	.00
1/01/37			75,240.00	75, 340, 00	150,720.00
7701/37		0.000	75,240.00	1,959,340.00	1,252,340.00
1701738	1,804,000	8,000	10,300,00	11202100100	1 Y Y O Y Y O O U U U U

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5,652,000.00 .00	5,652,000.00	·
5,652,000.00 .00	5,652,000.00	
3,763,600.00	3,768,000.00	25.000 100.000 2.913 8.000
ALS 1,834,000 INT		RAGE LIFE: D YEARS: ATION (@ 10%"): RAGE COUPON:
ACC ACC	NET	AVE AVE AVE AVE

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## ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEALNAME: WHCHAT17	10721763
	9:27 AM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	
DOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	22,170,000,00
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS	801,242.25
EARNINGS ON RESERVE FUNDS	492,672.00
TOTAL SOURCES	23,463,914.25

### USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	20,635,000.00 2,052,800.00
EXFENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	775,950.00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	164.25
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	23,463,914.25

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## NOTES:

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7,000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8,000 %

# DEDT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER115

DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHEWAT17 NEW	ISSUE DATE	: 01/01/15 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/15	9:27 AM
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNLIAL
07/01/15			S86, 200, 00	836,800.00	886,800,00
01/01/16	290.000	8,000	834,800.00	1,176,800.00	.00
07/01/16	22030000	0.000	875,200.00	875,200,00	2,052,000.00
01/01/17	315,000	8,000	375,200,00	1,190,200.00	.00
07/01/17	0101000	0.000	862,600,00	862,600.00	2,052,800.00
01/01/18	340,000	8,000	862,600,00	1,202,600.00	.00
07/01/18			849,000.00	849,000.00	2,051,600.00
01/01/19	365,000	8.000	849,000.00	1,214,000.00	.00
07/01/19			834,400.00	834,400.00	2,048,400.00
01/01/20	400,000	8.000	834,400.00	1,234,400.00	.00
07/01/20			818,400.00	818,400.00	2,052,800.00
01/01/21	430,000	8.000	813,400.00	1,248,400.00	.00
07/01/21			801,200.00	801,200.00	2,049,600.00
01/01/22	465,000	8.000	801,200.00	1,266,200.00	.00
07/01/22			732,600.00	782,600.00	2,048,800.00
01/01/23	505,000	3.000	782,600,00	1,237,600.00	.00
07/01/23		•	762,400.00	762,400.00	2,050,000.00
01/01/24	550,000	8.000	762,400.00	1,312,400.00	.00
07/01/24			740,400,00	740,400.00	2,052,800.00
01/01/25	595,000	8.000	740,400.00	1,335,400.00	.00
07/01/25			716,600,00	716,600.00	2,052,000.00
01/01/26	645,000	8.000	716,600.00	1,361,600.00	.00
07/01/26			690,800.00	690,800.00	2,052,400.00
01/01/27	695,000	3.000	690,800.00	1,385,800.00	.00
07/01/27			663,000.00	663,000,00	2,048,800.00
01701728	755,000	8.000	663,000.00	1,418,000.00	.00
07/01/28			632,800.00	632,800.00	2,050,800.00
01/01/29	820,000	8.000	632,800.00	1,452,800.00	.00
07/01/29			600,000,00	600,000.00	2,052,800.00
01701730	885,000	8.000	800,000.00	1,485,000.00	00.
07/01/30			564,600.00	364,600.00	2,049,800.00
01/01/31	960,000	3.000	564,600.00	1,524,600.00	2 050 000 00
07/01/31		0.000	526,200.00	1 544 200 00	2,030,800.00
01/01/32	1,040,000	8.000	326,200.00	ASA 400.00	2.050.900.00
07701732	1 105 000	0.000	484,800.00	1.609.600.00	210001800.00
01/01/33	111231000	3.000	429.600.00	439.400.00	2.049.200.00
07701733	1 220 000	9 000	432,600.00	1.659.600.00	.00
01/01/34	112201000	01000	390,800,00	390,800,00	2,050,400,00
07701734	1.320.000	8,000	390,800,00	1,710,800,00	.00
01701700	110201000	0.000	338,000,00	338,000,00	2,048,800.00
01/01/36	1.430.000	8,000	338,000.00	1,763,000.00	.00
07/01/36	111001000		280,800.00	280,800.00	2,048,800.00
01/01/37	1,550,000	8.000	280,300,00	1,830,800.00	.00
07/01/37			218,800.00	218,800.00	2,049,600.00
01/01/38	1,680,000	8.000	213,800.00	1,893,800,00	.00
07/01/38			151,600.00	151,600.00	2,050,400.00
01/01/39	1,820,000	8.000	151,600.00	1,971,600.00	.00
07/01/39			78,800.00	78,800.00	2,050,400,00
01/01/40	1,970,000	8.000	78,800.00	2,043,800.00	2,048,800.00

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10/21/88

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TUTALS AUC INT	22,170,000	29,980,000,00	52,150,000,00	52,150,000.00 .00
NET		29,980,000.00	52,150,000,00	52,150,000.00
AVERAGE I	1664	600 <b>11</b>		

16.903	8, 200
374.750.000	8, 000
AVERAGE LIFE:	DURATION (@ 102"):
Bond Years:	AVERAGE COUPON:

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## 10/21/88 9:27 AM

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DEAL	NAME: WHEWAT17		E	XPENSE	S	10/21/88 9:27 AM
	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC I REFUNDING	MPROVENENT	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	DR V			10.0	221700
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	221700
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENSI	E V			15.0	332550
4)					*******	0
5)						0
6)						0
7)						0
8)						0
9)						Ó
10)						Ó
11)						ò
12)						0
13)						ò
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	TOTALS		• 0	¢	775950	775950

V-EXP	BASED ON ISSUE SIZE	F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT
D-INS	EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S	C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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#### DEALNAME: WHOWAT17

10/21/83 9:28 AM

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			FUND EAR	NINGS			
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DRAWDOWN	<b>e 7.</b> 000%	<b>e</b> 8,000%	e .000%	<b>e 7.</b> 000%	FUND BAL	FUND DAL
01/01/15	9,681,500-	0	0	0	0	9,659,586	0
07701715	0	338,086	82,112	0	0	10,079,783	0
01701716	9,681,500-	352,792	82,112	Q	0	833,188	Ů
07701716	Û	29.162	82,112	Q	0	944,461	0
01/01/17	424,000-	33,056	82,112	0	0	635,629	0
07/01/17	0	22,247	82,112	0	0	739,988	0
01701718	848,000-	25,900	82,112	0	0	Ó	0
TOTALS	20,635,000-	801,242	492,672	0	0		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 19,341,085.75

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

# DEBT GERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2015 RESERVE FUND

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DEALNAME: D DEALTYPE: D	WHOWAT17 RESO1	ISSUE DATE	: 01/01/15 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/15	9:28 AM
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/15			82,112,00	82,112.00	82,112.00
01/01/16			82,112,00	92,112,00	.00
07/01/16			82,112,00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/17			82,112,00	32,112,00	.00
07/01/17			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/18			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/18			82,112,00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/19			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/19			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/20			82,112,00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/20			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/21			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/21			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/22			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/22			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/23			82,112.00	82,112,00	.00
07/01/23			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/24			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/24			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/25			82,112.00	82,112,00	.00
07/01/25			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/26			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/26			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/27			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/27			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01701723			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/28			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/29			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/29			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01701730			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/30			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01701731			82,112.00	82,112,00	.00
07/01/31			82,112.00	82,112.00	164.224.00
01/01/32			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/32			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/33			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/33			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/34			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/34			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01/01/35			82,112.00	82,112.00	.00
07/01/35			82,112.00	82,112.00	164,224.00
01701736			82,112.00	82,112,00	144 004 00
07/01/36			82,112.00	82,112.00	104,224.00
01/01/37			82,112.00	82,112.00	00. ••• •••
07/01/37			82,112.00 83 113 66	02,112,00	1043224.00
01/01/38			02,112,00 03,113,00	92,112,00 92,112,00	164.224.00
07701738			02,112,00	82,112.00 93,112.00	1047224200
01/01/39			02,112,00 92,112,00	82,112.00 82,112,00	164.224.00
07701739	0 AFR 000	o 000	82,112.00	2.134.912.00	2,134,912.00
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10/21/03

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6,153,400.00 ,00	6,158,400,00	
6,153,400,00	4,158,400.00	
4,105,600,00	4,105,600.00	
00		25.000 51,320.000 9.913 8.000
2,052,0		LIFE: AKS: V (@ 102"): COUPON:
TOTALS ACC INT	NET	AVERAGE BOND YE/ DURATIO AVERAGE

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### ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEALNAME: WHOWAT18	. 10/21/88 9:59 AM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	2-Q. III

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	11,325,000.00
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS.	122,330.57 168,000.00
TOTAL SOURCES	11,615,830,57

#### USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	10,167,000,00 1,050,000,00
EXPENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	396,375,00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	2,455.57
TOTAL USED OF FUNDA	
TUTAL USES OF FUNUS	11,615,830,57

#### NOTES:

EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 %

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# DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER119

10721788

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DEALNAME: WHO	(WAT18 W	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/19 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/19	9:59 AM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
 07/01/19			453,000.00	453,000.00	453,000.00
17701720 11701720	145.000	8.000	453,000.00	598,000.00	.00
01/01/20	1401000	0.000	447,200,00	447,200,00	1,045,200.00
01/01/20 01/01/21	155,000	8,000	447,200,00	602,200.00	.00
7/01/21	1		441,000.00	441,000.00	1,043,200.00
1/01/22	175,000	8.000	441,000,00	616,000.00	.00
7/01/22			434,000,00	434,000.00	1,050,000,00
1/01/23	135,000	8.000	434,000.00	619,000.00	.00
7/01/23			426,600.00	426,600.00	1,045,600.00
1701724	205,000	8.000	426,600.00	631,600.00	.00
7/01/24			418,400.00	418,400.00	1,050,000.00
1/01/25	220,000	8.000	418,400.00	633,400.00	.00
7/01/25			409,600.00	409,600.00	1,048,000.00
4/01/26	240,000	8,000	409,600.00	649,600.00	.00
7/01/26			400,000.00	400,000,00	1.049.600.00
1/01/27	260.000	8,000	400,000,00	660,000,00	.00
7/01/27	2001000		389,600,00	339,600.00	1,049,600.00
1701728	280.000	8,000	387.600.00	669,600,00	.00
7/01/28	2001/000		378,400,00	378,400,00	1,048,000.00
1/01/29	305,000	8,000	373,400.00	683,400.00	.00
7/01/29	0001000		366,200,00	366,200.00	1,049,600.00
1/01/30	330,000	8,000	366,200,00	696,200.00	,00
7/01/30			353,000,00	353,000.00	1,049,200.00
1/01/31	355,000	8,000	353,000,00	708,000,00	,00
7.017.01	0001000		338,800,00	338,800.00	1,046,800.00
1/01/22	335.000	8,000	338,800,00	723,800.00	•00
7/01/32	0.001.000		323,400.00	323,400.00	1,047,200.00
1/01/33	420.000	8,000	323,400,00	743,400.00	.00
7/01/33			306,600.00	306,600.00	1,050,000.00
1/01/34	455.000	3,000	306,600,00	761,600.00	.00
7/01/34			288,400,00	288,400.00	1,050,000.00
1701735	490.000	8,000	283,400.00	773,400.00	.00
7/01/35			268,600.00	268,800.00	1,047,200,00
1/01/36	530,000	8,000	268,800,00	798,800.00	.00
7/01/36			247,600.00	247,600,00	1,046,400.00
1/01/37	575.000	8,000	247,600,00	822,600.00	.00
7/01/37	0701000		224,600,00	224,600,00	1,047,200.00
1701733	625,000	8,000	224,600.00	849,600.00	.00
7701799			199,600.00	179,600.00	1,049,200.00
1/01/39	675,000	8,000	199,600.00	874.600.00	.00
7701709	0/0/000		172,600,00	172.600.00	1,047,200.00
1/01/40	730.000	8,000	172,600,00	902,600.00	.00
7/01/40	1 - 20 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1		143,400.00	143,400,00	1,046,000.00
1/01/41	790,000	8,000	143,400,00	933,400.00	,00
1791791	7.507 COV	<b>WE</b> 2.5.5	111,800.00	111,800.00	1,045,200,00
7791741	940-000	8,000	111,300.00	971,800.00	,00
1791792	0000000		77,400,00	77,400.00	1,049,200.00
7791792	920.000	8.000	77,400,00	1,007,400.00	,00
1791793	2001000	0.000	40,200.00	40,200.00	1,047,600,00
7791743	1.005.000	3.000	40,200,00	1,045,200,00	1,045,200,00
7.017.94	110001000	24 C.20			

TOTALS .	11,325,000	15,320,400.00	26,645,400.00	26,645,400.00
ACC INT		.00	.00	.00
NET		15,320,400.00	26,645,400.00	26,645,400.00

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AVERAGE LIFE:	16.910		
BOND YEARS:	191,505.000		
DURATION (@ 10%"):	8.204		
AVERAGE COUPON:	8.000		

# 10/21/88 10:00 AM .

DEAI	LNAME: WI	HEWATIS	EXPENSES			10/21/88 10:00 AM	
	EXPENSE	ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC IN REFUNDING	1PROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL
D	F INANE IP	L ADVISC	DR V				113250
2)	LEGAL EX	FENSE	V			10.0	113250
3)	ISSUANCE	EXPENSE	E V				169875
4)							Ó
5)							0
6)							0
7)							Ó
8)							Ũ
9)							Ó
10)							0
11)							0
12)							0
13)							0
						<u></u>	#286222223
		TOTALS		0	0	396375	396375

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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10/21/83 10:00 AM

			FUND EAR	NINGS			
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DRAWDOWN	@ 7.000%	<b>e</b> 8,000%	e .000%	<b>e 7.</b> 000%	FUND BAL	FUND BAL
01/01/19	8,901,000-	0	0	0	0	975,169	Ó.
07/01/19	0	34,131	42,000	0	Ō	1,051,300	Û
01/01/20	422,000-	36,796	42,000	0	0	703,096	0
07/01/20	0	24,783	42,000	0	Ŭ	774,879	Ō
01701721	844,000~	27,121	42,000	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	10,167,000-	122,831	168,000	0	Û		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 9,876,169.43

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAFITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

# DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2019 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME: W DEALTYPE: R	HCWAT18 ESO1	ISSUE DATE:	01701719 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/19	10:00 AM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/19		8	42,000,00	42,000.00	42,000,00
07701717			42,000,00	42,000,00	.00
01701740			42,000,00	42,000.00	84,000.00
07701720			42,000,00	42,000,00	.00
01/01/41			42,000,00	42,000.00	84,000.00
01/01/21			42,000,00	42,000,00	.00
01/01/22			42,000,00	42,000.00	84,000.00
01/01/23			42,000.00	42,000.00	.00
07/01/23			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
51701720			42,000,00	42,000,00	.00
51/01/24 57/61/04			42,000,00	42,000,00	84,000.00
27791723 51761735			42,000,00	42,000.00	.00
91791760 57761755			42,000,00	42,000,00	84,000.00
37701720 St701720			42,000.00	42,000.00	.00
21701726	•		42.000.00	42,000,00	84,000.00
57701726			42,000,00	42,000,00	.00
01701727			42,000.00	42,000,00	84,000,00
57/01/2/		•	42,000.00	42,000,00	.00
01701728			42,000.00	42,000.00	84.000.00
07/01/28			42,000.00	42,000,00	00
01/01/29			42,000.00	42,000.00	94,000,00
7701729			42,000.00	421000.00	041000.00
01701730			42,000.00	42,000,00	04 000 00
07701730			42,000,00	42,000.00	34,000.00
1701731			42,000,00	42,000.00	.00
7701731			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
1701732			42,000,00	42,000,00	.00
7701732			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
1701733			42,000.00	42,000,00	.00
7701733			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
1701734			42,000,00	42,000,00	.00
7701734			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
1701735			42,000.00	42,000.00	.00
7/01/35			42,000,00	42,000.00	84,000.00
1/01/36			42,000.00	42,000.00	.00
7/01/36			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
1701737			42,000.00	42,000.00	.00
7/01/37			42,000.00	42,000,00	84,000.00
1701738			42,000.00	42,000,00	.00
7/01/38			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
1/01/39			42,000.00	42,000.00	.00
7/01/39	,		42,000,00	42,000,00	84,000.00
1/01/40			42,000.00	42,000.00	.00
7/01/40			42,000.00	42,000,00	84,000.00
1/01/41			42,000,00	42,000.00	.00
7/01/41			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
17791791 17791791			42.000.00	42,000.00	.00
71701794			42,000.00	42,000.00	84,000.00
17701742			42,000.00	42,000.00	.00
11701743			42,000,00	42,000,00	84,000,00
97701743	1 454 444	9,000	42,000,00	1,092,000,00	1,092,000,00
31701/44	1,000,000	0.000	141 V V V 4 V V	<ul> <li>A second sec second second sec</li></ul>	• • • • • • • • • • •

1,050,000

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01/01/44

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3,150,000,00 3,150,000,00 3,150,000,00	
3,150,000,00	
2,100,000,00 2,100,000,00 2,100,000,00	
	25,000 26,250,000 9,913 8,000
1,050,000	LIFE: RS: (@ 102"): COUPON:
TOTALS ACC INT NET	AVERAGE - BOND YEA DURATION AVERAGE 4

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## ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEALNAME: WHOWAT19	10/21/88
	10:10 AM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	
BOND ISSUE FROCEEDSFUND EARNINGS:	11,290,000.00
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS	147,700.84
EARNINGS ON RESERVE FUNDS	251,328.00
TOTAL SOURCES	11,689,028.84

## USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	10,244,000.00 1,047,200.00
EXFENSES:	
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES	395,150,00
ROUNDING AMOUNT	2,679.84
-	
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	11,689,028.84

## NOTES:

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EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 3.000 %

# DERT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER122

$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	DEALNAME:	WHOWAT19 NEW	ISSUE DATE	: 01/01/22 DELIVERY	/ DATE: 01/01/22	10:11 AM
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/22			451,600,00	451,600,00	451,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/23	150,000	3.000	451,600.00	601.600.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/23		~~~~	445,600,00	445,600.00	1,047,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/24	155,000	8,000	445,600,00	600,600,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/24			439,400,00	439,400.00	1,040,000.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/25	170,000	8,000	439,400.00	607,400,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/25			432,600.00	432,600.00	1,042,000,00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/26	185,000	8.000	432,600.00	617,600.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/26			425,200.00	425,200.00	1,042,800.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/27	200,000	8,000	425,200,00	625,200.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/27			417,200,00	417,200.00	1,042,400.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/28	220.000	8,000	417,200.00	637,200,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/28			408,400,00	408,400.00	1,045,600.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/29	240,000	8,000	408,400.00	648,400.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/29			378,800,00	398,800.00	1,047,200.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/30	260,000	8,000	398,800,00	658,900,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/30	200,000	0.000	388,400,00	388,400.00	1,047,200.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/31	280,000	8,000	388,400,00	663,400.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/21	2001000	0.000	377,200,00	377,200,00	1.045.600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/32	300,000	8,000	377,200,00	677,200.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/32	3001000	0,000	365,200,00	365,200,00	1,042,400.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/32	220.000	8 000	365,200,00	695,200,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/02	000000	0.000	352.000.00	352,000,00	1.047.200.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/35	255,000	8,000	352,000,00	707,000,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01701734	300,000	0.000	337.800.00	337, 900, 00	1,044,800,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701734	225,000	3,000	337.800.00	722,800,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/25	0001000	0.000	322,400.00	322,400,00	1,045,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701733	415.000	8,000	322,400,00	737,400,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701796	4101000	0.000	305,800,00	305,800,00	1,043,200,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/97	450.000	8 000	305,800,00	755,800,00	.00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/27	4.3010000	0.000	287,800.00	287,800.00	1,043,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/07	490.000	8,000	287,800,00	777,800,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/38	4791000	0.000	268,200,00	268,200,00	1,046,000,00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/39	530,000	8,000	268,200,00	798,200.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/39		0.000	247,000,00	247,000.00	1,045,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/40	575.000	8,000	247,000,00	822,000.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/40	0/0/000	Q	224,000,00	224,000.00	1,046,000.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/41	620,000	8.000	224,000.00	844,000.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/41	0201000		199,200.00	199,200.00	1,043,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/42	675,000	8,000	199,200.00	874,200.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/42			172,200.00	172,200.00	1,046,400.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/43	730.000	8,000	172,200,00	902,200.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/43			143,000.00	143,000.00	1,045,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/44	790,000	8,000	143,000.00	933,000,00	.00
01/01/45         855,000         8.000         111,400,00         966,400,00         .00           07/01/45         77,200,00         77,200,00         1,043,600,00         .00           01/01/46         925,000         8.000         77,200,00         1,002,200,00         .00           07/01/46         40,200,00         40,200,00         1,043,400,00         .00           07/01/46         40,200,00         1,005,000         1,045,200,00         .00	07/01/44			111,400.00	111,400.00	1,044,400.00
07/01/45         77,200.00         77,200.00         1,043,600.00           01/01/46         925,000         8.000         77,200.00         1,002,200.00         .00           07/01/46         40,200.00         40,200.00         1,043,600.00         .00           01/01/46         925,000         8.000         1,043,600.00         .00           01/01/47         1,005,000         8.000         1,045,200.00         1,045,200.00	01/01/45	855,000	8.000	111,400.00	966,400.00	.00
01/01/46         925,000         8.000         77,200.00         1,002,200.00         .00           07/01/46         40,200.00         40,200.00         1,042,400.00         01/01/47           01/01/47         1,005,000         8.000         40,200.00         1,045,200.00         1,045,200.00	07/01/45			77,200.00	77,200,00	1,043,600.00
07/01/46         40,200,00         40,200,00         1,042,400,00           01/01/47         1,005,000         8,000         40,200,00         1,045,200,00         1,045,200,00	01/01/46	925,000	8.000	77,200,00	1,002,200,00	.00
01/01/47 1,005,000 8,000 40,200,00 1,045,200.00 1,045,200.00	07/01/46			40,200,00	40,200,00	1,042,400.00
	01/01/47	1,005,000	8,000	40,200.00	1,045,200.00	1,045,200.00

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TOTALS 11.2	a0,000	15,275,600,00	26,565,600.00	26,565,600.00
ACC INT		(0	00.	8
NET		15, 275, 600, 00	26,565,600,00	26,565,600,00
AVERAGE LIFE: BOND YEAKS: DURATION (@ 10%"): AVERAGE COUPON:	16.913 190,945.000 3.204 8.000			

10/21/88 10:11 AM

			E	XFENSE	5	10/21/88
ŪEA	LNAME: WHOWAT19 EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC II REFUNDING	MPROVEMENT ESCROW	NQT RECOVERABLE	10:11 AM TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVISO	DR V			10.0	112900
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	· v			10.0	112900
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENSE	E V			15.0	169350
4)						0
5)						0
6)						Û
7)					~_~	0
8)						Û
- 9)						0
10)						0
11)						0
12)						Q
13)	•					Q
			<b>69324632</b> 463	_=z=====================	*********	=======================================
	TOTALS		0	0	395150	395150

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S

F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

## \$020150

## DEALNAME: WHEWAT19

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## 10/21/00 10:11 AM

			FUND EAR	NINGS			
DATES	CONSTRUCTION ERAWDOWN	CONSTRUCTION @ 7.000%	RESERVE @ 9.000%	CAP.INT. @ .000%	ACCRUED INT @ 7.000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL
01/01/22	8,862,000-	0	0	••••••••••••	0	982,971	0
07/01/22	0	34,404	41,888	0	Ů	1,059,263	Ó
01701723	460,000-	37,074	41,888	Q	0	678,225	0
07/01/23	0	23,733	41,888	0	0	743,851	0
01/01/24	461,000-	26,035	41,988	0	0	350,774	0
07/01/24	Û	12,277	41,888	0	0	404,939	0
01701725	461,000-	14,173	41,888	0	0	Û	Q
TOTALS	10,244,000-	147,701	251,328	0	 0		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 9,844,971.16

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

## DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2022 RESERVE FUND

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DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHCWAT19 RESO1	ISSUE DATE:	01/01/22 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/22	10:12 AM
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/22			41.888.00	41,888,00	41,888.00
01/01/22			41,883.00	41,898.00	.00
07/01/23			41.883.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/20			41,838,00	41.883.00	.00
07/01/24			41,833,00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01701725			41,833,00	41.883.00	.00
07/01/25			41,888,00	41.888.00	83,776.00
01/01/26			41,833,00	41,888.00	.00
07/01/26			41.888.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/27			41,883.00	41,898,00	.00
07/01/27			41,833,00	41,838.00	83,776.00
01701728			41.888.00	41,838.00	.00
07/01/28			41,888,00	41,938.00	83,776.00
01/01/29			41,833.00	41,888.00	.00
07/01/29			41.883.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/20			41.883.00	41,893,00	.00
07/01/30			41.888.00	41,988.00	83,776,00
01701731			41,888,00	41,838.00	.00
07/01/31			41,883,00	41,833.00	83,776.00
01/01/32			41,838,00	41,838.00	.00
07/01/32			41,838,00	41.888.00	83,776.00
01/01/33			41.893.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/33			41,838,00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/34			41,888,00	41,838.00	.00
07701734			41,883.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01701735			41,833.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/35			41,838.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/36			41,888.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/36			41,888.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/37			41,838.00	41,888.00	.00
07/01/37			41.888.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/38			41,838.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/38			41,838.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/32			41,888.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/39			41,888.00	41,838.00	83,776.00
01/01/40			41,838.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/40			41,883.00	41,883.00	83,776.00
01/01/41			41,888.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/41			41,338.00	41,888.00	83,776,00
01/01/42			41,833.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/42			41,898.00	41,888.00	83,776,00
01/01/43			41,833.00	41,388.00	.00
07/01/43			41,888.00	41,888.00	83,776.00
01/01/44			41,933.00	41,883.00	.00
07/01/44			41,888.00	41,883.00	83,776,00
01/01/45			41,939.00	41,\$\$\$.00	.00
07/01/45			41,888.00	41,888.00	83,776,00
01/01/46			41,838.00	41,888.00	.00
07/01/46			41,888.00	41,888.00	83,776,00
01/01/47	1,047,200	8.000	41,888.00	1,089,088.00	1,089,088.00

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TOTALS	1,047,200		$2.0^{2}4,400.00$	3.141.600.00	3,141,600.00
ACC. INT			00.	00'	00.
NE T			2,094,400,00	3,141,600.00	3,141,600,00
AVERAGE LIFE		25,000			
BUND YEAKS!		26,180,000			
EURATION (C	102"):	9.913			
AVERAGE COUP	ŪN:	8.000			

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DEALNAME: WHOWAT29	10/24/88 6:20 PM
SOURCES OF FUNDS:	

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS.	14,150,000,00
EARNINGS ON CONSTRUCTION FUNDS	536,259.66 104,928.00
TUTAL SOURCES	14,791,187.66

## USES OF FUNDS:

GRUSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	12,984,000.00 1,311,600.00
EXPENSES: OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES ROUNDING AMOUNT	495,250.00 337,66
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	14,791,187.66

NO1ES:

LARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % LARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 %

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# DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER126

DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/26			566,000.00	566,000.00	566,000.00
01/01/27	185,000	3,000	546,000.00	751,000.00	.00
07/01/27	1001000	01000	553,700,00	558,400,00	1,309,600.00
01/01/23	200,000	3,000	553,600,00	753,600,00	.00
07/01/28			550,600,00	550,600.00	1,309,200.00
01/01/29	215,000	8,000	550,600.00	765,600.00	.00
07/01/29			542,000.00	542,000.00	1,307,600.00
01/01/30	230,000	8,000	542,000.00	772,000,00	.00
07/01/30			532,800.00	532,800.00	1,304,800.00
01701731	250,000	3.000	532,800,00	782,800.00	.00
07/01/31			522,800.00	522,800.00	1,305,600.00
01/01/32	275,000	3.000	522,300.00	797,800.00	.00
07/01/32			511,800,00	511,800.00	1,309,600.00
01/01/33	300,000	3.000	511,800.00	811,200.00	.00
07/01/33			499,800.00	499,800.00	1,311,600.00
01/01/34	325,000	8,000	499,800.00	824,800.00	.00
07/01/34	•		486,800.00	486,800.00	1,311,600.00
01/01/35	350,000	8.000	486,800.00	836,800.00	.00
07/01/35			472,800.00	472,800.00	1,309,600.00
01/01/36	380,000	8.000	472,800.00	852,800.00	.00
07/01/36			457,600.00	457,600,00	1,310,400,00
01/01/37	410,000	8.000	457,600,00	867,600,00	.00
07/01/37			441,200.00	441,200.00	1,308,800.00
01/01/08	445,000	8,000	441,200.00	886,200,00	,00
07/01/38			423,400.00	423,400.00	1,309,600.00
01701732	430,000	8,000	423,400.00	903,400.00	.00
07/01/39			404,200.00	404,200.00	1,307,600.00
01701740	520,000	8,000	404,200,00	924,200.00	.00
07701740			383,400.00	383,400.00	1,307,600.00
01701741	565,000	8.000	333,400,00	943,400.00	.00
07/01/41			360,800.00	360,800.00	1,309,200.00
01/01/42	610,000	8.000	360,800,00	970,300.00	.00
07/01/42			336,400.00	336,400.00	1,307,200.00
01701743	665,000	8.000	336,400,00	1,001,400,00	.00
07701743			309,200.00	309,800.00	1,311,200.00
01/01/44	720,000	8,000	309,800,00	1,029,800.00	.00
07701744			281,000,00	281,000.00	1,310,800.00
01/01/45	780,000	8.000	231,000,00	1,061,000,00	.00
07/01/45			249,800.00	249,800.00	1,310,800.00
01701746	845,000	8.000	249,800.00	1,094,800.00	.00
07701746			216,000.00	216,000.00	1,310,800,00
01/01/47	915,000	8.000	216,000.00	1,131,000,00	.00
07/01/47			179,400.00	179,400.00	1,310,400.00
01701743	99 <b>0,</b> 000	8.000	179,400,00	1,169,400.00	.00
07/01/48			139,800.00	137,800.00	1,309,200.00
01701749	1,075,000	8.000	139,800,00	1,214,800.00	00
07/01/49			26,800.00	96,800.00	1,311,600,00
01701750	1,160,000	8.000	96,800.00	1,256,800.00	.00
07701750			50,400.00	50,400.00	1,307,200.00
01701751	1,260,000	3.000	50,400,00	1,310,400.00	1,310,400.00

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TOTALS ADC INT	14,150,000	12,148,000.00 .00	33,298,000.00 .00	33, 293, 000, 00	
NET		19,148,000.00	33, 298, 000, 00	33, 298, 000, 00	
AVERAGE LIFI HOND YEARS: DURATION (© AVERAGE COUR	E: 16,915 239,350,000 102"): 239,350,000 201: 8,204 200: 8,000				
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## 10/24/88 6+21 PM

τιελι		нгылтро		E	XFENSES	3	10/24/88 4:21 PM
	EXPENSE	ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC IN REFUNDING	1PROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL
	·						
1)	FINANCIA	AL ADVIS	OR V			10.0	141500
2)	LECAL E	XFENSE	v			10.0	141500
30	ISSUANC	E EXPENS	ΕV			15.0	212250
4)							Q
5)							Q.
6)							Ó
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-91							Ō
101							õ
111							ŏ
4 1 1							0
12/							<i>v</i>
13)							ŷ
				*********			
		TOTALS		0	0	495250	495250

V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE D-INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S

F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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## DEALNAME: WHOWAT20

10/24/88 6:21 FM

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			FUND EAR	NI/NGS			
DATES	CONSTRUCTION DRAWDOWN	CONSTRUCTION @ 7.000%	RESERVE @ 8.000%	CAF.INT. Q 000%	ACCRUED INT C 7,000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL
01/01/26	4,839,500-	Q	0	0	Q	7,503,312	0
,07/01/26	0	262,616	52,464	Û	0	7,818,392	Q
01/01/27	8,144,500-	273,644	52,464	0	0	0	0
TOTALS	12,984,000~	536,260	104,928	0	0		

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CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 12,342,812.34

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND COPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

## DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2024 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME: WHI	CWAT20 So1	ISSUE DATE:	01701726 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/26	6:22 PM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TÜTAL	ANNUAL
07/01/26			52,464,00	52,464.00	52,464.00
01/01/20			52.464.00	52,464,00	.00
07701727			52,464.00	52,464.00	104,928.00
27701727			52,464 00	52,464,00	.00
17701720			52.464 00	52,464,00	104,928,00
27791720 31701730			57.444 00	52,464,00	.00
21791747 37701705			52.444 00	52.464.00	104,928,00
377017 <u>2</u> 2 54764796			52.464 00	52,464,00	.00
21701730			52,464,00	52.464.00	104,928.00
07701700 11701701			52.464 00	52.464.00	.00
71701721 57701721			52,464 00	52,464,00	104,928,00
07701731 07701733			52,464,00	52,464,00	.00
1701732			52 444 00	52.444 00	104.928.00
17701732			52,404,00	52,464,00	.00
91701733			52,464,00	52,464.00 52,464.00	104.928.00
07701733			02,404,00 E3 4/4 00	50 444 00	00
01701734			52,464.00	52,404.00	104.928.00
07701734			02,464.00	53 444 00	1047720.00
01701735			02,464,00 E0 4/4 00	52,464.00 E2 444 00	104.929.00
07701735			52,464.00	52,404.00	1043/20100
1701736			52,464.00	52,404.00	104.929.00
07/01/34			52,464.00	52,464.00	1045720.00
01/01/37			52,464.00	52,464.00	104 000 00
07/01/37			52,464.00	52,464.00	104,720.00
01701738			52,464.00	52,464.00	104 000 00
07701738			52,464.00	52,464.00	1047728.00
1701739			52,424.00	02,464.00	
07701732			52,464.00	52,464.00	104,925,00
1701740			52,464.00	32,464.00	.00
7701740			52,464.00	52,464.00	104,946.00
1701741			52,464.00	52,464.00	.00
7701741			52,464.00	52,464.00	104,928.00
1701742			52,464.00	52,464.00	.00
7701742			52,464,00	52,464.00	104,928,00
1701743			52,464.00	52,464.00	00.
07701743			52,464.00	52,464.00	104,928,00
01/01/44			52,464.00	52,464.00	.00
07701744			52,464.00	52,464.00	104,928,00
1701745			52,464.00	52,464.00	.00
7701745			52,464.00	52,464.00	104,928.00
1701746			52,464.00	52,444.00	.00
7701746			52,464.00	52,444.00	104,928.00
1/01/47			52,464.00	52,464.00	.00
07/01/47			52,464.00	52,474.00	104,928.00
01701748			52,464.00	52,464.00	.00
7701748			52,464.00	52,464,00	104,928,00
01701749			52,464,00	52,464.00	.00
57761749			52,444.00	52,464.00	104,923.00
01701750			52,444.00	52,444,00	.00
07/01/50			52,444.00	52,444.00	104,928.00

52,464.00

8.000

1,311,600

01701751

1,364,064.00

1,364,064.00

10/24/08

3,934,800.00	3,934,800.00					
3,934,800.00	3, 934, 800, 00					
2,623,200.00	2,623,200.00					
1	25,000	32,790,000 9,913 8,000				
TOTALS 1,311,600 ACC INT 1,311,600	NET AVERAGE LIFE:	BOND YEARS: DUKATION (@ 102"): AVERAGE COUPON:				

# ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

OCALNAME: WHOWAT21	10/24/88
SUURCES OF FUNDS:	6:33 PM
LOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	16,400,000.00
TOTAL SOURCES	16,400,000.00
USES OF FUNDS:	

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS RESERVE FUND EXPENSES:	14,305,000.00 1,519,200.00
OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES. ROUNDING AMOUNT.	574,000,00 1,800,00
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	14,400,000.00

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# NOTES:

EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 %

# DERT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER128

DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHCWAT21 NEW	ISSUE DATE	: 01/01/28 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/28	.6:34 PM
DATE	FRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNLIAL
07/01/28			<u> </u>	454.000.00	656,000,00
01/01/29	215,000	8.000	656,000,00	871,000,00	.00
07/01/22	2101000	0.000	647.400.00	<b>47.4</b> 00.00	1,518,400.00
01/01/29	220.000	9,000	647,400.00	877.400.00	-00
07/01/30	20010000	01000	638,200,00	638,200.00	1,515,600.00
01/01/31	250,000	9,000	633,200,00	888,200.00	.00
07/01/31	2007000	0.000	A28,200.00	628,200.00	1,516,400,00
01/01/32	270.000	3,000	623,200,00	898,200,00	.00
07/01/32	2707000	0.000	617,400,00	617,400,00	1,515,600.00
01/01/33	295.000	9,000	617.400.00	912,400,00	.00
07/01/33	2201000	01000	605-600-00	605,600,00	1,518,000.00
01/01/34	220 000	9,000	605,600,00	925, 600, 00	.00
07/01/34	320,000	0.000	592,800,00	592,800.00	1,518,400,00
01/01/35	245.000	8.000	592,800.00	937,800,00	.00
07/01/35	0401000	01000	579,000,00	579,000,00	1,516,800.00
01/01/35	275,000	9,000	579,000,00	954,000,00	.00
07/01/34	37.01.000	0.000	564.000.00	544.000.00	1.518.000.00
01/01/00	405 000	9,000	564.000.00	949.000.00	.00
07/01/37	40.31000	8.000	547.900.00	547.800.00	1.514.200.00
01/01/37	440.000	9,000	547.200.00	997,800,00	.00
01/01/00	440,000	5.000	520.200.00	520.200.00	1.518.000.00
07701735	475 000	9,000	530,200,00	1,005,200,00	- 00
01/01/32	47.34000	0.000	511.200.00	511,200,00	1.514.400.00
07701732	515 000	9,000	511,200.00	1.026.200.00	.00
01/01/40	010000	0.000	490.400.00	490.600.00	1.514.800.00
01/01/40	540,000	9,000	490.600.00	1.050.600.00	.00
01701741	00000000	0.000	4/9-200-00	468,200,00	1.518.800.00
07701741	405 000	9,000	469,200,00	1.073.200.00	.00
01/01/42	0001000	3.000	444.000.00	A44.000.00	1.517.200.00
07701742	455 000	9,000	444.000.00	1.029.000.00	00.
01/01/43	6.00,000	0.000	417.900.00	417,900,00	1.514.200.00
07701743	710 000	9 000	417,800.00	1.127.900.00	110101000100
01/01/44	/10,000	0.000	222 400 00	299 400 00	1.517.200.00
07701744	770.000	9 000	222 400.00	1 159 400.00	1101/1200.00
01701745	770,000	5.000	252 400.00	259.400.00	1.518.000.00
07701743	005 000	9 000	259 400 00	1.192.600.00	.00
01/01/46	000,000	0.000	225.200.00	325,200,00	1.518.800.00
07701746	900,000	9,000	225,200,00	1.225.200.00	.00
01/01/4/	700,000	0.000	229,200,00	289.200.00	1.514.400.00
07701747	975.000	e 000	289,200.00	1.264.200.00	.00
01701740	2737000	0.000	250,200,00	250,200,00	1,514,400,00
07701740	1.040.000	8.000	250,200,00	1,310,200.00	.00
01/01/42	110000000	0.000	207,800.00	207, 200, 00	1,518,000.00
07701742	1,145,000	9,000	207,800,00	1,352,800.00	.00
01/01/00	191409000	0.000	142.000.00	162,000,00	1.514.800.00
07701780	1.245.000	9 000	162,000.00	1,407,000.00	.00
01/01/01	112401000	0.000	112,200,00	112,200.00	1,519,200.00
0//01/01	1.345.000	9,000	112.200.00	1,457,200,00	_ 00
01701702	1,040,000	0.000	58,400.00	58,400.00	1,515,400.00
07701702	1.440.000	9,000	58.400.00	1,513,400,00	1,513,400,00
01/01/03	114001000	$\odot$ , $OOO$	2007 TV07 VV	1/010/T00+00	**************************************

10/24/88

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33,522,800,00 ,00	38,532,800.00
22,132,800.00	22, 182, 800, 00
	277, 285, 000 8, 201 8, 000
01ALS 16.400,000	ET VERAGE LIFE: JND VERAGS: JERATION (@ 10%"): VERAGE COUPON: VERAGE COUPON:

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10/24/88 6:34 PM

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<b>5</b> /5 A	INAME: DUCUATOR		ε	XPENSE	3	10/24/88
UCH	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC II REFUNDING	MPROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMQUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	OR V				164000
2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v			10.0	164000
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENS	εv			15.0	246000
4)						0
5)						0
6)						0
7)						0
8)					****	0
2)					~~~	0
10)						0
11)						0
12)					~~ <b>~~~</b> ~~~~~	Q
13)			*			0
			122222222222			
	TOTALS		0	0	574000	574000

V~EXP	BAGED ON ISSUE SIZE	F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT
D-INS	EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S	C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

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# DEALNAME: WHEWAT21

## 10724788 6:34 FM

			FUND EAR	NINGS			
DATES	CONSTRUCTION DRAWDOWN	CONSTRUCTION C 7.000%	RESERVE @ 8,000%	CAF.INT. C 0007	ACORUED INT C 7.000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL
61 1 1 C 4 1 C C							
01701728	14,305,000-	0	0	0	Ó.	0	0
TOTALS							
TOTALS	14,005,000-	0	0	0	0		

CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 14,305,000.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND DEPT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2028 RESERVE FUND

DEALNAME: DEAL TYLE:	WHCWAT21 Resol	ISSUE DATE: 01	/01/23 DELIVERY	DATE: 01/01/28	MG 35:9
LIATE .	FRINCIPAL	COLPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	JAILIAL
	***				
07/01/28			60,768,00	60,768,00	60,768.00
01/01/29			60,768,00	60,768,00	00.
07/01/29			60,748.00	60,768,00	121,536.00
01/01/30			60,768,00	60,763.00	
07/01/30				60,768,00	121,050,000
01/01/31			60,763.00 (0 7/0 00	60,763.00 (0.770.00	00, 00,
07/01/31			60,763.00 10 210 00	60,768.00 10 210 00	
01/01/02			60,763.00	60,763.00 10 710 00	
07/01/3Z			001 100 10 740 00	001 000 70 370 00	
01/01/33				00 001 00	121-536 00
07701733			60,768,00 60,768,00	60,768,00 60,768,00	00.
01/01/20			60,768,00	60,768,00	121,536.00
01/01/35			60,768.00	60,763,00	00.
02/01/02			60,768.00	<b>60,7</b> 68.00	121, 536.00
01/01/36			60,763.00	60,768.00	00.
07/01/36			60,768.00	60,768,00	121,536.00
01/01/37			60.768.00	60,768,00	00.
07/01/37			60,768.00	60,768,00	121,536,00
01/01/38			60,768.00	60,768,00	00.
07/01/38			60,768.00	60,768.00	121,536,00
01/01/39			60,768.00	60,768.00	00.
02/01/39			60,768.00	60,768.00	121,536,00
01/01/40			60,768.00	60,768.00	00.
07/01/40			60,768.00	60,768,00	121,536,00
01/01/41			60,768.00	60,768.00	00.
07/01/41			60,768,00	60,768 00	121,536,00
01/01/42			60,768,00	60,763.00	
07/01/42			60,768.00	60,768,00	121,536,00
01/01/43			60,768.00	60,768,00	00.
07/01/43			60.763.00	40,768.00	121,536.00
01/01/44			60,768.00	60,768,00	
07/01/44			60,768,00	60,768.00 10 310 00	00.055,121
01/01/45			60,768,00 (0,720,00	60,763.00 20,726.00	00.
07/01/45			60,760,00 40 740 60	60,760,00 20,768,00	00.000,0121
01701745			601766.00 768.00	60,768,60	121.536.00
01/01/47			60,768,00	60,768,00	00
07/01/47			60,768.00	60,768.00	121,536.00
01/01/48			60,768.00	60,768.00	00.
07/01/48			60,768,00	60.768.00	121,536,00
01/01/49			60,768.00	60,768.00	00.
07/01/49			60.768.00	<u> 40,748.00</u>	121, 536, 00
01/01/50			60,768.00	60,768,00	00.
07/01/50			60,768.00	60,758.00	121,536.00
01/01/51			<u>60,7/8.00</u>	60,768,00	00.
07/01/51			60,768.00	60,768,00 20 220 00	121,536,00 (A)
01/01/52			60,760.00 20 320 00	6037665.00 A.0. 728 00	121.53A 00
07701752	1.519.200	000 s	60,768.00 60.768.00	1,579,968.00	1,579,968.00
011/11/10	と見ずとくまたます				

10/24/88

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001ALS 1,519,20 V.C. INT 1,519,20 V.C. INT 1,519,20	0 3+038+400-00 -00 3+038+400-00 3+038+400-00	4.557,600.00 .00 4.557,600.00	4,557,600.00 .00 4,557,600.00
NVERAGE LIFE: UNU YEARS: UKATION (@ 102"): NEKAGE COUFON:	25,000 37,980,000 9,913 8,000		

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## ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEAL NAME :	WHOWAT22	10/24/88
		6:40 PM

## SOURCES OF FUNDS:

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BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	26,415,000.00
TOTAL SOURCES	26,415,000.00

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## USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	23,040,000.00 2,445,600.00
EXPENSES: OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES ROUNDING AMOUNT	924,525.00 4,875.00
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	26,415,000.00

NOTES:

EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 %

# DERI SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER129

10724788

DEALNAME:	WHOWAT22					10724798
DEALTYPE:	NEW	ISSUE DATE	: 01/01/29 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/29	6140 PM	
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL	
				1 054 400 00	1 054 400 00	
07701729	5.4 <b>5</b> 666	0.000	1,056,600,00	1 401 400 00	110001000100	
01701730	345,000	8.000	1,056,600,00	1 040 000 00	- AAA AOO OO	
07701730		0 000	1,042,800,00	1,042,800.00	2,444,400,00	
01/01/31	375,000	8.000	1,042,800,00	1,417,500,00	5 AA5 400 00	
07701731			1,027,800.00	1,027,500.00	00	
01/01/32	405,000	8.000	1,027,800.00	1,432,800,00	0 444 400 00	
07/01/32		0 000	1,011,600,00	1,011,800.00	214441400.00	
01/01/33	435,000	8.000	204 200 00	594 000 00	2 440.800 00	
07701733		0.000	994,200.00 004 000 00	4 449 200 00	2,440,000,00	
01701734	475,000	8.000	994,200,00 075 000 00	275 200 00	2.444.400.00	
07701734	<b></b>	0.000	975;200.00 075 000 00		214441400.00	
01/01/35	515,000	8.000	9751200.00	1,420,200.00 654 400 00	2 444.900 00	
07701735		<b>a</b> aaa	704,600,00 054,600,00	504,600,00 1 500 400 00	214441000100	
01/01/36	\$55,000	8.000	704,600,00 000 400 00	1,102,000.00	2 442.000 00	
07/01/36			932,400.00 220 400 00	9321400,00 1 833 400 00	214421000.00	•
01/01/37	600+000	8.000	932,400.00	1,032,400.00	2 440,900 00	•
07/01/37			903,400.00	903,400,00 1 850 400 00	214401000.00	
01701738	650,000	8.000	903,400.00	1,353,400.00	2 440 800 00	
07701738			882,400.00	882,400.00	2,440,600.00	
01701739	705,000	8.000	382,400.00		0 441 400 00	
07701739			\$54,200.00	854,200.00	2,441,600.00	
01/01/40	745,000	S.000	854,200.00	1,619,200.00	2 442 800 00	
07/01/40			823,600.00	823,600.00	2,442,800.00	
01701741	\$30,000	8.000	823,600.00	700 400 00	~ 111 000 00	
07701741			790,400.00	1 400,00	214443000.00	
01701742	900,000	8.000	700,400.00	754 400.00		
07701742			754,400.00	734,400,00	2,444,000,00	
01/01/43	975,000	S. 000	754,400,00	715 400.00		
07/01/43			715,400,00	710,400.00	2,444,000.00	
01/01/44	1,055,000	8.000	/15,400.00	1,770,400.00		
07/01/44		<b>a</b>	873,200.00 173,200.00		234433200.00	
01/01/45	1,145,000	3.000	673,200.00		2 445 400 00	
07701745		e	627,400.00		214401000.00	
01/01/46	1,240,000	a.000	627,400.00	1,857,400.00	2 445 200 00	
07/01/46			577,800.00		2,440,200,00	
01/01/47	1,340,000	3.000	577,000,00	504 200 00	7.44°.000.00	
07/01/47			024,200.00 000 00		214421000.00	
01701748	1,405,000	3.000	524,200,00 4// 000 00	1,279,200,00	2 445 200 00	
07701748		a	466,000,00	2 041 000 00	214401200100	
01701749	1+0/0+000	8,000	400,000.00	A03 000.00	2 444 000 00	
07701749			403,000.00	2 102 000 00	2,444,000.00	
01/01/50	1,705,000	8.000	403,000,00 22 <b>1</b> 200 00	211021000.00	2.442.800 00	•
07701750		<b>A A A A</b>	334,800.00 33 <b>1</b> 666 66		23 17 12 3 UUU 1 UUU (10)	•
01701751	1,850,000	8.000	534,800.00 970 000 00	2,104,000,00	2.445.400.00	
07701751		a	200,000.00	2001000100	2144090000000	
01701752	2,000,000	8.000	200,000,00 100 000 00	180.800.00		
07701752		<b>.</b>	100,000,00	2 250,200,00	100100100	
01701703	2,170,000	8*000	100,000,00 00 000,00	2102727027709 08.000-00	~. 4AA. SOO OO	
07701753		0.000	74,000,00 94,000,00	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	2,444,000,00	
01701754	2,350,000	S*000	\$4*000 <b>*</b> 00	~ > 10 PH > 2000 A 200	211000100100100	

OTALS OC INT	26,415,000	35, 732, 000, 00 . 00	62,147,000.00 .00	62,147,000.00 .00	
ET		35, 732, 000, 00	62,147,000.00	62,147,000.00	

16.909	446,650.000	8.201	8,000
AVERAGE LIFE:	BOND YEARS:	DURATION (@ 10%"):	AVERAGE CUUPON:

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## 10/24/88 6:41 PM

DEAL	NAME: WH	ICWAT22		E	XPENSES	;	10/24/88 6:41 FM
	EXPENSE	ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC IN REFUNDING	IFROVEMENT ESCROW	NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIA	L ADVISC	R V				264150
2)	LEGAL EX	FENSE	v			10.0	264150
3)	ISSUANCE	EXPENSE	E V				396225
4)							Q
5)							Ò
6)							0
7)							0
8)							0
9)					****		Q
10)							0
11)							0
12)							0
13)							0
				*********	******	#thuszczes	±azzeseses≅
		TOTALS		0	0	924525	924525

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V-EXP BASED ON ISSUE SIZE D'INS EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S

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F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

DEALNAME: WHOWAT22

10724798 6:41 PM

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			FUND EAR	NINGS			
	CONSTRUCTION	CONSTRUCTION	RESERVE	CAP.INT.	ACCRUED INT	CONSTRUCTION	CAP.INT.
DATES	DRAWDOWN	<b>e</b> 7.000%	C 8.000%	e .000%	C 7.000%	FUND BAL	FUND BAL
01/01/22	23,040,000-	¢	Ó	0	0	0	Ó
						•	
TOTALS	23,040,000~	0	0	Ō	0		

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CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 23,040,000.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND

#### DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2029 RESERVE FUND

DEALNANE: WHEWAT22 ISSUE DATE: 01/01/29 DELIVERY DATE: 01/01/29 6:43 FM DEALTYPE: RES01 ANNUAL INTEREST TOTAL DATE FRINCIPAL COUPON ----------97,824.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/29 .00 97,824.00 97.324.00 01701730 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07701730 .00 97,824.00 97,324.00 01701731 97,824.00 195,648.00 97,824.00 07/01/31 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01701732 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/32 97,824.00 .00 91701703 97,824.00 195,648,00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/33 .00 97,824.00 97,824.00 01701734 97,824.00 195,648.00 97,824.00 07/01/34 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01701735 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/35 .00 97,824.00 97,824.00 01701706 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/36 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01/01/37 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/37 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01/01/38 125,648,00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07701738 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01701739 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07701739 .00 97,824.00 97,824.00 01701740 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07701740 .00 97,824.00 97,824.00 01/01/41 97,824.00 195,648.00 97,824.00 07701741 97,824.00 . 00 97,824.00 01701742 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07701742 ,00 97,824.00 97,824.00 01/01/43 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/43 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01701744 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824,00 07701744 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01701745 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/45 .00 97,824,00 97,824.00 01/01/46 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/46 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01/01/47 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/47 97,824.00 .00 97,824.00 01701748 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/48 97,824.00 97,824,00 .00 01701749 97,824.00 195,648.00 97,824.00 07701749 .00 97,824.00 97,824.00 01701750 125, 648, 00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/50 .00 97,824.00 27,824.00 01/01/51 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07/01/51 .00 97,824.00 97,824.00 01/01/52 195,648.00 97,824.00 97,824.00 07701752 97-804-00 97,824.00 .00 01701753

27,824.00

97,824.00

8.000

2,445,600

07/01/53

01701754

97,824,00

2,543,424.00

195,648,00

2,543,424.00

10724788

			*	
TOTALS	2,445,600	4,891,200.00	7,336,800.00	7,336,800,00
ALC INT		00.	00.	00.
NE. T		4,891,200.00	7,336,800,00	7,336,800.00

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AVERADE LIFE: BOND YEAKS: LUKATION (@ 10%"): AVERASE COUFON:

25.000 61.140.000 9.913 8.000

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## ESTIMATED SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS

DEALNAME:	WHCWAT23	10/24/83
		6:49 PM

SOURCES OF FUNDS:

BOND ISSUE PROCEEDS	36,460,000.00
TOTAL SOURCES	36,460,000.00

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## USES OF FUNDS:

GROSS CONSTRUCTION COSTS	31,805,000.00 3,375,200,00
EXFENSES: OTHER ISSUANCE EXPENSES ROUNDING AMOUNT	1,276,100.00 3,700.00
TOTAL USES OF FUNDS	36,460,000.00

NOTES

EARNINGS RATE ON THE CONSTRUCTION FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 7.000 % EARNINGS RATE ON THE RESERVE FUND IS ESTIMATED AT 8.000 %

## DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE W. HARRIS CO. SRFC. WAT. SUP. SER130

$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHCWAT23 NEW	ISSUE DATE	: 01/01/30 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/30	6:50 PM
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/30		****	1,458,400,00	1,458,400.00	1,458,400.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701731	475,000	8,000	1,453,400.00	1,733,400.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/31			1,439,400.00	1,439,400.00	3,372,800.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01701732	515,000	3.000	1,439,400,00	1,954,400.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/32			1,418,800.00	1,418,800.00	3,373,200,00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/33	555,000	8.000	1,413,300,00	1,973,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/33			1,396,600.00	1,396,600,00	3,370,400.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/34	605,000	8.000	1,396,600.00	2,001,600.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/34			1,372,400.00	1,372,400.00	3,374,000.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01/01/35	655,000	8,000	1,372,400.00	2,027,400.00	.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	07/01/35			1,346,200.00	1,346,200.00	3,373,600.00
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	01701736	710,000	8.000	1,346,200.00	2,056,200.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/36			1,317,800.00	1,317,800.00	3,374,000,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/37	770,000	8.000	1,317,800.00	2,087,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/37			1,287,000.00	1,237,000,00	3,374,800.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701738	830,000	8.000	1,287,000.00	2,117,000.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/38			1,253,800,00	1,253,800.00	3,370,800.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701739	200,000	8.000	1,253,800.00	2,153,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701739			1,217,800.00	1,217,800.00	3,371,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701740	975,000	8.000	1,217,800,00	2,192,800.00	• 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/40			1,178,800.00	1,178,800.00	3,371,600,00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701741	1,055,000	8.000	1,178,800.00	2,233,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/41			1,136,600,00	1,136,600.00	3,370,400.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701742	1,145,000	8.000	1,136,600.00	2,281,600,00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701742			1,090,800.00	1,090,800.00	3,372,400.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/43	1,240,000	3.000	1,090,800.00	2,330,800.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/43	•		1,041,200,00	1,041,200.00	3,372,000.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/44	1,345,000	8.000	1,041,200.00	2,386,200.00	.09
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/44			987,400.00	987,400.00	3,3/3,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/45	1,455,000	8.000	987,400.00	2,442,400.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701745			929,200.00	929,200.00	3,371,800.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/46	1,580,000	8.000	929,200.00	2,509,200,00	0.075 000 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701746			866,000.00	866,000.00	3,375,200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/47	1,710,000	8.000	366,000.00	2,376,000,00	2 272 400 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07/01/47	1 050 000	0.000	797,600.00	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	31373,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/48	1,830,000	8.000	722 400.00	702 400 00	3.271.200.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701743	0.005.000	0.000	723,600,00	720,000,00	00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/49	2,005,000	3.000	723,800,00 4 <b>4</b> 2, <b>4</b> 00,00	2,723,800.00 (A2 A00 00	3.272.000.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701749	0 175 000	0.000	6431400.00 642.400 00	2,212,400,00	00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01701730	2,170,000	8.000	554.400.00	554.400.00	3.374.200 00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701700	2 255 000	9,000	556.400.00	2.211.400.00	.00
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/01	2,000,000	0.000	462.200.00	462,200,00	3,373,600.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	07701701	2.550.000	9,000	462,200,00	3,012,200.00	.00
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	01/01/04	270007000	0.000	340,200,00	360,200.00	3,372,400,00
01/01/53         249,600.00         249,600.00         3,374,800.00           01/01/54         2,995,000         8.000         249,600.00         3,244,600.00         .00           01/01/54         2,995,000         8.000         129,800.00         3,244,600.00         .00	01701704	2.765.000	8.000	360,200,00	3,125,200.00	.00
01/01/54 2,995,000 8,000 249,600,00 3,244,600,00 .00 01/01/54 2,995,000 8,000 129,800,00 3,244,600,00 .00	01/01/00	2770033000		249,600,00	249,600.00	3,374,800,00
129,800.00 129,800.00 3,374,400.00	01/01/00	2,995,000	8.000	249,600.00	3,244,600.00	.00
「「「「」」」」「「」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」」	07701754		<b>0.</b>	129,800.00	129,800.00	3,374,400.00
01/01/55 3,245,000 8.000 129,800.00 3,374,800.00 3,374,800.00	01/01/55	3,245,000	8.000	129,800,00	3,374,800.00	3,374,800.00

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85, 782, 000, 00 . 00 85, 782, 000, 00	
49,322,000,00 00 49,322,000,00	
	16, 910 616, 525, 000 3, 202 3, 000
TUIALS 36.460.0 ADL INT 36.460.0 NET	AVERAGE LIFE: BOND YEAKS: BLKATIUN (@ 102"): AVERAGE COUPON:

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10724783 6:50 PM .

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DEA	INAME: WHOWAT23		Ex.	XPENSE:	3	10/24/88 6:50 FM
2.1411	EXPENSE ITEMS	FIXED OR VARIABLE	TIC IMPROVEMENT REFUNDING ESCROW		NOT RECOVERABLE	TOTAL AMOUNT
1)	FINANCIAL ADVIS	DR V			10.0	364600
- 2)	LEGAL EXPENSE	v				364600
3)	ISSUANCE EXPENSI	εv				546900
4)						0
5)						0
6)						0
7)						0
8)						· 0
- 9)						0
10)						0
11)						Ō
12)						Ů
13)						ò
				#==============		
	TOTALS		0	0	1276100	1276100

V-EXP	BASED ON ISSUE SIZE	F-EXP IS A FIXED AMOUNT
DHINS	EXP BASED ON TOTAL D/S	C-SAME AS D LESS CAP. INT.

\$920150

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## DEALNAME: WHOWAT23

10724788 6:50 PM

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			FUND EAR	NINGS			
DATES	CONSTRUCTION DRAWDOWN	CONSTRUCTION @ 7.000%	RESERVE @ 8.000%	CAP.INT. @ .000%	ACCRUED INT @ 7.000%	CONSTRUCTION FUND BAL	CAP.INT. FUND BAL
01701730	31,805,000-	0	0	0	 0	•••••••	
TOTALS	31,305,000-	0	0		<u>-</u> 0		

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CONSTRUCTION FUND BEGINNING BALANCE = 31,805,000.00

CONSTRUCTION FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND CAPITALIZED INTEREST EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND RESERVE FUND EARNINGS FLOW TO CONSTRUCTION FUND
## DEBT SERVICE SCHEDULE SERIES 2030 RESERVE FUND

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DEALNAME: DEALTYPE:	WHCWAT23 RESO1	ISSUE DATE:	01701730 DELIVER	Y DATE: 01/01/30	6:51 PM	
DATE	PRINCIPAL	COUPON	INTEREST	TOTAL	ANNUAL	
07/01/20			135,008,00	135,008,00	135,008.00	
01/01/30			135,003.00	135,008,00	.00	
07/01/31			135,008,00	135,008,00	270,016,00	
01/01/32			135,008,00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/32			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/33			135,008.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/33			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/34			135,003.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/34			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/35			135,003,00	135,008,00	.00	
07701735			135,008,00	135,008,00	270,016,00	
01701734			135,008,00	135,008,00	.00	
07/01/36			135,003,00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/37			135,003.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/37			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/38			135,008.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/38			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/39			135,008,00	135,008,00	.00	
07/01/39			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/40			135,008.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/40			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01701741			135,008,00	135,008,00	.00	
07/01/41			135,008.00	135,003.00	270,016.00	
01/01/42			135,008.00	135,008,00	.00	
07/01/42			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/43			135,003,00	135,008.00	.00	
02/01/43			135,008,00	135,008,00	270,016.00	
01/01/44			135,008,00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/44			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/45			135,008.00	135,008,00	.00	
07/01/45			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/46			135,008.00	135,003,00	.00	
07/01/46			135,008.00	135,008,00	270,016.00	
01/01/47			135,008.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/47		•	135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016,00	
01/01/48			135,008.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/48			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/49			135,008.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/49			135,008.00	135,008,00	270,016.00	
01701750			135,008.00	135,003.00	.00	
07701750			135,008.00	135,003.00	270,014.00	
01701751			135,008.00	135,008.00	.00	
07701751			135,008.00	135,008.00	270,016.00	
01/01/52			135,008.00	135,008,00	.00	
07701752			135,008,00	135,008.00	270,014,00	
01/01/53			135,008,00	135,008,00	.00	
07701753			135,008,00	135,008,00	270,016,00	
01701754			135,008.00	135,008.00	.00	
07/01/54			135,008.00	105,008,00	270,016,00	
01/01/55	3,375,200	3,000	135,008.00	3,510,208.00	3,510,203,00	

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6,750,400.00 60		6,750,400.00	
 8			25,000 84,380,000 84,380,000 84,380,000 84,380,000
0, 375, 2 I			E LIFE: AN (@ IOZ"): A (@ IOZ"):
TUTALS ACC IN		NEJ	AVERAGI BUND YI DURAT D AVERAGI

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