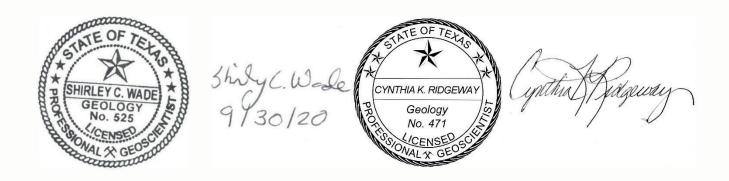
## GAM RUN 20-004: WINTERGARDEN GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT MANAGEMENT PLAN

Jiabao Guan, Ph.D., R. Grayson Dowlearn, G.I.T. and Shirley Wade, Ph.D., P.G. Texas Water Development Board Groundwater Division Groundwater Availability Modeling Department (512) 475-1522 September 30, 2020



Cynthia K. Ridgeway is the manager of the Groundwater Availability Modeling Department and is responsible for the oversight of work performed by Jiabao Guan and R. Grayson Dowlearn under her direct supervision. The seal appearing on this document was authorized by Cynthia K. Ridgeway, P.G. 471 on September 30, 2020.

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#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY:

Texas State Water Code, Section 36.1071, Subsection (h) (Texas Water Code, 2011), states that, in developing its groundwater management plan, a groundwater conservation district shall use groundwater availability modeling information provided by the Executive Administrator of the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) in conjunction with any available site-specific information provided by the district for review and comment to the Executive Administrator.

The TWDB provides data and information to the Wintergarden Groundwater Conservation District in two parts. Part 1 is the Estimated Historical Water Use/State Water Plan dataset report, which will be provided to you separately by the TWDB Groundwater Technical Assistance Department. Please direct questions about the water data report to Mr. Stephen Allen at 512-463-7317 or <u>stephen.allen@twdb.texas.gov</u>. Part 2 is the required groundwater availability modeling information and this information includes:

- 1. the annual amount of recharge from precipitation, if any, to the groundwater resources within the district;
- 2. for each aquifer within the district, the annual volume of water that discharges from the aquifer to springs and any surface-water bodies, including lakes, streams, and rivers; and
- 3. the annual volume of flow into and out of the district within each aquifer and between aquifers in the district.

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The groundwater management plan for the Wintergarden Groundwater Conservation District should be adopted by the district on or before March 29, 2021 and submitted to the executive administrator of the TWDB on or before April 28, 2021. The current management plan for the Wintergarden Groundwater Conservation District expires on June 27, 2021.

We used three groundwater availability models to estimate the management plan information for the aquifers within Wintergarden Groundwater Conservation District. Information for the Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer is from version 1.01 of the Groundwater Availability Model for the San Antonio segment of the Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer (Lindgren and others, 2004). Information for the Carrizo-Wilcox, Queen City, and Sparta aquifers is from version 2.01 of the Groundwater Availability Model for the southern portion of the Carrizo-Wilcox, Queen City, and Sparta Aquifers (Deeds and others, 2003; Kelley and others, 2004). Information for the Yegua-Jackson Aquifer is from version 1.01 of the Groundwater Availability Model for the Yegua-Jackson Aquifer (Deeds and others, 2010).

This report replaces the results of GAM Run 15-007 (Bagans and Wade, 2015), as information for the Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer has been added to this report. Tables 1 through 5 summarize the groundwater availability model data required by statute, and Figures 1 through 5 show the area of the models from which the values in the tables were extracted. If, after review of the figures, the Wintergarden Groundwater Conservation District determines that the district boundaries used in the assessment do not reflect current conditions, please notify the TWDB at your earliest convenience.

#### **METHODS:**

In accordance with the provisions of the Texas State Water Code, Section 36.1071, Subsection (h), the groundwater availability models mentioned above were used to estimate the information for the Wintergarden Groundwater Conservation District management plan. Water Budgets were extracted for the Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer (1980-2000), the Carrizo-Wilcox, Queen City and Sparta Aquifers (1980-1999), and the Yegua-Jackson Aquifer (1980-1997). We used ZONEBUDGET Version 3.01 (Harbaugh, 2009) to extract water budgets from the model results. The average annual water budget values for recharge, surface-water outflow, inflow to the district, outflow from the district, and the flow between aquifers within the district are summarized in this report.

#### PARAMETERS AND ASSUMPTIONS:

#### Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer

- We used version 1.01 of the groundwater availability model for the San Antonio segment of the Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer. See Lindgren and others (2004) for assumptions and limitations of the groundwater availability model for the San Antonio segment of the Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer.
- This groundwater availability model includes one layer which represents the Edwards Group (Layer 1).
- Water budget was estimated by averaging over the period January1980 to December 2000 (stress periods 73 through 324).
- The model was run with MODFLOW-2000 (Harbaugh and McDonald, 2000).

#### Carrizo-Wilcox, Queen City and Sparta Aquifers

- We used version 2.01 of the groundwater availability model for the southern portion of the Carrizo-Wilcox, Queen City, and Sparta aquifers. See Deeds and others (2003) and Kelley and others (2004) for assumptions and limitations of the groundwater availability model for the southern portion of the Carrizo-Wilcox, Queen City, and Sparta aquifers.
- This groundwater availability model includes eight layers which generally represent the Sparta Aquifer (Layer 1), the Weches Confining Unit (Layer 2), the Queen City Aquifer (Layer 3), the Reklaw Confining Unit (Layer 4), the Carrizo Aquifer (Layer 5), the Upper Wilcox (Layer 6), the Middle Wilcox (Layer 7), and the Lower Wilcox (Layer 8). Water budgets were extracted collectively for the Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer (Layer 5 through Layer 8), and separately for Queen City Aquifer (Layer 3) and Sparta Aquifer (Layer 1).
- Groundwater in the Carrizo-Wilcox, Queen City, and Sparta aquifers ranges from fresh to brackish in composition (Kelley and others, 2004). Groundwater with total dissolved solids of less than 1,000 milligrams per liter are considered fresh and total dissolved solids of 1,000 to 10,000 milligrams per liter are considered brackish.
- Water budgets were estimated by averaging over the period 1980 to 1999 (stress periods 6 through 25).
- The model was run with MODFLOW-96 (Harbaugh and McDonald, 1996).

#### Yegua-Jackson Aquifer

- We used version 1.01 of the groundwater availability model for the Yegua-Jackson aquifer. See Deeds and others (2010) for assumptions and limitations of the groundwater availability model for the Yegua-Jackson aquifers.
- This groundwater availability model includes five layers which represent the outcrop section for the Yegua-Jackson Aquifer and younger overlying units the Catahoula Formation (Layer 1), the upper portion of Jackson Group (Layer 2), the lower portion of the Jackson Group (Layer 3), the upper portion of Yegua Group (Layer 4), and the lower portion of Yegua Group (Layer 5).
- An overall water budget for the district was extracted collectively for the Yegua-Jackson Aquifer (Layer 1 through Layer 5).
- Water budgets were estimated by averaging over the period 1980 to 1997 (stress periods 10 through 27).
- The model was run with MODFLOW-2000 (Harbaugh and McDonald, 2000).

#### **RESULTS:**

A groundwater budget summarizes the amount of water entering and leaving the aquifer according to the groundwater availability model. Selected groundwater budget components listed below were extracted from the model results for the aquifers located within the district and averaged over the historical calibration periods, as shown in Tables 1 through 5.

- 1. Precipitation recharge the areally distributed recharge sourced from precipitation falling on the outcrop areas of the aquifers (where the aquifer is exposed at land surface) within the district.
- 2. Surface water outflow the total water discharging from the aquifer (outflow) to surface water features such as streams, reservoirs, and springs.
- 3. Flow into and out of the district the lateral flow within the aquifer between the district and adjacent counties.
- 4. Flow between aquifers—the net vertical flow between the aquifer and adjacent aquifers or confining units. This flow is controlled by the relative water levels in each aquifer and aquifer properties of each aquifer or confining unit that define the amount of leakage that occurs.

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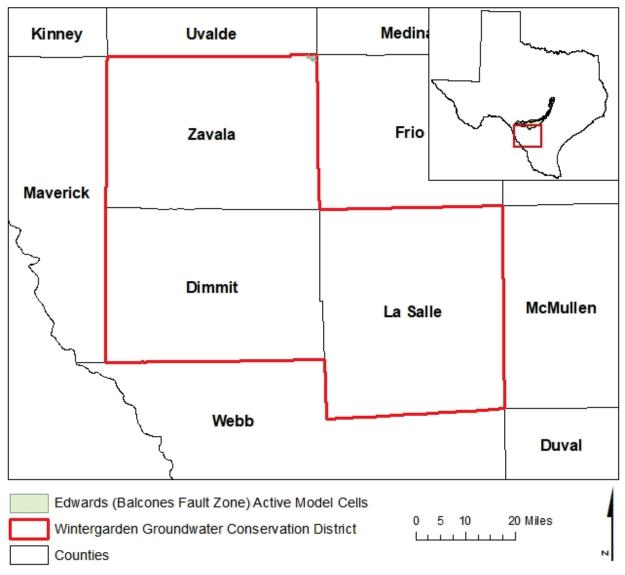
The information needed for the district's management plan is summarized in Tables 1 through 5. It is important to note that sub-regional water budgets are not exact. This is due to the size of the model cells and the approach used to extract data from the model. To avoid double accounting, a model cell that straddles a political boundary, such as a district or county boundary, is assigned to one side of the boundary based on the location of the centroid of the model cell. For example, if a cell contains two counties, the cell is assigned to the county where the centroid of the cell is located.

## TABLE 1: SUMMARIZED INFORMATION FOR THE EDWARDS (BALCONES FAULT ZONE) AQUIFER THAT IS NEEDED FOR THE WINTERGARDEN GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT'S GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN. ALL VALUES ARE REPORTED IN ACRE-FEET PER YEAR AND ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1 ACRE-FOOT.

Management Plan requirement	Aquifer or confining unit	Results
Estimated annual amount of recharge from precipitation to the district	Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer	0
Estimated annual volume of water that discharges from the aquifer to springs and any surface water body including lakes, streams, and rivers, and drains	Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer	0
Estimated annual volume of flow into the district within each aquifer in the district	Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer	13,715
Estimated annual volume of flow out of the district within each aquifer in the district	Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer	10,777
Estimated net annual volume of flow between each aquifer in the district*	From the Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer to the brackish portion of the Edwards Group	2,939

\*The groundwater availability model for the Edwards (Balcones Fault Zone) Aquifer assumes no-flow conditions at the base of the aquifer unit.

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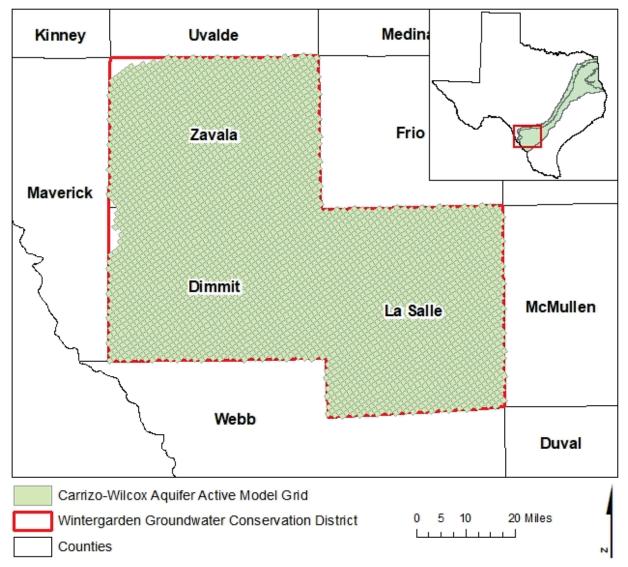
gcd boundary date = 06.26.20, county boundary date = 07.03.19, ebfz\_s model grid date = 01.06.20

## FIGURE 1: AREA OF THE GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY MODEL FOR THE SAN ANTONIO SEGMENT OF THE EDWARDS (BALCONES FAULT ZONE) AQUIFER FROM WHICH THE INFORMATION IN TABLE 1 WAS EXTRACTED (THE EDWARDS (BALCONES FAULT ZONE) AQUIFER EXTENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT BOUNDARY).

## TABLE 2: SUMMARIZED INFORMATION FOR THE CARRIZO-WILCOX AQUIFER THAT IS NEEDED FOR THE WINTERGARDEN GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT'S GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN. ALL VALUES ARE REPORTED IN ACRE-FEET PER YEAR AND ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1 ACRE-FOOT.

Management Plan requirement	Aquifer or confining unit	Results
Estimated annual amount of recharge from precipitation to the district	Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer	14,891
Estimated annual volume of water that discharges from the aquifer to springs and any surface water body including lakes, streams, and rivers, and drains	Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer	329
Estimated annual volume of flow into the district within each aquifer in the district	Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer	25,230
Estimated annual volume of flow out of the district within each aquifer in the district	Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer	22,567
Estimated net annual volume of flow between each aquifer in the district*	Into the Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer from the Reklaw Confining Unit	28,228

\*The groundwater availability model for the southern portion of the Carrizo-Wilcox, Queen City, and Sparta aquifers assumes no-flow conditions at the base of the Carrizo-Wilcox Aquifer unit. GAM Run 20-004: Wintergarden Groundwater Conservation District Management Plan September 30, 2020 Page 11 of 20



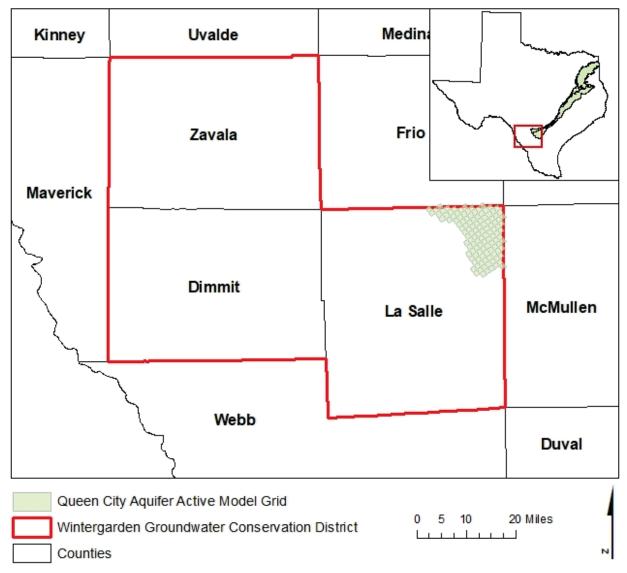
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FIGURE 2: AREA OF THE GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY MODEL FOR THE SOUTHERN PORTION OF THE CARRIZO-WILCOX, QUEEN CITY, AND SPARTA AQUIFERS FROM WHICH THE INFORMATION IN TABLE 2 WAS EXTRACTED (THE CARRIZO-WILCOX AQUIFER EXTENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT BOUNDARY).

## TABLE 3: SUMMARIZED INFORMATION FOR THE QUEEN CITY AQUIFER THAT IS NEEDED FOR THE WINTERGARDEN GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT'S GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN. ALL VALUES ARE REPORTED IN ACRE-FEET PER YEAR AND ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1 ACRE-FOOT.

Management Plan requirement	Aquifer or confining unit	Results
Estimated annual amount of recharge from precipitation to the district	Queen City Aquifer	0
Estimated annual volume of water that discharges from the aquifer to springs and any surface water body including lakes, streams, and rivers	Queen City Aquifer	0
Estimated annual volume of flow into the district within each aquifer in the district	Queen City Aquifer	684
Estimated annual volume of flow out of the district within each aquifer in the district	Queen City Aquifer	168
Estimated net annual volume of flow between each aquifer in the district	From Queen City Aquifer into the Weches Confining Unit	382
	From Queen City Aquifer into the Reklaw Confining Unit	449
	Into the Queen City Aquifer from the brackish portion of the Queen City Formation	159

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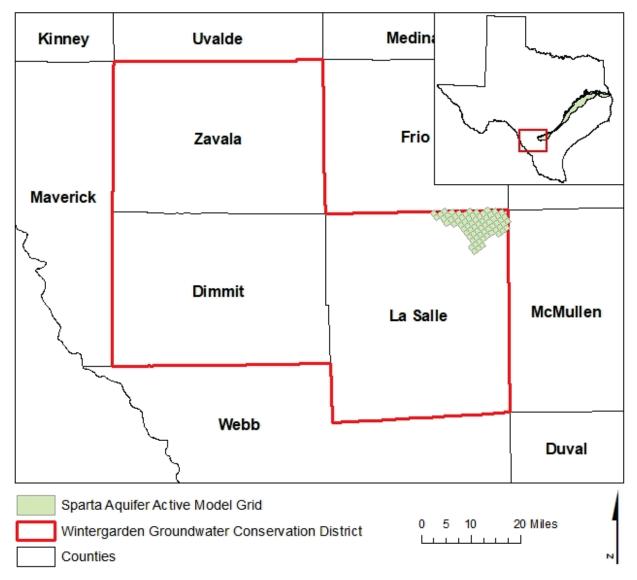
gcd boundary date = 06.26.20, county boundary date = 07.03.19, qcsp\_s model grid date = 01.06.20

## FIGURE 3: AREA OF THE GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY MODEL FOR THE SOUTHERN PORTION OF THE CARRIZO-WILCOX, QUEEN CITY, AND SPARTA AQUIFERS FROM WHICH THE INFORMATION IN TABLE 3 WAS EXTRACTED (THE QUEEN CITY AQUIFER EXTENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT BOUNDARY).

## TABLE 4: SUMMARIZED INFORMATION FOR THE SPARTA AQUIFER THAT IS NEEDED FOR THE WINTERGARDEN GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT'S GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN. ALL VALUES ARE REPORTED IN ACRE-FEET PER YEAR AND ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1 ACRE-FOOT.

Management Plan requirement	Aquifer or confining unit	Results
Estimated annual amount of recharge from precipitation to the district	Sparta Aquifer	0
Estimated annual volume of water that discharges from the aquifer to springs and any surface water body including lakes, streams, and rivers	Sparta Aquifer	0
Estimated annual volume of flow into the district within each aquifer in the district	Sparta Aquifer	591
Estimated annual volume of flow out of the district within each aquifer in the district	Sparta Aquifer	27
Estimated net annual volume of flow between each aquifer in the district	Into Sparta Aquifer from the overlying younger units	69
	Into Sparta Aquifer from the underlying Weches Confining Unit	24
	From the Sparta Aquifer into the brackish portion of the Sparta Formation	379

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gcd boundary date = 06.26.20, county boundary date = 07.03.19, qcsp\_s model grid date = 01.06.20

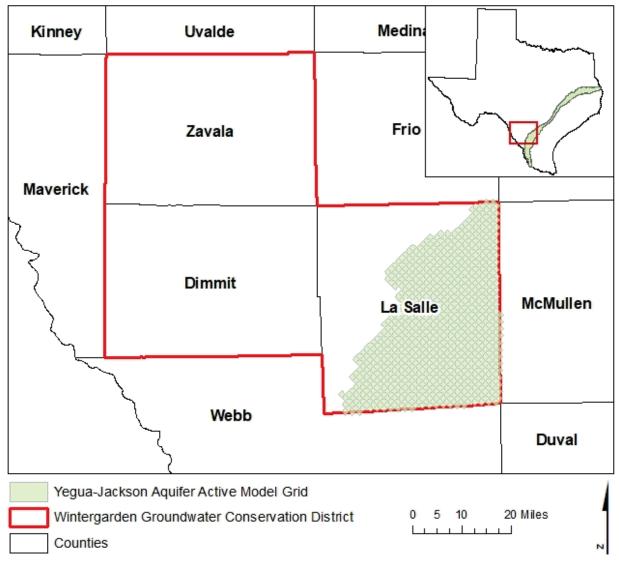
## FIGURE 4: AREA OF THE GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY MODEL FOR THE SOUTHERN PORTION OF THE CARRIZO-WILCOX, QUEEN CITY, AND SPARTA AQUIFERS FROM WHICH THE INFORMATION IN TABLE 4 WAS EXTRACTED (THE SPARTA AQUIFER EXTENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT BOUNDARY).

## TABLE 5: SUMMARIZED INFORMATION FOR THE YEGUA-JACKSON AQUIFER THAT IS NEEDED FOR THE WINTERGARDEN GROUNDWATER CONSERVATION DISTRICT'S GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT PLAN. ALL VALUES ARE REPORTED IN ACRE-FEET PER YEAR AND ROUNDED TO THE NEAREST 1 ACRE-FOOT.

Management Plan requirement	Aquifer or confining unit	Results
Estimated annual amount of recharge from precipitation to the district	Yegua-Jackson Aquifer	7,619
Estimated annual volume of water that discharges from the aquifer to springs and any surface water body including lakes, streams, and rivers	Yegua-Jackson Aquifer	8,190
Estimated annual volume of flow into the district within each aquifer in the district	Yegua-Jackson Aquifer	2,717
Estimated annual volume of flow out of the district within each aquifer in the district	Yegua-Jackson Aquifer	2,671
Estimated net annual volume of flow between each aquifer in the district	Not applicable*	Not applicable*

\*The groundwater availability model for the Yegua-Jackson Aquifer assumes no-flow conditions at the base of the aquifer unit.

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gcd boundary date = 06.26.20, county boundary date = 07.03.19, ygjk model grid date = 07.09.20

## FIGURE 5: AREA OF THE GROUNDWATER AVAILABILITY MODEL FOR THE YEGUA-JACKSON AQUIFER FROM WHICH THE INFORMATION IN TABLE 5 WAS EXTRACTED (THE YEGUA-JACKSON AQUIFER EXTENT WITHIN THE DISTRICT BOUNDARY).

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#### LIMITATIONS:

The groundwater models used in completing this analysis is the best available scientific tool that can be used to meet the stated objectives. To the extent that this analysis will be used for planning purposes and/or regulatory purposes related to pumping in the past and into the future, it is important to recognize the assumptions and limitations associated with the use of the results. In reviewing the use of models in environmental regulatory decision making, the National Research Council (2007) noted:

"Models will always be constrained by computational limitations, assumptions, and knowledge gaps. They can best be viewed as tools to help inform decisions rather than as machines to generate truth or make decisions. Scientific advances will never make it possible to build a perfect model that accounts for every aspect of reality or to prove that a given model is correct in all respects for a particular regulatory application. These characteristics make evaluation of a regulatory model more complex than solely a comparison of measurement data with model results."

A key aspect of using the groundwater model to evaluate historic groundwater flow conditions includes the assumptions about the location in the aquifer where historic pumping was placed. Understanding the amount and location of historic pumping is as important as evaluating the volume of groundwater flow into and out of the district, between aquifers within the district (as applicable), interactions with surface water (as applicable), recharge to the aquifer system (as applicable), and other metrics that describe the impacts of that pumping. In addition, assumptions regarding precipitation, recharge, and interaction with streams are specific to particular historic time periods.

Because the application of the groundwater models was designed to address regional scale questions, the results are most effective on a regional scale. The TWDB makes no warranties or representations related to the actual conditions of any aquifer at a particular location or at a particular time.

It is important for groundwater conservation districts to monitor groundwater pumping and overall conditions of the aquifer. Because of the limitations of the groundwater model and the assumptions in this analysis, it is important that the groundwater conservation districts work with the TWDB to refine this analysis in the future given the reality of how the aquifer responds to the actual amount and location of pumping now and in the future. Historic precipitation patterns also need to be placed in context as future climatic conditions, such as dry and wet year precipitation patterns, may differ and affect groundwater flow conditions. GAM Run 20-004: Wintergarden Groundwater Conservation District Management Plan September 30, 2020 Page 19 of 20

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