

Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) Groundwater Availability Modeling (GAM) Program



Cindy Ridgeway (Manager)
Groundwater Availability Modeling Program
Texas Water Development Board

What is the Texas Water Development Board?



Not regulatory agency like Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.



Science: Groundwater, surface water, innovative water technology, conservation, education, flooding.



Planning: Assist with regional planning and state planning (drought and flood plans)



Funding: We assist with implementing water projects with funding



Groundwater Availability Modeling (GAM) Program



Aim: Develop groundwater flow models for the major and minor aquifers of Texas.



Purpose: Tools that can be used to aid in groundwater resources management by stakeholders.



Public process: Stakeholder involvement during model development process.



Models: Freely available, standardized, thoroughly documented. Reports, data, models are available for download from TWDB download page for models.



Living tools: Periodically updated.

Why Stakeholder Advisory Forums?



Keep stakeholders updated about progress of the modeling project



Inform how the groundwater model can, should, and should not be used



Provide stakeholders with the opportunity to provide input and data to assist with model development

Contact Information

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Web information:
<https://www.twdb.texas.gov/groundwater/models/gam/mrtn/mrtn.asp>





Marathon Aquifer Conceptual Model

Stakeholder Advisory Forum #1

December 3-4, 2020

Marathon, Texas



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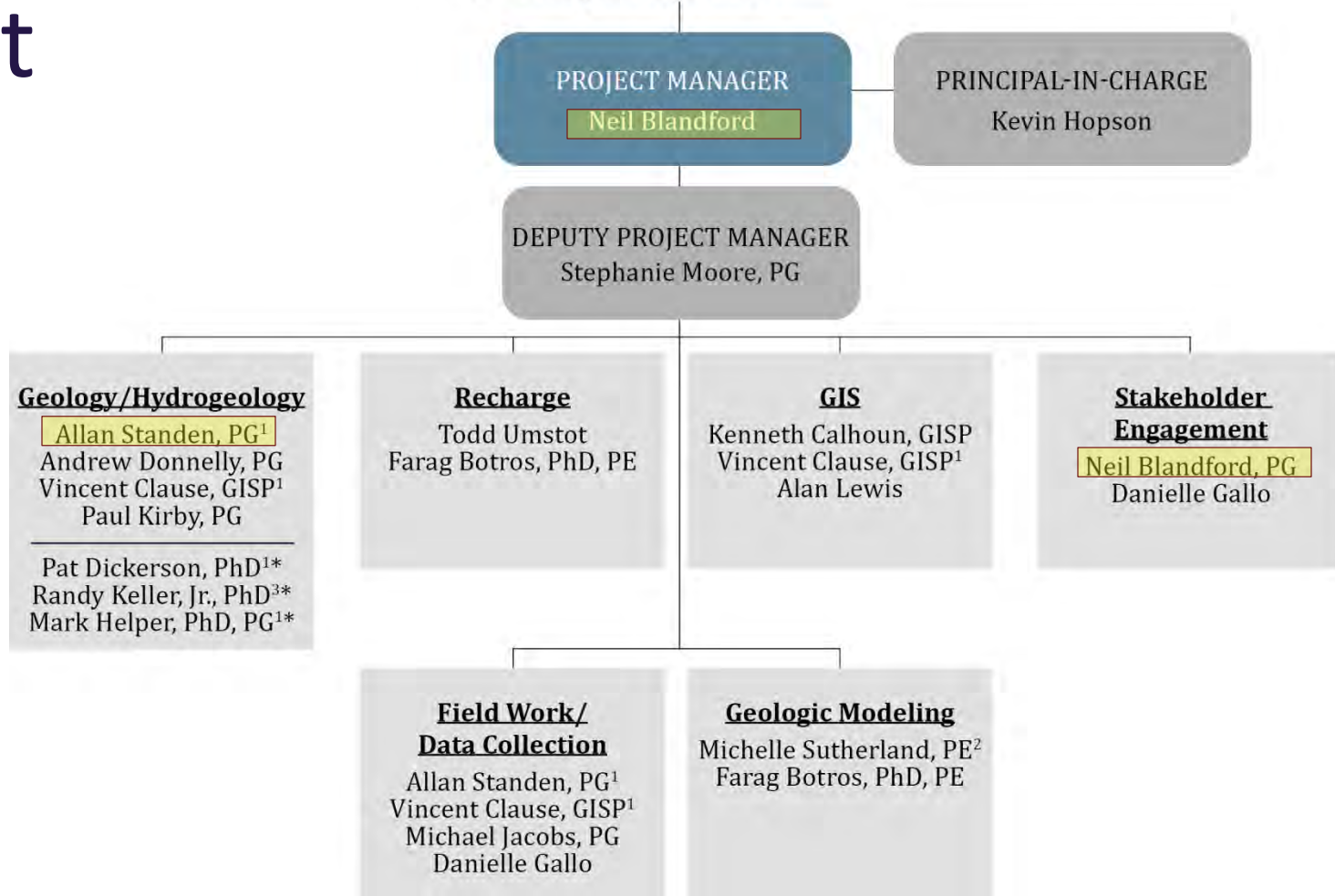
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Agenda

1. Introduction to Project Team
2. Marathon Aquifer Overview
3. Project Objectives
4. Approach
5. Project Schedule
6. Request for Data
7. Stakeholder Input and Questions



Project Team



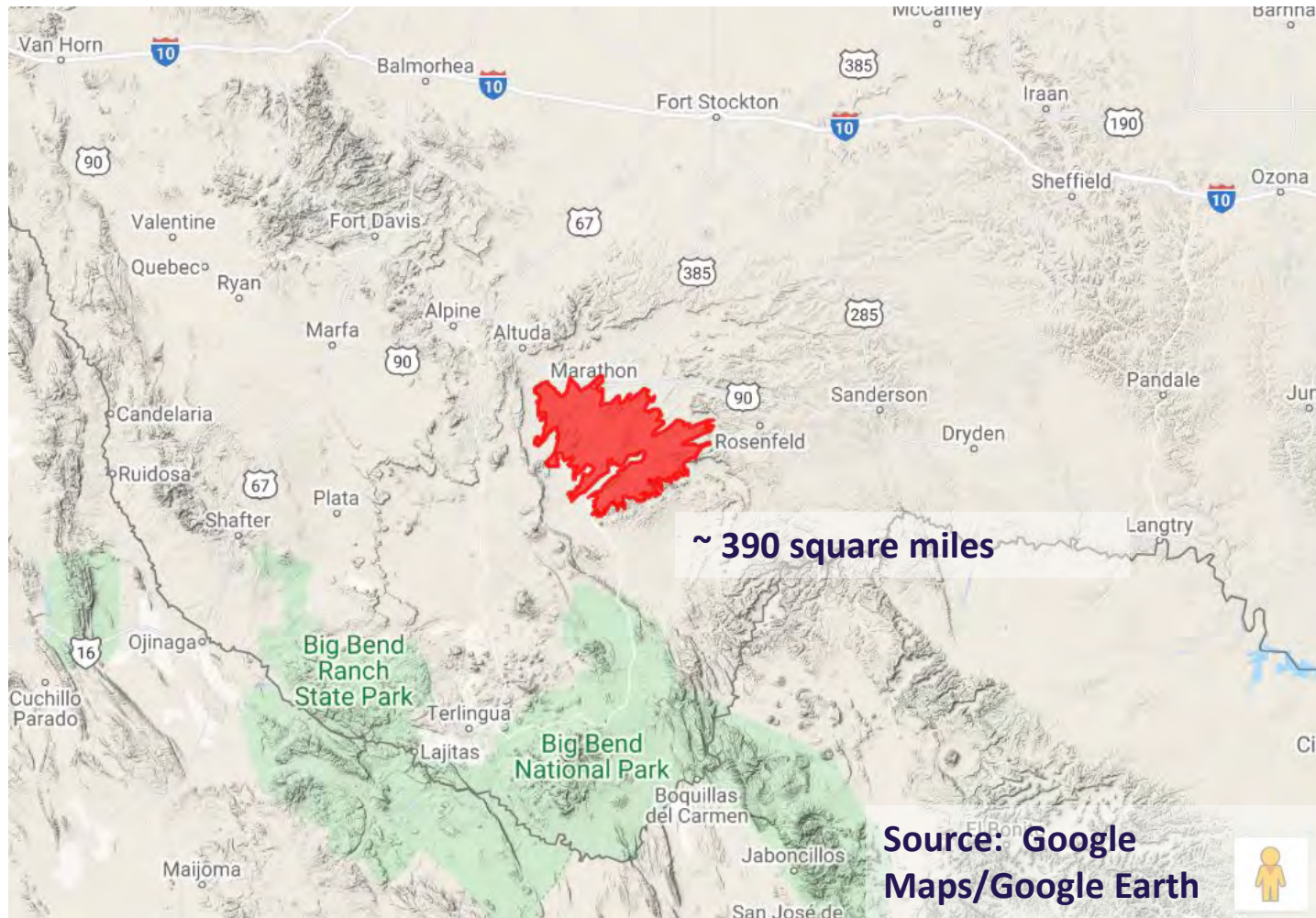
Additional Staff Support Available Companywide

53 Hydrologists/Hydrogeologists
38 Geologists

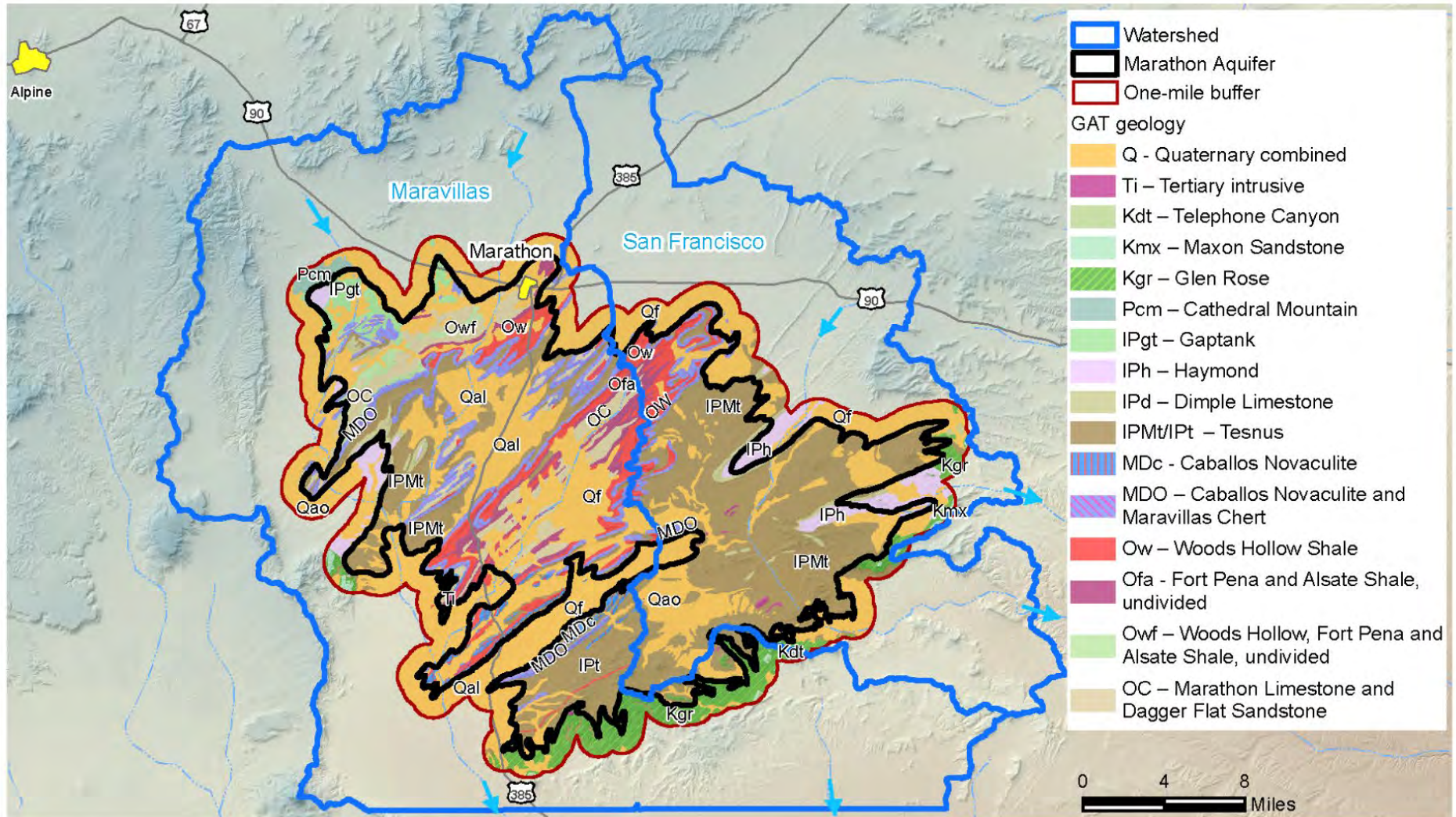
13 Environmental Scientists
14 GIS/CADD/Database
39 Laboratory and Field Technicians

57 Engineers
2 Biologists

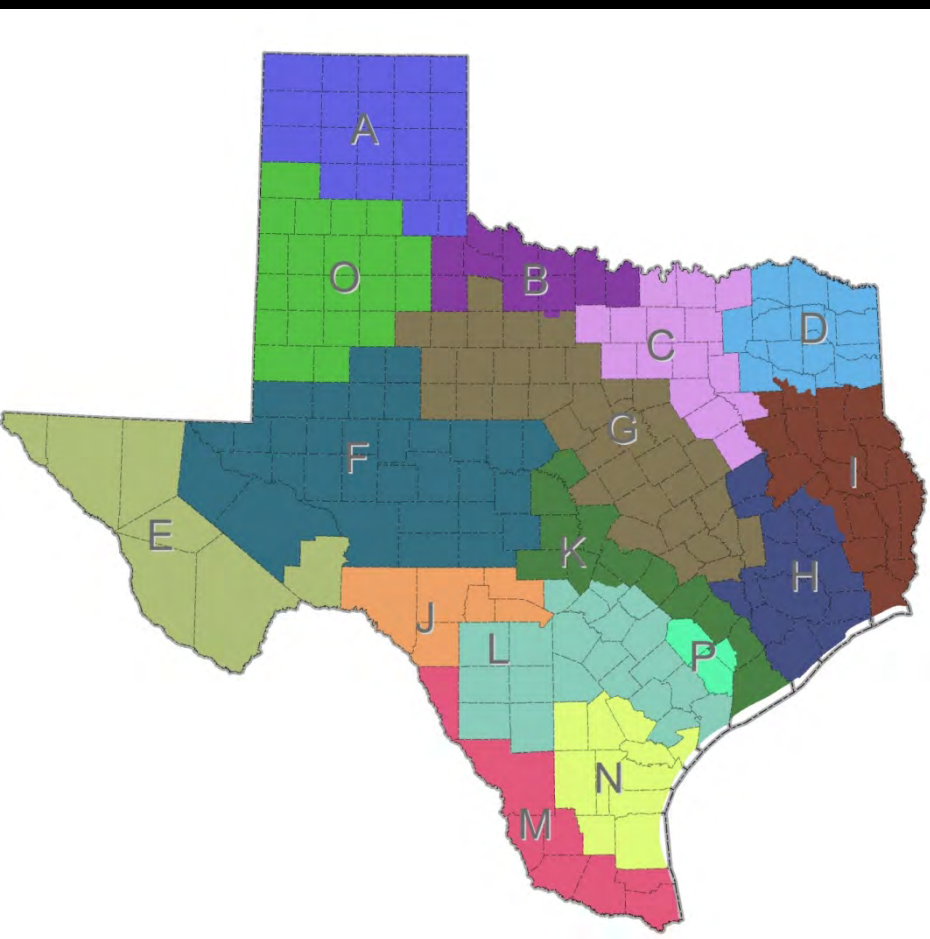
Marathon Aquifer



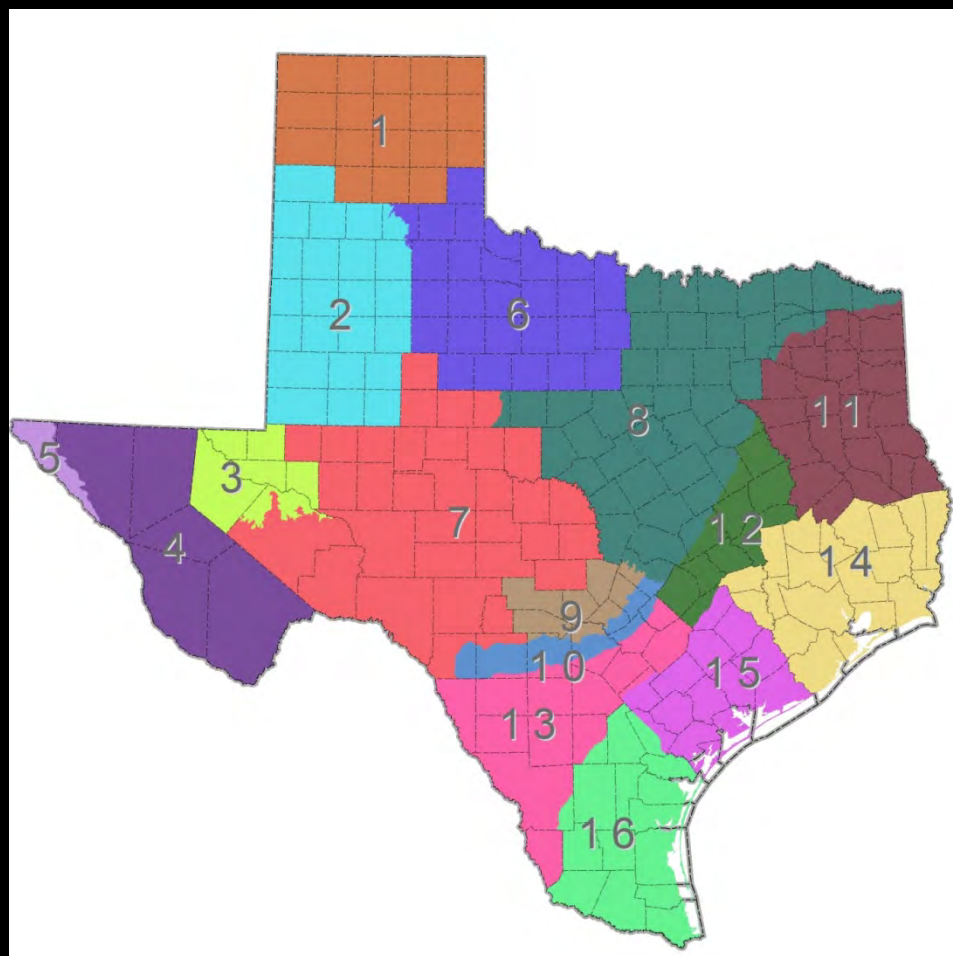
Study Area and Surface Geology



Regional Water Planning Areas



Groundwater Management Areas

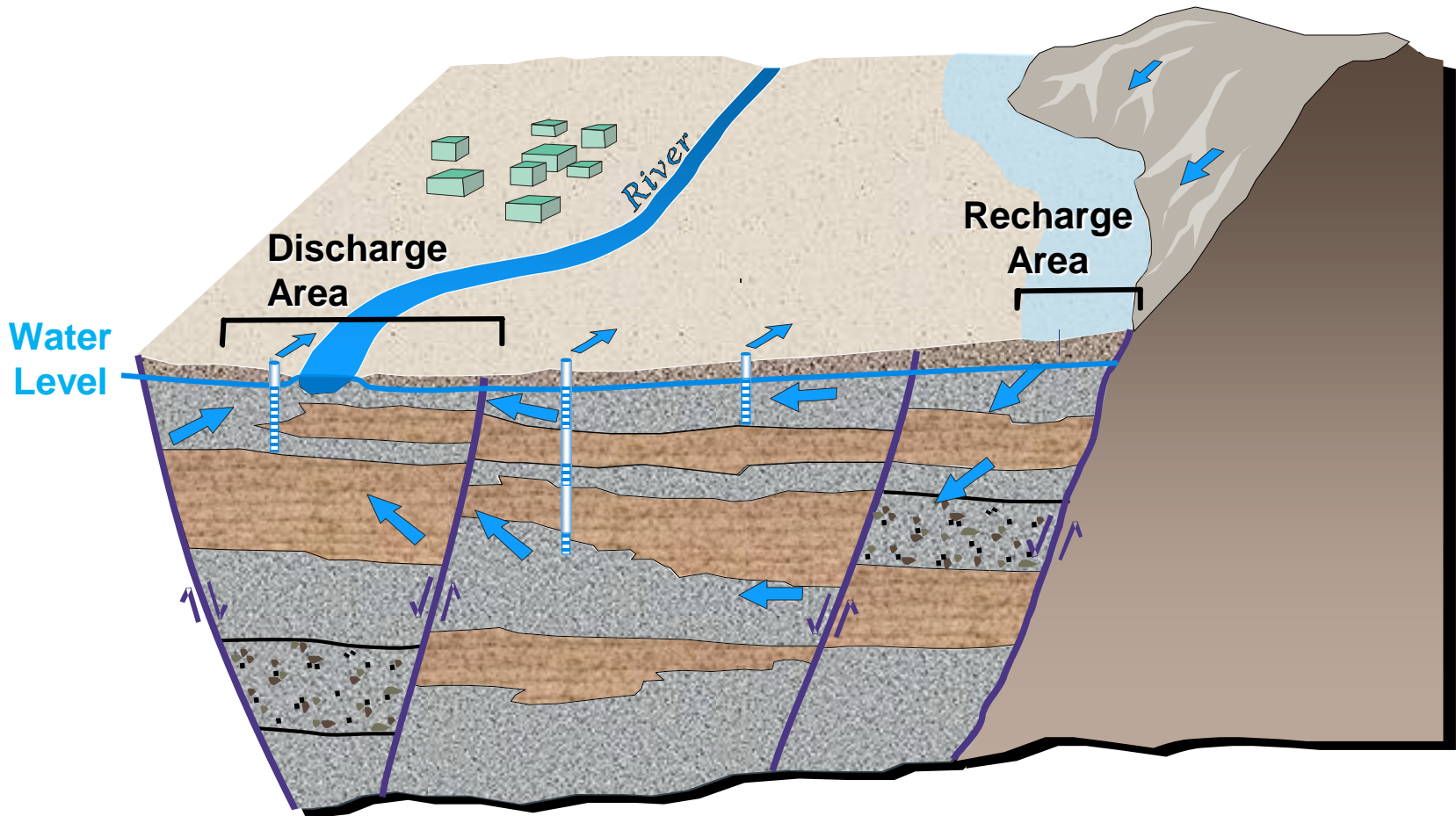


Project Objectives

- Develop a conceptual model of the Marathon Aquifer
 - Describe the best understanding of how groundwater moves through the aquifer system
- Future Goal: Develop numerical groundwater flow model (GAM) of the Marathon Aquifer



Conceptual Model



Components of Conceptual Model

1. Physiography and climate
2. Geology
3. Hydrostratigraphy
4. Hydrostratigraphic framework
5. Water levels and regional groundwater flow
6. Recharge
7. Rivers, streams, springs and other surface water features
8. Hydraulic properties
- ~~9. Subsidence~~
10. Discharge
11. Water quality



Previous Studies

- Geology - Over 30 publications used in our proposal
- Hydrogeology
 - Brune (2002) - Springs of Texas
 - DeCook (1961) - Reconnaissance of Groundwater Resources in the Marathon Area
 - Muse (1966) - Water level data for Brewster and adjoining counties
 - Smith (2001) - Hydrogeology of the Marathon Basin



Approach: Geology

- Utilize results of prior studies
 - Georeference and digitize selected plates from King (1937), King (1980), Flawn (1956) and possibly others
- Geophysical log search (add up to 20)
- Supplemental strike and dip measurements
- GIS hill shade/fracture analysis to identify highly faulted/fractured areas

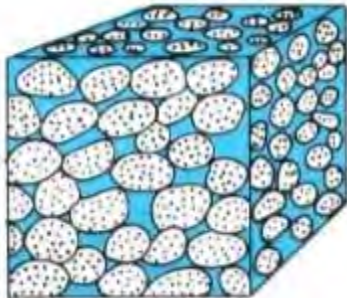


Geologic Column and Preliminary Hydrostratigraphic Designations

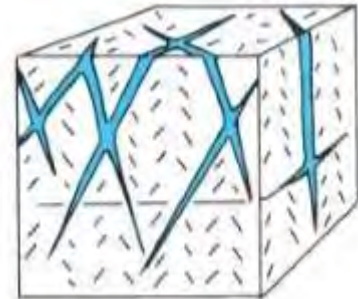
Age	Formations	Predominant Lithology	Hydrostratigraphic Designation
Quaternary	Alluvium, fan, landslide, playa and eolian deposits	Gravel, sand, silt, clay	Aquifer
Tertiary	Volcanic rocks, multiple formations	Rhyolite, tuff, basalt flows	Not significant sources of groundwater
Cretaceous	Glen Rose Formation; Telephone Canyon	Limestone	Aquifer (?)
Permian	Skinner Ranch Formation; Hess Limestone; Lenox Hills Formation	Dolomite, Limestone (calcarenite), shale, conglomerate	Aquitard
Upper Pennsylvanian	Gaptank Formation; Haymond Formation	Limestone, sandstone, shale	
Lower Pennsylvanian	Dimple Limestone; Tesnus Formation	Limestone, shale sandstone, quartzite	Aquifer, except where Tesnus is predominately shale
Devonian-Upper Ordovician	Caballos Novaculite; Maravillas Chert; Woods Hollow Shale; Fort Pena Formation; Alsate Shale	Novaculite, chert, limestone, shale	Aquitard
Lower Ordovician-Upper Cambrian	Marathon Limestone; Dagger Flat Sandstone	Limestone and Sandstone	Aquifer

Aquifer Types

Void space
between grains



Breaks in the rock
after deposition

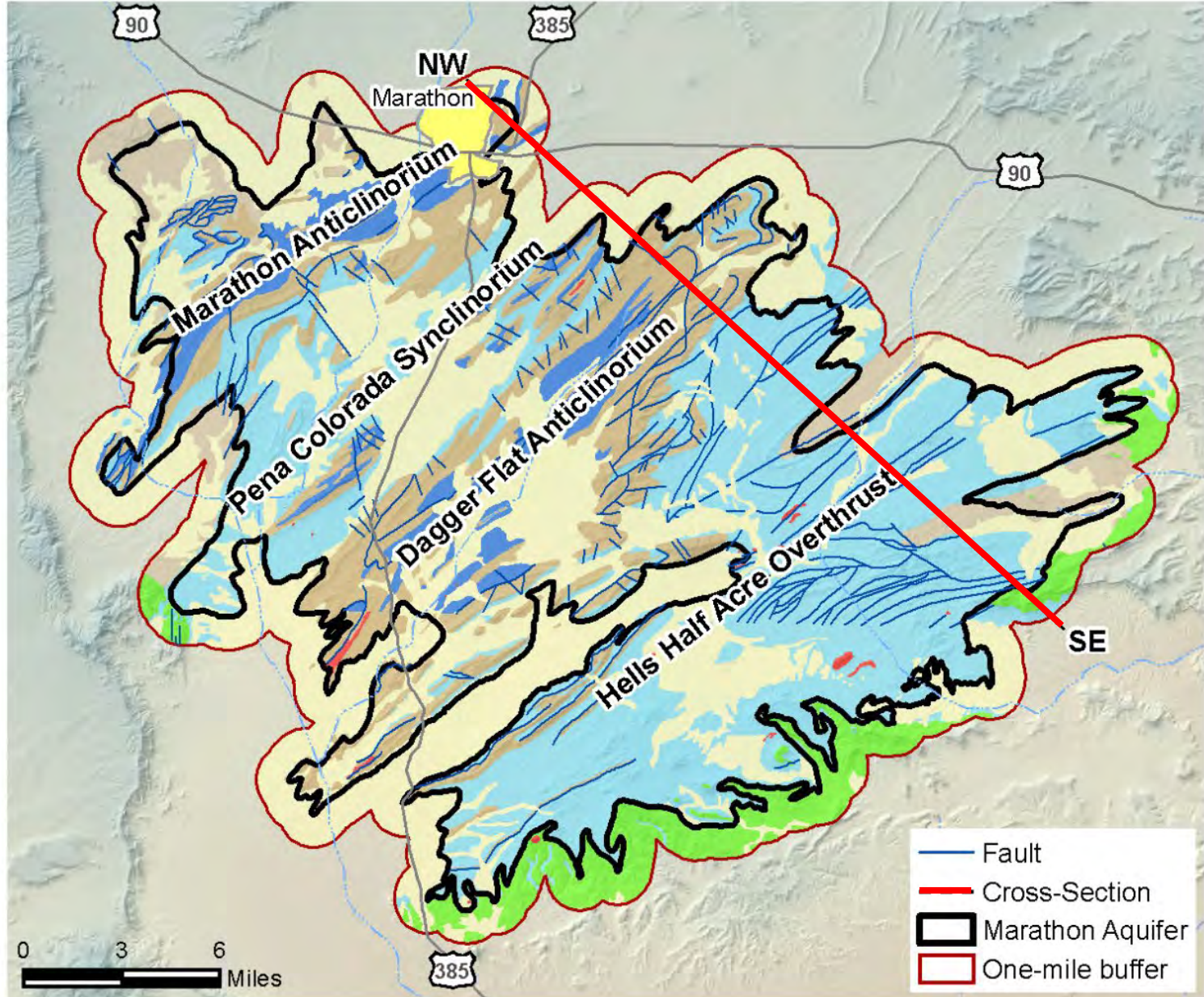


Primary Porosity

Secondary Porosity



Hydrostratigraphic Framework



Anticline



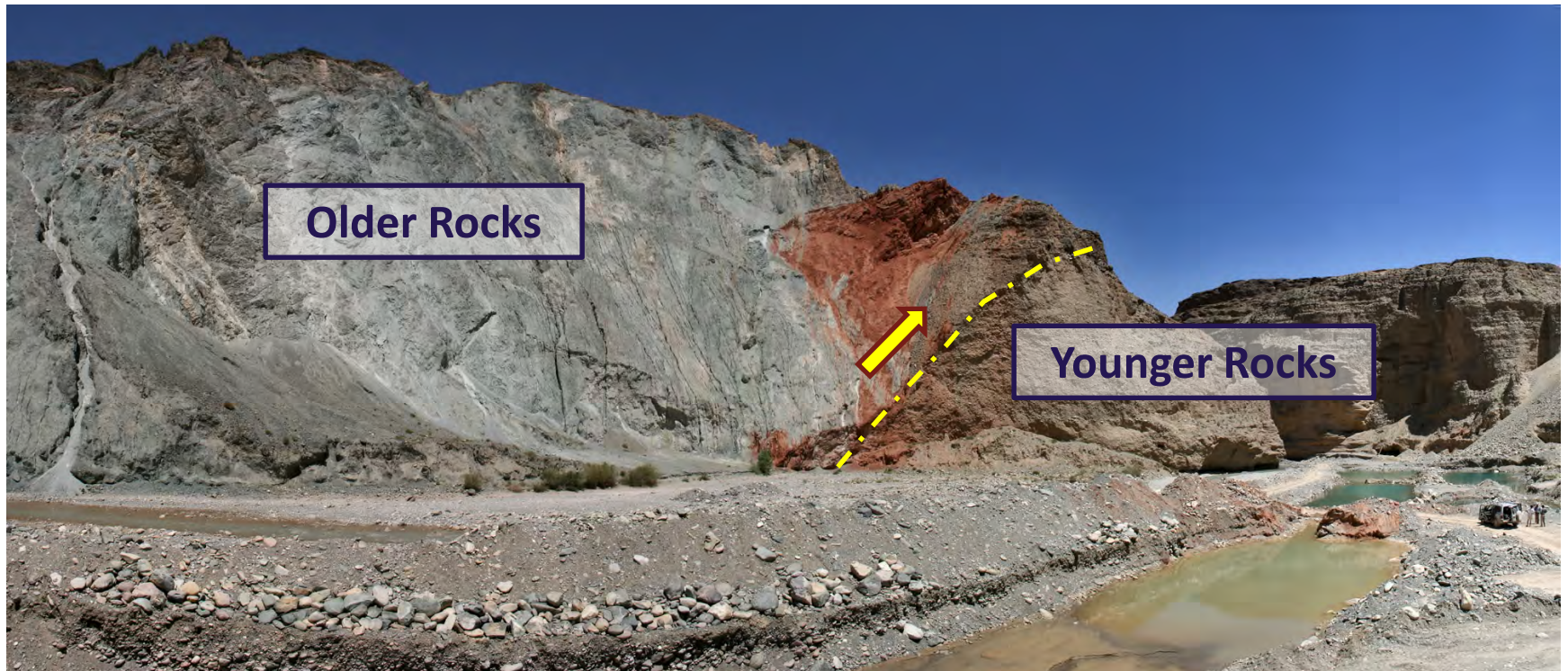
photo by Neil Blandford

Syncline



photo by Neil Blandford

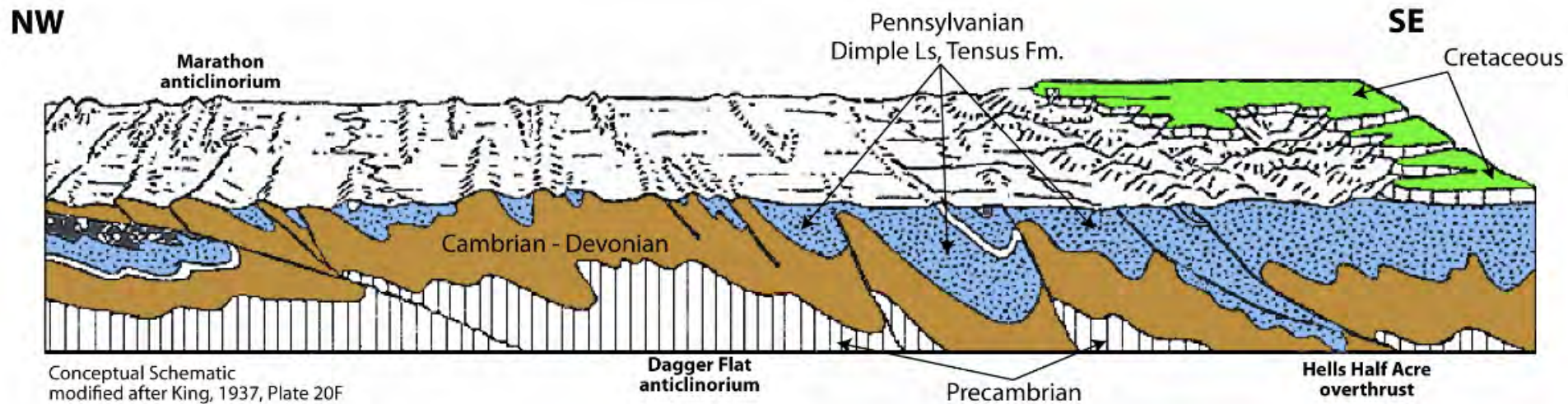
Overthrust Fault



Source: https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Thrust_fault



Hydrostratigraphic Framework - Cont'd

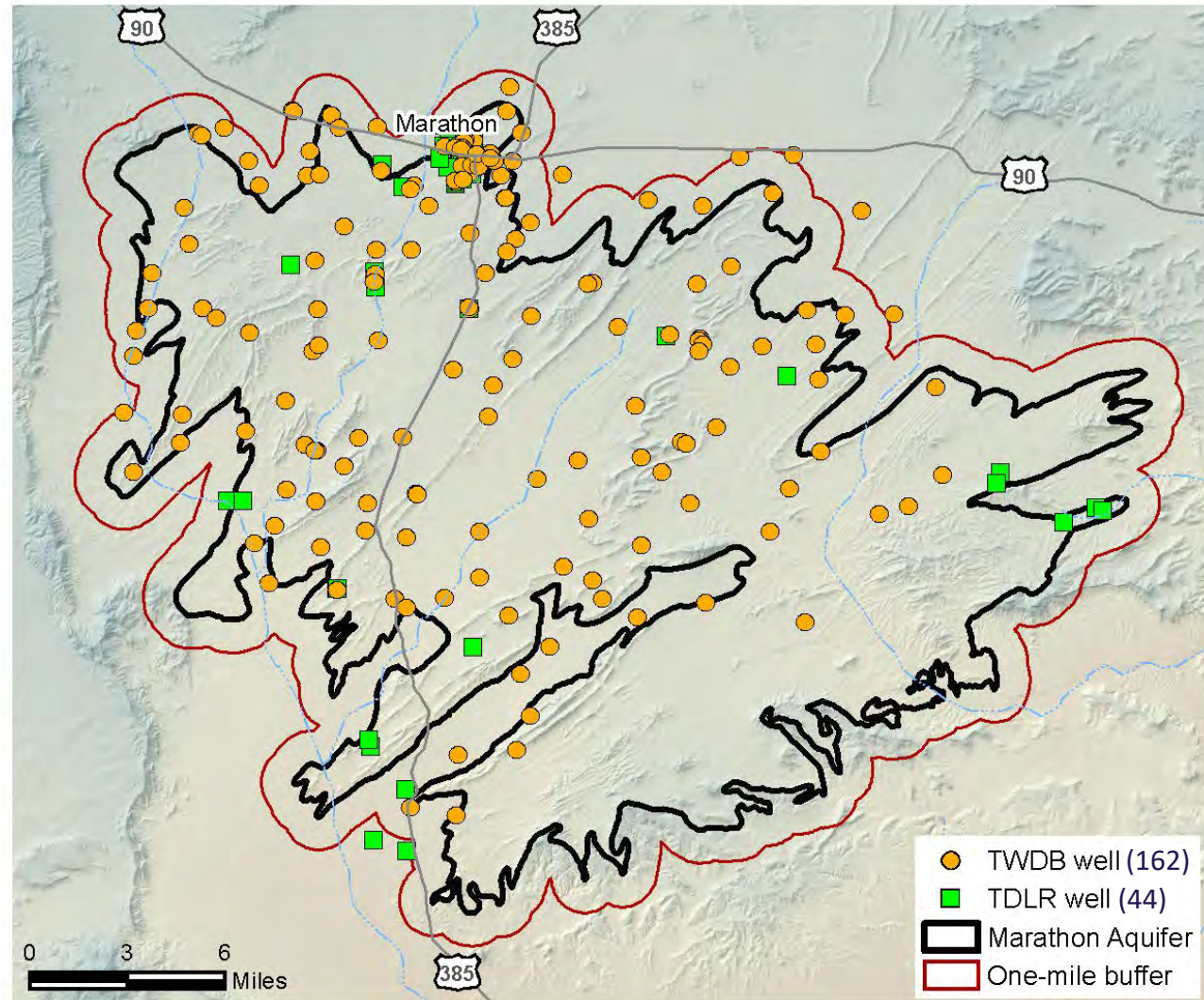


Blue areas to a depth of 1,000 feet are potential aquifers that will be evaluated to identify areas with high density fractures



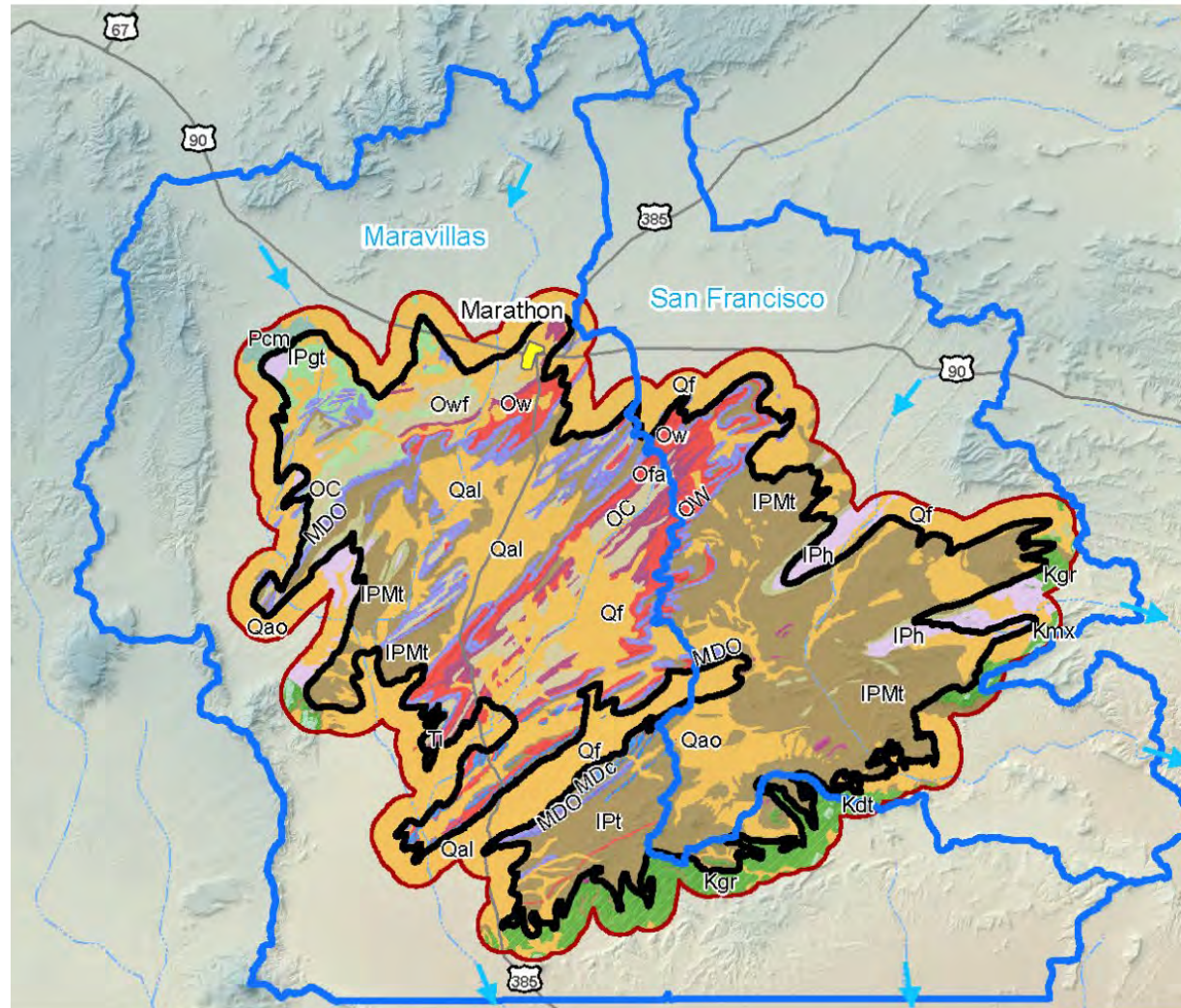
Approach: Water Levels and Regional Groundwater Flow

- Compile, analyze, summarize available data
- Confirm that water levels from early studies are included in the database
- Collect up to 15 current water levels



Approach: Groundwater Recharge

- Use Distributed Parameter Watershed Model (DPWM) to estimate recharge
 - Soil water-balance
 - Site-specific climate, topography, geology, soils and vegetation
 - Daily time step, aggregate into annual values and long-term averages



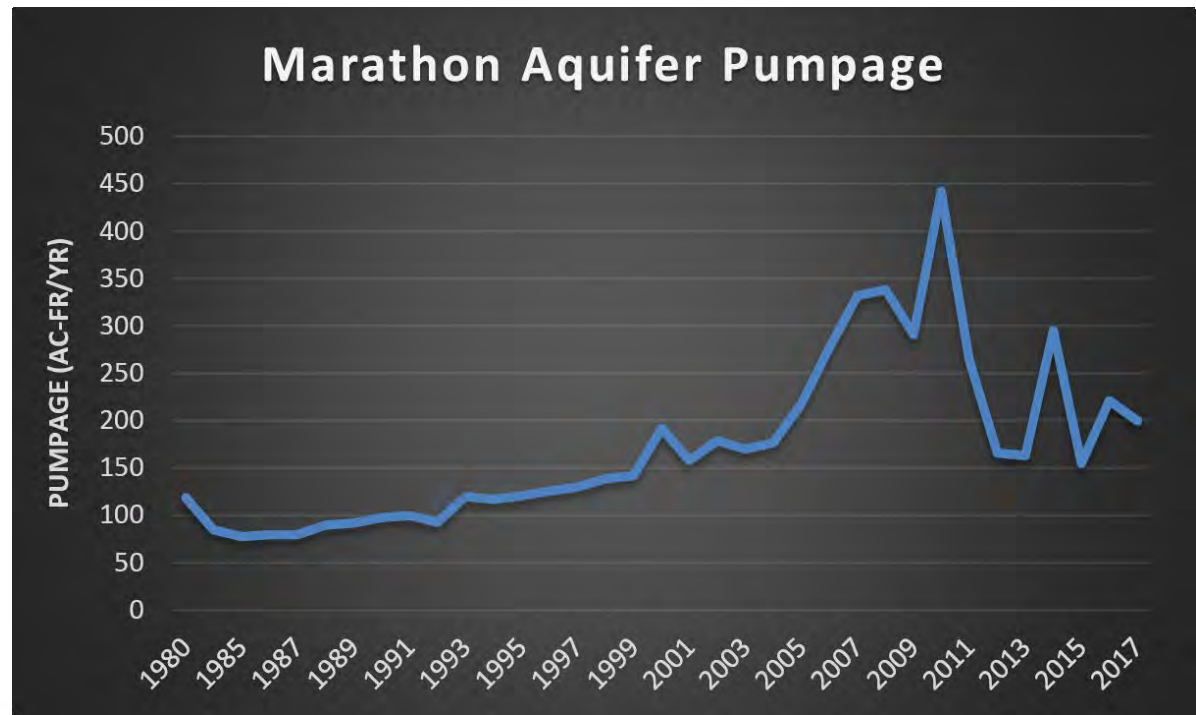
Approach: Hydraulic Properties

- Compile available data from prior reports, TWDB and TDLR well logs
- Estimate aquifer transmissivity where data is available
- Field work - conduct several short-term aquifer tests where existing pumping configuration allows and landowner approval is obtained
- Storage coefficients will be estimated based on aquifer rock type



Approach: Groundwater Discharge

- Compile, analyze, summarize available data
- Discharge to springs and evapotranspiration
- Groundwater pumping - TWDB data and Brewster County GCD



Approach: Water Quality

- Compile, analyze, summarize all available data
- About 28 wells with basic water quality data
- Field parameters (electrical conductivity, pH) for wells that can be pumped or are pumping in the field



Project Schedule

- October 1, 2020 - Start date
- December 3-4, 2020 - SAF 1
- Field work - January, February 2021
 - Strike and dip, water levels, pumping tests
- July 30, 2021 - Interim Deliverable
- March 31, 2022 - Study Completion Date
- April 2022 - SAF 2 (approximate)



Data Requests

- Well locations and construction information
- Water level data
- Production data (water use information)
- Aquifer test data
- Spring locations
- Property access?



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Thank you!

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